Offering Memorandum: Part II of Offering Document (Exhibit A to Form C)

Sazmining Inc. 9641 Eagle Ridge Drive Bethesda, MD 20817 https://www.sazmining.com/

Up to \$1,234,989.40 in Common Stock at \$13.10 Minimum Target Amount: \$14,999.50

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.

These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

Company:

Company: Sazmining Inc.

Address: 9641 Eagle Ridge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20817

State of Incorporation: DE Date Incorporated: May 03, 2018

Terms:

Equity

Offering Minimum: \$14,999.50 | 1,145 shares of Common Stock
Offering Maximum: \$1,234,989.40 | 94,274 shares of Common Stock

Type of Security Offered: Common Stock Purchase Price of Security Offered: \$13.10

Minimum Investment Amount (per investor): \$353.70

Voting Rights of Securities Sold in this Offering

Voting Proxy. Each Subscriber shall appoint the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO"), or his or her successor, as the Subscriber's true and lawful proxy and attorney, with the power to act alone and with full power of substitution, to, consistent with this instrument and on behalf of the Subscriber, (i) vote all Securities, (ii) give and receive notices and communications, (iii) execute any instrument or document that the CEO determines is necessary or appropriate in the exercise of its authority under this instrument, and (iv) take all actions necessary or appropriate in the judgment of the CEO for the accomplishment of the foregoing. The proxy and power granted by the Subscriber pursuant to this Section are coupled with an interest. Such proxy and power will be irrevocable. The proxy and power, so long as the Subscriber is an individual, will survive the death, incompetency and disability of the Subscriber and, so long as the Subscriber is an entity, will survive the merger or reorganization of the Subscriber or any other entity holding the Securities. However, the Proxy will terminate upon the closing of a firm-commitment underwritten public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 covering the offer and sale of Common Stock or the effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 covering the Common Stock.

*Maximum number of shares offered subject to adjustment for bonus shares. See Bonus info below.

Time-Based Perks

Friends and Family - First 72 hours | 10% bonus shares

Super Early Bird - Next 72 hours | 7% bonus shares

Early Bird Bonus - Next 7 days | 5% bonus shares

Volume-Based Perks

Tier 1 Perk - Invest \$750+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group

Tier 2 Perk — Invest \$1500+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + receive a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet

Tier 3 Perk — Invest \$2500+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + receive a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate + guaranteed reservation for an S19j Pro miner in our next facility, which is expected to launch in 3 - 6 months + a call with our CEO or COO

Tier 4 Perk — Invest \$10,000+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + a free domestic flight to Miami to have dinner with team* + a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate.

Tier 5 Perk — Invest \$20,000+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + a free GA Bitcoin Miami 2023 ticket + domestic flight to Miami* + Dinner with team at Bitcoin Miami 2023 + a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate

Tier 6 Perk — Invest \$30,000+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + a free Industry Bitcoin Miami 2023 ticket + domestic flight to Miami* + Dinner with team at Bitcoin Miami 2023 + a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate

Tier 7 Perk — Invest \$50,000+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + a free Whale Bitcoin Miami 2023 ticket + domestic flight to Miami* + Dinner with team at Bitcoin Miami 2023 + a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate

Tier 8 Perk — Invest \$100,000+ and receive access to our Exclusive Sazmining Investor Telegram group + a free Whale Bitcoin Miami 2023 ticket + domestic/international business class flight to Miami* + Dinner with team at Bitcoin Miami 2023 + a spot on our podcast/Twitter spaces + a free Coldcard Bitcoin hardware wallet w/ metal seed plate

"In order to receive perks from an investment, one must submit a single investment in the same offering that meets the minimum perk requirement. Bonus shares from perks will not be granted if an investor submits multiple investments that, when combined, meet the perk requirement. All perks occur when the offering is completed.

10% StartEngine Owner's Bonus

Sazmining will offer 10% additional bonus shares for all investments that are committed by investors that are eligible for the StartEngine Crowdfunding Inc. OWNer's bonus.

This means eligible StartEngine shareholders will receive a 10% bonus for any shares they purchase in this offering. For example, if you buy 100 shares of Common Stock at \$13.10 / share, you will receive 110 shares of Common Stock, meaning you'll own 110 shares for \$1,310.

Fractional shares will not be distributed and share bonuses will be determined by rounding down to the nearest whole share.

This 10% Bonus is only valid during the investors eligibility period. Investors eligible for this bonus will also have priority if they are on a waitlist to invest and the company surpasses its maximum funding goal. They will have the first opportunity to invest should room in the offering become available if prior investments are canceled or fail.

Investors will receive the highest single bonus they are eligible for among the bonuses based on the amount invested and time of offering elapsed (if any). Eligible investors will also receive the Owner's Bonus and Time & Volume-based in addition to the aforementioned bonus.

The Company and its Business

Company Overview

Company Overview

Sazmining's purpose is to improve the way humanity relates to energy & money.

We make Bitcoin mining accessible to retail investors by sourcing clean energy and maintaining customer's mining rigs, allowing customers to benefit from a passive income stream of Bitcoin sent directly to their Bitcoin wallet.

Our mining rigs run on either clean energy sources like hydropower, or on methane gas that would have otherwise been emitted into the atmosphere. Our mining rigs provide an additional buyer for renewable energy providers, as our rigs are able to purchase energy from renewable sources that are early in development and unable to connect to the grid, thus providing them with a revenue stream while they are in development. Therefore, we believe that Sazmining is not only subsidizing the clean energy sector, but it is also helping to curb humanity's greenhouse gas emissions.

Business Model

We earn revenue from selling mining rigs and monthly hosting fees charged to our customers. We do not markup the mining rigs or the monthly hosting costs to the customer.

85% of the Bitcoin mined by the customer's mining rig is sent directly to our customers' Bitcoin wallets.

15% of the Bitcoin mined by the customer's mining rig is sent directly to our company Bitcoin wallet.

Since Sazmining only makes money when our customers produce Bitcoin, we believe that we have a perfect incentive alignment with our customers: we seek to maximize the mining rigs' uptime and Bitcoin production to benefit both the customer and the company.

Corporate Structure

Sazmining, Inc. was initially organized as Sazmining LLC, a Delaware limited liability company on 1/16/2018, and converted to a Delaware C-Corporation on 5/3/2018.

Competitors and Industry

Competitors

Our main competitor is Compass Mining. We hold four competitive advantages over Compass Mining:

They do not have a carbon neutral mandate for their platform, while we do. We are therefore uniquely positioned to cater to customers' growing interest in conscious, environmentally-friendly investing (a 2017 study found that 87% of consumers have a more positive image of a company that supports social or environmental issues and that 68% of millennials purchased a product with a social or environmental benefit in the last year).

 $\textbf{Source for 2017 study:} \ https://www.forbes.com/sites/forbesnycouncil/2018/11/21/do-customers-really-care-about-your-environmental-impact/?$

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Compass Mining marks up costs throughout the process of getting a customer set up with a mining rig. We pass the costs to the customer and do not intentionally profit on rigs or maintenance costs.

Compass Mining requires customers to purchase their rigs long before they are operational. Meanwhile, we request purchase of the rigs only a month before they are put in operation.

Our pricing model aligns our incentives with the customer: our revenue consists of 15% of the Bitcoin that our retail customers' mine.

Industry

Sazmining operates at the intersection of Bitcoin mining and climate change.

Electricity generation in other key bitcoin mining centers are also dominated by renewables, including Iceland (100%), Quebec (99.8%), British Columbia (98.4%), Norway (98%), and Georgia (81%).

 $\textbf{Source for electricity generation:} \ \textit{https://www.iea.org/commentaries/bitcoin-energy-use-mined-the-gap} \\$

Cleantech investor Daniel Batten has calculated the effects of Bitcoin mining on the environment by taking into account its ability to reduce methane emissions. He has calculated that Bitcoin can be net carbon negative by December 2024, can reduce methane emissions by 23%, and can help us eliminate 0.15 °C of climate change by 2045.

Sources for effects of Bitcoin mining:

https://bitcoinmagazine.com/business/bitcoin-mining-can-prevent-climate-change

2. https://twitter.com/dsbatten/status/1570624319960788995?lang=en

A key source of confusion is that people conflate Bitcoin's energy consumption with its carbon emissions: but because Bitcoin miners can harness waste energy and renewables, the network's energy consumption is not a proxy for its carbon footprint.

Renewables are energy sources that naturally replenish, such as hydro, solar, or wind power. Because Sazmining has a carbon neutral mandate, and because renewables are carbon neutral, we employ renewables towards powering our mining rigs. For example, our latest facility in Wisconsin runs on hydropower.

We plan to use methane waste energy for our next facility. We cannot secure this next facility without the capital provided from the StartEngine campaign. Additionally, with additional capital from this StartEngine campaign, we intend to look at securing facilities globally.

Current Stage and Roadmap

Current Stage

Customers have purchased their Bitcoin mining rigs before our facility went live on January 3, 2023. Now that our facility is live, customers' Bitcoin mining rigs have begun to mine Bitcoin. The mined Bitcoin goes directly to customers' wallets.

