



TMAAccelerator Company LLC dba TMA Precision Health
(the "Company")
a Delaware Limited Liability Company

Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

Years Ended December 31, 2024 & 2023

Table of Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT | 3 |
| STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION | 6 |
| STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS | 7 |
| STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY | 8 |
| STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS | 9 |
| NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS | 10 |
| NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES | 11 |
| NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS | 13 |
| NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS | 13 |
| NOTE 5 – LIABILITIES AND DEBT | 13 |
| NOTE 6 – EQUITY | 14 |
| NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS | 14 |



www.rnbcapitalcpas.com
954-399-1914

Certified Public Accountants, Cyber Security, and Governance Risk & Compliance Professionals

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: TMAccelerator Company LLC dba TMA Precision Health Management

Opinion:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Company which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 & 2023 and the related statements of operations, statements of changes in members' equity, and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 & 2023 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Substantial Doubt About the Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern:

As discussed in Note 1, specific circumstances raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. The provided financial statements have not been adjusted for potential requirements in case the Company cannot continue its operations. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Emphasis of Matter on a Successor Entity:

TMAccelerator Company LLC, formed in Delaware on August 23, 2019, is the predecessor to TMA Inc., a Delaware corporation incorporated on October 25, 2024. The Company's upcoming crowdfunding campaign, planned for 2025 in conjunction with a Series A Round fundraising, are being conducted by TMA Inc., that is assuming all of the assets and intellectual property created by the aforementioned TMAccelerator Company LLC in exchange for preferred shares having the same terms for the investors in the crowdfunding campaign as well

as the Series A Round. TMA, Inc. will become the principal operating entity of all of the assets and client relationships/pipeline contributed to it when the total invested capital raised by a combination of the crowdfunding and Series A Rounds reaches or exceeds a threshold total of \$3,000,000.

Other Information:

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Offering Memorandum. The other information comprises the information included in the Offering Memorandum, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months subsequent to the date this audit report is issued.

Auditor's Responsibility:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

RNB Capital LLC

Tamarac, FL
Nov 25, 2025



TMACCELERATOR COMPANY LLC dba TMA PRECISION HEALTH
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| | As of December 31, | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| ASSETS | | |
| <i>Current Asset:</i> | | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | \$ 44,195 | 4,236 |
| <i>Total Current Asset</i> | 44,195 | 4,236 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 44,195 | 4,236 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| <i>Current Liabilities:</i> | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 22,009 | 2,664 |
| Convertible Notes | 2,360,265 | 1,840,266 |
| Accrued Interest-Convertible Notes | 929,929 | 734,442 |
| Safe Notes | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| <i>Total Current Liabilities</i> | 3,412,203 | 2,677,372 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 3,412,203 | 2,677,372 |
| | | |
| EQUITY | | |
| Member's Capital | \$ 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Retained Earnings (Deficit) | (3,369,008) | (2,674,136) |
| <i>TOTAL EQUITY</i> | (3,368,008) | (2,673,136) |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | \$ 44,195 | 4,236 |

See Accompanying Notes to these Audited Financial Statements

TMACCELERATOR COMPANY LLC dba TMA PRECISION HEALTH
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

| | Year Ended December 31, | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Sales | \$ - | 49,188 |
| Cost of Sales | - | - |
| Gross Profit | - | 49,188 |
| Operating Expenses | | |
| Contractors | \$ 454,175 | 264,295 |
| Wages | 37,657 | 196,968 |
| Payroll | 856 | 882 |
| General & Administrative | 6,697 | 25,533 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 499,385 | 487,678 |
| Total Loss from Operations | (499,385) | (438,490) |
| Other Income (Expense) | | |
| Other Income | \$ - | - |
| Interest Expense | (195,487) | (290,582) |
| Total Other Income (Expense) | (195,487) | (290,582) |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$ (694,872) | (729,072) |

