



STROFE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

WITH INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

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Belle Business Services

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Strofe, Inc.
Palo Alto, California

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Strofe, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2021, and the related statement of income, statement of equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion. We are required to be independent of Strofe, Inc. and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our review.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modification that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 4, certain conditions raise an uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Belle Business Services, LLC

Belle Business Services, LLC
September 1, 2022

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STROFE, INC.
BALANCE SHEET
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 93,946

TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 93,946

OTHER ASSETS

Software development costs 52,550

TOTAL ASSETS \$ 146,496

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable \$ 9,060

TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 9,060

TOTAL LIABILITIES 9,060

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock, see note 3 84

Additional paid-in capital 81

SAFE obligations 175,000

Accumulated deficit (37,729)

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 137,436

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY \$ 146,496

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

STROFE, INC.
STATEMENT OF INCOME
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

REVENUES	\$ 280
COST OF GOODS SOLD	<u>22</u>
GROSS PROFIT	258
OPERATING EXPENSES	
General and administrative	34,611
Professional fees	2,007
Sales and marketing	<u>1,369</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	37,987
NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	<u>(37,729)</u>
NET LOSS	<u><u>\$ (37,729)</u></u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

STROFE, INC.
STATEMENT OF EQUITY
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>SAFE Obligations</u>	<u>Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
BEGINNING BALANCE, MAY 7, 2021 (INCEPTION)	-	\$ -	-	-	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of stock	8,360,000	84	81	-	-	\$ 165
Issuance of SAFE obligations	-	-	-	175,000	-	\$ 175,000
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(37,729)	\$ (37,729)
ENDING BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2021	<u>8,360,000</u>	<u>\$ 84</u>	<u>\$ 81</u>	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	<u>\$ (37,729)</u>	<u>\$ 137,436</u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

STROFE, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net loss	\$ (37,729)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Amortization expense	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable	<u>9,060</u>

CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES **(28,669)**

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash used for software development (52,550)

CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES **(52,550)**

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Issuance of common stock	165
Issuance of SAFE obligations	<u>175,000</u>

CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES 175,165

NET INCREASE IN CASH **93,946**

CASH AT INCEPTION -

CASH AT END OF YEAR \$ 93,946

CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR:

INTEREST \$ -

INCOME TAXES \$ -

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

Strofe, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Delaware on May 7, 2021. The Company specializes in software for content creators to create their own music in seconds that is copyright free.

Going Concern

Since Inception, the Company has relied on funds from SAFE obligations to fund its operations. As of December 31, 2021, the Company will likely incur losses prior to generating positive working capital. These matters raise substantial concern about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. As of December 31, 2021, the Company is still mostly in the developmental process, with very limited revenue. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company’s ability to raise short term capital, as well as the Company’s ability to generate funds through revenue producing activities.

Fiscal Year

The Company operates on a December 31st year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP). In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the financial statements for the year presented have been included.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of management’s estimates. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2021, the Company held no cash equivalents.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company has a limited operating history. The Company’s business and operations are sensitive to general business and economic conditions in the United States. A host of factors beyond the Company’s control could cause fluctuations in these conditions.

The Coronavirus Disease of 2019 (COVID-19) has recently affected global markets, supply chains, employees of companies, and our communities. Specific to the Company, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2022 operations and financial results including shelter in place orders, material supply chain interruption, economic hardships affecting funding for the Company’s operations, and affects the Company’s workforce. Management believes the Company is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of December 31, 2021.

See independent accountant’s review report.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

The Company's trade receivables are recorded when billed and represent claims against third parties that will be settled in cash. The carrying value of the Company's receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, represents their estimated net realizable value.

The Company evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable on a customer-by-customer basis. The Company records a reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to an amount the Company believes will be reasonably collected. The reserve is a discretionary amount determined from the analysis of the aging of the accounts receivables, historical experience and knowledge of specific customers. As of December 31, 2021, the Company had no accounts receivable.

Income Taxes

The Company complies with FASB ASC 740 for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company's financial statements. The Company believes that its income tax positions would be sustained on audit and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material change to its financial position.

The Company is subject to tax filing requirements as a corporation in the federal jurisdiction of the United States. The Company sustained net operating losses during fiscal year 2021. Net operating losses will be carried forward to reduce taxable income in future years. Due to management's uncertainty as to the timing and valuation of any benefits associated with the net operating loss carryforwards, the Company has elected to recognize an allowance to account for them in the financial statements but has fully reserved it. Under current law, net operating losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

The Company is subject to franchise and income tax filing requirements in the States of Delaware and California.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

See independent accountant's review report.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | - Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. |
| Level 2 | - Include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace. |
| Level 3 | - Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity. |

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of Inception. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values because of their short term in nature or they are payable on demand.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

From time-to-time cash balances, held at a major financial institution may exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000. Management believes that the financial institution is financially sound, and the risk of loss is low.

Revenue Recognition

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). Revenue is recognized when performance obligations under the terms of the contracts with our customers are satisfied. The Company generates revenues by selling copyright free music creation software. The Company's payments are generally collected upfront. For year ending December 31, 2021, the Company recognized \$280 in revenue.

Stock Compensation Expense

ASC 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation, prescribes accounting and reporting standards for all share-based payment transactions. Transactions include incurring liabilities, or issuing or offering to issue shares, options, and other equity instruments such as employee stock ownership plans and stock appreciation rights. Share-based payments to employees and non-employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized as compensation expense in the financial statements based on their fair values at the grant date. That expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period).

