

Offering Memorandum: Part II of Offering Document (Exhibit A to Form C)

RoboBurger, Inc.
132 32nd St
Brooklyn, NY 11232
<http://www.roboburger.com>

Up to \$535,180.00 in Non-Voting Common Stock at \$5.00
Minimum Target Amount: \$20,000.00

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.

These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

In the event that we become a reporting company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we intend to take advantage of the provisions that relate to "Emerging Growth Companies" under the JOBS Act of 2012, including electing to delay compliance with certain new and revised accounting standards under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Company:

Company: RoboBurger, Inc.
Address: 132 32nd St, Brooklyn, NY 11232
State of Incorporation: DE
Date Incorporated: June 25, 2025

Terms:

Equity

Offering Minimum: \$20,000.00 | 4,000 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock
Offering Maximum: \$535,180.00 | 107,036 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock
Type of Security Offered: Non-Voting Common Stock
Purchase Price of Security Offered: \$5.00
Minimum Investment Amount (per investor): \$500.00

*Maximum number of shares offered subject to adjustment for bonus shares. See Bonus info below.

Investment Incentives & Bonuses*

Loyalty Bonus:

Previous investors in Sweet Robo or RoboBurger will receive 5% Bonus Shares.

Time Based Rewards:

Early Supporter: Invest \$1,000.00+ within the first 30 days and receive 10% Bonus Shares

Mid-Campaign Flash: Invest \$1,000.00+ between days 30–60 and receive 5% Bonus Shares

Amount Based Rewards

Tier 1: Invest \$2,500 + and receive 2% bonus shares

Tier 2: Invest \$5,000 + and receive 3% bonus shares

Tier 3: Invest \$10,000 + and receive 5% bonus shares

*In order to receive perks from an investment, one must submit a single investment in the same offering that meets the minimum perk requirement. Bonus shares from perks will not be granted if an investor submits multiple investments that, when combined, meet the perk requirement. All perks occur when the offering is completed.

Crowdfunding investments made through a self-directed IRA cannot receive non-bonus share perks due to tax laws. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) prohibits self-dealing transactions in which the investor receives an immediate, personal financial gain on investments owned by their retirement account. As a result, an investor must refuse those non-bonus share perks because they would be receiving a benefit from their IRA account.

The 10% StartEngine Venture Club Bonus

RoboBurger, Inc. will offer 10% additional bonus shares for all investments that are committed by investors that are eligible for the StartEngine Venture Club.

This means eligible StartEngine shareholders will receive a 10% bonus for any shares they purchase in this offering. For example, if you buy 100 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock at \$5.00 / share, you will receive 110 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock, meaning you'll own 880 shares for \$500. Fractional shares will not be distributed and share bonuses will be determined by rounding down to the nearest whole share.

This 10% Bonus is only valid during the investor's eligibility period. Investors eligible for this bonus will also have priority if they are on a waitlist to invest and the company surpasses its maximum funding goal. They will have the first opportunity to invest should room in the offering become available if prior investments are canceled or fail.

Investors will receive the highest single bonus they are eligible for among the bonuses based on the amount invested and the time of offering elapsed (if any). Eligible investors will also receive the Venture Club bonus and the Loyalty Bonus in addition to the aforementioned bonus.

The Company and its Business

Company Overview

RoboBurger Inc. was incorporated in Delaware on June 25, 2025 and is headquartered in Brooklyn, New York. The Company was formed in June 2025 as a 50/50 joint venture between RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. and Sweet Robo LLC to continue and commercialize the RoboBurger automated food vending business. The Company manufactures and deploys automated hamburger vending machines in vending locations throughout the United States. The Company's website is www.roboburger.com.

The RoboBurger concept and initial product development were originally conducted by RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc., which was founded in 2019. RoboBurger Enterprises developed the early prototypes of the RoboBurger system, secured initial intellectual property, conducted pilot deployments, and completed prior financing rounds. RoboBurger Enterprises and its founders appeared on Shark Tank in connection with the earlier stage of the business.

RoboBurger Inc., the issuer in this offering, was incorporated in Delaware on June 25, 2025 as noted above. The joint venture structure was implemented to support commercialization and scale manufacturing of the next-generation RoboBurger system. In connection with this reorganization, intellectual property necessary to operate and commercialize the Gen 3 RoboBurger system was assigned to RoboBurger Inc.

Although RoboBurger Inc. is a newly formed entity, it continues the commercialization of the RoboBurger platform originally developed by RoboBurger Enterprises. Financial statements of RoboBurger Enterprises are included in this offering as predecessor financial information.

Business Model

RoboBurger builds, sells, and leases fully automated burger vending machines that cook a fresh burger in about four minutes. Our mission is to deliver hot, consistent, affordable meals anywhere people gather, while giving operators a profitable, low-labor format.

Products

The Company sells a self-contained, UL/NSF-designed hot-food machine that stores, cooks, assembles, and dispenses burgers with integrated payments, telemetry, and remote monitoring. The new models are highly profitable to us and operators, featuring 3 proteins, 75 burger capacity, lower weight, and simpler setup time.

The Company's key advantages are that it has 5 patents, with 2 of them extended internationally, lower installation costs, a small footprint, unattended operation, and recurring revenue alignment with operators. Our Joint Venture with Sweet Robo provides an existing manufacturing and service footprint that shortens lead times and reduces cost.

Intellectual Property

Patents:

RoboBurger Inc. owns the core intellectual property underlying the Gen 3 RoboBurger platform, which integrates automated cooking, ingredient handling, packaging, and dispensing into a fully autonomous robotic food preparation system.

The Company's patent portfolio includes issued and pending utility patents covering automated cooking systems, ingredient storage and dispensing mechanisms, box folding and assembly automation, and heated chute dispensing technology. Certain patents are extended internationally. These patents collectively protect key automation technologies used in the preparation, conveying, boxing, and vending of food items within a compact robotic environment.

The Gen 3 RoboBurger system incorporates multiple proprietary subsystems, including automated cooking modules with integrated wiping and surface management systems designed to maintain food quality and operational reliability, looped cartridge dispensing architecture for ingredient storage, rotation, and delivery within controlled environments, automated box folding and assembly systems for in-unit packaging, and heated chute mechanisms designed to preserve temperature and product integrity during final dispensing.

In addition to issued patents, the Company relies on proprietary engineering designs, software control systems, manufacturing know-how, and trade secrets developed in connection with the Gen 3 system. These elements are integral to the operation and performance of the platform.

The Company has completed the formal assignment and recordation of previously legacy-origin patents into RoboBurger Inc., and as a result, RoboBurger Inc. owns the intellectual property necessary to operate, defend, and commercialize the current Gen 3 RoboBurger system.

Trademarks:

The Company utilizes several registered trademarks and one pending trademark application in connection with its business operations. These include ROBOBURGER (U.S. Registration No. 6,841,788) in Class 043 for restaurant services; the Burger ROBO Logo (U.S. Registration No. 6,594,186) in Classes 007 and 043 covering vending machines and restaurant services; ROBO (U.S. Registration No. 7,367,659) in Class 043 for restaurant services; and ROBO (U.S. Application No. 90884560), currently pending in Class 007 for vending machines. To the extent any of these trademarks remain owned by RoboBurger

Enterprises, Inc., the Company uses such trademarks pursuant to an exclusive license agreement.

(Note: If trademarks were also assigned, remove the license reference and state ownership directly.)

Trade Secrets and Proprietary Know-How:

The Company owns and develops proprietary trade secrets, business methods, recipes, process parameters, firmware, software, telemetry models, manufacturing processes, and other confidential know-how used in the Gen 3 RoboBurger system. These materials are protected through intellectual property assignment agreements and confidentiality agreements with employees, contractors, advisors, and consultants.

Competitors and Industry

The markets in which we compete are highly competitive. Our products compete against similar products of many large and small companies, including well-known global competitors.

The Company's primary competitors are:

Direct and adjacent automation: Food robotics and automated kitchen vendors that address hot food at the point of sale. Examples include burger and fry automation companies, pizza and bowl robots, and hot-food vending OEMs, such as Automated Retail Technologies, Pizza Forno, Let's Pizza, Dobots, Robo Chef, Miso Robotics and Yo Kai Ramen.

Conventional alternatives: Traditional QSR concepts, convenience stores, and commissary models that rely on labor and back-of-house kitchens.

The Company's target markets are airports, colleges and universities, hospitals, transportation hubs, convenience chains, travel retail, corporate campuses, sports and entertainment venues, and high-traffic multifamily complexes.

Current Stage and Roadmap

RoboBurger previously generated revenue through the leasing and operation of earlier-generation units, with those legacy operations continuing through September of last year. Over the past development cycle, the Company has focused on designing and engineering its third-generation ("Gen 3") RoboBurger system. The Gen 3 platform incorporates significant improvements in system architecture, automation reliability, manufacturing efficiency, and operator usability. Enhancements include redesigned dispensing mechanisms, refined cooking and thermal management systems, simplified assembly processes, and improved control software intended to reduce maintenance complexity and support more scalable deployment.

These design improvements are intended to enhance operational efficiency for venue operators by improving reliability, simplifying servicing requirements, and supporting more consistent product output. The Gen 3 units are expected to arrive in the first quarter of 2026, marking the Company's transition from development-stage engineering to production deployment.

As part of this transition, RoboBurger initiated a pre-order campaign in January 2026 to begin building its commercial pipeline, align production planning with anticipated demand, and support its broader go-to-market strategy.

Future Roadmap

RoboBurger is focused on converting current inbound interest into signed pre-orders and launching pilot programs with key anchor operators to validate performance and drive early adoption. As new units arrive, the Company will initiate small batch manufacturing, then scale production through Sweet Robo's established partners. Recurring revenue will grow through a transaction fee functioning as a licensing royalty on sales and through ingredient margin sharing, including rebates from strategic suppliers like Tyson. While licensing will remain the primary format for rapid expansion, RoboBurger is actively evaluating a franchise program as a long-term growth engine, with plans to launch once operational documentation and key performance proof points are in place.

The Team

Officers and Directors

Name: Audley Wilson

Audley Wilson's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Chief Executive Officer, Director, acting Principal Financial Officer
Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: As Chief Executive Officer and Director of RoboBurger Inc., Audley is responsible for overall

corporate leadership, strategic direction, capital formation, and operational oversight. He oversees enterprise sales, national account development, strategic partnerships, investor relations, and commercialization strategy. He directs cross-functional coordination across engineering, manufacturing, regulatory compliance, and market deployment to support scalable production and revenue generation. In his role as Director, he also participates in governance oversight, board-level decision-making, and corporate planning. During the development phase, certain founders and team members have been compensated through affiliated entities. RoboBurger Inc. expects to evaluate executive compensation arrangements as commercialization progresses. Please refer to our disclosure in the Risk Factors section related to time commitments and affiliated entity relationships.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: RoboBurger Enterprises Inc
Title: CEO, Founder and Director
Dates of Service: September, 2019 - Present
Responsibilities: Over the past several years, Audley took RoboBurger from an idea to a reality, built in his garage, then through paid market tests with some of the largest names in convenience, foodservice, and operations. The team brought RoboBurger to Shark Tank and showcased the concept globally, building brand awareness and operator demand. Along the way the company raised approximately \$7 million to develop the platform, secured six patents and three trademarks through RoboBurger Enterprises, and ran live deployments that produced the performance and customer data used to design the next-generation unit. We are now leveraging this IP, the field learnings, and large operator partnerships to take RoboBurger to market at scale.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: VPC
Title: Consultant – Data & Analytics
Dates of Service: May, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: Provides consulting services focused on data analytics, customer retention strategy, and performance optimization.

Name: Pinchas Vind

Pinchas Vind's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: President and Director
Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: Piny leads manufacturing, supply chain, and field operations to scale production of the next-generation RoboBurger units while driving unit cost, quality, and delivery timelines. He is responsible for generating sales within Sweet Robo's existing customer base and expanding into new customers in his ecosystem, partnering cross-functionally to ensure smooth deployments and strong operator performance. During the development phase, certain founders and team members have been compensated through affiliated entities. RoboBurger Inc. expects to evaluate executive compensation arrangements as commercialization progresses. Please refer to our disclosure in the Risk Factors section related to time commitments and affiliated entity relationships.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: Sweet Robo LLC
Title: CEO, Founder and Director
Dates of Service: July, 2021 - Present
Responsibilities: Piny Vind is the CEO of Sweet Robo LLC and serves as President of RoboBurger, leading global manufacturing, cost reduction, and operational scale for automated retail systems. He built Sweet Robo from concept to a worldwide network of deployed machines, establishing reliable supply chains, field service programs, and a high-performing sales organization.

Name: Dan Braido

Dan Braido's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Chief Technology Officer

Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present

Responsibilities: Dan Braido leads end-to-end engineering for RoboBurger. He owns the MK3 design freeze, cost and weight reduction, serviceability, and the full tech stack including hardware, embedded and cloud software, telemetry, and AI monitoring. He runs factory and site acceptance tests, prepares UL and NSF submissions, and implements the HACCP-based food safety program with time and temperature controls, sensor lockouts, and digital logs. Dan also coordinates with manufacturing partners to scale production and sets spare parts, preventive maintenance, and reliability standards for efficient field support. During the development phase, certain founders and team members have been compensated through affiliated entities. RoboBurger Inc. expects to evaluate executive compensation arrangements as commercialization progresses. Please refer to our disclosure in the Risk Factors section related to time commitments and affiliated entity relationships.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: RoboBurger Enterprises Inc
Title: CTO
Dates of Service: September, 2019 - June, 2025
Responsibilities: Dan Braido led core technology development at RoboBurger Enterprises, building the full tech suite that powers the system: production hardware, embedded and cloud software, AI-driven remote monitoring, and health and safety compliance workflows. He has led us to secure five patents, many of which are international, tied to the RoboBurger platform and directed the engineering that moved prototypes into paid market pilots, including telemetry, predictive maintenance, HACCP-style controls, and certification readiness with UL/NSF requirements. His work established the technical foundation the company now scales with its next-generation units.

Name: Michael Burt

Michael Burt's current primary role is with Promethean Investments. Michael Burt currently services 1 hours per week in their role with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Director
Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: Board Oversight

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: Promethean Investments
Title: Managing Partner
Dates of Service: January, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: He brings over two decades of experience in corporate finance, investment strategy, and board leadership, having raised and deployed over £300 million across multiple funds. At Promethean, he has led investments in high-growth companies including RoboBurger, where he now serves as a Director. His background in scaling disruptive ventures and navigating complex growth environments makes him a valuable strategic partner in RoboBurger's expansion.

Name: Mayer D. Deutsch

Mayer D. Deutsch's current primary role is with A1 Deals. Mayer D. Deutsch currently services 1 hours per week in their role with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Director
Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: Board Oversight

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: A1 Deals
Title: CEO
Dates of Service: January, 2014 - Present
Responsibilities: Mayer is a visionary entrepreneur and CEO of A1 Deals, a leading online sales platform. With a proven track record of success, Mayer previously built and scaled Top Race, a high-end RC hobby brand, into a

powerhouse over 10 years. In 2021, he successfully exited the company, selling it to Razor Group, a prominent private equity firm, for \$30 million. Now, Mayer is focused on driving growth and innovation at AI Deals and other investments.