Future Roadmap

We plan to grow our business in accordance with venture capital-required growth to work towards having the opportunity to potentially have an exit in the future (which we would only consider if there is alignment with Sazmining's mission - to improve the way humanity relates to money and energy).

We plan to use raised money to reserve more clean energy, deliver a better customer experience, and build customer-requested features.

Since our rigs run on carbon-neutral energy, we believe that we can play a part in the Bitcoin network becoming more environmentally friendly as a result of our hopefully-increased market share.

We believe that the Bitcoin network is poised for global adoption. Combined with the recent Bitcoin price depression, we believe that we are providing a great opportunity for customers to begin mining Bitcoin.

The Team

Officers and Directors

Name: William Szamosszegi

William Szamosszegi's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

Position: Founder, CEO, Secretary, and Board Member

Dates of Service: January, 2018 - Present

Responsibilities: Will is the CEO & Founder at Sazmining. He is responsible for the vision and growth of the business. He receives \$100k annually in compensation and owns 32.7551% of the company's equity.

Name: Martin Patrick Hidalgo

Martin Patrick Hidalgo's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

Position: Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer
 Dates of Service: February, 2022 - Present

Responsibilities: Responsible for tracking, reporting, analyzing, auditing, budgeting, forecasting, and investing every dollar in an out of the company. Patrick receives \$100k annually in compensation and owns 2.9316% of the company's equity.

Other business experience in the past three years:

Employer: Bitt

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Dates of Service: August, 2017 - February, 2022

Responsibilities: - Helped the company raise \$18MM in equity and notes (created the Series B business tweet, 1 page summary and investment pitch deck). - Collaborated with the team to deploy the world's first CBDC for a currency union (the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union). Other deployments included stablecoins in Barbados, Belize and Ukraine and another CBDC in Nigeria. - Developed a merchant calculator which is still being used on Bitt's website to demonstrate how the mMoney product in Barbados can cut costs. - Guided the company through the Central Bank of Barbados and Financial Services Commission's Fintech regulatory sandbox. - Had complete responsibility for Investor Relations, Financial Planning & Analysis, Forecasting, and Treasury Management. - Helped bring stability while the company cycled through 3 CEOs, 2 COOs, 4 CTOs, 2 CLOs, and 3 different board of directors.

Name: Andrew Zoltan Szamosszegi

Andrew Zoltan Szamosszegi's current primary role is with Capital Trade, Incorporated. Andrew Zoltan Szamosszegi currently services 5 hours per week in their role with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

· Position: Advisor and Board Member Dates of Service: January, 2018 - Present

Responsibilities: I am a member of the board of directors and an original investor. Andrew does not receive a compensation, but owns 38.0750% of the company's equity.

Other business experience in the past three years:

· Employer: Capital Trade, Incorporated

Title: Principal

Dates of Service: July, 2005 - Present

Responsibilities: Andrew Szamosszegi is a principal and director at Capital Trade Inc., in Washington, DC. He specializes in international trade consulting and is the firm's treasurer. His consulting work consists of engagements with major law firms representing domestic and international firms in high stakes trade disputes. He has also assisted foreign governments by analyzing the costs and benefits of their potential free trade agreements.

Name: Kent Marshall Halliburton

Kent Marshall Halliburton's current primary role is with the Issuer.

Positions and offices currently held with the issuer:

· Position: President, Chief Operating Officer, and Board Member

Dates of Service: October, 2021 - Present

Responsibilities: Kent oversees all aspects of internal operations, including PnL. Kent receives a compensation of \$100k annually in compensation and owns 10.9184% of the company's equity.

Other business experience in the past three years:

· Employer: Sazmining Inc. Title: Energy Advisor

Dates of Service: January, 2021 - September, 2021

Responsibilities: As an Energy Advisor to Sazmining, I conducted energy analysis of various crypto mining opportunities and consulted with Sazmining clients. In addition, I assessed the Sazmining business model and assisted with investor relations and raising capital.

Other business experience in the past three years:

• Employer: dcatracker.com

Title: Founder

Dates of Service: March, 2020 - Present

Responsibilities: Providing a global one-stop shop for the simplest, most effective Bitcoin investing strategy.

Other business experience in the past three years:

· Employer: Blockforge Title: Founder

Dates of Service: October, 2018 - October, 2021

Responsibilities: Offering personal and corporate Bitcoin Implementation Strategies: setup, investing strategy, security, tax

management, and inheritance.

Risk Factors

The SEC requires the company to identify risks that are specific to its business and its financial condition. The company is still subject to all the same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently more risky than more developed companies. You should consider general risks as well as specific risks when deciding whether to invest.

These are the risks that relate to the Company:

An investment in the Company (also referred to as "we", "us", "our", or "Company") involves a high degree of risk and should only be considered by those who can afford the loss of their entire investment. Furthermore, the purchase of any of the Common Stock should only be undertaken by persons whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to indefinitely retain an illiquid investment. Each investor in the Company should consider all of the information provided to such potential investor regarding the Company as well as the following risk factors, in addition to the other information listed in the Company's Form C. The following risk factors are not intended, and shall not be deemed to be, a complete description of the commercial and other risks inherent in the investment in the Company.

Our business projections are only projections

There can be no assurance that the Company will meet our projections. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to find

sufficient demand for our product, that people think it's a better option than a competing product, or that we will able to provide the service at a level that allows the Company to make a profit and still attract business.

Any valuation at this stage is difficult to assess

The valuation for the offering was established by the Company. Unlike listed companies that are valued publicly through market-driven stock prices, the valuation of private companies, especially startups, is difficult to assess and you may risk overpaying for your investment.

The transferability of the Securities you are buying is limited

Any Common Stock purchased through this crowdfunding campaign is subject to SEC limitations of transfer. This means that the stock/note that you purchase cannot be resold for a period of one year. The exception to this rule is if you are transferring the stock back to the Company, to an "accredited investor," as part of an offering registered with the Commission, to a member of your family, trust created for the benefit of your family, or in connection with your death or divorce.

Your investment could be illiquid for a long time

You should be prepared to hold this investment for several years or longer. For the 12 months following your investment there will be restrictions on how you can resell the securities you receive. More importantly, there is no established market for these securities and there may never be one. As a result, if you decide to sell these securities in the future, you may not be able to find a buyer. The Company may be acquired by an existing player in the financial services industry. However, that may never happen or it may happen at a price that results in you losing money on this investment.

If the Company cannot raise sufficient funds it will not succeed

The Company, is offering Common Stock in the amount of up to 1.235M in this offering, and may close on any investments that are made. Even if the maximum amount is raised, the Company is likely to need additional funds in the future in order to grow, and if it cannot raise those funds for whatever reason, including reasons relating to the Company itself or the broader economy, it may not survive. If the Company manages to raise only the minimum amount of funds, sought, it will have to find other sources of funding for some of the plans outlined in "Use of Proceeds."

We may not have enough capital as needed and may be required to raise more capital.

We anticipate needing access to credit in order to support our working capital requirements as we grow. Although interest rates are low, it is still a difficult environment for obtaining credit on favorable terms. If we cannot obtain credit when we need it, we could be forced to raise additional equity capital, modify our growth plans, or take some other action. Issuing more equity may require bringing on additional investors. Securing these additional investors could require pricing our equity below its current price. If so, your investment could lose value as a result of this additional dilution. In addition, even if the equity is not priced lower, your ownership percentage would be decreased with the addition of more investors. If we are unable to find additional investors willing to provide capital, then it is possible that we will choose to cease our sales activity. In that case, the only asset remaining to generate a return on your investment could be our intellectual property. Even if we are not forced to cease our sales activity, the unavailability of credit could result in the Company performing below expectations, which could adversely impact the value of your investment.

Terms of subsequent financings may adversely impact your investment

We will likely need to engage in common equity, debt, or preferred stock financings in the future, which may reduce the value of your investment in the Common Stock. Interest on debt securities could increase costs and negatively impact operating results. Preferred stock could be issued in series from time to time with such designation, rights, preferences, and limitations as needed to raise capital. The terms of preferred stock could be more advantageous to those investors than to the holders of Common Stock. In addition, if we need to raise more equity capital from the sale of Common Stock, institutional or other investors may negotiate terms that are likely to be more favorable than the terms of your investment, and possibly a lower purchase price per share.

Management Discretion as to Use of Proceeds

Our success will be substantially dependent upon the discretion and judgment of our management team with respect to the application and allocation of the proceeds of this Offering. The use of proceeds described below is an estimate based on our current business plan. We, however, may find it necessary or advisable to re-allocate portions of the net proceeds reserved for one category to another, and we will have broad discretion in doing so.

Projections: Forward Looking Information

Any projections or forward looking statements regarding our anticipated financial or operational performance are hypothetical and are based on management's best estimate of the probable results of our operations and will not have been reviewed by our independent accountants. These projections will be based on assumptions which management believes are reasonable. Some assumptions invariably will not materialize due to unanticipated events and circumstances beyond management's control. Therefore, actual results of operations will vary from such projections, and such variances may be material. Any projected results cannot be guaranteed.

The amount raised in this offering may include investments from company insiders or immediate family members

Officers, directors, executives, and existing owners with a controlling stake in the company (or their immediate family members) may make investments in this offering. Any such investments will be included in the raised amount reflected on the campaign page.