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation issued to non-employees and consultants in accordance with the provisions of ASC 505-50, Equity – Based Payments to Non-Employees. Measurement of share-based payment transactions with non-employees is based on the fair grant date FV of equity instruments. The fair value of the share-based payment transaction is determined at the earlier of performance commitment date or performance completion date. Share-based compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$4.

See independent accountant's review report.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Software Development Costs

In compliance with ASC 350-50, Accounting for Costs of Computer Software Development and ASC 985-20, Costs of Software to be Sold, Leased or Marketed, in the future, the Company will capitalize and carry forward as assets, the costs to develop the Strofe platform. Research is the planned efforts of a company to discover new information that will help create a new product or service. Such costs are expensed. Development takes the findings generated by research and formulates a plan to create the desired platform. The Company applies the GAAP capitalization requirements of the “waterfall” approach which includes a specific sequential order of Plan, Design, Coding/development, Testing and Software release.

The Company monetizes and forecasts the revenues from the internally developed software and amortize the aggregate costs of the developmental software asset over the forecasted revenue stream; a matching of the revenue and costs, using the straight-line method, based on estimated useful lives of the asset. Maintenance of the platform will be expensed. The Company will began amortizing the costs of the software in 2022.

The Company reviews the carrying value of intangible personal property for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, the manner in which the property is used, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Based on this assessment there was no impairment during the year ending December 31, 2021.

Advertising Expenses

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Organizational Costs

In accordance with FASB ASC 720, organizational costs, including accounting fees, legal fee, and costs of incorporation, are expensed as incurred.

New Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, or other standard setting bodies and adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, the Company believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020 – 06, *Debt, Debt with conversion and other options (Subtopic 470-20) and derivatives and hedging – contracts in an entity’s own equity (Subtopic 815-40: Accounting for convertible instruments and contracts in an entity’s own equity*. ASU 2020-06 reduces the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock. Limiting the accounting models results in fewer embedded conversion features being separately recognized from the host contract as compared with current GAAP. ASU 2020 – 06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020.

See independent accountant’s review report.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In August 2018, amendments to existing accounting guidance were issued through Accounting Standards Update 2018-15 to clarify the accounting for implementation costs for cloud computing arrangements. The amendments specify that existing guidance for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software also applies to implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and early application is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2018-15 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

2. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is not currently involved with and does not know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or its members.

3. Equity

Common Stock

Under the articles of incorporation, the total number of common shares of stock that the Corporation shall have authority to issue is 10,000,000 shares, at \$0.00001 par value per share. As of December 31, 2021, 8,360,000 shares have been issued and are outstanding.

Equity Incentive

The Company's 2021 Equity Plan (the Plan), which is shareholder approved, permits the grant of share options and restricted shares to its employees, advisors and subcontractors for up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock. The Company believes that such awards better align the interests of its employees, advisors and subcontractors with those of its shareholders. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant; those option awards generally vest based on one to four years of continuous service and have 10-year contractual terms. Certain option and share awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control, as defined in the Plan. As of December 31, 2021, 360,000 shares of restricted common stock have been issued and are outstanding. No options have been issued as of December 31, 2021.

SAFE Obligations

Since inception, the Company issued several Simple Agreements for Future Equity ("SAFEs"). The agreements state if there is an equity financing before the termination of the SAFE, on the initial closing of an equity financing, the SAFE will automatically convert into the greater of: (1) Standard Preferred Stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the lowest price per share of the Standard Preferred Stock; or (2) the number of shares of Safe Preferred Stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the Safe Price

The SAFE agreements will expire and terminate upon either (i) the issuance of shares to the investor pursuant to an equity financing event or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the investor pursuant to a liquidity or dissolution event.

As of December 31, 2021, no SAFE agreements had been converted into equity, nor had any terminated or expired based on the terms of the agreements.

See independent accountant's review report.

STROFE, INC.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(unaudited)

3. Equity (continued)

SAFE Obligations (continued)

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had \$175,000 of SAFE obligations outstanding, with post-money valuation caps of \$1,500,000.

The Company accounts for the SAFE agreements under ASC 480 (Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity), which requires that they be recorded at fair value as of the balance sheet date. Any changes in fair value are to be recorded in the statement of income. The Company has determined that the fair value at the date of issuance, and as of December 31, 2021 are both consistent with the proceeds received at issuance, and therefore there is no mark-to-market fair value adjustments required, or reflected in income for the years ended December 31, 2021.

4. Going Concern

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Company registered on May 7, 2021, and has established a presence and operations in the United States. The Company's ability to continue is dependent upon management's plan to raise additional funds and achieve and sustain profitable operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is not able to continue as a going concern.

5. Subsequent Events

Crowdfunding Offering

The Company is offering (the "Crowdfunded Offering") up to \$1,000,000 in Simple Agreements for Future Equity (SAFEs). The Company is attempting to raise a minimum amount of \$50,000 in this offering and up to \$1,000,000 maximum. The Company must receive commitments from investors totaling the minimum amount by the offering deadline listed in the Form C, as amended in order to receive any funds.

The Crowdfunded Offering is being made through Wefunder Inc and it's wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Intermediary" aka "Wefunder"). The Intermediary will be entitled to receive a 7.5% commission fee.

Managements Evaluation

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through September 1, 2022, the date through which the financial statement was available to be issued. It has been determined that no events require additional disclosure.

See independent accountant's review report.