Name: Andy Siegel

Andy Siegel's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Chief Marketing Officer
Dates of Service: June, 2025 - Present
Responsibilities: Responsible for leading the Company's marketing strategy, including positioning and promotion of the RoboBurger platform to enterprise and venue partners, demand generation initiatives, brand development, go-to-market execution, and support of sales pipeline growth. During the development phase, certain founders and team members have been compensated through affiliated entities. RoboBurger Inc. expects to evaluate executive compensation arrangements as commercialization progresses. Please refer to our disclosure in the Risk Factors section related to time commitments and affiliated entity relationships.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: RoboBurger Enterprises Inc
Title: CMO
Dates of Service: September, 2019 - June, 2025
Responsibilities: Responsible for leading the Company's marketing strategy.

Name: Dennis Branch

Dennis Branch's current primary role is with Sweet Robo LLC. Dennis Branch currently services 20 hours per week in their role with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

- Position: Chief Revenue Officer
Dates of Service: November, 2024 - Present
Responsibilities: Leading sales, partnerships, mergers and acquisitions, and investor relations, with direct accountability for revenue, team performance, and strategic direction. During the development phase, certain founders and team members have been compensated through affiliated entities. RoboBurger Inc. expects to evaluate executive compensation arrangements as commercialization progresses. Please refer to our disclosure in the Risk Factors section related to time commitments and affiliated entity relationships.

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: Smith Micro Software, Inc.
Title: Senior VP of Sales & Business Development
Dates of Service: December, 2022 - November, 2024
Responsibilities: Business Development

Other business experience in the past three years:

- Employer: Sweet Robo LLC
Title: Chief Revenue Officer
Dates of Service: November, 2024 - Present
Responsibilities: Leading sales, partnerships, mergers and acquisitions, and investor relations, with direct accountability for revenue, team performance, and strategic direction.

Risk Factors

The SEC requires the company to identify risks that are specific to its business and its financial condition. The company is still subject to all the same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently more risky than more

developed companies. You should consider general risks as well as specific risks when deciding whether to invest.

These are the risks that relate to the Company:

Uncertain Risk

An investment in the Company (also referred to as “we”, “us”, “our”, or the “Company”) involves a high degree of risk and should only be considered by those who can afford the loss of their entire investment. Furthermore, the purchase of any securities should only be undertaken by persons whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to indefinitely retain an illiquid investment. Each investor in the Company should research thoroughly any offering before making an investment decision and consider all of the information provided regarding the Company as well as the following risk factors, in addition to the other information in the Company’s Form C. The following risk factors are not intended, and shall not be deemed to be, a complete description of the commercial, financial, and other risks inherent in the investment in the Company.

Our business projections are only projections

There can be no assurance that the Company will meet its projections. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to find sufficient demand for its product or service, that people think it’s a better option than a competing product or service, or that we will be able to provide a product or service at a level that allows the Company to generate revenue, make a profit, or grow the business.

Any valuation is difficult to assess

The valuation for the offering was established by the Company. Unlike listed companies that are independently valued through market-driven stock prices, the valuation of private companies, especially startups, is difficult to assess, may not be exact, and you may risk overpaying for your investment.

The transferability of the Securities you are buying is limited

You should be prepared to hold this investment for several years or longer. For the 12 months following your investment, there will be restrictions on the securities you purchase. More importantly, there are a limited number of established markets for the resale of these securities. As a result, if you decide to sell these securities in the future, you may not be able to find, or may have difficulty finding, a buyer, and you may have to locate an interested buyer when you do seek to resell your investment. The Company may be acquired by an existing player in the industry. However, that may never happen or it may happen at a price that results in you losing money on this investment.

Your investment could be illiquid for a long time

You should be prepared to hold this investment for several years or longer. For the 12 months following your investment, there will be restrictions on how you can resell the securities you receive. More importantly, there are limited established markets for these securities. As a result, if you decide to sell these securities in the future, you may not be able to find a buyer. The Company may be acquired by an existing player in the same or a similar industry. However, that may never happen or it may happen at a price that results in you losing money on this investment.

The Company may undergo a future change that could affect your investment

The Company may change its business, management or advisory team, IP portfolio, location of its principal place of business or production facilities, or other change which may result in adverse effects on your investment. Additionally, the Company may alter its corporate structure through a merger, acquisition, consolidation, or other restructuring of its current corporate entity structure. Should such a future change occur, it would be based on management’s review and determination that it is in the best interests of the Company.

Your information rights are limited with limited post-closing disclosures

The Company is required to disclose certain information about the Company, its business plan, and its anticipated use of proceeds, among other things, in this offering. Early-stage companies may be able to provide only limited information about their business plan and operations because it does not have fully developed operations or a long history to provide more disclosure. The Company is also only obligated to file information annually regarding its business, including financial statements. In contrast to publicly listed companies, investors will be entitled only to that post-offering information that is required to be disclosed to them pursuant to applicable law or regulation, including Regulation CF. Such disclosure generally requires only that the Company issue an annual report via a Form C-AR. Investors are generally not entitled to interim updates or financial information.

Some early-stage companies may lack professional guidance

Some companies attribute their success, in part, to the guidance of professional early-stage advisors, consultants, or investors (e.g., angel investors or venture capital firms). advisors, consultants, or investors may play an important role in a company through their resources, contacts, and experience in assisting early-stage companies in executing their business plans. An early-stage company primarily financed through Regulation Crowdfunding may not have the benefit of such professional investors, which may pose a risk to your investment.

If the Company cannot raise sufficient funds it will not succeed

The Company is offering Non-Voting Common Stock in the amount of up to \$535,180.00 in this offering, and may close on any investments that are made. Even if the maximum amount is raised, the Company is likely to need additional funds in

the future in order to grow, and if it cannot raise those funds for whatever reason, including reasons relating to the Company itself or the broader economy, it may not survive. If the Company manages to raise only the minimum amount of funds sought, it will have to find other sources of funding for some of the plans outlined in "Use of Proceeds."

We may not have enough capital as needed and may be required to raise more capital.

We anticipate needing access to credit in order to support our working capital requirements as we grow. It is a difficult environment for obtaining credit on favorable terms. If we cannot obtain credit when we need it, we could be forced to raise additional equity capital, modify our growth plans, or take some other action. Issuing more equity may require bringing on additional investors. Securing these additional investors could require pricing our equity below its current price. If so, your investment could lose value as a result of this additional dilution. In addition, even if the equity is not priced lower, your ownership percentage would be decreased with the addition of more investors. If we are unable to find additional investors willing to provide capital, then it is possible that we will choose to cease our sales activity. In that case, the only asset remaining to generate a return on your investment could be our intellectual property. Even if we are not forced to cease our sales activity, the unavailability of credit could result in the Company performing below expectations, which could adversely impact the value of your investment.

Terms of subsequent financings may adversely impact your investment

We will likely need to engage in common equity, debt, or preferred stock financings in the future, which may reduce the value of your investment in the Company. Interest on debt securities could increase costs and negatively impact operating results. Preferred stock could be issued in series from time to time with such designation, rights, preferences, and limitations as needed to raise capital. The terms of preferred stock could be more advantageous to those investors than to the holders of common stock or other securities. In addition, if we need to raise more equity capital from the sale of Common Stock, institutional or other investors may negotiate terms that are likely to be more favorable than the terms of your investment, and possibly a lower purchase price per security.

Management's Discretion as to Use of Proceeds

Our success will be substantially dependent upon the discretion and judgment of our management team with respect to the application and allocation of the proceeds of this offering. The Use of Proceeds described below is an estimate based on our current business plan. We, however, may find it necessary or advisable to re-allocate portions of the net proceeds reserved for one category to another, and we will have broad discretion in doing so.

Projections: Forward Looking Information

Any projections or forward-looking statements regarding our anticipated financial or operational performance are hypothetical and are based on management's best estimate of the probable results of our operations and may not have been reviewed by our independent accountants. These projections are based on assumptions that management believes are reasonable. Some assumptions invariably will not materialize due to unanticipated events and circumstances beyond management's control. Therefore, actual results of operations will vary from such projections, and such variances may be material. Any projected results cannot be guaranteed.

The amount raised in this offering may include investments from company insiders or immediate family members. Officers, directors, executives, and existing owners with a controlling stake in the Company (or their immediate family members) may make investments in this offering. Any such investments will be included in the raised amount reflected on the campaign page.

Reliance on a single service or product

All of our current services are variants of one type of service and/or product. Relying heavily on a single service or product can be risky, as changes in market conditions, technological advances, shifts in consumer preferences, or other changes can adversely impact the demand for the product or service, potentially leading to revenue declines or even business failure.

We may never have an operational product or service

It is possible that there may never be an operational product or that the product may never be used to engage in transactions. It is possible that the failure to release the product or service is the result of a change in business model upon the Company's making a determination that the business model, or some other factor, will not be in the best interest of the Company. In addition, the failure to launch a product or service can result in significant losses of time and resources. Even if a product or service is launched, low adoption rates can result in lackluster revenue and diminished market share.

Some of our products are still in the prototype phase and might never be operational products

Developing new products and technologies can be a complex process that involves significant risks and uncertainties. Technical challenges, design flaws, manufacturing defects, and regulatory hurdles can all impact the success of a product or service. It is possible that there may never be an operational product or that the product may never be used to engage in transactions. It is possible that the failure to release the product is the result of a change in business model upon the Company's making a determination that the business model, or some other factor, will not be in the best interest of the Company and its stockholders.

Developing new products and technologies entails significant risks and uncertainties

Competition can be intense in many markets, and a failure to keep up with competitors or anticipate shifts in market dynamics can lead to revenue declines or market share losses. We are currently in the research and development stage and

have only manufactured a prototype for our product. Delays or cost overruns in the development of our product and failure of the product to meet our performance estimates may be caused by, among other things, unanticipated technological hurdles, difficulties in manufacturing, changes to design, and regulatory hurdles. Any of these events could materially and adversely affect our operating performance and results of operations.

Supply Chain and Logistics Risks

The availability of raw materials, transportation costs, and supply chain disruptions can all impact the ability to manufacture and distribute products or services, leading to lost revenue or increased costs. Products and services that are not available when customers need them can lead to lost sales and damage to the brand's reputation.

Quality and Safety of our Product and Service

The quality of a product or service can vary depending on the manufacturer or provider. Poor quality can result in customer dissatisfaction, returns, and lost revenue. Furthermore, products or services that are not safe can cause harm to customers and result in liability for the manufacturer or provider. Safety issues can arise from design flaws, manufacturing defects, or improper use.

Minority Holder; Securities with No Voting Rights

The Non-Voting Common Stock that an investor is buying has no voting rights attached to them. This means that you will have no rights in dictating how the Company will be run. You are trusting in management's discretion in making good business decisions that will grow your investments. Furthermore, in the event of a liquidation of our company, you will only be paid out if there is any cash remaining after all of the creditors of our company have been paid out.

You are trusting that management will make the best decision for the company

You are trusting in management's discretion. You are buying securities as a minority holder, and therefore must trust the management of the Company to make good business decisions that grow your investment.

Insufficient Funds

The Company might not sell enough securities in this offering to meet its operating needs and fulfill its plans, in which case it may cease operating and result in a loss on your investment. Even if we sell all the Non-Voting Common Stock we are offering now, the Company may need to raise more funds in the future, and if unsuccessful in doing so, the Company will fail. Even if we do make a successful offering in the future, the terms of that offering might result in your investment in the Company being worth less, if later investors have better terms than those in this offering.

This offering involves "rolling closings," which may mean that earlier investors may not have the benefit of information that later investors have.

Once we meet our target amount for this offering, we may request that StartEngine instruct the escrow agent to disburse offering funds to us. At that point, investors whose subscription agreements have been accepted will become our investors. All early-stage companies are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and it is not uncommon for material changes to be made to the offering terms, or to companies' businesses, plans, or prospects, sometimes with little or no notice. When such changes happen during the course of an offering, we must file an amendment to our Form C with the SEC, and investors whose subscriptions have not yet been accepted will have the right to withdraw their subscriptions and get their money back. Investors whose subscriptions have already been accepted, however, will already be our investors and will have no such right.

Non-accredited investors may not be eligible to participate in a future merger or acquisition of the Company and may lose a portion of their investment

Investors should be aware that under Rule 145 under the Securities Act of 1933 if they invest in a company through Regulation Crowdfunding and that company becomes involved in a merger or acquisition, there may be significant regulatory implications. Under Rule 145, when a company plans to acquire another and offers its shares as part of the deal, the transaction may be deemed an offer of securities to the target company's investors, because investors who can vote (or for whom a proxy is voting on their behalf) are making an investment decision regarding the securities they would receive. All investors, even those with non-voting shares, may have rights with respect to the merger depending on relevant state laws. This means the acquirer's "offer" to the target's investors would require registration or an exemption from registration (such as Reg. D or Reg. CF), the burden of which can be substantial. As a result, non-accredited investors may have their shares repurchased rather than receiving shares in the acquiring company or participating in the acquisition. This may result in investors' shares being repurchased at a value determined by a third party, which may be at a lesser value than the original purchase price. Investors should consider the possibility of a cash buyout in such circumstances, which may not be commensurate with the long-term investment they anticipate.

Our new product could fail to achieve the sales projections we expect

Our growth projections are based on the assumption that with an increased advertising and marketing budget, our products will be able to gain traction in the marketplace at a faster rate than our current products have. It is possible that our new products will fail to gain market acceptance for any number of reasons. If the new products fail to achieve significant sales and acceptance in the marketplace, this could materially and adversely impact the value of your investment.

We face significant market competition

We will compete with larger, established companies that currently have products on the market and/or various respective

product development programs. They may have much better financial means and marketing/sales and human resources than us. They may succeed in developing and marketing competing equivalent products earlier than us, or superior products than those developed by us. There can be no assurance that competitors will not render our technology or products obsolete or that the products developed by us will be preferred to any existing or newly developed technologies. It should further be assumed that competition will intensify.

We are competing against other recreational activities

Although we are a unique company that caters to a select market, we do compete against other recreational activities. Our business growth depends on the market interest in the Company over other activities.

We are an early stage company and have not yet generated any profits

RoboBurger, Inc. was formed on June 25, 2025. Accordingly, the Company has a limited history upon which an evaluation of its performance and future prospects can be made. Our current and proposed operations are subject to all business risks associated with new enterprises. These include likely fluctuations in operating results as the Company reacts to developments in its market, managing its growth and the entry of competitors into the market. We will only be able to pay dividends on any shares once our directors determine that we are financially able to do so. RoboBurger, Inc. has incurred a net loss and has had limited revenues generated since inception, if any. There is no assurance that we will be profitable in the near future or generate sufficient revenues to pay dividends to our shareholders.

We are an early stage company and have limited revenue and operating history

The Company has a short history, few customers, and effectively no revenue. If you are investing in our company, it's because you think that our product is a good idea, that the team will be able to successfully market, and sell the product or service, that we can price them right and sell them to enough people so that the Company will succeed. Further, we have never turned a profit and there is no assurance that we will ever be profitable.