We are reliant on one main type of service

All of our current services are variants on one type of service, providing a platform for Bitcoin mining. Our revenues are therefore dependent upon the market for online capital formation.

Minority Holder; Securities with Voting Rights

The Common Stock that an investor is buying has voting rights attached to them. However, you will be part of the minority shareholders of the Company and have agreed to appoint the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO"), or his or her successor, as your voting proxy. You are trusting in management discretion in making good business decisions that will grow your investments. Furthermore, in the event of a liquidation of our Company, you will only be paid out if there is any cash remaining after all of the creditors of our Company have been paid out.

You are trusting that management will make the best decision for the company

You are trusting in management discretion. You are buying securities as a minority holder, and therefore must trust the management of the Company to make good business decisions that grow your investment.

Insufficient Funds

The company might not sell enough securities in this offering to meet its operating needs and fulfill its plans, in which case it will cease operating and you will get nothing. Even if we sell all the common stock we are offering now, the Company will (possibly) need to raise more funds in the future, and if it can't get them, we will fail. Even if we do make a successful offering in the future, the terms of that offering might result in your investment in the company being worth less, because later investors might get better terms.

This offering involves "rolling closings," which may mean that earlier investors may not have the benefit of information that later investors have.

Once we meet our target amount for this offering, we may request that StartEngine instruct the escrow agent to disburse offering funds to us. At that point, investors whose subscription agreements have been accepted will become our investors. All early-stage companies are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and it is not uncommon for material changes to be made to the offering terms, or to companies' businesses, plans or prospects, sometimes on short notice. When such changes happen during the course of an offering, we must file an amended to our Form C with the SEC, and investors whose subscriptions have not yet been accepted will have the right to withdraw their subscriptions and get their money back. Investors whose subscriptions have already been accepted, however, will already be our investors and will have no such right.

Our new product could fail to achieve the sales projections we expected

Our growth projections are based on an assumption that with an increased advertising and marketing budget our products will be able to gain traction in the marketplace at a faster rate than our current products have. It is possible that our new products will fail to gain market acceptance for any number of reasons. If the new products fail to achieve significant sales and acceptance in the marketplace, this could materially and adversely impact the value of your investment.

We face significant market competition

We will compete with larger, established companies who currently have products on the market and/or various respective product development programs. They may have much better financial means and marketing/sales and human resources than us. They may succeed in developing and marketing competing equivalent products earlier than us, or superior products than those developed by us. There can be no assurance that competitors will render our technology or products obsolete or that the products developed by us will be preferred to any existing or newly developed technologies. It should further be assumed that competition will intensify.

We are an early stage company and have not yet generated any profits

Sazmining, Inc was formed on 01/16/2018. Accordingly, the Company has a limited history upon which an evaluation of its performance and future prospects can be made. Our current and proposed operations are subject to all business risks associated with new enterprises. These include likely fluctuations in operating results as the Company reacts to developments in its market, managing its growth and the entry of competitors into the market. We will only be able to pay dividends on any shares once our directors determine that we are financially able to do so. Sazmining, Inc has incurred a net loss and has had limited revenues generated since inception. There is no assurance that we will be profitable in the next 3 years or generate sufficient revenues to pay dividends to the holders of the shares.

Our trademarks, copyrights and other intellectual property could be unenforceable or ineffective

Intellectual property is a complex field of law in which few things are certain. It is possible that competitors will be able to design around our intellectual property, find prior art to invalidate it, or render the patents unenforceable through some other mechanism. If competitors are able to bypass our trademark and copyright protection without obtaining a sublicense, it is likely that the Company's value will be materially and adversely impacted. This could also impair the Company's ability to compete in the marketplace. Moreover, if our trademarks and copyrights are deemed unenforceable, the Company will almost certainly lose any potential revenue it might be able to raise by entering into sublicenses. This would cut off a significant potential revenue stream for the Company.

The cost of enforcing our trademarks and copyrights could prevent us from enforcing them

Trademark and copyright litigation has become extremely expensive. Even if we believe that a competitor is infringing on one or more of our trademarks or copyrights, we might choose not to file suit because we lack the cash to successfully prosecute a multi-year litigation with an uncertain outcome; or because we believe that the cost of enforcing our trademark(s) or copyright(s) outweighs the value of winning the suit in light of the risks and consequences of losing it; or for some other reason. Choosing not to enforce our trademark(s) or copyright(s) could have adverse consequences for the Company, including undermining the credibility of our intellectual property, reducing our ability to enter into sublicenses, and weakening our attempts to prevent competitors from entering the market. As a result, if we are unable to enforce our trademark(s) or copyright(s) because of the cost of enforcement, your investment in the Company could be significantly and adversely affected.

The loss of one or more of our key personnel, or our failure to attract and retain other highly qualified personnel in the future, could harm our business

To be successful, the Company requires capable people to run its day to day operations. As the Company grows, it will need to attract and hire additional employees in sales, marketing, design, development, operations, finance, legal, human resources and other areas. Depending on the economic environment and the Company's performance, we may not be able to locate or attract qualified individuals for such positions when we need them. We may also make hiring mistakes, which can be costly in terms of resources spent in recruiting, hiring and investing in the incorrect individual and in the time delay in locating the right employee fit. If we are unable to attract, hire and retain the right talent or make too many hiring mistakes, it is likely our business will suffer from not having the right employees in the right positions at the right time. This would likely adversely impact the value of your investment.

Our ability to sell our product or service is dependent on outside government regulation which can be subject to change at any time

Our ability to sell product is dependent on the outside government regulation such as the FTC (Federal Trade Commission), possibly the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency), and other relevant government laws and regulations. The EPA may have the ability to regulate carbon emissions in the future. The EPA may then choose to target the carbon emissions of the Bitcoin mining industry as a whole, despite our Wisconsin facility being carbon neutral. Utilities may change their rate tariffs for Bitcoin mining operation, which would negatively impact future grid-tied facilities. The laws and regulations concerning the selling of product may be subject to change and if they do then the selling of product may no longer be in the best interest of the Company. At such point the Company may no longer want to sell product and therefore your investment in the Company may be affected.

We rely on third parties to provide services essential to the success of our business

We rely on third parties to provide a variety of essential business functions for us, including manufacturing, shipping, accounting, legal

work, public relations, advertising, retailing, and distribution. It is possible that some of these third parties will fail to perform their services or will perform them in an unacceptable manner. It is possible that we will experience delays, defects, errors, or other problems with their work that will materially impact our operations and we may have little or no recourse to recover damages for these losses. A disruption in these key or other suppliers' operations could materially and adversely affect our business. As a result, your investment could be adversely impacted by our reliance on third parties and their performance.

The Company is vulnerable to hackers and cyber-attacks

As an internet-based business, we may be vulnerable to hackers who may access the data of our investors and the issuer companies that utilize our platform. Further, any significant disruption in service on Sazmining, Inc or in its computer systems could reduce the attractiveness of the platform and result in a loss of investors and companies interested in using our platform. Further, we rely on a third-party technology provider to provide some of our back-up technology. Any disruptions of services or cyber-attacks either on our technology provider or on Sazmining, Inc could harm our reputation and materially negatively impact our financial condition and business.

The prices of blockchain assets are extremely volatile. Fluctuations in the price of digital assets could materially and adversely affect our business, and the Tokens may also be subject to significant price volatility

A decrease in the price of a single blockchain asset may cause volatility in the entire blockchain asset industry and may affect other blockchain assets including the Tokens. For example, a security breach that affects investor or user confidence in Bitcoin may also cause the price of the Tokens and other blockchain assets to fluctuate.

Facility Security Risk

Facility security risks include those associated with location, personnel, and weather/acts of nature which could negatively impact the company's profitability. Any or all of these could lead to theft, vandalism, or extensive property damage. Sazmining ensures that the facility has proper security protocols & procedures regarding access and maintenance to minimize the risk of theft or vandalism. Additionally, we plan to purchase various layers of insurance as applicable to each facility and hosting contract we sign.

Asset Security Risk

Asset security risks include those associated with the holding and storing of mined bitcoin. Mined bitcoin could be lost if there is a breach of the cold wallet storage facility or if there is a breach of the hot wallet used to temporarily store bitcoin. Since the mined bitcoin represents the realized profit of the company, a security breach would directly affect the profitability. Additionally, a security breach would negatively impact the overall reputation of Sazmining and Sazmining's credibility as a miner. Proper risk management around digital asset custody will mitigate risk and ensure Sazmining can scale to service large institutional capital. Sazmining is fully verified as an institutional partner of Coinbase Prime. We intend to utilize reputable custodial services of Coinbase or Anchorage once we increase our volume of digital asset transactions.

Energy Risk

Energy risks include those associated with the cost and delivery of energy and the general energy market as a whole. If energy costs increase unexpectedly or if energy delivery becomes unreliable, the hosting facilities whom we contract with could experience temporary closures that would adversely impact the operability and subsequent profitability of the company. The risk would increase if the underlying energy becomes increasingly volatile. The contracts we sign stipulate a minimum uptime of energy generation with compensatory recourse when the minimum is not met. Minimum uptime is typically 95% in a behind-the-meter arrangement (the remaining 5% is typically sold to the grid in times of elevated demand, but profit sharing of the 5% is also typical). Contracts for methane facilities would have similar provisions. More importantly, since many methane facilities are off-grid without the ability to sell power back to it, the contractual uptime guarantees are expected to be higher. Sazmining is well-connected in the methane & renewable energy industries in order to mitigate energy risk. We are focused on having a reliable pipeline of operational energy partners to mitigate energy risk and maximize risk-adjusted returns for shareholders.