See Accompanying Notes to these Audited Financial Statements

**TMACCELERATOR COMPANY LLC dba TMA PRECISION HEALTH
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY**

| | Members' Capital | | Retained Earnings | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Units | \$ Amount | (Deficit) | Total Members' Equity |
| Beginning balance at 1/1/23 | 2,175,000 | 1,000 | (1,945,064) | (1,944,064) |
| Contributions | - | - | - | - |
| Distributions | - | - | - | - |
| Prior Period Adjustments | - | - | - | - |
| Net income (loss) | - | - | (729,072) | (729,072) |
| Ending balance at 12/31/23 | 2,175,000 | 1,000 | (2,674,136) | (2,673,136) |
| Contribution | - | - | - | - |
| Distribution | - | - | - | - |
| Prior Period Adjustments | - | - | - | - |
| Net income (loss) | - | - | (694,872) | (694,872) |
| Ending balance at 12/31/24 | 2,175,000 | 1,000 | (3,369,008) | (3,368,008) |

See Accompanying Notes to these Audited Financial Statements

TMACCELERATOR COMPANY LLC dba TMA PRECISION HEALTH
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | Year Ended December 31, | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net Loss | \$ (694,872) | (729,072) |
| Adjustments to reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash used in operations: | | |
| Accounts Payable | 19,345 | (21,878) |
| Accrued Interest-Convertible Notes | 195,487 | 290,582 |
| <i>Total Adjustments to reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash provided by operations:</i> | 214,832 | 268,704 |
| <i>Net Cash used in Operating Activities</i> | (480,040) | (460,368) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| <i>Net Cash provided by (used in) Investing Activities</i> | - | - |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from Convertible Notes | \$ 519,999 | 364,666 |
| Proceeds from Safe Notes | - | 100,000 |
| <i>Net Cash provided by Financing Activities</i> | 519,999 | 464,666 |
| Cash at the beginning of period | 4,236 | (62) |
| Net Cash increase (decrease) for period | 39,959 | 4,298 |
| Cash at end of period | 44,195 | 4,236 |

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

Cash paid during the year for:

| | | |
|--------------|---|---|
| Interest | - | - |
| Income taxes | - | - |

Supplemental Disclosures of NonCash Investing and Financing Activities

- -

See Accompanying Notes to these Audited Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

TMAccelerator Company LLC (the “Company”), doing business as TMA Precision Health, was formed in Delaware in August 2018 and is headquartered in Boston, Massachusetts.

Originally established as an advisory firm supporting Translational Medicine Departments in large academic medical centers, the Company adapted its mission following the COVID-19 pandemic. It has since evolved into a technology-driven healthcare platform focused on creating economic savings for health plans by more efficiently improving outcomes for patients with rare diseases. The Company’s proprietary solution integrates whole genome sequencing, advanced software, and AI to help care teams deliver faster, more accurate diagnoses and more effective treatment insights, while also driving cost savings for health insurance providers.

The Company earns revenue by providing treatment insights to healthcare teams managing rare disease patients enrolled in health plans. Its customers are based in the United States, with its primary market consisting of health insurance plans of all sizes, including private insurers and large administrative organizations.

To support future growth and broaden access to capital, the Company formed TMA Inc., a Delaware C Corporation, in October 2024. TMA Inc. will serve as a successor operating entity and primary fundraising vehicle for a Regulation CF crowdfunding and ongoing Series A Regulation D fundraising campaign. TMAccelerator Company LLC will exist solely as a holding company for the founder’s shares of TMA, Inc. after contributing all of its assets and operating personnel to TMA, Inc. to facilitate its seamless continuation of operations in support of the same mission and strategic initiatives.

Concentrations of Credit Risks

The Company’s financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of its cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company’s management plans to assess the financial strength and credit worthiness of any parties to which it extends funds, and as such, it believes that any associated credit risk exposures are limited.

Substantial Doubt about the Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern:

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis, which means that the entity expects to continue its operations and meet its obligations in the normal course of business during the next twelve months, or up until the time that it meets or exceeds its fundraising threshold of \$3,000,000 (with approximately \$2,800,000 of investor commitments presently). Conditions and events creating the doubt include the fact that the Company has commenced principal operations and realized losses every year since inception and may continue to generate losses. Management has evaluated these conditions and intends to address capital requirements by generating revenue and raising additional funding, including through the incorporation of its successor operating entity, TMA Inc. formed in October 2024, which as a corporation offers greater flexibility and access to capital markets such as the ability to issue various classes of stock, compared to the more limited fundraising capacity of the Company’s current LLC structure. However, there is no guarantee of success in these efforts. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Company's fiscal year ends on December 31. The Company has no interest in variable interest entities and no predecessor entities.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

In preparing these audited financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, the Company's management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820 "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*" establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

These tiers include:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore developed using estimates and assumptions developed by us, which reflect those that a market participant would use.