We are an early stage company operating in a new and highly competitive industry

The Company operates in a relatively new industry with a lot of competition from both startups and established companies. As other companies flood the market and reduce potential market share, Investors may be less willing to invest in a company with a declining market share, which could make it more challenging to fund operations or pursue growth opportunities in the future.

Intense Market Competition

The market in which the company operates may be highly competitive, with established players, emerging startups, and potential future entrants. The presence of competitors can impact the company's ability to attract and retain customers, gain market share, and generate sustainable revenue. Competitors with greater financial resources, brand recognition, or established customer bases may have a competitive advantage, making it challenging for the company to differentiate itself and achieve long-term success.

Vulnerability to Economic Conditions

Economic conditions, both globally and within specific markets, can significantly influence the success of early-stage startups. Downturns or recessions may lead to reduced consumer spending, limited access to capital, and decreased demand for the company's products or services. Additionally, factors such as inflation, interest rates, and exchange rate fluctuations can affect the cost of raw materials, operational expenses, and profitability, potentially impacting the company's ability to operate.

Uncertain Regulatory Landscape

Due to the unestablished nature of the market the business operates within, the potential introduction of new laws or industry-specific standards can impose additional costs and operational burdens on the company. Non-compliance or legal disputes may result in fines, penalties, reputational damage, or even litigation, adversely affecting the company's financial condition and ability to operate effectively.

We have existing patents that we might not be able to protect properly

One of the Company's most valuable assets is its intellectual property. The Company owns trademarks, copyrights, Internet domain names, and trade secrets. We believe one of the most valuable components of the Company is our intellectual property portfolio. Due to the value, competitors may misappropriate or violate the rights owned by the Company. The Company intends to continue to protect its intellectual property portfolio from such violations. It is important to note that unforeseeable costs associated with such practices may invade the capital of the Company.

We have pending patent approval's that might be vulnerable

One of the Company's most valuable assets is its intellectual property. The Company's intellectual property such as patents, trademarks, copyrights, Internet domain names, and trade secrets may not be registered with the proper authorities. We believe one of the most valuable components of the Company is our intellectual property portfolio. Due to the value, competitors may misappropriate or violate the rights owned by the Company. The Company intends to continue to protect its intellectual property portfolio from such violations. It is important to note that unforeseeable costs associated with such practices may invade the capital of the Company due to its unregistered intellectual property.

Our trademarks, copyrights and other intellectual property could be unenforceable or ineffective

Intellectual property is a complex field of law in which few things are certain. It is possible that competitors will be able to design around our intellectual property, find prior art to invalidate it, or render the patents unenforceable through some other mechanism. If competitors are able to bypass our trademark and copyright protection without obtaining a sublicense, it is likely that the Company's value will be materially and adversely impacted. This could also impair the Company's ability to compete in the marketplace. Moreover, if our trademarks and copyrights are deemed unenforceable, the Company will almost certainly lose any potential revenue it might be able to raise by entering into sublicenses. This would cut off a significant potential revenue stream for the Company.

The cost of enforcing our trademarks and copyrights could prevent us from enforcing them

Trademark and copyright litigation has become extremely expensive. Even if we believe that a competitor is infringing on one or more of our trademarks or copyrights, we might choose not to file suit because we lack the cash to successfully prosecute a multi-year litigation with an uncertain outcome; or because we believe that the cost of enforcing our trademark(s) or copyright(s) outweighs the value of winning the suit in light of the risks and consequences of losing it; or for some other reason. Choosing not to enforce our trademark(s) or copyright(s) could have adverse consequences for the Company, including undermining the credibility of our intellectual property, reducing our ability to enter into sublicenses, and weakening our attempts to prevent competitors from entering the market. As a result, if we are unable to enforce our trademark(s) or copyright(s) because of the cost of enforcement, your investment in the Company could be significantly and adversely affected.

The loss of one or more of our key personnel, or our failure to attract and retain other highly qualified personnel in the future, could harm our business

Our business depends on our ability to attract, retain, and develop highly skilled and qualified employees. As we grow, we will need to continue to attract and hire additional employees in various areas, including sales, marketing, design, development, operations, finance, legal, and human resources. However, we may face competition for qualified candidates, and we cannot guarantee that we will be successful in recruiting or retaining suitable employees. Additionally, if we make hiring mistakes or fail to develop and train our employees adequately, it could have a negative impact on our business, financial condition, or operating results. We may also need to compete with other companies in our industry for highly skilled and qualified employees. If we are unable to attract and retain the right talent, it may impact our ability to execute our business plan successfully, which could adversely affect the value of your investment. Furthermore, the economic environment may affect our ability to hire qualified candidates, and we cannot predict whether we will be able to find the right employees when we need them. This would likely adversely impact the value of your investment.

Our ability to sell our product or service is dependent on outside government regulation which can be subject to change at any time

Our ability to sell our products is subject to various government regulations, including but not limited to, regulations related to the manufacturing, labeling, distribution, and sale of our products. Changes in these regulations, or the enactment of new regulations, could impact our ability to sell our products or increase our compliance costs. Furthermore, the regulatory landscape is subject to regular change, and we may face challenges in adapting to such changes, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, or operating results. In addition to government regulations, we may also be subject to other laws and regulations related to our products, including intellectual property laws, data privacy laws, and consumer protection laws. Non-compliance with these laws and regulations could result in legal and financial liabilities, reputational damage, and regulatory fines and penalties. It is also possible that changes in public perception or cultural norms regarding our products may impact demand for our products, which could adversely affect our business and financial performance, which may adversely affect your investment.

We rely on third parties to provide services essential to the success of our business

Our business relies on a variety of third-party vendors and service providers, including but not limited to manufacturers, shippers, accountants, lawyers, public relations firms, advertisers, retailers, and distributors. Our ability to maintain high-quality operations and services depends on these third-party vendors and service providers, and any failure or delay in their performance could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results. We may have limited control over the actions of these third-party vendors and service providers, and they may be subject to their own operational, financial, and reputational risks. We may also be subject to contractual or legal limitations in our ability to terminate relationships with these vendors or service providers or seek legal recourse for their actions. Additionally, we may face challenges in finding suitable replacements for these vendors and service providers, which could cause delays or disruptions to our operations. The loss of key or other critical vendors and service providers could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results, and as a result, your investment could be adversely impacted by our reliance on these third-party vendors and service providers.

The Company is vulnerable to hackers and cyber-attacks

As an internet-based business, we may face risks related to cybersecurity and data protection. We rely on technology systems to operate our business and store and process sensitive data, including the personal information of our investors. Any significant disruption or breach of our technology systems, or those of our third-party service providers, could result in unauthorized access to our systems and data, and compromise the security and privacy of our investors. Moreover, we may be subject to cyber-attacks or other malicious activities, such as hacking, phishing, or malware attacks, that could result in theft, loss, or destruction of our data, disruption of our operations, or damage to our reputation. We may also face legal and regulatory consequences, including fines, penalties, or litigation, in the event of a data breach or cyber-attack. Any

significant disruption or downtime of our platform, whether caused by cyber-attacks, system failures, or other factors, could harm our reputation, reduce the attractiveness of our platform, and result in a loss of investors and issuer companies. Moreover, disruptions in the services of our technology provider or other third-party service providers could adversely impact our business operations and financial condition. This would likely adversely impact the value of your investment.

Economic and market conditions

The Company's business may be affected by economic and market conditions, including changes in interest rates, inflation, consumer demand, and competition, which could adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition, and operating results.

Force majeure events

The Company's operations may be affected by force majeure events, such as natural disasters, pandemics, acts of terrorism, war, or other unforeseeable events, which could disrupt the Company's business and operations and adversely affect its financial condition and operating results.

Adverse publicity

The Company's business may be negatively impacted by adverse publicity, negative reviews, or social media campaigns that could harm the Company's reputation, business, financial condition, and operating results.

Management Time Commitment and Affiliated Entity Relationships

Certain members of the Company's management team currently allocate professional time across RoboBurger Inc. and affiliated entities. As a result, these individuals may have responsibilities to other organizations that could compete for their time and attention. Audley Wilson, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Board of Directors, devotes the substantial majority of his professional time to RoboBurger Inc. RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc., the predecessor entity that originally developed the RoboBurger platform, is no longer conducting active operations and primarily holds legacy intellectual property. Pinchas ("Piny") Vind, the Company's President and a member of the Board of Directors, currently allocates time between RoboBurger Inc. and Sweet Robo LLC, an affiliated entity and shareholder of the Company that provides certain operational and manufacturing support. As commercialization progresses, the Company expects operational responsibilities supporting RoboBurger to transition increasingly to RoboBurger Inc. Dennis Branch (Chief Revenue Officer) and Tzlil Berko (Chief People Officer) are currently employed by Sweet Robo LLC and provide services to RoboBurger Inc. in connection with the Company's commercial rollout and operational development. As the Company scales its operations, management anticipates transitioning key commercial and operational functions directly under RoboBurger Inc. Dan Braido (Chief Technology Officer) and Andy Siegel (Chief Marketing Officer) devote the vast majority of their professional time to RoboBurger Inc. Michael Burt and Mayer D. Deutsch serve as members of the Board of Directors and provide oversight and strategic guidance but are not involved in the day-to-day management of the Company. During the development phase of the RoboBurger platform, certain founders and team members were compensated through affiliated entities involved in the development of the technology. As RoboBurger Inc. progresses toward commercialization, the Company expects to evaluate and establish executive compensation arrangements directly at the Company level. Investors should be aware that, during this transitional period, certain members of management may continue to have professional responsibilities outside of RoboBurger Inc., which could result in competing demands on their time.

Dependence on Shareholder Financing and Line of Credit for Near-Term Liquidity

The Company is an early-stage business with ongoing operating expenses—primarily team payroll, product development, marketing, and professional fees—and it currently relies on shareholder funding and a \$500,000 shareholder line of credit provided by a board member to meet its liquidity needs. The Company draws on these sources as costs come due and intentionally maintains low cash on hand. There is no assurance that shareholders will continue to provide financing or that the line of credit will remain available, and the Company's reliance on these sources raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern, consistent with the going-concern disclosure in this section. While the Company has begun generating early customer preorder interest for its machines and expects this to grow as it demonstrates finished units, there is no assurance that preorders will convert to sales, that units will be delivered on schedule, or that commercial deployment will generate sufficient revenue. This Offering is intended to reduce the Company's reliance on shareholder financing, but if the Offering does not raise sufficient proceeds, or if anticipated revenue does not materialize, the Company may be unable to fund its operations and your investment could be lost.

Ownership and Capital Structure; Rights of the Securities

Ownership

The following table sets forth information regarding beneficial ownership of the company's holders of 20% or more of any class of voting securities as of the date of this Offering Statement filing.

Stockholder Name	Number of Securities Owned	Type of Security Owned	Percentage
Sweet Robo LLC (Managed by Piny Vind, Owned by Sweet Robo Holdings LLC 48.5% (Piny Vind), Sweet Robo D LLC 41.9% (Jacob Deutsch), TBSG Sweet Robo LLC 9.6% (Eli Tabak & Marc Mendelsohn))	4,000,000	Voting Common Stock	49.882%
RoboBurger Enterprises Inc.	4,000,000	Voting Common Stock	49.882%

The Company's Securities

The Company has authorized Voting Common Stock, and Non-Voting Common Stock. As part of the Regulation Crowdfunding raise, the Company will be offering up to 107,036 of Non-Voting Common Stock.

Voting Common Stock

The amount of security authorized is 10,000,000 with a total of 8,000,000 outstanding.

Voting Rights

1 vote per share of Common Stock

Material Rights

Common Stock do not have a liquidation or dividend preference

Non-Voting Common Stock

The amount of security authorized is 3,000,000 with a total of 18,706 outstanding.

Voting Rights

There are no voting rights associated with Non-Voting Common Stock.

Material Rights

Non-Voting Common Stock do not have a liquidation or dividend preference.

What it means to be a minority holder

As a minority holder of Non-Voting Common Stock of the Company, you will have limited rights in regard to the corporate actions of the Company, including additional issuances of securities, company repurchases of securities, a sale of the Company or its significant assets, or company transactions with related parties. Further, investors in this offering may have rights less than those of other investors and will have limited influence on the corporate actions of the Company.

Dilution

Investors should understand the potential for dilution. The investor's stake in a company could be diluted due to the Company issuing additional shares. In other words, when the Company issues more shares, the percentage of the Company that you own will go down, even though the value of the Company may go up. You will own a smaller piece of a larger company. This increase in the number of shares outstanding could result from a stock offering (such as an initial public offering, another crowdfunding round, a venture capital round, or angel investment), employees exercising stock options, or by conversion of certain instruments (e.g. convertible bonds, preferred shares or warrants) into stock. If the Company decides to issue more shares, an investor could experience value dilution, with each share being worth less than before, and control dilution, with the total percentage an investor owns being less than before. There may also be earnings dilution, with a reduction in the amount earned per share (though this typically occurs only if the Company offers dividends, and most early-stage companies are unlikely to offer dividends, preferring to invest any earnings into the Company).

Transferability of securities

For a year, the securities can only be resold:

- In an IPO;
- To the company;
- To an accredited investor; and
- To a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstance.

Recent Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years:

- Name: Voting Common Stock
Type of security sold: Equity
Final amount sold: \$0.00
Number of Securities Sold: 8,000,000
Use of proceeds: N/A
Date: June 25, 2025
Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)
- Name: Non-Voting Common Stock
Type of security sold: Equity
Final amount sold: \$85,718.71
Number of Securities Sold: 18,706
Use of proceeds: Working Capital
Date: April 30, 2026
Offering exemption relied upon: Regulation CF

Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Condition

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of our operations together with our financial statements and related notes appearing at the end of this Offering Memorandum. This discussion contains forward-looking statements reflecting our current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Offering Memorandum.

Results of Operations

How long can the business operate without revenue:

Circumstances which led to the performance of financial statements:

RoboBurger Inc. was formed in June 2025 as a joint venture between its two current shareholders (RoboBurger Enterprises Inc. and Sweet Robo LLC). The Company benefits from the proven IP, field validation, and commercial groundwork established by its shareholders. RoboBurger is funded by its shareholders and early operational activities, and is currently raising capital through a Regulation CF offering to fund manufacturing, go-to-market efforts, and working capital.

How long can the business operate without revenue

Based on the Company's current operating plan, projected expenditures, and the anticipated net proceeds from this Regulation CF offering, management estimates that the Company would have sufficient liquidity to operate for approximately 12 to 18 months in the absence of additional revenue generation. This estimate assumes that operating expenses remain consistent with current projections and that deployment-related expenditures are managed in alignment with available capital.

During this period, the Company's primary cash uses are expected to include manufacturing and sales of automated vending machines, pilot program execution, sales and marketing activities, general and administrative expenses, and working capital to support initial deployments. The Company's cost structure is designed to remain flexible during this phase, allowing management to moderate spending in response to capital availability and market conditions.

In the event that revenue generation is delayed beyond management's expectations, the Company may seek additional capital through equity financings, strategic partnerships, or other funding sources, or may reduce or defer planned

expenditures to extend its operating runway. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available on acceptable terms, or at all.

This estimate is based on current assumptions and forward-looking expectations and is subject to change as actual operating results, capital inflows, and market conditions evolve.