Depreciation Risk

Depreciation risks include those associated with the value of the physical assets within the mining facility and the value of the mining facility as a whole. If assets were to depreciate beyond forecasted values, the costs associated with maintaining and upgrading the facility become increasingly unpredictable, which could adversely affect the profitability of the mine. Similarly, if the value of the mining facility were to depreciate beyond forecasted value, collateralization could become increasingly difficult to maintain. Under our current strategy, we do not own facilities or mining rigs and therefore do not have any depreciation risk. Sazmining has a Master Services Agreement with the property owner at the Wisconsin site.

Regulatory Risk

Regulatory risks include those associated with restrictions imposed by involved governments and regulating agencies. New regulations could require Sazmining to devote additional time and resources that were initially not required, which could adversely affect the profitability and efficiency of the company. The risk increases if overall geopolitical sentiment towards Bitcoin and Bitcoin mining becomes increasingly unfavorable. Sazmining is in conversations with leading lobbying groups in the Bitcoin mining and energy sector, such as the Satoshi Action Fund. We approach the energy industry with a renewable or carbon-negative focus to stay in-line with ESG requirements. Sazmining is providing education on combating climate change with methane-powered Bitcoin mining. The White House recently cited methane-fueled Bitcoin mining as an environmentally responsible way to mine Bitcoin. Sazmining is mitigating regulatory risk by aligning with responsible ESG policies. We are mitigating regulatory risk and positioning Sazmining to benefit from policymakers in order to maximize risk-adjusted returns. Jurisdictional Risk Jurisdictional risks include those associated with operating a mine specifically in the United States. It is possible that energy, environmental, and societal conditions change within the United States, which could negatively impact the operational efficiency of the mine. These risks exist separately but in conjunction with regulatory risks. Sazmining is mitigating individual country risk by evaluating sites across the globe. Through our network, Sazmining has potential access to facilities around the world. This would allow us to move miners to a more favorable jurisdiction so that we could continue our operations. This would undoubtedly add costs not contemplated in our forecast model.

Jurisdictional Risk

Jurisdictional risks include those associated with operating a mine specifically in the United States. It is possible that energy, environmental, and societal conditions change within the United States, which could negatively impact the operational efficiency of the mine. These risks exist separately but in conjunction with regulatory risks.

Tax risks include those associated with the taxation of revenues and expenses realized from mining bitcoin. If there are changes in tax law or the interpretation of tax law, the profitability of the mine could be negatively impacted. Sazmining will evaluate the best approach for growing the enterprise value of our projects and minimizing unnecessary tax burdens through proper risk-adjusted growth. Staying up to date with tax law will ensure Sazmining maintains compliance with tax law.

Black Swan Risk

Black swan risks include those associated with unpredictable events that are beyond what is normally expected. If a severe event occurs, the widespread impacts could adversely affect the profitability and operability of the company. The risk increases if the geopolitical landscape becomes increasingly tumultuous and if market rationalization becomes increasingly poor. Sazmining has weathered multiple "Black Swan" events since January 2018. These include two 70+% drawdowns in the price of crypto, and 2 massive hashrate difficult adjustments due to regulatory changes (in China & the US) around Bitcoin mining. Sazmining's leadership has learned valuable lessons on risk mitigation to reduce risk in the event of a Black swan event.

Third-Party Risk

Third-party risks include those associated with outside party's abilities and willingness to perform necessary services or activities. If an outside party is unable or unwilling to provide contracted products and/or services, the operability and profitability of the company could be negatively impacted. Similarly, third parties may adversely affect the company if they are operating with a high level of third-party risk themselves, or if the conditions of their underlying markets become unfavorable. Sazmining will use our industry expertise on PPAs, hosting contracts, and due diligence on industry counter-parties to mitigate Third-Party Risk associated with necessary contracted services or activities. Sazmining's influence and network in the Bitcoin mining and energy industry allow us to do greater diligence when evaluating 3rd party partners. Sazmining's diligence on Third-Party Partners significantly mitigates the risk of performance failures and defaults. We recognize that reliable service from counter-parties is important for maximizing risk-adjusted returns for our shareholders.

General Market Risk

General market risks include those associated with broad market movements unrelated to any specific asset. If the overall performance of financial markets becomes increasingly poor, the company could become less profitable. Since Bitcoin is commonly viewed as a high-risk asset, it is possible that the Bitcoin and Bitcoin mining markets experience significant declines in price. Sazmining's expertise in the Bitcoin and Bitcoin mining industry leads us to limit volatility by locking in gains or holding but using hedging instruments. We will continue to practice a risk-adjusted approach to maximizing returns.

Ownership and Capital Structure; Rights of the Securities

Ownership

The following table sets forth information regarding beneficial ownership of the company's holders of 20% or more of any class of voting securities as of the date of this Offering Statement filing.

Stockholder Name	Number of Securities Owned	Type of Security Owned	Percentage
Andrew Szamosszegi	521,810	Common Stock	38.075%
William Szamosszegi	500,000	Common Stock	36.4836%

The Company's Securities

The Company has authorized Common Stock, and Convertible. As part of the Regulation Crowdfunding raise, the Company will be offering up to 94,274 of Common Stock.

Common Stock

The amount of security authorized is 10,000,000 with a total of 1,526,480 outstanding.

Voting Rights

One vote per share. Please see voting rights of securities sold in this offering below.

Material Rights

Voting Rights of Securities Sold in this Offering

Voting Proxy. Each Subscriber shall appoint the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "CEO"), or his or her successor, as the Subscriber's true and lawful proxy and attorney, with the power to act alone and with full power of substitution, to, consistent with this instrument and on behalf of the Subscriber, (i) vote all Securities, (ii) give and receive notices and communications, (iii) execute any instrument or document that the CEO determines is necessary or appropriate in the exercise of its authority under this instrument, and (iv) take all actions necessary or appropriate in the judgment of the CEO for the accomplishment of the foregoing. The proxy and power granted by the Subscriber pursuant to this Section are coupled with an interest. Such proxy and power will be irrevocable. The proxy and power, so long as the Subscriber is an individual, will survive the death, incompetency and disability of the Subscriber and, so long as the Subscriber is an entity, will survive the merger or reorganization of the Subscriber or any other entity holding the Securities. However, the Proxy will terminate upon the closing of a firm-commitment underwritten public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 covering the offer and sale of Common Stock or the effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 covering the Common Stock.

Warrants

The total amount outstanding includes 59,132 shares to be issued pursuant to outstanding warrants.

Stock Options

The total amount outstanding includes 332,471 total shares to be issued pursuant to stock options reserved in the stock plan, with 47,229 reserved but unissued.

Convertible

The security will convert into Common stock and the terms of the Convertible are outlined below:

Amount outstanding: \$880,100.00 Maturity Date: July 31, 2023

Interest Rate: 4.0% Discount Rate: 20.0% Valuation Cap: \$25,000,000.00

Conversion Trigger: Next Equity Financing, Maturity Conversion, or Corporate Transaction.

Material Rights

2.2 Conversion of the Notes.

a) Next Equity Financing.

At the Lender's option, the principal amount of each Note and any accrued and unpaid interest thereon will be converted into Conversion Shares upon the closing of the Next Equity Financing. The number of Conversion Shares to be issued upon such conversion shall be equal to the quotient of (i) the Outstanding Balance on the date of conversion, divided by (ii) the Next Equity Financing Conversion Price. The issuance of Conversion Shares pursuant to the conversion of each Note shall be upon and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to the Equity Securities sold in the Next Equity Financing, except that the aggregate liquidation preference of such Conversion Shares shall be equal to the aggregate outstanding principal of all Notes and all accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

(b) Maturity Conversion.

If the Next Equity Financing or a Corporate Transaction has not occurred on or before the Maturity Date, the Outstanding Balance shall, at the election of the Lender, be converted into Conversion Shares. The number of Conversion Shares to be issued upon conversion shall be equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the Outstanding Balance by (ii) the Maturity Conversion Price. Any election by the Lender to convert the Notes pursuant to this Section 2.2(b) shall be made in writing and delivered to the Company at least five (5) business days prior to the Maturity Date.

(c) Corporate Transaction.

In the event of a Corporate Transaction prior to full payment of a Note or prior to the time when a Note shall be converted as provided in Section 2.2(a) or Section 2.2(b), then the Company shall pay Lender, from the proceeds of the Corporate Transaction, the greater of (i) one times (1x) the Outstanding Balance or (ii) such amount as would have been payable to such Lender if such holder's Note were converted into Conversion Shares immediately before the Corporate Transaction. For purposes of clause (ii) above, the number of Conversion Shares that would be issuable (or deemed issuable) upon such conversion (or deemed conversion) shall be equal to the quotient of (x) the Outstanding Balance, on the date of conversion, divided by (y) the Corporate Transaction Conversion Price. The Company shall notify the holders of the Notes of the closing of a Corporate Transaction at least five (5) business days prior to the expected closing of such Corporate Transaction. Such notice shall include any information generally provided by the Company to the holders of the Company's Common Stock in connection with Corporate Transactions, if any.