There were no material items that were measured at fair value as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company had \$44,195 and \$4,236 in cash as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products and services in accordance with ASC 606, "Revenue Recognition" following the five steps procedure:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customers
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied

The Company generates revenues by delivering diagnostic and care path recommendations to rare disease patient care teams whose patients are insured under health plans. The Company's payments are typically invoiced on 30-day terms and collected from health insurance plans. The Company's primary performance obligation is to deliver accurate and timely diagnostic insights and care recommendations that support improved patient outcomes and reduced costs for payers.

Revenue is recognized when the diagnostic and care path recommendations are delivered to the customer, provided that all performance obligations have been satisfied. In certain cases, the Company may establish a refund liability if contractual terms provide for refunds or adjustments based on service disputes or outcome-based contingencies.

Contractors

Contractor expenses refer to fees paid to independent consultants engaged by the Company, primarily to support the development and completion of its software platform. These are considered operational expenses directly related to the Company's product and technology infrastructure, rather than routine administrative activities and are expensed as costs are incurred.

General and Administrative

General and administrative (G&A) expenses consist of day-to-day costs necessary to operate the business. These include office supplies, utilities, and other miscellaneous administrative expenses incurred in the normal course of business operations and are expensed as costs are incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to corporate income and state income taxes in the state it does business. The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial

statements. Under this method, it determines deferred tax assets and liabilities on the basis of the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities by using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse.

The Company's primary tax jurisdictions are the United States and Delaware. The Company is a pass-through entity therefore any income tax expense or benefit is the responsibility of the company's owners. As such, no provision for income tax is recognized on the Statement of Operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB issues Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs) to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company follows ASC 850, "Related Party Disclosures," for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions. No transactions require disclosure.

NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Company is not currently involved with or knows of any pending or threatening litigation against it or any of its officers. Further, the Company is currently complying with all relevant laws and regulations. The Company does not have any long-term commitments or guarantees.

NOTE 5 – LIABILITIES AND DEBT

Convertible Notes

Between 2020 and 2023, the Company entered into several convertible note agreements to fund its operations. These notes carry interest rates of 12% to 18%. The principal and accrued interest are payable upon the earlier of a qualified equity financing event or at the demand of the holder. The notes are convertible into the Company's preferred stock, with each agreement subject to a valuation cap ranging from \$3 million to \$10 million.

Simple Agreements for Future Equity (SAFE)

In 2023, the Company also issued multiple SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) instruments to third-party investors. These agreements have no maturity date and do not accrue interest. Each SAFE grants the holder the right to convert into equity of the Company upon a qualified financing or a change of control event, at a 20% discount to the applicable valuation.

Shown below are the short-term debt as of December 31:

2024

| Convertible Notes | | | | | Safe Notes | | Accrued Interest | Grand Total |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| Caram Development Company | Patrick Gregory | Kathryn Maxwell | Lois Schaefer | AIS Equity Holdings | Nigel Blanshard | JC and E Baly | | |
| 759,196 | 400,000 | 99,999 | 35,000 | 1,066,070 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 929,929 | 3,390,194 |

2023

| Convertible Notes | | | | | Safe Notes | | Accrued Interest | Grand Total |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| Caram Development Company | Patrick Gregory | Kathryn Maxwell | Lois Schaefer | AIS Equity Holdings | Nigel Blanshard | JC and E Baly | | |
| 759,196 | 400,000 | 99,999 | 35,000 | 546,071 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 734,442 | 2,674,708 |

The Convertible Notes and Safe Notes are expected to mature in 2025.

NOTE 6 – EQUITY

The Company is a limited liability company with various members. The equity ownership of each member is represented by a percentage interest of ownership as follows:

| Members | Ownership % |
|--------------|-------------|
| Resnikoff | 13% |
| Williamson | 13% |
| Might | 13% |
| Grasso | 13% |
| Maxwell | 32% |
| Others | 17% |
| Total | 100% |

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2024 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through November 25, 2025, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. No events require recognition or disclosure.