Foreseeable major expenses based on projections:

Based on the Company's current operating plan and forward-looking projections, management expects the Company's major expenses during the next 12 to 18 months to consist primarily of the following categories:

Manufacturing and Equipment Costs

The Company expects manufacturing and equipment-related expenses to represent its largest category of expenditures. These costs include the production of next-generation automated vending machines, component procurement, production tooling, quality assurance, certifications, logistics, shipping, installation, and commissioning at customer locations. Expenses in this category will scale with the number of units manufactured and deployed and may vary based on supplier pricing, production volumes, and timing of deployments.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses are expected to increase as the Company enters active commercialization. These costs include digital advertising, lead generation campaigns, account-based marketing for enterprise and venue partners, customer acquisition programs, trade shows, demonstrations, public relations, and sales enablement materials. Management expects these expenses to be staged and performance-driven, with spending paced according to defined return-on-investment benchmarks.

Personnel and Contractor Costs

Personnel-related expenses are expected to increase as the Company supports manufacturing oversight, sales execution, customer onboarding, technical support, and administrative functions. These expenses include salaries, benefits, payroll taxes, and payments to contractors and consultants providing engineering, operational, sales, and regulatory support. The Company expects to rely on a lean internal team supplemented by third-party service providers where appropriate.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses will include legal and accounting fees, regulatory compliance costs, insurance, software subscriptions, platform hosting, professional services, and other routine corporate overhead. As a company conducting a Regulation CF offering and operating in a regulated food-service environment, the Company expects ongoing compliance and professional service costs to remain a meaningful but manageable portion of overall expenditures.

Supply Chain and Inventory Expenses

The Company anticipates incurring expenses related to initial inventory builds, long-lead component purchases, and supplier non-recurring engineering or setup costs. These expenditures are expected to be front-loaded as the Company establishes scalable production capabilities and secures reliable supply sources.

Facilities, Logistics, and Deployment Support

Additional expenses are expected for storage, staging, and logistics associated with deploying machines, as well as site preparation, installation support, and post-installation technical servicing. These costs may vary depending on geographic deployment mix and venue-specific requirements.

Management believes these projected expenses are sufficient to support initial commercialization and early growth. Actual expenses may differ materially from projections due to changes in production volumes, supplier pricing, market conditions, deployment timing, or other factors beyond the Company's control.

Future operational challenges:

Company expects to face several operational challenges that could impact execution, timing, and financial performance. Management believes these challenges are manageable but notes that they may materially affect results if not addressed effectively.

Manufacturing Scale and Quality Control

Scaling from initial production runs to broader commercial manufacturing presents risks related to quality assurance, yield consistency, supplier reliability, and production timing. Delays or defects in manufacturing could increase costs, postpone deployments, or affect customer satisfaction. Managing quality across multiple suppliers and ensuring compliance with food safety and equipment certification standards will require ongoing oversight.

Supply Chain and Component Availability

The Company's automated vending machines rely on specialized components, some of which may have long lead times or limited supplier availability. Disruptions in global supply chains, pricing volatility, or delays in component deliveries could impact production schedules and increase costs. Establishing redundant suppliers and maintaining appropriate inventory levels may require additional capital.

Deployment, Installation, and Field Operations

Each deployment involves site-specific considerations, including electrical, plumbing, network connectivity, and venue coordination. Variability in site readiness or permitting requirements could slow rollouts and increase installation costs. Ongoing field servicing and technical support will be critical to maintaining uptime and performance across deployed units.

Customer Adoption and Sales Cycle Length

While demand for automated food service is increasing, enterprise and venue customers may have extended evaluation and approval processes. Longer-than-expected sales cycles, pilot requirements, or contract negotiations could delay revenue generation and affect cash flow. Converting pilot programs into long-term commercial agreements may require additional time and resources.

Operational Dependence on Key Partners

The Company relies on related-party and third-party partners for technology licensing, manufacturing support, and operational services. Any deterioration in these relationships, changes in terms, or performance issues could disrupt operations. Although agreements include safeguards, the Company's ability to execute its business plan is partially dependent on the continued cooperation and performance of these partners.

Regulatory and Food Safety Compliance

Operating automated food service equipment requires compliance with evolving food safety, health, and equipment regulations across jurisdictions. Changes in regulatory requirements, inspection standards, or certification processes could increase compliance costs or delay deployments.

Working Capital Management

As the Company scales, it must carefully manage working capital to fund manufacturing, inventory, and deployment activities ahead of revenue collection. If revenue ramps more slowly than expected or expenses increase unexpectedly, the Company may need to raise additional capital or adjust its operating plan.

Technology Reliability and Ongoing Innovation

Maintaining system reliability in real-world environments is critical to customer confidence and brand reputation. Hardware failures, software bugs, or cybersecurity issues could disrupt operations or require unplanned expenditures. In addition, the Company must continue to invest in product improvements to remain competitive as automation technology evolves.

Future challenges related to capital resources:

As the Company advances from early commercialization to broader scale deployment, management anticipates several challenges related to capital resources that could affect the Company's liquidity, growth trajectory, and financial flexibility.

Sufficiency of Capital and Runway Management

The Company's ability to execute its business plan depends on raising sufficient capital to fund manufacturing, deployments, sales and marketing, and ongoing operations. If the proceeds from this Offering are less than anticipated, or if expenses exceed projections, the Company's operating runway may be shorter than expected, requiring management to reduce spending, delay deployments, or seek additional financing.

Timing Mismatch Between Cash Outflows and Revenue Inflows

The Company expects to incur significant upfront costs related to equipment manufacturing, inventory procurement, and deployment prior to generating recurring revenue. This timing mismatch may place pressure on liquidity, particularly during periods of rapid scale-up, and may require careful cash management or access to interim financing solutions.

Access to Additional Financing

The Company may need to raise additional capital beyond this Offering to support continued growth, expand manufacturing capacity, or accelerate market penetration. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available on acceptable terms, or at all. Future equity financings could result in dilution to existing investors, while debt financing may introduce restrictive covenants or repayment obligations that constrain operations.

Working Capital Constraints During Growth

As the Company scales its operations, working capital requirements are expected to increase to support inventory, receivables, field operations, and customer onboarding. Inadequate working capital could limit the Company's ability to fulfill orders, support deployed units, or respond to growth opportunities.

Future milestones and events:

Management has identified several anticipated milestones and events that, if achieved, are expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial condition, operating results, and overall business trajectory. These milestones are based on current plans and assumptions and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and potential changes in timing or scope.

Commencement of Sales and Acceptance of Pre-Orders (January 2026)

The Company has begun accepting customer pre-orders and initiated sales activity on January 1, 2026. This milestone represents the transition from pre-commercial operations to revenue-generating activities and is expected to validate market demand, inform production planning, and support early customer pipeline development. While pre-orders are expected to enhance visibility into demand, they may be subject to modification, delay, or cancellation.

Completion of Initial Production and Delivery of New Model (End of Q1 2026)

Management anticipates completing initial production runs and delivering the first units of the Company's next-generation automated vending model by the end of the first quarter of 2026. Successful completion of this milestone is expected to enable pilot deployments, customer demonstrations, and early commercial installations. Delays in manufacturing, certification, or logistics could affect the timing of this milestone.

Transition to Mass Production and Steady Sales (End of Q2 2026)

By the end of the second quarter of 2026, the Company expects to transition into mass production and achieve more consistent sales activity. This phase is expected to materially increase capital requirements related to manufacturing and working capital while also establishing recurring revenue streams. Achieving steady sales at scale is dependent on manufacturing reliability, customer adoption, and effective sales execution.

First-Year Commercial Performance Targets

Management anticipates transitioning into structured commercial rollout during the Company's first full year of scaled operations. Based on current production planning, supplier timelines, and active customer discussions, internal operating assumptions contemplate the deployment of approximately 70–100 Gen 3 automated vending units during the initial commercial year of 2026, through a mix of direct sales and leasing arrangements.

Under these internal planning assumptions, first-year revenue is expected to reach approximately \$1.9M, driven primarily by hardware sales, initial lease placements, and early recurring revenue associated with consumables and software support. These projections reflect current pricing strategy, anticipated venue onboarding, production capacity, and the expected availability of capital from this offering. To achieve this revenue we expect our COGS to be approximately \$1,436,700, and our end of year operating expenses to be \$886,000 assuming we install at least 100 units. Please note these are all forward looking projections and please refer to our legend below. As noted above, we just begin commercial pre-orders January 2026 and all of these numbers are subject to change.

The Company's operating model anticipates that hardware deployments will serve as the foundation for recurring revenue streams over time, including food product sales, packaging, and application-based services. As manufacturing scale increases and supply chain efficiencies are realized, management expects gross margins to improve relative to early-stage commercialization levels.

These targets represent management's internal planning assumptions only and are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results may vary materially based on manufacturing execution, supply chain conditions, customer adoption rates, regulatory approvals, capital availability, and overall market conditions. Please refer to our forward looking projections disclosure below.

Operational and Strategic Inflection Points

Additional milestones that may significantly impact the Company include securing repeat or multi-unit orders from enterprise customers, expanding manufacturing capacity, entering new geographic markets, and establishing long-term service or placement agreements. Achieving these milestones could accelerate growth and improve unit economics, while delays or underperformance could negatively affect financial results and capital needs.

Forward Looking Information Legend

THE OFFERING MATERIALS MAY CONTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE COMPANY, ITS BUSINESS PLAN AND STRATEGY, AND ITS INDUSTRY. THESE FORWARD-

LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE BASED ON THE BELIEFS OF, ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY, AND INFORMATION CURRENTLY AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT. WHEN USED IN THE OFFERING MATERIALS, THE WORDS "ESTIMATE," "PROJECT," "BELIEVE," "ANTICIPATE," "INTEND," "EXPECT" AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH CONSTITUTE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS. THESE STATEMENTS REFLECT MANAGEMENT'S CURRENT VIEWS WITH RESPECT TO FUTURE EVENTS AND ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT COULD CAUSE THE COMPANY'S ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE CONTAINED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. INVESTORS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH SPEAK ONLY AS OF THE DATE ON WHICH THEY ARE MADE. THE COMPANY DOES NOT UNDERTAKE ANY OBLIGATION TO REVISE OR UPDATE THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES AFTER SUCH DATE OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

What capital resources are currently available to the Company? (Cash on hand, existing lines of credit, shareholder loans, etc...)

As of the date of this Offering, the Company's available capital resources consist of an executed Line of Credit Agreement with board member Pinchas ("Piny") Vind providing up to \$500,000 in unsecured, interest-free borrowing capacity. This facility is intended to provide short-term liquidity support as the Company advances toward initial commercialization and may be drawn upon in accordance with its terms.

In addition to this line of credit, the Company has historically relied on shareholder funding to support early-stage development activities. The Company does not currently maintain any bank credit facilities and has no outstanding third-party debt. Cash on hand has been limited, with operating liquidity primarily supported through shareholder funding and available credit resources. The company currently has \$325. Please refer to our Risk Factors section.

The Company is conducting this Regulation CF offering to strengthen its capital base, reduce reliance on short-term shareholder financing, and fund manufacturing, go-to-market initiatives, and working capital needs associated with commercialization. There can be no assurance that existing capital resources, together with proceeds from this Offering, will be sufficient to fund operations beyond the near term without additional financing.

How do the funds of this campaign factor into your financial resources? (Are these funds critical to your company operations? Or do you have other funds or capital resources available?)

Management believes that the proceeds from this Regulation Crowdfunding campaign are not critical to the Company's ability to continue basic operations. The Company has access to other capital resources, including shareholder support and a committed line of credit, which provide liquidity to support near-term operating needs.

However, the proceeds from this Offering are expected to play an important role in accelerating commercialization and scaling the business. Specifically, funds raised in this campaign are intended to support manufacturing of automated vending machines, sales and marketing initiatives, supply chain readiness, and working capital associated with initial deployments. Without the proceeds from this Offering, the Company may continue to operate but could be required to delay or scale back certain growth initiatives, production timelines, or market expansion efforts.

Accordingly, while the funds from this campaign are not necessary for the Company's immediate survival, management believes they are important to executing the Company's business plan on its intended timeline and achieving projected growth objectives. There can be no assurance that alternative sources of capital will remain available on acceptable terms, or at all.

Are the funds from this campaign necessary to the viability of the company? (Of the total funds that your company has, how much of that will be made up of funds raised from the crowdfunding campaign?)

Management believes that the funds raised from this Regulation Crowdfunding campaign are not necessary to the viability of the Company. The Company has access to other capital resources, including shareholder support and a committed line of credit from board members, which are sufficient to support basic operations and near-term obligations.

However, the proceeds from this Offering are expected to represent a substantial portion of the Company's available growth capital and are important to executing the Company's business plan on its intended timeline. If the Company raises its maximum offering amount, the funds from this crowdfunding campaign are expected to constitute approximately 75%–85% of the Company's total available capital resources, based on current assumptions and excluding undrawn or contingent financing.

Accordingly, while the Company believes it can continue to operate without the proceeds of this Offering, the absence of such funds would likely require the Company to delay or scale back manufacturing, deployment, and market expansion

initiatives. There can be no assurance that alternative sources of capital would be available on acceptable terms, or at all.

How long will you be able to operate the company if you raise your minimum? What expenses is this estimate based on?

If the Company raises the minimum offering amount, management believes the Company will be able to operate for at least 12 months, and potentially longer, without requiring additional capital. This assessment is based on the Company's current operating structure, anticipated commencement of sales, and the fact that a significant portion of operating functions are supported through its Services Agreement with Sweet Robo LLC.

The Company's ongoing cash requirements are currently modest, as Sweet Robo LLC provides operational infrastructure and execution support, substantially reducing the Company's direct operating expenses. As a result, the Company's baseline operating costs are limited primarily to corporate overhead and growth-oriented initiatives rather than day-to-day operational survival.

Management estimates the Company's current monthly burn rate to be relatively low, consisting primarily of: (a) corporate and administrative expenses (legal, accounting, compliance, insurance); (b) Limited personnel and contractor costs; (c) Software, platform, and general overhead expenses; and (d) Incremental costs associated with commercialization and customer onboarding.

The proceeds from this Offering are intended to accelerate growth rather than sustain basic operations, funding expanded manufacturing, deployment of vending machines, and sales and marketing initiatives. If the minimum offering amount is raised, the Company expects to continue operating while scaling at a more measured pace, supported by early sales activity and existing capital resources.

Accordingly, while the funds raised in this Offering are not required for the Company's immediate survival, management believes they are important to executing the Company's business plan efficiently and achieving scale within its targeted timeline. Actual operating duration may vary based on the timing of revenue generation, expense levels, and market conditions.

How long will you be able to operate the company if you raise your maximum funding goal?

If the Company raises the maximum offering amount, management believes the Company will be able to operate for at least 18 to 24 months, and potentially longer, without requiring additional external financing. This estimate reflects the Company's expected transition into revenue-generating operations, its low baseline operating expenses, and its asset-light operating structure.

This projection is based on a moderate monthly burn rate, primarily attributable to the same expenses listed above.