(d) No Fractional Shares.

Upon the conversion of a Note into Conversion Shares, in lieu of any fractional shares to which the holder of the Note would otherwise be entitled, the amount of Conversion Shares issuable to the holder of a Note shall be rounded up or down to the nearest whole number. (e) Mechanics and Effect of Conversion. The Company shall not be required to issue or deliver the Conversion Shares (or proceeds paid to the holder of a Note) until the holder of the Note has surrendered the Note to the Company. Such conversion or payment may be made contingent upon the closing of the Next Equity Financing or Corporate Transaction. Upon conversion of a Note or payment thereof, the Company will be forever released from all of its obligations and liabilities under the Note, including, without limitation, with respect to any obligations regarding payment of any principal and accrued interest.

What it means to be a minority holder

As a minority holder of Common Stock in this offering, you have granted your votes by proxy to the CEO of the Company. Even if you were to receive control of your voting rights, as a minority holder, you will have limited rights in regards to the corporate actions of the company, including additional issuances of securities, company repurchases of securities, a sale of the company or its significant assets, or company transactions with related parties. Further, investors in this offering may have rights less than those of other investors, and will have limited influence on the corporate actions of the company.

Dilution

Investors should understand the potential for dilution. The investor's stake in a company could be diluted due to the company issuing additional shares. In other words, when the company issues more shares, the percentage of the company that you own will go down, even though the value of the company may go up. You will own a smaller piece of a larger company. This increase in number of shares outstanding could result from a stock offering (such as an initial public offering, another crowdfunding round, a venture capital round, angel investment), employees exercising stock options, or by conversion of certain instruments (e.g. convertible bonds, preferred shares or warrants) into stock. If the company decides to issue more shares, an investor could experience value dilution, with each share being worth less than before, and control dilution, with the total percentage an investor owns being less than before. There may also be earnings dilution, with a reduction in the amount earned per share (though this typically occurs only if the company offers dividends, and most early stage companies are unlikely to offer dividends, preferring to invest any earnings into the company).

Transferability of securities

For a year, the securities can only be resold:

- In an IPO;
- To the company;
- · To an accredited investor; and
- To a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit
 of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other
 similar circumstance.

Recent Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years:

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$50,000.00

Use of proceeds: Startup Funds

Date: January 27, 2021

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

Name: Common Stock
 Type of security sold: Equity
 Final amount sold: \$1,010,017.00
 Number of Securities Sold: 1,010,017
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds

Date: July 26, 2021

Offering exemption relied upon: 506(b)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$100,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds. Date: January 18, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$500,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds.

Date: April 14, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$100,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds
 Date: February 11, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$30,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds
 Date: February 26, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$25,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds
 Date: February 28, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$50,000.00 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds

Date: March 28, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$50,000.00
 Use of proceeds: Startup Funds

Date: April 14, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

 Type of security sold: Convertible Note Final amount sold: \$25,000.00
 Use of proceeds: StartupFunds

Date: April 29, 2022

Offering exemption relied upon: Section 4(a)(2)

Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Condition

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of our operations together with our financial statements and related notes appearing at the end of this Offering Memorandum. This discussion contains forward-looking statements reflecting our current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Offering Memorandum.

Results of Operations

Circumstances which led to the performance of financial statements:

Year ended December 31, 2022 compared to year ended December 31, 2021

Revenue

Revenue for fiscal year 2021 was \$397,107 compared to \$309,630 in fiscal year 2022.

The focus in 2021 was consulting and selling mining rigs. During 2021, Sazmining consulted with other mining companies. We stopped offering those consulting services by the end of 2021. Revenue in 2022 was related to the new focus of offering mining services to retail customers.

Cost of sales

Cost of Sales for fiscal year 2021 was \$19,202 compared to \$269,932 in fiscal year 2022.

The big year over year increase in cost of sales is due to a change in the business model. Since we collected rig payments from customers and then purchased rigs in bulk on their behalf, revenue and cost of sales related to rigs will track each other very closely.

Gross margins

Gross margins for fiscal year 2021 were \$377,905 compared to \$39,698 in fiscal year 2022.

As stated above in Cost of Sales, these margins are going to be quite low since we are taking in customer payments for rigs and then buying rigs in bulk on their behalf. Once the rigs are in place, running, and bitcoin mining rewards start to flow through, gross margins will be very slim.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for fiscal year 2021 were \$359,316 compared to \$1,540,095 in fiscal year 2022.

The large increase in expenses was due to a ramping up of the business through the hiring of full time employees and decreasing the use of contractors. We also increased our marketing efforts as we rolled out our new website and our efforts to sell to customers.

Historical results and cash flows:

The Company is currently in the initial production stage and generating revenue. We are of the opinion the historical cash flows will not be indicative of the revenue and cash flows expected for the future because while we have collected revenue for hardware sales, our flagship facility began generating revenue only recently, in January 2023. Past cash was primarily generated through revenues from alternative services. Our goal is to generate at least \$1MM in revenue in 2023 from bitcoin mining operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

What capital resources are currently available to the Company? (Cash on hand, existing lines of credit, shareholder loans, etc...)

As of April 1st, 2023, the Company has capital resources available in the form of \$133,000 cash on hand.

How do the funds of this campaign factor into your financial resources? (Are these funds critical to your company operations? Or do you have other funds or capital resources available?)

We believe the funds of this campaign are critical to our company operations. These funds are required to support payroll, marketing, software.

Are the funds from this campaign necessary to the viability of the company? (Of the total funds that your company has, how much of that will be made up of funds raised from the crowdfunding campaign?)

We believe the funds from this campaign are necessary to the viability of the Company. Of the total funds that our Company has, 86% will be made up of funds raised from the crowdfunding campaign, if it raises its maximum funding goal.

How long will you be able to operate the company if you raise your minimum? What expenses is this estimate based on?

The Company plans on using the funds raised from the StartEngine to pay for payroll, marketing, and software until the Company can obtain additional financing. If the Company were only able to raise the minimum amount, the Company would use the cash on hand to pay for all non-payroll needs. The Company would switch to a sweat equity compensation model for its employees. The Company's current burn rate is roughly \$150,000 per month, of which about 80% is payroll-related. Switching to a sweat equity model would drop the Company's burn rate to approximately \$30,000 per month. This would allow the Company to operate for about 6 months with the minimum amount raised.

How long will you be able to operate the company if you raise your maximum funding goal?

If the Company raises the maximum offering amount, we anticipate the Company will be able to operate for 8 months. This is based on a current monthly burn rate of \$150,000 for expenses related to payroll, marketing, software.

Are there any additional future sources of capital available to your company? (Required capital contributions, lines of credit, contemplated future capital raises, etc...)

Currently, the Company has contemplated additional future sources of capital including a Letter of Intent for maximum \$10MM debt/equity (provided we acquire \$1M to put in escrow), \$25MM in project-based debt financing, and up to \$150K in lines of credit (\$71,700 already confirmed).

Indebtedness

 Creditor: SBA EIDL Loan Amount Owed: \$3,700.00 Interest Rate: 3.75% Maturity Date: May 09, 2050

• Creditor: Promissory Note - Andrew Szamosszegi

Amount Owed: \$10,000.00 Interest Rate: 8.0%

Maturity Date: July 01, 2023

• Creditor: Kabbage Funding Loan Agreement

Amount Owed: \$37,200.00 Interest Rate: 26.46%

Maturity Date: December 06, 2024

· Creditor: Promissory Note - Andrew Szamosszegi

Amount Owed: \$85,000.00 Interest Rate: 10.0%

Maturity Date: January 12, 2024

• Creditor: Convertible Note Holders

Amount Owed: \$880,000.00 Interest Rate: 4.0% Maturity Date: July 18, 2023

The convertible notes are convertible into common shares at a conversion price. The conversion price shall mean the lesser of: (i) Eighty percent (80%) of the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the investors in the Next Equity Financing; or (ii) the price per share derived by dividing the Valuation Cap by the Company Capitalization. Since the conversion feature is convertible into variable number of shares and does not have fixed-for-fixed features, the conversion feature was not bifurcated and recorded separately.

 Creditor: Convertible Note Holders Amount Owed: \$200,000.00
 Interest Rate: 14.0%

Maturity Date: March 07, 2024

The convertible notes are convertible into common shares at a conversion price. The conversion price shall mean the lesser of: (i) Eighty percent (80%) of the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the investors in the Next Equity Financing; or (ii) the price per share derived by dividing the Valuation Cap by the Company Capitalization. Since the conversion feature is convertible into variable number of shares and does not have fixed-for-fixed features, the conversion feature was not bifurcated and recorded separately.

Related Party Transactions

Name of Entity: Andrew Szamosszegi
 Relationship to Company: 20%+ Owner

Nature / amount of interest in the transaction: On July 1, 2021, the company entered into a Line of Credit promissory note with Andrew Szamosszegi, one of the biggest shareholders.

