

Intelligent Clinical Systems, Inc. (the “Company”) an Arizona Corporation

Statement of Financial Position (unaudited) and
Independent Accountant’s Review Report

As of inception – February 20th, 2026



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To Management
Intelligent Clinical Systems, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying statement of financial position as of February 20th, 2026 and the related notes. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of Company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying statement of financial position in order for it to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

As discussed in Note 8, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs.

Vince Mongio, CPA, CIA, CFE, MACC
Miami, FL
June 25, 2026

Vincenzo Mongio

Statement of Financial Position**As of February 20th, 2026
(inception)**

ASSETS	
TOTAL ASSETS	-
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-
EQUITY	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	-

Intelligent Clinical Systems, Inc.
Notes to the Unaudited Statement of Financial Position
February 20th, 2026 (inception)
\$USD

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

Intelligent Clinical Systems (the “Company”) was initially formed on August 18th, 2025 as a California limited liability company with the founder as its sole member. On February 20th, 2026, the Company formed an Arizona corporation and dissolved the California LLC.

The Company remains in an early development and pre-revenue stage. Through May 31, 2026, the Company focused its spending on product development, legal and intellectual property matters, software tools, travel, and fundraising-related activities. The Company has not yet generated operating revenue.

The Company plans to earn revenue by selling ambient intelligent modular rack guidance systems that turn ordinary storage racks into context-aware, voice-activated guided networks. The network transforms static storage into an intelligent, responsive environment that works seamlessly with clinical workflows, while hierarchical learning across racks continuously improves accuracy and performance over time. This powerful combination of edge-based AI and systemwide rack synchronization creates a self-improving guidance infrastructure that gets smarter with every interaction.

The Company will conduct a crowdfunding campaign under regulation CF in 2026 to raise operating capital."

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Our fiscal year ends on December 31. The Company has no interest in variable interest entities and no predecessor entities.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820 “*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*” establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

These tiers include:

Level 1: defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3: defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Concentrations of Credit Risks

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of its cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company's management plans to assess the financial strength and credit worthiness of any parties to which it extends funds, and as such, it believes that any associated credit risk exposures are limited.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products and services in accordance with ASC 606," "Revenue Recognition" following the five steps procedure:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customers
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations
- Step 5: Recognize Revenue When or As Performance Obligations Are Satisfied

The Company will identify and analyze its performance obligations with respect to customer contracts once the first contract is signed.

Equity based compensation - ASC 718-10-50

The Company does not currently have an equity-based compensation plan.

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to corporate income and state income taxes in the state it does business. The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, the Company determined deferred tax assets and liabilities on the basis of the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities by using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that the Company believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it will be able to realize their deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes. The Company records uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740 on the basis of a two-step process in which (1) the Company determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. The Company does not have any uncertain tax provisions. The Company's primary tax jurisdictions is the United States. The Company's primary deferred tax assets are its net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards which approximates its retained earnings as of the date of these financials. A deferred tax asset as a result of NOLs have not been recognized due to the uncertainty of future positive taxable income to utilize the NOL.

Recent accounting pronouncements

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company follows ASC 850, “Related Party Disclosures,” for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions. No transactions require disclosure.

NOTE 4 – CONTINGENCIES, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

We are currently not involved with or know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or any of its officers. Further, the Company is currently complying with all relevant laws and regulations.

NOTE 5 – DEBT

None.

NOTE 6 – EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue 15,000,000 shares consisting of 5,000,000 Preferred Stock shares at a par value \$0.0001 and 10,000,000 Common Stock shares at a par value \$0.0001. The Company had 1,000,000 Common Stock shares and no Preferred Stock shares issued and outstanding as of February 20th, 2026.

Voting: Common stockholders are entitled to one vote per share. Preferred shareholders have 1 vote for every common share they could own if converted.

Dividends: The holders of common stock are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors. The holders of the preferred stock are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors. Dividends on preferred stock are in preference to and prior to any payment of any dividend on common stock and are not cumulative. No dividends have been declared.

Conversion: Preferred shareholders have the right to convert shares into common stock at a rate of 1 to 1 at the discretion of the shareholder or automatically in change of control events. Preferred shareholders receive dividends at the discretion of the board of directors on a pari passu basis according to the number of shares of Common Stock held by such holders. For this purpose each holder of shares of Preferred Stock will be treated as holding the greatest whole number of shares of Common Stock then issuable upon conversion of all shares of Preferred Stock held by such holder.

Liquidation Preference: In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of the preferred stock are entitled to receive prior to, and in preference to, any distribution to the common stockholders.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to February 20th, 2026, to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through June 25, 2026, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. No events require recognition or disclosure.

NOTE 8 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The entity has not commenced principal operations and will likely realize losses prior to generating positive working capital for an unknown period of time. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial

statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.