A significant portion of operational execution and infrastructure is provided through the Company's Services Agreement with Sweet Robo LLC, which materially reduces the Company's direct operating costs. As a result, the proceeds from this Offering are expected to be deployed primarily toward expansion and acceleration of commercialization, rather than sustaining day-to-day operations.

Management expects that revenue from initial sales, together with disciplined expense management and available capital resources, will further extend the Company's operating runway beyond this period. Actual results may vary materially based on sales performance, deployment timing, and market conditions.

Are there any additional future sources of capital available to your company? (Required capital contributions, lines of credit, contemplated future capital raises, etc...)

Management believes that the Company's primary additional source of capital following this Offering is expected to be revenue generated from product sales and related commercial activities. As the Company begins accepting orders and deploying automated vending machines, cash flows from sales are expected to support ongoing operations and contribute to future growth.

In addition, the Company may have access to other potential sources of capital, including additional equity financings, strategic partnerships, or expanded credit arrangements, if and as needed to support growth. However, no commitments for such financings have been secured at this time, and there can be no assurance that additional capital will be available on acceptable terms, or at all.

Indebtedness

The Company does not have any material terms of indebtedness.

Related Party Transactions

- Name of Entity: RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc.
Names of 20% owners: Audley Wilson
Relationship to Company: 20%+ Owner
Nature / amount of interest in the transaction: RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc., a 50% shareholder of the Company, historically developed certain intellectual property associated with the RoboBurger platform. In connection with the formation of RoboBurger Inc. and the current commercialization of the Gen 3 system, RoboBurger Enterprises assigned to the Company the patents and other intellectual property necessary to operate, defend, and commercialize the business.
Material Terms: To the extent any trademarks or legacy assets remain owned by RoboBurger Enterprises, the Company uses such assets pursuant to appropriate license arrangements.
- Name of Entity: Sweet Robo LLC
Names of 20% owners: Managed by Piny Vind, Owned by Sweet Robo Holdings LLC 48.5% (Piny Vind), Sweet Robo D LLC 41.9% (Jacob Deutsch), TBSG Sweet Robo LLC 9.6% (Eli Tabak & Marc Mendelsohn)
Relationship to Company: 20%+ Owner
Nature / amount of interest in the transaction: RoboBurger Inc. has entered into a Services Agreement with Sweet Robo LLC, a 50% shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which Sweet Robo provides manufacturing, supply chain, and operational support services. The agreement outlines the scope of services, fee arrangements, and governance provisions intended to manage related-party risk while supporting the Company's rollout and scaling efforts.
Material Terms: N/A

Valuation

Pre-Money Valuation: \$40,093,530.00

Valuation Details:

This pre-money valuation was calculated internally by the Company without the use of any formal third-party evaluation. The pre-money valuation does not take into account any convertible securities currently outstanding and has been calculated on a fully diluted basis. Please see the Company Securities section for information on how any outstanding options, warrants or shares reserved for issuance under a stock plan may have been taken into account in the fully-diluted share calculation.

Use of Proceeds

If we raise the Target Offering Amount of \$20,000.00 we plan to use these proceeds as follows:

- StartEngine Platform Fees
8.5%
- Machine inventory
50.0%
These proceeds will be used to manufacture and deploy next-generation RoboBurger units in the field. Funds cover initial small-batch builds, production scale-up (through qualified partner factories), shipping, customization, installation at customer locations, and the onboarding/technical support necessary to ensure successful pilot and commercial rollouts.
- General Working Capital
41.5%
These proceeds will fund day-to-day operating needs during rollout—including essential salaries and benefits, legal and accounting/compliance, platform hosting and software, insurance, facilities, and other routine expenses required to operate and scale the business. This working capital helps maintain momentum between manufacturing cycles and venue launches.

If we raise the over allotment amount of \$535,180.00, we plan to use these proceeds as follows:

- StartEngine Platform Fees
8.5%
- Machine Inventory
40.0%
These proceeds will be used to manufacture and deploy next-generation RoboBurger units in the field. Funds cover initial small-batch builds, production scale-up (through qualified partner factories), shipping, customization, installation at customer locations, and the onboarding/technical support necessary to ensure successful pilot and

commercial rollouts. Target allocation: ~\$1,400,000 unit manufacturing (materials, assembly, VAT), ~\$250,000 site prep & installation (rigging, electrical/plumbing interfaces, commissioning), ~\$200,000 logistics (domestic/international freight, crating, insurance), ~\$100,000 certifications/QA (UL/NSF, test fixtures, field validation), and \$49,992 contingency for price moves or expedite fees. Payments will follow milestone gates and QA checkpoints to control cost and quality.

- Sales & Marketing

35.0%

We will allocate a larger share to digital demand generation to efficiently reach venue partners, enterprise customers, franchisees, and investors at scale. Core tactics include search and social ads, programmatic display/video, LinkedIn ABM for venue operators, retargeting, and conversion-optimized landing pages tied to a national pre-order funnel. Spend will be paced by ROI gates (CAC, cost-per-qualified-lead/opportunity) with rapid testing before scale and milestone-based vendor payments. Target allocation: \$1,400,000 digital demand generation (search/social/programmatic/video/retargeting/ABM), \$150,000 pre-order program (landing pages, CRM, incentives, email/SMS), \$50,000 PR & communications (press assets, media outreach), \$90,000 events & activations (trade shows, demos), \$40,000 enterprise sales enablement (case studies, pilot kits), \$15,000 creative/content (photo/video/design/web), and \$4,994 contingency.

- Supply chain for manufacturing

10.0%

We will fund production tooling and initial component buys to enable scale manufacturing. This includes tooling/molds, dies, and fixtures for plastics and metal parts; batch orders of long-lead components (motors, sensors, controllers, food-safe assemblies, wiring harnesses); and supplier NRE/setup and freight. Target allocation: ~\$250k for tooling, ~\$200k for initial batch components, and ~\$50k contingency for price moves or expedite fees. Funds will be placed with qualified vendors under competitive quotes and milestone-based payments (e.g., sample approval before final tooling, delivery terms for component releases).

- General Working Capital

6.5%

These proceeds will fund day-to-day operating needs during rollout—including essential salaries and benefits, legal and accounting/compliance, platform hosting and software, insurance, facilities, and other routine expenses required to operate and scale the business. This working capital helps maintain momentum between manufacturing cycles and venue launches.

The Company may change the intended use of proceeds if our officers believe it is in the best interests of the company.

Regulatory Information

Disqualification

No disqualifying event has been recorded in respect to the company or its officers or directors.

Compliance Failure

The company has not previously failed to comply with the requirements of Regulation Crowdfunding.

Ongoing Reporting

The Company will file a report electronically with the SEC annually and post the report on its website no later than April 30 (120 days after Fiscal Year End). Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at <http://www.roboburger.com> (<http://theroboburger.com/investors>).

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) it is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) it has filed at least one (1) annual report pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding and has fewer than three hundred (300) holders of record and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) it has filed at least three (3) annual reports pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding;
- (4) it or another party repurchases all of the securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) it liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: www.startengine.com/roboburger-cf2

Investing Process

See Exhibit E to the Offering Statement of which this Offering Memorandum forms a part.

EXHIBIT B TO FORM C

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW OR AUDIT (AS APPLICABLE) FOR RoboBurger, Inc.

[See attached]

ROBOBURGER INC.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED

JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
RoboBurger Inc.
Brooklyn, NY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of RoboBurger Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of June 25, 2025 (Inception Date), and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flow for the one day ended June 25, 2025 (Inception Date) and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively, the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RoboBurger Inc. as of June 25, 2025 (Inception Date), and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the one day ended June 25, 2025 (Inception Date) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

As discussed in Note 8, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of RoboBurger Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about RoboBurger Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material

if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of RoboBurger Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate that raise substantial doubt about RoboBurger Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

SetApart Accountancy Corp.

December 26, 2025
Los Angeles, California

ROBOBURGER INC.
BALANCE SHEET

<u>As Of Inception</u>	<u>June 25, 2025</u>
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ -
Total Current Assets	-
Total Assets	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Total Liabilities	\$ -
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Voting Common Stock (\$0.01 per share par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized at June 25, 2025; 0 shares issued and outstanding at June 25, 2025)	-
Non-voting Common Stock (\$0.01 per share par value; 200,000 shares authorized at June 25, 2025; 0 shares issued and outstanding at June 25, 2025)	-
Additional Paid-In Capital	-
Accumulated Deficit	-
Total Stockholders' Equity	-
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ROBOBURGER INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For The One Day Ended	June 25, 2025
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
Net Revenue	\$ -
Cost Of Goods Sold	-
Gross Profit/(Loss)	-
Operating Expenses	
General And Administrative	-
Total Operating Expenses	-
Net Operating Loss	-
Interest Expense	-
Other Income/(Loss)	-
Loss Before Provision For Income Taxes	-
Provision/(Benefit) For Income Taxes	-
Net Income / (Loss)	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ROBOBURGER INC.**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(USD \$ in Dollars)	Voting Common Stock		Non-voting Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholder's Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance—As of Inception June 25, 2025	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of Common Stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Income / (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance—June 25, 2025	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ROBOBURGER INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Period Ended	June 25, 2025
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net Income / (Loss)	\$ -
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Net Cash Provided By/(Used In) Investing Activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceed From Issuance of stock	-
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	-
Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents—Beginning of The Day	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents—End of the Day	<u>\$ -</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Cash Paid For Interest	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash Paid For Taxes	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ROBOBURGER INC.**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)**

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

RoboBurger Inc. was formed on June 25, 2025, as a Delaware Corporation. The financial statements of RoboBurger Inc. (which may be referred to as the “Company”, “we”, “us”, or “our”) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). The Company’s headquarters is located in Brooklyn, New York.

RoboBurger Inc. is a pioneering food-tech company that has revolutionized the quick-service restaurant industry by creating the world’s first fully autonomous burger vending machine. As a joint venture, RoboBurger Inc. brings together cutting-edge technology, culinary innovation, and scalable operations to deliver high-quality, freshly grilled burgers in just four minutes.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist in understanding the Company’s financial statements. The accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP” and “US GAAP”).

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”). The Company has adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash in banks. The Company’s cash is deposited in demand accounts at financial institutions that management believes are creditworthy. The Company’s cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. As of June 25, 2025, the Company’s cash and cash equivalents did not exceed FDIC-insured limits.

Revenue Recognition

The Company is currently pre-revenue and will follow the provisions of ASC 606, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers,” once revenue is earned. Revenue will be recognized using the following five-step model:

- Identify the contract with a customer – A contract is considered to exist when it is approved by both parties, identifies each party’s rights and payment terms, and has commercial substance.
- Identify the performance obligations – Performance obligations are promises in a contract to transfer distinct goods or services.
- Determine the transaction price – The transaction price is the amount of consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods or services.

ROBOBURGER INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)

- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations – If a contract has multiple performance obligations, the transaction price will be allocated based on relative standalone selling prices.
- Recognize revenue as performance obligations are satisfied – Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer.

The Company expects that revenue will primarily be recognized at a point in time, upon delivery of its burger vending machines to customers. For future service or licensing arrangements, revenue will be recognized over time if performance obligations are satisfied continuously.

Income Taxes

The Company is a C corporation for income tax purposes. The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method, and deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company records interest, net of any applicable related income tax benefit, on potential income tax contingencies as a component of income tax expense. The Company records tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, the Company recognizes liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and/or penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash with a major financial institution located in the United States of America which it believes to be creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At times, the Company may maintain balances in excess of the federally insured limits.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses) approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments.

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

Subsequent Events

ROBOBURGER INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date when these financial statements were issued.

3. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue 1,200,000 shares of Common Stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share. Of these, 1,000,000 shares are designated as Voting Common Stock, and 200,000 shares as Non-Voting Common Stock. As of June 25, 2025, no shares of any class of Common Stock have been issued or are outstanding.

Voting Common Stock carries voting rights of one vote per share and full economic rights, including dividends and liquidation proceeds.

Non-Voting Common Stock is non-voting but otherwise carries the same economic rights as Class A.

Dividends may be declared and paid upon the Voting Common Stock and Non-Voting Common Stock equally, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, out of funds legally available therefor.

In the event of liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the corporation, the holders of Voting Common Stock and Non-Voting Common Stock shall be entitled to share ratably, in proportion to the number of shares held, in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities.

4. DEBT

The company has no outstanding debt as of June 25, 2025.

5. RELATED PARTY

Shareholder Agreement

On May 25, 2025, RoboBurger Inc. (the "Company") entered into a Shareholder Agreement (the "Agreement") with RoboBurger Enterprises Inc. ("RB") and Sweet Robo LLC ("Sweet Robo"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company's ownership is allocated equally between RB and Sweet Robo, each holding fifty percent (50%) of the equity, represented by an aggregate of \$1,000,000.

Under the Agreement, Sweet Robo shall provide the Company with maintenance, supplies, customer service, and other logistical support in connection with the Company's sale of the Machines. RB shall assume responsibility for all marketing, sales, and financial activities of the Company.

The Company shall pay fees to the Shareholders in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement shall remain in full force and effect unless terminated upon the written approval of all Shareholders or otherwise due to bankruptcy, receivership, or dissolution of the Company. The rights and obligations of each Shareholder under the Agreement shall terminate immediately upon the date such Shareholder has sold or transferred all of his or her shares of the Company's stock, unless otherwise provided in writing by the parties

Intellectual Property Agreement

On May 26, 2025, the Company entered into an Intellectual Property Agreement ("Agreement") with its shareholder. Pursuant to the Agreement, the shareholder, RoboBurger Enterprises Inc. ("RB"), grants to the Company a worldwide, exclusive, non-transferable, and non-sublicensable license to use RB's Intellectual Property ("RBIP") for the purposes

ROBOBURGER INC.**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)**

of manufacturing, distributing, selling, and servicing burger and food vending machines (the "Machines"). RB shall retain full ownership of all RBIP, including, without limitation, know-how, patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and branding elements.

The Company shall be entitled to exercise the licensed rights subject to compliance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement and shall remit license fees to RB in accordance with the amounts and payment provisions specified therein. The Agreement shall remain in full force and effect for so long as the Shareholder Agreement for the Licensee is operative, unless otherwise terminated or amended by mutual written consent of the parties.

The Company has no transactions as of June 25, 2025.

6. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income for the one day ended June 25, 2025, is as follows:

For The One Day Ended June 25,	2025
Net Operating Loss	\$ -
Valuation Allowance	-
Net Provision for Income Tax	\$ -

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities as of June 25, 2025, are as follows:

As of June 25,	2025
Net Operating Loss	\$ -
Valuation Allowance	-
Total Deferred Tax Asset	\$ -

The company is a new entity formed on June 25, 2025, and does not currently have any taxable income or deferred tax assets. As the company generates future taxable income, it will assess the possibility of utilizing Net Operating Loss (NOL) carryforwards for tax purposes. The federal net operating loss carryforward is subject to an 80% limitation on taxable income, does not expire, and will carry on indefinitely. However, since the company is in its initial stages, it's too early to determine if sufficient taxable income will be generated to benefit from future tax deductions related to potential deferred tax assets.