Material Terms: The note bears an interest rate of 8% per annum and the note shall be due and payable on July 1st, 2023. As of December 31, 2021, the outstanding note is in the amount of \$10,000.

Name of Entity: Andrew Szamosszegi
 Relationship to Company: 20%+ Owner

Nature / amount of interest in the transaction: On November 5, 2022, the company entered into a Line of Credit promissory note with Andrew Szamosszegi, one of the biggest shareholders.

Material Terms: The note bears an interest rate of 10% per annum and the note shall be due and payable on January 12, 2024. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding note is \$10,000 and \$0.

Valuation

Pre-Money Valuation: \$19,996,888.00

Valuation Details:

The Company has employed the following methodologies to reach its valuation: 1) Venture Capital, 2) Valuation Step Up, 3) Scorecard, and 4) Revenue Multiple multiple method.

1. Venture Capital Method

The Venture Capital method is the most widely recognized method of valuation for early stage companies. It also helps frame the company as one that a VC might invest in if the company is pre-VC. It calculates the terminal value of the firm based on the revenues in the year the company expects to be sold (VC focus on 5 years) and then discounts that back by an IRR of 60% so that the investment will generate a 10X return.

We are currently projecting revenues of \$63.8MM within 5 years. The VC model assumes the company will be sold in year 5.

We are assuming that over those 5 years, we will have the capacity to go from 1 facility to 12, 1 megawatt (MW) to 256 MW, 360 customers to 85,000 customers, and 7 full-time employees (FTEs) to 169 FTEs. We have also made various assumptions about the price of Bitcion, network difficulty, and hash rate improvements over time.

The first terminal value is calculated by taking that projected revenue number, multiplying it by an assumed net profit margin percentage (59% in this case), and then multiplying that by an industry P/E ratio (10 in this case). The second terminal value used the revenue multiple generated in the Revenue Multiple method and multiplies that by the projected revenue number. The average of those two numbers is taken and then discounted back by an IRR of 60% over 5 years to get the post-money valuation. The amount raised is subtracted from that number to get the pre-money valuation.

This gave us a pre-money valuation of \$30MM.

2. Valuation Step Up Method

The Valuation Step Up method uses the amount raised in the prior equity round and the percent that those shares are of the fully diluted shares to get a post round valuation. That valuation is then multiplied by an average financing step up multiple based on industry proxy deals.

Here, we used our May 5, 2021 Reg. D offering as our prior equity round. In this raise, we sold equity for a total of \$1,010,017.

There are no share figures used in this calculation. The formula is: ((dollars raised in the prior round / the ownership % of that round) + dollars raised in the prior round) * step up multiple = new pre-money valuation. We calculated the step up multiple using several publicized step up rounds of other Bitcoin mining companies (Blockmatrix, Compute North, Genesis Digital Assets, and Blockware Mining) to get an average step up multiple. We then discounted that multiple by the drop in Bitcoin price (\$5.67) to reflect a more current multiple (20/68).

This gave us a pre-money valuation of \$26MM.

Reg. D Offering source: https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1896518/000189651821000001/xslFormDX01/primary_doc.xml

3. The Scorecard Method

The Scorecard method breaks down the components of startups much like the topics in an investment pitch deck and then has subtopics for each topic. The topic levels are weighted and sum to 100%. Each subtopic is scored based on the stage of the company. The subtopic scorings add or subtract to each topic's weighted score. Each sub-factor contributes to the factor. The premise is that each factor contributes to a decision about the strength of the company. The summary score is then multiplied by an industry average pre-money valuation for a similar company at that stage.

The median pre-money valuation for startups in the space were \$70 million, up 141% compared to \$29 million across all VC deals. We then multiplied this by (20/68) which reflected the drop of the price of Bitcoin. This is how we estimated the valuation drops for Bitcoin-related companies.

Source: https://blockworks.co/news/report-vcs-invested-33b-in-crypto-and-blockchain-startups-in-2021

The following topcis made up this valuation- a) Strength of Team, b) Size of Opportunity, c) Strength of the Product, d) Competitive Marketplace, e) Marketing/ Sales/ Partners, f) Need for additional funding, and g) "Other" factors.

The indicators and values are as follows: 0 0 - -1 -- -2 --- -3 + 1 ++ 2 +++.

```
a) Strength of Team
-30% Experience
 -Many years of business experience: +
 -Experience in this business sector: ++
 -Experience as a CEO: +++
 -Experience as a COO, CFO, CTO: ++
 -Experience as a product manager: +
 -Experience in sales or technology: -
 -No business experience: ---
-Willing to step aside, if necessary, for an experienced CEO:
 -Unwilling ---
 -Neutral 0
 -Willing +++
-Is the founder coachable?
 -No: ---
 -Yes: +++

    One competent player in place: 0

 -Team identified and on the sidelines: +
-How complete is the management team?
 -Entrepreneur only: -
 -Competent team in place: +++
b) Size of Opportunity
-25% Size of the target market
```

-(Total sales):

```
-< $50 million: --
   -$100 million: +
   -> $100 million: ++
-Potential for revenues of target company in five years:
 - < $20 million: --
 -$20 to $50 million: ++
 -> $100 million (will require significant additional funding): -
c) Strength of the Product
-Strength of the Product and Intellectual Property 15%
 -Is the product defined and developed?
   -Not well define, still looking a prototypes: ---
   -Well defined, prototype looks interesting: 0
   -Good feedback from potential customers: ++
   -Orders or early sales from customers: +++
-Is the product compelling to customers?
 -This product is a vitamin pill: ---
 -This product is a pain killer: ++
 -This product is a pain killer with no side effects: +++
-Can this product be duplicated by the others?
 -Easily copied, no intellectual property: ---
 -Duplication difficult: 0
 -Product unique and protected by trade secrets: ++
 -Solid patent protections: +++
d) Competitive Environment
-10% Strength of competitors in this marketplace
 -Dominated by a single large player: --
 -Dominated by several players: -
 -Fractured, many small players: ++
-Strength of competitive products
 -Competitive products are excellent: --
 -Competitive products are weak: +++
e) Marketing/ Sales/ Partners
-Marketing/Sales/Partners 10%
 -Sales channels, sales, and marketing partners haven't even discussed sales channels: ---
 -Key beta testers identified and contacted: ++
 -Channels secure, customers placed trial orders: +++
 -No partners identified: --
 -Key partners in place: ++
f) Need for additional funding
-Need for additional rounds of funding 5%
 -None: +++
 -Another angel round: 0
 -Need venture capital: --
```

g) "Other" factors

- -Other 5%
- -Positive other factors: ++
- -None: 0
- -Negative other factors: --

Each of the weighting values are multiplied by each adjustment indicator. These are summed to get a company multiple. That multiple is applied to an assumed pre-money valuation. We used the average here

Source: https://blockworks.co/report-vcs-invested-33b-in-crypto-and-blockchain-startups-in-2021/

This gave us a pre-money valuation of \$29MM.

4. The Revenue Multiple Method

a) The Revenue Multiple method creates an average market capitalization/revenue multiple from publicly traded proxy companies. This multiple is then applied to the projected sales of the company. This gave us a pre-money valuation of \$26MM.

The publicly traded proxy companies we looked at were Core Scientific, Inc. (OTCM:CORZQ), Greenidge Generation Holdings Inc. (XNAS:GREE), Mawson Infrastructure Group Inc. (XNAS:MIGI), Stronghold Digital Mining, Inc. (XNAS:SDIG), Argo Blockchain PLC (XNAS:ARBK), Bitfarms Ltd. (XNAS:BITF), Digihost Technology Inc. (XNAS:DGHI), Iris Energy Ltd. (XNAS:IREN), Cleanspark, Inc. (XNAS:CLSK), Bit Digital, Inc. (XNAS:BTBT), HIVE Blockchain Technologies Ltd. (XTSX:HIVE), Hut 8 Mining Corp. (XNAS:HUT), Riot Platforms, Inc. (XNAS:RIOT), Applied Digital Corporation (XNAS:APLD), and Marathon Digital Holdings, Inc. (XNAS:MARA).

The workbook that we use has a live data feed so the numbers behind the multiples change constantly. Right now the average market capitalization/revenue multiple would be 12.32. We reached the capitalization/revenue multiple by sorting the market cap/revenue multiple, throwing out the highest and lowest figures, and took an average of the remaining multiples.

We calculated our projected sales by examining the named revenue of the above publicly-traded proxy companies. These figures are stated below:

Core Scientific, Inc. (OTCM:CORZQ) \$162,600,000. Greenidge Generation Holdings Inc. (XNAS:GREE) \$29,400,000. Mawson Infrastructure Group Inc. (XNAS:MIGI) \$28,300,000. Stronghold Digital Mining, Inc. (XNAS:SDIG) \$24,800,000. Argo Blockchain PLC (XNAS:ARBK) \$11,800,000. Bitfarms Ltd. (XNAS:BITF) \$33,300,000. Digihost Technology Inc. (XNAS:DGHI) \$3,700,000. Iris Energy Ltd. (XNAS:IREN) \$12,400,000 CLEANSPARK, INC. (XNAS:CLSK) \$26,200,000. Bit Digital, Inc. (XNAS:BTBT) \$9,100,000. HIVE Blockchain Technologies Ltd. (XTSX:HIVE) \$29,600,000. Hut 8 Mining Corp. (XNAS:HUT) \$31,700,000. Riot Platforms, Inc. (XNAS:RIOT) \$46,300,000. Applied Digital Corporation (XNAS:APLD) \$8,500,000. Marathon Digital Holdings, Inc. (XNAS:MARA) \$12,700,000.