The Company recognizes the impact of a tax position in its financial statements only if it's more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by tax authorities based on the technical merits of the position. As of its inception date (June 25, 2025), the Company has no prior operations and, consequently, no unrecognized tax benefits or accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**Contingencies**

The Company's operations are subject to various local and state regulations. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or loss of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

Litigation and Claims

ROBOBURGER INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE ONE DAY ENDED JUNE 25, 2025 (INCEPTION DATE)

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of the day these financial statements were issued, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

8. GOING CONCERN

The Company has recently commenced operations and will incur significant additional costs to generate revenues sufficient to sustain operations. The Company might not have sufficient liquid assets to fulfill its obligations in the near future. These matters raise substantial doubt over the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Over the next twelve months, the Company intends to fund its operations from the proposed Regulation Crowdfunding campaign, additional debt, and/or equity financing as deemed necessary. There are no assurances that management will be able to raise capital on terms acceptable to the Company. If the Company is unable to obtain sufficient amounts of additional capital, the Company may be required to reduce the scope of development, which may harm the operations, financial condition, and operating results. These financial statements do not include any adjustments resulting from these uncertainties.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events from the balance sheet date through the date these financial statements were issued, and no events were identified that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND
2024**

(Unaudited)

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. and its Subsidiaries
Newark, New Jersey

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated financial statements of RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. and its Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of the Group's management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

We are required to be independent of the Group and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our reviews.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

As discussed in Note 12, certain conditions indicate that the Group may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern.

Set Apart Accountancy Corp.

May 29, 2026
Calabasas, CA 91302

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

As of December 31,	2025	2024
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 707	\$ 43,927
Accounts Receivable	-	15,588
Inventory	-	100,000
Prepays and Other Current Assets	-	-
Total Current Assets	707	159,515
Property and Equipment, net	487,329	599,870
Total Assets	\$ 488,036	\$ 759,385
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Credit Cards	\$ 36,972	\$ 51,666
Line of Credit	129,348	138,899
Promissory Note	46,983	324,081
Other Current Liabilities	26,455	23,742
Total Current Liabilities	239,758	538,388
Total Liabilities	239,758	538,388
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
SEED-1 Preferred Stock	1,250	1,250
SEED-2 Preferred Stock	1,150	1,150
SEED-3 Preferred Stock	418	418
Common Stock	9,550	9,550
Additional Paid in Capital	6,365,979	6,301,186
Accumulated Deficit	(6,130,069)	(6,092,557)
Total Stockholders' Equity	248,278	220,997
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 488,036	\$ 759,385

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

For the Years Ended December 31,	2025	2024
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
Net Revenue	\$ 105,588	\$ 54,145
Cost of Goods Sold	4,055	7,420
Gross Profit	101,533	46,725
Operating Expenses		
General and Administrative	308,798	1,145,268
Selling and Marketing	12,897	13,094
Total Operating Expenses	321,695	1,158,362
Operating Loss	(220,162)	(1,111,637)
Interest Expense	76,151	38,311
NJ Technology Business Tax Certificate Transfer Program Income	(326,759)	-
Other Loss	67,958	58,225
Loss Before Provision for Income Taxes	(37,512)	(1,208,173)
Provision/(Benefit) for Income Taxes	-	-
Net Loss	\$ (37,512)	\$ (1,208,173)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(UNAUDITED)

(in, \$US)	SEED-1 Preferred Stock		SEED-2 Preferred Stock		SEED-3 Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance—December 31, 2023	125,000	\$ 1,250	114,961	\$ 1,150	-	\$ -	955,000	\$ 9,550	\$ 5,536,874	\$ (4,884,584)	\$ 666,440
Issuance of stock	-	-	-	-	35,807	398	-	-	762,332	-	762,730
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,208,173)	(1,208,173)
Balance—December 31, 2024	125,000	\$ 1,250	114,961	\$ 1,150	35,807	\$ 398	955,000	\$ 9,550	\$ 6,301,186	\$ (6,092,557)	\$ 238,987
Issuance of Stock	-	-	-	-	1,990	20	-	-	64,773	-	64,793
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(37,512)	(37,512)
Balance—December 31, 2025	125,000	\$ 1,250	114,961	\$ 1,150	41,797	\$ 418	955,000	\$ 9,550	\$ 6,365,979	\$ (6,130,069)	\$ 248,278

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended December 31,	2025	2024
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Loss	\$ (37,512)	\$ (1,208,173)
<i>Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</i>		
Depreciation of Property	143,353	169,432
Inventory write-off	100,000	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable	15,588	(15,588)
Prepays and Other Current Assets	-	26,407
Credit Cards	(14,694)	4,572
Other Current Liabilities	2,713	1,392
Net cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities	209,448	(1,021,958)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of Property and Equipment	(30,812)	(42,212)
Net cash used in Investing Activities	(30,812)	(42,212)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Issuance of Stock	-	762,730
Issuance of Stock	64,793	-
Net repayment of Line of Credit	(9,551)	(7,431)
Borrowing of Promissory Note	-	324,081
Repayment of Promissory Note	(277,098)	(42,572)
Net cash provided by/(used in) Financing Activities	(221,856)	1,036,808
Change in Cash	(43,220)	(27,362)
Cash — Beginning of The Year	43,927	71,289
Cash— End of The Year	\$ 707	\$ 43,927
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash Paid During the Year for Interest	\$ 76,151	\$ 38,311
Cash Paid During the Year for Income Taxes	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

1. NATURE OF OPERATION

RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. (the "Parent Company") was incorporated on March 15, 2021, in the State of Delaware. RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. has two wholly owned subsidiaries: RoboOpsNJ LLC, organized in 2022 in the State of Delaware, and RoboBurger Inc., incorporated in 2019 in the State of New Jersey. RoboOpsNJ LLC was established to support the operational, administrative, deployment, and maintenance activities associated with the Group's robotic vending operations, while RoboBurger Inc. manufactures and operates SteelChef units that prepare and sell food products directly to customers. The consolidated financial statements of RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group," "we," "us," or "our") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Group's headquarters are located in Newark, New Jersey.

RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. is a private technology company that designs, manufactures, and operates robotic vending machines capable of cooking and serving fresh burgers without human intervention, with the goal of providing fully automated food service operations across various public and commercial locations on a 24/7 basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist in understanding the Group's financial statements. The accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP" and "U.S. GAAP").

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with US GAAP and the Group has adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

Basis of Consolidation

The Group's consolidated financial statements include accounts of subsidiaries RoboOpsNJ LLC and RoboBurger Inc. over which the Parent Company exercises control. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Correction of Prior Period Error

During the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, management identified certain prior-period errors primarily related to (i) the classification of loans received from Marathon Capital PR, LLC, (ii) historical reconciliation-related adjustments involving credit card and liability balances, (iii) historical bank reconciliation correction entries identified during the FY2024 review process, and (iv) the derecognition of a security deposit related to a previously terminated facility lease arrangement.

These adjustments primarily relate to balance sheet classification corrections, reconciliation cleanup activity, historical account-mapping and clearing differences, and the correction of balances associated with prior reporting periods identified during management's review and reconciliation of the Company's historical accounting records.

- (i) Loan Classification – Loans received under a Line of Credit Promissory Note with Marathon Capital PR, LLC had previously been recorded within additional paid-in capital rather than as liabilities. Upon reevaluation of the underlying agreements and financing terms, management concluded that the loans represented debt obligations and should be classified as loan payable in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

- (ii) Historical Reconciliation and Liability Classification Adjustments – Management identified certain historical reconciliation differences and liability classification matters involving Amazon Amex balances, Chase Ink activity, and historical reconciliation discrepancy accounts. Adjustments were recorded to properly align the accounting records with underlying third-party statements, liability balances, and historical reconciliation activity.
- (iii) Historical Bank Correction Reclassifications – Management recorded adjustments to reclassify historical bank correction and reconciliation items previously recorded within current-year expense accounts to retained earnings, as the underlying activity pertained to prior reporting periods.
- (iv) Security Deposit Derecognition – Management identified a security deposit balance associated with a prior manufacturing facility lease arrangement that had terminated in a previous reporting period. Upon reevaluation of the underlying lease status and related accounting treatment, management concluded that the balance should no longer remain recognized as an asset and recorded an adjustment to derecognize the balance in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Management evaluated these items in accordance with ASC 250, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, and the materiality framework described in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 99 (“SAB 99”). Management concluded that the identified errors were not material to the previously issued financial statements. Accordingly, comparative prior-period amounts have been corrected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements but are not labeled as restated. The corrections did not materially affect the Company’s consolidated results of operations or cash flows.

Cash

Cash includes all cash in banks. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group’s cash did not exceed FDIC insured limits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Group is subject to concentrations of credit risks primarily from cash. At various times during the year, the Group may have bank deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits. Management believes any credit risk is low due to the overall financial strength of the financial institutions. Accounts receivable consist of uncollateralized receivables from customers/clients primarily located throughout the United States of America.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for additions, major renewals and betterments are capitalized, and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged against income as incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in statements of operations.

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Estimated useful lives for property and equipment are as follows:

Category	Useful Life
Machinery	5-10 years
Operations equipment and robotic vending machines	5–7 years

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recorded in the period in which it is determined that the carrying amount is not recoverable. The determination of recoverability is made based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows resulting from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The measurement of the impairment for long-lived assets is based on the asset’s estimated fair value. No such impairment was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2025.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

Revenue Recognition

The Group recognizes revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In determining when and how revenue is recognized from contracts with customers, the Group applies the five-step model under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*: (1) identification of the contract with a customer, (2) identification of performance obligations, (3) determination of the transaction price, (4) allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations, and (5) recognition of revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied.

The Group generates revenue primarily from the sale, leasing, and operation of robotic vending machines, as well as related maintenance and support services.

Sale of Robotic Vending Machines

Revenue from the sale of robotic vending machines is recognized at a point in time when control of the equipment transfers to the customer, which generally occurs upon delivery and customer acceptance of the equipment.

Food and Beverage Sales

Revenue from food and beverage sales generated through Company-operated robotic vending machines is recognized at a point in time when the customer completes the transaction and takes possession of the purchased products.

Leasing and Service Arrangements

The Group enters into lease and lease-to-own arrangements for robotic vending machines with third parties. These arrangements generally include fixed monthly lease payments and may also include installation, maintenance, repair, and operational support services. Management evaluated these arrangements under ASC 842, *Leases*, and concluded that the arrangements are generally classified as operating leases from the lessor perspective, as title and control of the equipment remain with the Group during the lease term unless an end-of-term purchase option is exercised by the customer.

Revenue associated with lease arrangements is recognized over time on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term as the equipment is made available for use. Revenue associated with maintenance, operational support, and other service components is recognized over time as the related services are performed.

Certain lease agreements may include end-of-term purchase options allowing customers to acquire the equipment upon expiration of the lease term.

Maintenance and Support Services

Revenue from maintenance, operational support, and related service arrangements is recognized over time as the related services are performed.

The Group evaluates contracts with customers to determine performance obligations and allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on relative standalone selling prices. Payment terms vary by arrangement but generally require payment within standard commercial terms.

The Group did not have material contract assets or contract liabilities as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

New Jersey Technology Business Tax Certificate Transfer Program Income

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group participated in the New Jersey Technology Business Tax Certificate Transfer Program pursuant to N.J. Stat. § 34:1B-7.42(a). Under this program, the Group sold its eligible net operating loss tax benefits to a third-party transferee through Tax Credits US LLC, acting as placement agent. The tax benefits were sold at a rate of \$0.905 per dollar of eligible credit, resulting in net proceeds of \$326,759, which are presented separately in the accompanying statement of operations. This was a one-time transaction and does not represent recurring revenue from the Group's core operations.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold includes the cost of food ingredients and packaging used in burger sales, direct consumables used in vending operations, and freight related to food inventory.

Income Taxes

The Group is taxed as a C corporation for income tax purposes. The Group accounts for income taxes under the liability method, and deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Group records interest, net of any applicable related income tax benefit, on potential income tax contingencies as a component of income tax expense. The Group records tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, the Group recognizes liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. The Group recognizes interest and/or penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Group's financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses) approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments.

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1 — Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs reflecting the Group's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

Advertising & Promotional Costs

Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and promotional expenses for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, amounted to \$12,897 and \$13,094, which is included in sales and marketing expenses.

Promissory Notes and Term Loans

Promissory notes and term loans are initially recognized at the principal amount received, net of any debt issuance costs. Interest expense is recognized using the effective interest method. The Group evaluates debt for modifications or extinguishments and derecognizes the liability when legally released from the obligation.

Related Party Transactions

The Group may engage in financing arrangements with related parties, including significant shareholders or entities under common control. These transactions are reviewed and approved by management to ensure they are conducted at arm's length or under terms considered reasonable given the related party relationship and the Group's financing needs.

Subsequent Events

The Group considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were issued.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

3. DETAILS OF CERTAIN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other current liabilities consist of the following:

As of December 31,	2025	2024
Accrued Expenses	\$ 14,500	\$ 14,500
Tax Payable	4,464	1,392
Accrued Rent	7,491	7,850
Total Other Current Liabilities	\$ 26,455	\$ 23,742

4. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of the following:

As of December 31,	2025	2024
Machinery Parts	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Total Inventory	\$ -	\$ 100,000

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group recognized an inventory write-down of approximately \$100,000 related primarily to certain machinery parts and components associated with legacy robotic vending equipment. Management determined that the affected inventory was no longer expected to provide future economic benefit due to changes in the Group's manufacturing and operational strategy, including the transition to newer-generation equipment and the cessation of certain manufacturing activities.

The inventory was written down to its estimated net realizable value, and the related charge was recognized within operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following:

As of December 31,	2025	2024
Machinery	\$ 675,786	\$ 644,974
Operations equipment and robotic vending machines	234,594	299,770
Property and Equipment, at cost	910,380	944,744
Accumulated Depreciation	(423,051)	(344,874)
Property and Equipment, net	\$ 487,329	\$ 599,870

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$143,353 and \$169,432, respectively.

6. LINE OF CREDIT

The Group maintains a business line of credit arrangement with JPMorgan Chase Bank with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$150,000. Borrowings under the facility bear interest at a variable rate. The applicable interest rate was approximately 11.30% per annum as of December 31, 2025.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, outstanding borrowings under the line of credit totaled \$129,348 and \$138,899, respectively.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

7. DEBT

Promissory Note

On August 29, 2024, the Group entered into a Line of Credit Promissory Note with Marathon Capital PR, LLC. Under the terms of the agreement, Marathon Capital PR, LLC agreed to loan funds to the Group up to a maximum principal amount of \$330,000 to fund operating expenses, secured by a first priority lien on the Group's New Jersey Net Operating Loss Tax Incentive. Details of loans outstanding are as follows:

Debt Instrument Name	Principal Amount	Borrowing Period	Maturity Date	As of December 31, 2025			As of December 31, 2024		
				Current Portion	Non-Current Portion	Total Indebtedness	Current Portion	Non-Current Portion	Total Indebtedness
Line of Credit Promissory Note- Marathon Capital PR, LLC	\$ 330,000	8/29/2024	1/30/2025	\$ 46,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 324,081	\$ -	\$ 324,081
Total				\$ 46,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 324,081	\$ -	\$ 324,081

The note matured on January 30, 2025 and has not been formally extended or renewed.

8. EQUITY AND CAPITALIZATION

Common Stock

The Group is authorized to issue 1,900,000 shares of common stock with par value of \$0.01. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, 955,000 shares of common stock have been issued and were outstanding.

Common stockholders are entitled to one vote for each share held and are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors. In the event of liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Group, holders of common stock are entitled to receive remaining assets available for distribution after satisfaction of all liabilities and after distributions to holders of preferred stock.

Preferred Stock

The Group is authorized to issue 558,432 shares of preferred stock with par value of \$0.01, of which 125,000 shares are designated Series SEED-1 Preferred Stock, 114,961 shares are designated Series SEED-2 Preferred Stock, and 318,471 shares are designated Series SEED-3 Preferred Stock.

As of December 31, 2025, 125,000 shares of Series SEED-1 Preferred Stock, 114,961 shares of Series SEED-2 Preferred Stock, and 41,797 shares of Series SEED-3 Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding. As of December 31, 2024, 125,000 shares of Series SEED-1 Preferred Stock, 114,961 shares of Series SEED-2 Preferred Stock, and 39,807 shares of Series SEED-3 Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding.

Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock

Each share of Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Group's common stock at the applicable conversion price established for the series. The conversion price is subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations and certain dilutive issuances of equity securities. Holders of Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors, in preference to holders of common stock. Dividends are non-cumulative unless otherwise declared by the Board.

In the event of liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Group, holders of Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock are entitled to receive an amount equal to the original issue price of the shares plus any declared but unpaid dividends prior to any distribution to holders of common stock.

Holders of Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock vote together with holders of common stock on an as-converted basis and are entitled to the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which such Preferred Stock could be converted.

The conversion price of the Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock is subject to adjustment for certain dilutive issuances, stock splits, stock dividends and similar recapitalization events.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock

Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock has rights, preferences and privileges that are substantially similar to those of the Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock, including conversion rights, dividend rights, liquidation preference and voting rights.

Each share of Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Group's common stock at the applicable conversion price, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments.

Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock

Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock has rights, preferences and privileges that are substantially similar to those of the Series Seed-1 and Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock.

Each share of Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Group's common stock at the applicable conversion price, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. Holders are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors and have a liquidation preference equal to the original issue price plus any declared but unpaid dividends.

Protective Provisions and Deemed Liquidation Events

The Preferred Stock includes certain protective provisions requiring approval of the preferred shareholders for specific corporate actions, including amendments to the Group's Certificate of Incorporation that adversely affect the Preferred Stock and the authorization of securities senior to the Preferred Stock.

Certain merger, consolidation or sale of substantially all of the Group's assets are considered deemed liquidation events under the Group's Certificate of Incorporation and would entitle holders of Preferred Stock to receive their applicable liquidation preference prior to distributions to holders of common stock.

Classification

The Group evaluated the terms of the Preferred Stock in accordance with applicable accounting guidance to determine the appropriate classification. The Preferred Stock contains conversion features that allow holders to convert the shares into common stock at the applicable conversion price, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. The Preferred Stock does not contain mandatory redemption features or other provisions that would require liability classification.

Accordingly, the Group has classified the Preferred Stock as equity in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Management also evaluated whether the conversion features or other terms require bifurcation as embedded derivatives and concluded that no such bifurcation is required.

9. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 consists of the following:

For the Year Ended December 31,	2025	2024
Net Operating Loss	\$ (11,254)	\$ (293,312)
Valuation Allowance	11,254	293,312
Net Provision For Income Tax	\$ -	\$ -

Significant components of the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

As of December 31,	2025	2024
Net Operating Loss	\$ (658,900)	\$ (647,646)
Valuation Allowance	658,900	647,646
Total Deferred Tax Asset	\$ -	\$ -

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

Management assesses the available positive and negative evidence to estimate if sufficient future taxable income will be generated to use the existing deferred tax assets. On the basis of this evaluation, the Group has determined that it is more likely than not that the Group will not recognize the benefits of the federal and state net deferred tax assets, and, as a result, full valuation allowance has been set against its net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024. The amount of the deferred tax asset to be realized could be adjusted if estimates of future taxable income during the carry-forward period are reduced or increased.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025, the Group had federal cumulative net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of \$2,203,665. Utilization of some of the federal and state NOL carryforwards to reduce future income taxes will depend on the Group's ability to generate sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the carryforwards. The federal net operating loss carryforward is subject to an 80% limitation on taxable income, does not expire, and will carry on indefinitely.

The Group recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on a tax return upon examination by the relevant taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group had no unrecognized tax benefits.

The Group recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group had no accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

The Group's operations are subject to a variety of local, state, and federal regulations. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in fines, penalties, restrictions on operations, or losses of permits, which will have an adverse impact on the Group's operations and might result in an outflow of economic resources.

Litigation and Claims

From time to time, the Group may be involved in or exposed to litigation arising from operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Group's operations.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There are no related party transactions as of and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

12. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred recurring losses from operations and had a net loss of approximately \$37,512 for the year ended December 31, 2025. As of that date, the Group had limited cash resources of approximately \$707. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the financial statements are issued.

Management plans to address these conditions through a combination of raising additional capital, generating revenue from operations, and managing operating expenses. However, there can be no assurance that these plans will be successful.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

ROBOBURGER ENTERPRISES, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Group evaluated events occurring after the balance sheet date through the date these financial statements were issued.

On February 5, 2026, RoboBurger Enterprises, Inc. assigned two U.S. patents to RoboBurger Inc. (Delaware, 2025), an entity in which the Company holds a 50% ownership interest. Management evaluated the transaction and determined that no adjustment to the accompanying consolidated financial statements was required as of December 31, 2025.

In April 2026, RoboBurger Inc. (Delaware, 2025) commenced an offering of securities pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding ("Reg CF"). The Company holds a 50% ownership interest in RoboBurger Inc. Management evaluated the offering and determined that no adjustment to the accompanying consolidated financial statements was required as of December 31, 2025.

Other than the matters described above, management is not aware of any subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

EXHIBIT C TO FORM C

PROFILE SCREENSHOTS

[See attached]

Invest in RoboBurger CF2

The Robotic Burger Chef Disrupting a \$868B Industry

RoboBurger is one of the first and only fully autonomous burger machines that grills and serves fresh, hot burgers on demand. Following thousands of inquiries, proof-of-concept machines built previously and sales officially opening in early 2026, we believe we are ready to disrupt one of the world's largest industries and scale into a dominant global burger...

Show more

Get Equity

This Reg CF offering is made available through StartEngine Primary, LLC. This investment is speculative, illiquid, and involves a high degree of risk, including the possible loss of your entire investment.



OVERVIEW ABOUT TERMS DISCUSSION **INVESTING FAQS**

REASONS TO INVEST



The Product: Proprietary Tech Meets Chef-Quality Dining

RoboBurger is a technological marvel protected by patents and full safety certifications. It is one of the only machines that grills fresh, chef-quality burgers on demand, featuring a flexible menu of 3 patty types and 9 customizable toppings and sauces for a gourmet experience in minutes.



The Opportunity: Dominating a Massive Market

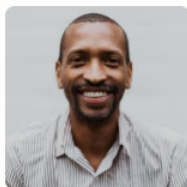
We are targeting the [\\$850B fast-food industry](#) and the \$34B food automation sector. As one of the world's only fully autonomous burger solutions, we believe we hold a competitive advantage to capture this market as demand for efficient, labor-free food technology reaches an all-time high.



The Execution: Commercial Launch and Strategic Scale

After years of development, 2026 marks our commercial phase. The Company has partnered with Sweet Robo LLC, which has experience deploying automated retail systems internationally. Through this relationship, RoboBurger has access to manufacturing, supply chain, and operational expertise intended to support its commercialization efforts.

TEAM



Audley Wilson • Chief Executive Officer, Director, acting Principal Financial Officer

A 12-year restaurant operations veteran and former VP of Analytics for top consumer brands. He bridges the gap between high-level data and the "on-the-ground" reality of food service. Audley devotes the majorit...

[Read More](#)



Get Equity

\$5 Per Share

PREVIOUSLY CROWDFUNDED

\$85,718.71

MIN INVEST

\$500

VALUATION

\$40.09M



Piny Vind • President and Director

The founder of Sweet Robo, with a proven track record of building and scaling robotic vending products that are currently used in over 30 countries. Piny currently allocates time between RoboBurger Inc. and ... [Read More](#)



Dennis Branch • Chief Revenue Officer

A high-impact revenue leader who has overseen \$2.4B in startup exits. His background includes leadership roles in AI and biometrics, including Clearwire, which was acquired by SoftBank. Dennis currently provides ... [Read More](#)



Dan Braido • Chief Technology Officer

A PhD engineer and former Siemens Principal Engineer with over 18 years of experience in hardware, automation, and complex systems integration. Dan devotes the vast majority of his professional time to ... [Read More](#)



Andy Siegel • Chief Marketing Officer

A marketing veteran with 40 years of experience who has built multiple \$100M+ direct-to-consumer (DTC) brands in the wellness and lifestyle sectors. Andy devotes the vast majority of his professional time to ... [Read More](#)



Mayer D. Deutsch • Director

On the Board of Directors of the company providing strategic guidance. He is the CEO of A1 Deals.



Michael Burt • Director

On the Board of Directors of the company providing strategic guidance. He is the Managing Partner of Promethean Investments.



[Show Less](#)

OPPORTUNITY

A \$868B Market Starved For Disruption



MARKET SIZE

Americans consume 50B burgers annually.
\$868B global fast-food market.



LABOR CHALLENGES

70% of restaurants face staffing shortages.
Rising labor costs squeeze profitability.



CONSUMER DEMANDS

Expectations for hot, fresh food anytime.
Consumers want speed



AUTOMATION MOMENTUM

70% of consumers open to automated service.
Confidence in technology



Consumers want speed
without compromise.

Confidence in restaurant
dining is growing.



INVEST TODAY



**Image shown may include digital enhancements or illustrative elements. Visuals are based on the RoboBurger system but may not represent the exact appearance of deployed units. *868BN Market Source [Here](#) - The market size is expected to reach this in 2030.*

IT'S A REVOLUTION



**Image shown may include digital enhancements or illustrative elements. Visuals are based on the RoboBurger system but may not represent the exact appearance of deployed units.*

**Video shown may include digital enhancements or illustrative elements. Visuals are based on the RoboBurger system but may not represent the exact appearance of deployed units.*

Reinventing the Fast Food Kitchen

We're on a mission to make fast food as you know it obsolete. We're turning empty corners into high-profit food destinations. We're creating a future where fresh, hot food is delivered reliably, 24/7, with zero labor headaches. We've patented the technology. We've proven demand. And now you have the opportunity to invest at a critical moment and join us as we scale.

THE PITCH

Why RoboBurger?

The Problem: The traditional fast-food industry is hitting a wall. Rising labor costs, massive staff shortages, and the high overhead of

maintaining a full-scale kitchen are eating away at profit margins. Restaurants are struggling to stay consistent, fast, and profitable.

The Solution: RoboBurger is the answer to the [\\$850B industry's](#) biggest headache. We have condensed an entire commercial kitchen into a compact, fully autonomous, 6-patented machine. It doesn't just reheat food; it **grills** fresh, chef-quality burgers from scratch in minutes—with zero labor, zero human error, and a 24/7 uptime.

How RoboBurger Plans to Make Money

- 1 Machine Sales**
High-margin units sold to retail, entertainment, and institutional venues.
- 2 Global Distribution**
Regional partners expanding across international market.
- 3 Consumables**
Recurring revenue from proprietary patties, buns, sauces, and packaging.
- 4 Custom-Branded Machines**
Co-branded units with major food and retail brands.
- 5 Software Subscriptions**
Monthly fees for remote monitoring, inventory, and performance data.
- 6 Entrepreneur Partners**
Trained individuals running their own RoboBurger units.
- 7 Service & Parts**
Revenue from maintenance contracts and replacement components.
- 8 Company-Operated Units**
Direct burger sales from high-traffic locations.
- 9 Leasing & Financing**
Flexible options generating predictable monthly cash flow.

TOTAL ADDRESSABLE MARKET BY VERTICAL

Below is a breakdown of our estimated TAM by vertical and region. Sources: U.S. Census Bureau – County Business Patterns (CBP 2022 & 2023).

	FOOD SECTOR including supermarkets, convenience stores and other food outlets.	206,855 Businesses
	BROAD RETAIL SECTOR including department stores, pharmacies, shopping malls and super centers.	74,361 Businesses
	ENTERTAINMENT & SPORTS SECTOR including amusement, FEC, arenas, sports centers and other venues.	79,695 Businesses
	FOOD & BEVERAGE SECTOR including food courts, fast food, beverage/alcoholic bars.	402,966 Businesses
	HOSPITALITY SECTOR including hotels, resorts, cruises and casinos.	67,134 Businesses
	INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR including hospitals, government facilities, universities and campuses.	116,970 Businesses
	ADDITIONAL SECTORS including office buildings, airports, marinas, gas stations.	81,575 Businesses
	TOTAL MARKET POTENTIAL	1,029,556 Businesses

Why Now?


- 1. Massive Overhead Reduction:** We eliminate the two biggest expenses: labor and expensive real estate. RoboBurger can be placed in high-traffic locations like airports, hospitals, and universities where a traditional kitchen simply wouldn't be viable.
- 2. Unmatched Market Readiness:** As we enter 2026, we are backed by thousands of inquiries from global operators. This isn't just a concept; the market is actively seeking this technology to solve the global food service crisis.
- 3. The "Kitchen-as-a-Platform" Model:** Unlike static vending machines, our tech allows for a flexible menu and rapid deployment. We can scale across continents at a fraction of the cost of traditional franchises, making us the most agile player in the industry.

The Vision: We aren't just selling a machine; we are selling the **operating system of future dining**. While others are trying to automate parts of the kitchen, we have replaced the kitchen entirely. We believe we are here to scale into a dominant autonomous burger empire.

PILOT SUCCESS
Deployed in casinos, retail hubs, and convenience stores showing a successful proof of concept.

GLOBAL DEMAND
Over **3,000** purchase requests submitted worldwide, reflecting strong interest.

ENTERPRISE TALKS
Advanced discussions underway with leaders in food, retail, and hospitality.

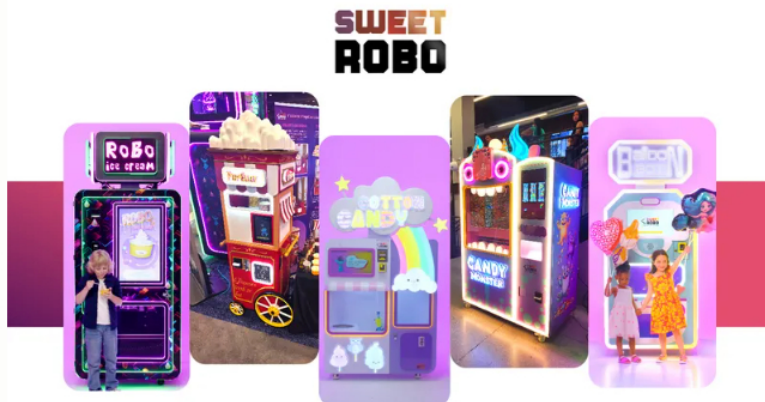


**Image shown may include digital enhancements or illustrative elements. Visuals are based on the RoboBurger system but may not represent the exact appearance of deployed units.*

GLOBAL SCALE

NEW PARTNERSHIP WITH SWEET ROBO

RoboBurger has joined forces with Sweet Robo - the largest leader in robotics vending. This partnership brings proven scale, deep technical resources, and a global track record in automated vending.