Taking the above figures into account, we also estimated our 2023 mining revenue, rig deposits, full payment revenue, and hosting revenue would be approximately \$4,500,000.

b) We threw out the valuation results using the Kevin Learned and Simplified NPV methods because we thought they were too high (\$42MM and \$37MM), took an average of the four methodologies above and then discounted that again by ~25% because of current market conditions.

This gave us a pre-money valuation of \$26MM.

Disclaimer

The Company set its valuation internally, without a formal-third party independent evaluation. The pre-money valuation has been calculated on a fully diluted basis. In making this calculation, we have assumed:

(i) the Company has 1 class of stock (Common Stock); (ii) all outstanding options, warrants, and other securities with a right to acquire shares are not exercised; and (iii) any shares reserved for issuance under a stock plan are issued.

The pre-money valuation does not take into account any convertible securities currently outstanding. The Company currently has \$880,100 in Convertible Notes outstanding. Please refer to the Company Securities section of the Offering Memorandum for further details regarding current outstanding convertible securities which may affect your ownership in the future.

Use of Proceeds

If we raise the Target Offering Amount of \$14,999.50 we plan to use these proceeds as follows:

- StartEngine Platform Fees
 5.5%
- StartEngine Services Fees
 94.5%
 Fees for certain services provided by StartEngine

If we raise the over allotment amount of \$1,234,989.40, we plan to use these proceeds as follows:

- StartEngine Platform Fees
 5.5%
- Research & Development 32.5%

We will use 32.5% of the funds raised for market and customer research, new product development and market testing.

 Working Capital 62.0%

We will use 62% of the funds for working capital to cover expenses for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Company.

The Company may change the intended use of proceeds if our officers believe it is in the best interests of the company.

Regulatory Information

Disqualification

No disqualifying event has been recorded in respect to the company or its officers or directors.

Compliance Failure

The company has not previously failed to comply with the requirements of Regulation Crowdfunding.

Ongoing Reporting

The Company will file a report electronically with the SEC annually and post the report on its website no later than April 29 (120 days after Fiscal Year End). Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at https://www.sazmining.com/(www.sazmining.com/investors).

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) it is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) it has filed at least one (1) annual report pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding and has fewer than three hundred (300) holders of record and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) it has filed at least three (3) annual reports pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding;
- (4) it or another party repurchases all of the securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) it liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: www.startengine.com/sazmining

Investing Process

See Exhibit E to the Offering Statement of which this Offering Memorandum forms a part.

EXHIBIT B TO FORM C

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW FOR Sazmining Inc.

[See attached]

SAZMINING, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Unaudited)

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Pa	age
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT	. 1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Balance Sheet	. 2
Statement of Operations	. 3
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	. 4
Statement of Cash Flows	. 5
Notes to Financial Statements	. 6

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors Sazmining, Inc. Bethesda, Maryland

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Sazmining, Inc. (the "Company,"), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the related statement of operations, statement of shareholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

As discussed in Note 14, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

April 25, 2023 Los Angeles, California

SetApart FS

SAZMINING INC. BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

As of December 31,	 2022	2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 54,537	\$ 60,030
Prepaids and Other Current Assets	 9,520	
Total Current Assets	64,057	60,030
Property and Equipment, net	-	12,019
Intangible Assets	78,581	42,044
Total Assets	\$ 142,638	\$ 114,093
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Credit Cards	\$ 65,164	\$ 52,289
Current Portion of Loans and Notes	10,228	228
Current Portion of Convertible Note	880,000	-
Accrued Interest	7,342	540
Other Current Liabilities	65,842	-
Total Current Liabilities	1,028,576	53,057
Promissory Notes and Loans	50,922	13,472
Convertible Notes	200,000	
Total Liabilities	1,279,498	66,529
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common Stock	11	11
Additional Paid in Capital	644,248	319,640
Retained Earnings/(Accumulated Deficit)	 (1,781,119)	(272,087)
Total Stockholders' Equity	 (1,136,860)	47,564
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 142,638	\$ 114,093

For Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		2022	2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)	-		
Net Revenue	\$	309,630	\$ 397,107
Cost of Goods Sold		269,932	19,202
Gross profit		39,698	377,905
Operating expenses			
General and Administrative		1,421,314	317,060
Sales and Marketing		118,781	42,256
Total operating expenses		1,540,095	359,316
Operating Income/(Loss)		(1,500,397)	18,590
Interest Expense		7,342	540
Other Loss/(Income)		1,293	91,113
Income/(Loss) before provision for income taxes		(1,509,032)	(73,064)
Provision/(Benefit) for income taxes		-	-
Net Income/(Net Loss)	\$	(1,509,032)	\$ (73,064)

SAZMINING INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Common	Stock		Addi	tional Paid In	Ret	ained earnings/	Tota	al Shareholder
(in , \$US)	Shares	Amoun	ıt		Capital	(Accu	mulated Deficit)		Equity
Balance—December 31, 2020	1,053,285	\$	11	\$	251,436	\$	(199,023)	\$	52,423
Issuance of Stock	81,592		1		60,363				60,363
Share-Based Compensation					7,842				7,842
Net income/(loss)							(73,064)		(73,064)
Balance - December 31, 2021	1,134,877		11		319,640	\$	(272,087)	\$	47,564
Issuance of Stock	1,538		0		313,857				313,857
Share-Based Compensation					10,750				10,750
Net income/(loss)							(1,509,032)		(1,509,032)
Balance—December 31, 2022	1,136,415	\$	11	\$	644,248	\$	(1,781,119)	\$	(1,136,860)

SAZMINING INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		2022	2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)			
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income/(loss)	\$	(1,509,032)	(73,064
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation of Property		12,019	11,448
Amortization of Intangible Assets		4,868	
Share-based Compensation		10,750	7,842
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Acccounts receivable, net		-	1,200
Prepaids and Other Current Assets		(9,520)	
Credit Cards		12,875	43,364
Accrued Interest		6,803	540
Other Current Liabilities		65,842	
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities		(1,405,395)	(8,670
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of Cryptocurrencies		-	(41,139
Sale of Cryptocurrencies		42,044	
Software Development Costs		(83,449)	
Net cash provided/(used) in investing activities		(41,405)	(41,139)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Capital Contribution		313,857	60,363
Borrowing on Promissory Notes and Loans		47,450	10,000
Borrowing on Convertible Notes		1,080,000	
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities		1,441,307	70,363
Change in Cash		(5,493)	20,554
Cash—beginning of year		60,030	39,476
Cash—end of year	\$		60,030
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
	_		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$; ;
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	Þ		-
OTHER NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES			
Purchase of property and equipment not yet paid for	S	- :	5 -
Issuance of equity in return for note			· -
Issuance of equity in return for accrued payroll and other liabilities			

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Sazmining Inc. was incorporated on May 3, 2018, in the state of Delaware. The financial statements of Sazmining Inc. (which may be referred to as the "Company", "we", "us", or "our") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company's headquarters are located in Bethesda, Maryland.

Sazmining is a sustainable Bitcoin mining platform for regular people. Sazmining connects investors to renewable energy mining facilities in a simple, fully managed experience. Our vision is to transform how people relate to money and energy. Enabling regular people to participate in mining ensures a bright future for Bitcoin. We aggregate customer demand to reduce renewable energy and mining rig costs. Our platform pools customer capital to bulk order discounted mining rigs and negotiate for low-cost, long-term renewable energy contracts.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The Company has adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash in banks. The Company's cash is deposited in demand accounts at financial institutions that management believes are creditworthy. The Company's cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, the Company's cash and cash equivalents did not exceed FDIC insured limits.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Normal repairs and maintenance costs are charged to earnings as incurred and additions and major improvements are capitalized. The cost of assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the related depreciation are eliminated from the accounts in the period of disposal and the resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to earnings.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the related asset type or term of the operating lease using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The estimated service lives for property and equipment is as follows:

Category	Useful Life
Mining Equipment	3- 5 years

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and identifiable intangibles with finite useful lives, are periodically evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. We look for indicators of a trigger event for asset impairment and pay special attention to any adverse change in the extent or manner in which the asset is being used or in its physical condition. Assets are grouped and evaluated for impairment at the lowest level of which there are identifiable cash flows, which is generally at a location level. Assets are reviewed using factors including, but not limited to, our future operating plans and projected cash flows. The determination of whether impairment has occurred is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows directly related to the assets, compared to the carrying value of the assets. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows of the assets does not exceed the carrying value of the assets, full or partial impairment may exist. If the asset carrying amount exceeds its fair value, an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the asset. Fair value is determined using an income approach, which requires discounting the estimated future cash flows associated with the asset.

Intangible Assets

The Company capitalizes its software development costs, which will be amortized over the expected period to be benefitted, which may be as long as 10 years.