3 WAREHOUSES, 4 OFFICES, 5 MANUFACTURING FACILITIES, AND OVER 200 GLOBAL EMPLOYEES

all ready to scale RoboBurger to the next level.

SWEET ROBO



Trusted by top global brands, with active partnerships across leading retail, entertainment, and hospitality sectors.



Developed 15+ groundbreaking machines, from cotton candy to ice cream - pushing the limits of automated retail.



Powered by dozens of top-tier engineers, developers, designers, and tech specialists.



Thousands of machines sold in 25+ countries, serving millions of customers worldwide.

Strategic Partnership: Built for Global Scale

Since 2025, RoboBurger has been powered by a strategic partnership with **SweetRobo***, a global leader in food automation. With thousands of machines already deployed across dozens of countries, SweetRobo brings a proven track record and a high-profile client roster, including industry giants such as **IKEA, Universal Studios, Sheraton Hotels, Hershey's Park, Simon Properties and Aramark. Accelerating Towards Dominance:** This partnership provides RoboBurger with immediate access to a world-class ecosystem, making our rollout faster and more professional. Through SweetRobo, we leverage:

- **Manufacturing & Infrastructure:** Direct access to Sweet Robo's established factories and logistics networks.
- **Global Distribution:** A ready-made network of international distributors and offices.
- **Operational Excellence:** Proven technical support and a seamless operations system.
- **Elite Client Access:** A direct bridge to some of the world's largest commercial customers.

By aligning with the best player in the automation industry, we aren't just launching a product, we are scaling a proven global operation.

DISCLOSURE:

*RoboBurger began development under RoboBurger Enterprises, which built the early prototypes, secured intellectual property, and appeared on Shark Tank. In 2025, RoboBurger Inc. was formed as a joint venture with Sweet Robo to commercialize and scale the next-generation RoboBurger platform. Sweet Robo is a principal security holder of the company and also engaged via a Services Agreement.



*Image shown may include digital enhancements or illustrative elements. Visuals are based on the RoboBurger system but may not represent the exact appearance of deployed units.

Sharks, Media, and Diners Keep Biting

RoboBurger has already caught the attention of both the press and prominent backers, and the momentum just keeps on building.

- ✓ **\$7M+** raised, with a **\$1.5M Shark Tank** offer from **Kevin O'Leary** and **Michael Rubin**
- ✓ Featured in **Forbes**, **TechCrunch**, **NY Post**, and dozens other prominent outlets
- ✓ Over **4.4 billion global media impressions**
- ✓ **More than \$38M** in earned media value



The data in this graphic relates to RoboBurger Enterprises (2021), a predecessor entity. RoboBurger Inc. (2025), the issuer conducting this offering, was formed later, and investors are purchasing securities in RoboBurger Inc.



The data in this graphic relates to RoboBurger Enterprises (2021), a predecessor entity. RoboBurger Inc. (2025), the issuer conducting this offering, was formed later, and investors are purchasing securities in RoboBurger Inc.





ABOUT

HEADQUARTERS

**132 32nd St
Brooklyn, NY 11232**

WEBSITE

[View Site](#)

RoboBurger is one of the first and only fully autonomous burger machines that grills and serves fresh, hot burgers on demand. Following thousands of inquiries, proof-of-concept machines built previously and sales officially opening in early 2026, we believe we are ready to disrupt one of the world's largest industries and scale into a dominant global burger empire. The future of food is autonomous, and you can be a part of it.

TERMS

RoboBurger CF2

Overview

PRICE PER SHARE

\$5

VALUATION

\$40.09M

FUNDING GOAL

\$20K - \$535.2K

Breakdown

MIN INVESTMENT

\$500

OFFERING TYPE

Equity

MAX INVESTMENT

\$535,180

SHARES OFFERED

Non-Voting Common Stock

MIN NUMBER OF SHARES OFFERED

4,000

MAX NUMBER OF SHARES OFFERED

107,036

Maximum Number of Shares Offered subject to adjustment for bonus shares

SEC Recent Filing



Offering Memorandum



Risks



A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment. In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed

upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature. These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

**Maximum number of shares offered subject to adjustment for bonus shares. See Bonus info below.*

Investment Incentives & Bonuses*

Loyalty Bonus:

Previous investors in Sweet Robo or RoboBurger will receive 5% Bonus Shares.

Time Based Rewards:

Early Supporter: Invest \$1,000.00+ within the first 30 days and receive 10% Bonus Shares

Mid-Campaign Flash: Invest \$1,000.00+ between days 30–60 and receive 5% Bonus Shares

Amount Based Rewards

Tier 1: Invest \$2,500 + and receive 2% bonus shares

Tier 2: Invest \$5,000 + and receive 3% bonus shares

Tier 3: Invest \$10,000 + and receive 5% bonus shares

*In order to receive perks from an investment, one must submit a single investment in the same offering that meets the minimum perk requirement. Bonus shares from perks will not be granted if an investor submits multiple investments that, when combined, meet the perk requirement. All perks occur when the offering is completed.

Crowdfunding investments made through a self-directed IRA cannot receive non-bonus share perks due to tax laws. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) prohibits self-dealing transactions in which the investor receives an immediate, personal financial gain on investments owned by their retirement account. As a result, an investor must refuse those non-bonus share perks because they would be receiving a benefit from their IRA account.

The 10% StartEngine Venture Club Bonus

RoboBurger, Inc. will offer 10% additional bonus shares for all investments that are committed by investors that are eligible for the StartEngine Venture Club.

This means eligible StartEngine shareholders will receive a 10% bonus for any shares they purchase in this offering. For example, if you buy 100 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock at \$5.00 / share, you will receive 110 shares of Non-Voting Common Stock, meaning you'll own 880 shares for \$500. Fractional shares will not be distributed and share bonuses will be determined by rounding down to the nearest whole share.

This 10% Bonus is only valid during the investor's eligibility period. Investors eligible for this bonus will also have priority if they are on a waitlist to invest and the company surpasses its maximum funding goal. They will have the first

VIDEO TRANSCRIPT

What if your next burger was made by a robot? Hot, fresh, and fully automated?

It's pretty good. Fast food is broken. Labor shortages, skyrocketing costs, inconsistent quality. The old system. Is failing. It's time for something smarter. This is Robo Burger, a fully autonomous burger station that cooks and serves hot food fresh to order. Without a single employee on site, it tastes really good. You may have seen us on Shark Tank. Good Morning America, and across. Major Media, robo Burger made headlines and people everywhere loved it. We knew this is Future of food tech. The vending machine brought us beverages more conveniently, the ATM Money on the Go. And now Robo Burger brings us hot, fresh, delicious food anytime, anywhere.

We are building the next generation. Faster, smarter, easier to maintain and designed for mass rollout. Our global engineering team made up of dozens of industry leading robotics experts is redesigning the machine from the ground up. We're in talks with some of the largest venues globally, places like malls, airports, and universities.

And that's because we truly reduce operational nightmares. Things like rising labor costs, staffing shortages, and we can produce a hot, fresh meal 24 7. Food Automation is a \$34 billion market, and we are ready to lead it.

This is a big idea. It could be massive. It could be a multi-billion dollar business. This isn't just. A concept. It's a movement. Join us Robo Burger, hot, fresh, automated back us today, and taste the future. There are inventions where you always remember where you were the first time you heard about them.

This is one of those inventions. Robo Burger. Welcome to the family.

STARTENGINE SUBSCRIPTION PROCESS (Exhibit E)

Platform Compensation

- As compensation for the services provided by StartEngine Capital or StartEngine Primary, as identified in the Offering Statement filed on the SEC EDGAR filing system (the “Intermediary”), the issuer is required to pay to Intermediary a fee consisting of a 5.5-14% (five and one-half to fourteen) commission based on the dollar amount of securities sold in the Offering and paid upon disbursement of funds from escrow at the time of closing. The commission is paid in cash and in securities of the Issuer identical to those offered to the public in the Offering at the sole discretion of the Intermediary. Additionally, the issuer must reimburse certain expenses related to the Offering. The securities issued to the Intermediary, if any, will be of the same class and have the same terms, conditions, and rights as the securities being offered and sold by the issuer on StartEngine’s platform.
- As compensation for the services provided by StartEngine, investors are also required to pay the Intermediary a fee consisting of a 0-3.5% (zero to three and a half percent) service fee based on the dollar amount of securities purchased in each investment.

Information Regarding Length of Time of Offering

- Investment Cancellations: Investors will have up to 48 hours prior to the end of the offering period to change their minds and cancel their investment commitments for any reason. Once within 48 hours of ending, investors will not be able to cancel for any reason, even if they make a commitment during this period.
- Material Changes: Material changes to an offering include but are not limited to: A change in minimum offering amount, change in security price, change in management, material change to financial information, etc. If an issuer makes a material change to the offering terms or other information disclosed, including a change to the offering deadline, investors will be given five business days to reconfirm their investment commitment. If investors do not reconfirm, their investment will be canceled and the funds will be returned.

Hitting The Target Goal Early & Oversubscriptions

- The Intermediary will notify investors by email when the target offering amount has hit 25%, 50%, and 100% of the funding goal. If the issuer hits its goal early, the issuer can create a new target deadline at least 5 business days out. Investors will be notified of the new target deadline via email and will then have the opportunity to cancel up to 48 hours before the new deadline.

- Oversubscriptions: We require all issuers to accept oversubscriptions. This may not be possible if: 1) it vaults an issuer into a different category for financial statement requirements (and they do not have the requisite financial statements); or 2) they reach \$5M in investments. In the event of an oversubscription, shares will be allocated at the discretion of the issuer, with priority given to StartEngine Venture Club members.
- If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be canceled and committed funds will be returned.
- If a StartEngine issuer reaches its target offering amount prior to the deadline, it may conduct an initial closing of the offering early if they provide notice of the new offering deadline at least five business days prior to the new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the investment commitment). StartEngine will notify investors when the issuer meets its target offering amount. Thereafter, the issuer may conduct additional closings until the offering deadline.

Minimum and Maximum Investment Amounts

- In order to invest, commit to an investment or communicate on our platform, users must open an account on StartEngine and provide certain personal and non-personal information including information related to income, net worth, and other investments.
- Investor Limitations: There are no investment limits for investing in crowdfunding offerings for accredited investors. Non-accredited investors are limited in how much they can invest in all crowdfunding offerings during any 12-month period. The limitation on how much they can invest depends on their net worth (excluding the value of their primary residence) and annual income. If either their annual income or net worth is less than \$124,000, then during any 12-month period, they can invest either \$2,500 or 5% of their annual income or net worth, whichever is greater. If both their annual income and net worth are equal to or more than \$124,000, then during any 12-month period, they can invest up to 10% of annual income or net worth, whichever is greater, but their investments cannot exceed \$124,000.

EXHIBIT F TO FORM C

ADDITIONAL CORPORATE DOCUMENTS

[See attached]

Delaware

Page 1

The First State

I, CHARUNI PATIBANDA-SANCHEZ, SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE
STATE OF DELAWARE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THE ATTACHED IS A TRUE AND
CORRECT COPY OF THE RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF "ROBOBURGER INC.",
FILED IN THIS OFFICE ON THE TWENTIETH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A.D.
2026, AT 1:14 O`CLOCK P.M.



C. P. Sanchez

Charuni Patibanda-Sanchez, Secretary of State

10239464 8100
SR# 20260712198

Authentication: 203178945
Date: 02-24-26

You may verify this certificate online at corp.delaware.gov/authver.shtml

State of Delaware
Secretary of State
Division of Corporations
Delivered 01:14 PM 02/20/2026
FILED 01:14 PM 02/20/2026
SR 20260712198 - File Number 10239464

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF
ROBOBURGER INC.**

(Pursuant to Sections 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware)

RoboBurger Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL"), hereby certifies as follows:

This First Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation has been duly adopted in accordance with Sections 242 and 245 of the DGCL and restates and integrates the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation in their entirety.

FIRST: Name

The name of the corporation is RoboBurger Inc. (the "Corporation").

SECOND: Registered Office

The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware is 8 The Green, Suite E, in the City of Dover, County of Kent, State of Delaware 19901. The registered agent at such address is A Best Registered Agent LLC.

THIRD: Purpose

The Corporation may engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the DGCL.

FOURTH: Capital Stock

The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is Thirteen Million (13,000,000) shares, consisting of:

Ten Million (10,000,000) shares of Voting Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share; and

Three Million (3,000,000) shares of Non-Voting Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

A. Voting Rights.

Each share of Voting Common Stock shall be entitled to one (1) vote per share on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders.

Non-Voting Common Stock shall have no voting rights except as required by the DGCL.

B. Economic Rights.

Except as otherwise required by law, Voting Common Stock and Non-Voting Common Stock shall rank *pari passu* with respect to dividends and rights upon liquidation.

C. Mandatory Conversion of Non-Voting Common Stock.

Each outstanding share of Non-Voting Common Stock shall automatically convert into one (1) share of Voting Common Stock on a one-for-one basis upon the earliest of:

1. The closing of an underwritten public offering of the Corporation's equity securities pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended;
2. The listing of the Corporation's common stock on a national securities exchange; or
3. The approval of a majority of the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

Voting Common Stock shall not be convertible into Non-Voting Common Stock.

Upon conversion, the Non-Voting Common Stock shall be retired and shall not be reissued.

FIFTH: Limitation of Liability

To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, no director or officer of the Corporation shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty; provided, however, that nothing herein shall eliminate or limit the liability of a director or officer:

1. For any breach of the duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders;
2. For acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
3. Under Section 174 of the DGCL; or
4. For any transaction from which the director or officer derived an improper personal benefit.

If the DGCL is amended to further eliminate or limit liability, such elimination or limitation shall automatically apply.

SIXTH: Indemnification

The Corporation shall indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, any person who is or was a director or officer of the Corporation against all liability and loss suffered and expenses (including attorneys' fees) reasonably incurred.

The Corporation shall advance expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon receipt of an undertaking to repay if ultimately not entitled to indemnification.

The rights provided in this Article shall be deemed contractual rights, shall continue as to any person who has ceased to be a director or officer, and shall inure to the benefit of such person's heirs and legal representatives.

SEVENTH: Exclusive Forum (Delaware)

Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware shall be the sole and exclusive forum for derivative actions, fiduciary duty claims, DGCL claims, and claims governed by the internal affairs doctrine.

EIGHTH: Federal Forum (Securities Act)

Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States shall be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Any person purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any security of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to this Article.

NINTH: Bylaws

The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt, amend, or repeal the Bylaws of the Corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this First Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to be executed.

DocuSigned by:
Audley Wilson
4A385CB80FBE498...

Audley Wilson

Chief Executive Officer