The Company capitalizes its cryptocurrencies. Indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized but are required to be recognized and measured at their historical cost; impairment is recognized when their carrying amount exceeds fair value.

Income Taxes

Sazmining is a C corporation for income tax purposes. The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method, and deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company records interest, net of any applicable related income tax benefit, on potential income tax contingencies as a component of income tax expense. The Company records tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, the Company recognizes liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and/or penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash with a major financial institution located in the United States of America which it believes to be creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At times, the Company may maintain balances in excess of the federally insured limits.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues in accordance with FASB ASC 606, revenue from contracts with customers, when delivery of services is the sole performance obligation in its contracts with customers. The Company typically collects payment upon sale and recognizes the revenue when the service has been performed and has fulfilled its sole performance obligation.

Revenue recognition, according to Topic 606, is determined using the following steps:

- Identification of the contract, or contracts, with the customer: the Company determines the existence of a
 contract with a customer when the contract is mutually approved; the rights of each party in relation to the services to
 be transferred can be identified, the payment terms for the services can be identified, the customer has the capacity
 and intention to pay and the contract has commercial substance.
- 2) Identification of performance obligations in the contract: performance obligations consist of a promised in a contract (written or oral) with a customer to transfer to the customer either a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.
- 3) Recognition of revenue when, or how, a performance obligation is met: revenues are recognized when or as control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers.

Sazmining earns revenue from three sources: ASIC deposits and sales, hosting fees, and share of bitcoin mining revenue.

Cost of sales

Costs of goods sold include the cost of the power of the facility and hosting fee.

Advertising and Promotion

Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and promotional expenses for the years ended December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021 amounted to \$118,781 and \$42,256, which is included in sales and marketing expenses.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation to both employee and non-employees in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. Under the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense ratably over the requisite service period, which is generally the option vesting period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments).

SAZMINING INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

COVID-19

In March 2020, the outbreak and spread of the COVID-19 virus was classified as a global pandemic by the World Health Organization. This widespread disease impacted the Company's business operations, including its employees, customers, vendors, and communities. The COVID-19 pandemic may continue to impact the Company's business operations and financial operating results, and there is substantial uncertainty in the nature and degree of its continued effects over time. The extent to which the pandemic impacts the business going forward will depend on numerous evolving factors management cannot reliably predict, including the duration and scope of the pandemic; governmental, business, and individuals' actions in response to the pandemic; and the impact on economic activity including the possibility of recession or financial market instability. These factors may adversely impact consumer and business spending on products as well as customers' ability to pay for products and services on an ongoing basis. This uncertainty also affects management's accounting estimates and assumptions, which could result in greater variability in a variety of areas that depend on these estimates and assumptions, including investments, receivables, and forward-looking guidance.

Subsequent Events

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 25, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date, including those above, that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

3. DETAILS OF CERTAIN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Prepaid and other current assets consist of the following items:

SAZMINING INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

As of Year Ended December 31,	2022	2021
Prepaid Expenses	210	-
Hosting Deposit	8,000	
Other Current Asset	1,310	-
Total Prepaids and Other Current Assets	\$ 9,520	\$ -

Other current liabilities consist of the following items:

As of Year Ended December 31,	 2022	2021	
Payroll Tax Payable	17,850		-
Payroll Liabilities	17,698		
Tax Payable	4,442		-
AIC Machine deposit	25,853		
Total Other Current Liabilities	\$ 65,842	\$	-

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, property and equipment consists of:

As of Year Ended December 31,	 2022	2021		
Mining Equipment	\$ 31,591	\$ 31,591		
Property and Equipment, at Cost	31,591	31,591		
Accumulated depreciation	(31,591)	(19,571)		
Property and Equipment, Net	\$	\$ 12,019		

Depreciation expense for property and equipment for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, and 2021 were in the amount of \$12,019 and \$11,448, respectively.

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, intangible asset consist of:

As of Year Ended December 31,	2022		2021		
Cryptocurrencies (BTC, ETH)	\$	-	\$ 42,044		
Software Development Costs		83,449	-		
Intangible assets, at cost		83,449	42,044		
Accumulated amortization		(4,868)	-		
Intangible assets, Net	\$	78,581	\$ 42,044		

Entire intangible assets have been amortized. Amortization expense for software development costs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was in the amount of \$4,868 and \$0, respectively.

The following table summarizes the estimated amortization expense relating to the Company's intangible assets as of December 31, 2022:

	Am	ortization
Period		xpense
2023	\$	(8,345)
2024		(8,345)
2025		(8,345)
2026		(8,345)
Thereafter		(45,201)
Total	\$	(78,581)

6. CAPITALIZATION AND EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of Common Stock with a par value of \$0.00001. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, 1,136,415 and 1,134,877 shares were issued and are outstanding, respectively.

7. STOCK OPTIONS

On April 1, 2021, the Company issued stock option to purchase 59,132 shares of common stock to Lionchase Equity Inc. Lionchase Equity, Inc. acquires the option to purchase up to 59,132 (roughly 5% of outstanding shares) at the purchase price equal to \$85.5 per share, \$5,055,786 in total. The option vest proportionally at the closing of two years mezzanine bridge loans, or other forms of project financing, aggregating up to \$31,000,000, in connection with the financing of one of the two Crypto-Mining Facilities. This option expires on April 1, 2023. No stock options were vested recorded until December 31, 2021.

8. SHAREBASED COMPENSATION

During 2018, the Company authorized the Stock Option Plan (which may be referred to as the "Plan"). The Company reserved 176,471 shares of its Common Stock pursuant to the Plan, which provides for the grant of shares of stock options, stock appreciation rights, and stock awards (performance shares) to employees, non-employee directors, and non-employee consultants. The option exercise price generally may not be less than the underlying stock's fair market value at the date of the grant and generally have a term of four years. The amounts granted each calendar year to an employee or nonemployee is limited depending on the type of award.

Stock Options

The Company granted stock options. The stock options were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model with a range of inputs indicated below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

As of Year Ended December 31,	2022
Expected life (years)	10.00
Risk-free interest rate	2.50%
Expected volatility	75%
Annual dividend yield	0%

The risk-free interest rate assumption for options granted is based upon observed interest rates on the United States government securities appropriate for the expected term of the Company's employee stock options.

The expected term of employee stock options is calculated using the simplified method which takes into consideration the contractual life and vesting terms of the options.

The Company determined the expected volatility assumption for options granted using the historical volatility of comparable public company's Common Stock. The Company will continue to monitor peer companies and other relevant factors used to measure expected volatility for future stock option grants, until such time that the Company's common stock has enough market history to use historical volatility.

The dividend yield assumption for options granted is based on the Company's history and expectation of dividend payouts. The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock, and the Company does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

Management estimated the fair value of common stock based on recent sales to third parties. Forfeitures are recognized as incurred.

A summary of the Company's stock options activity and related information is as follows:

		Weighted Average	Weighted Average
	Number of Awards	Exercise	Contract Term
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	6,764	\$	
Granted	71,851		
Exercised			
Expired/Cancelled	-		-
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	78,615	\$ -	9.66
Exercisable Options at December 31, 2021	13,754	\$ -	9.66
Granted	80,180	\$ -	
Exercised	(1,538)	\$	
Expired/Cancelled	(15,226)	\$ -	
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	158,795	\$ -	9.37
Exercisable Options at December 31, 2022	108,080	\$	9.37

Stock option expense for the years ended December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, was \$10,750 and \$7,842, respectively.

9. DEBT

Promissory Notes & Loans

During the years presented, the Company entered into promissory notes & loans agreements. The details of the Company's loans, notes, and the terms are as follows:

						For the Year Ended December 2022						For	the Ye	ar En	ded Dece	smb	er 2021						
Debt Instrument Name		Mincipal Amount	Interest Bate	Barrowing Period	Maturity Date	Interest Expense	Accrued Interest		ument ortion	-	on-Current Portion		otal rtedness	Inte Expe			erued erest		arrent fortion		n-Current Partion		Total boodness
SBA BIDL Loan	5	3,700	3.75%	5/9/2020	5/9/2050	139	278	5	228	5	3,472	ś	3,978	5	139	5	139	5	228	5	3,472	5	3,839
Promissory Note - Andrew Szamosszegi	S	10,000	8.00%	7/1/2021	7/1/2023	\$ 800	1,201	5	10,000	\$	-	s	1,201	\$	401	\$	401	\$	-	5	10,000	\$	10,401
Kabbage Funding Loan Agreement	9	37,200	26,46%	12/12/2022	12/6/2024	5 .		5	- 1	5	37,450	5	37,450										
Line of Credit Promissory Note-Andrew Stamosstegi	\$	85,000	10.00%	11/5/2022	1/12/2024	\$ 1,304	1,304	5	-	5	10,000	\$	11,304	5	-	\$		5		5	-	\$	
Total						020 6	1.478		10.110		10.033		0.120		840		120		222		10.477		14 242

The summary of the future maturities is as follows:

As of Year Ended December 31, 2022	
2023	\$ 10,228
2024	47,678
2025	228
2026	228
2027	228
Thereafter	2,560
Total	\$ 61,150

Convertible Note(s)

Below are the details of the convertible notes:

					For the Year Ended December 2022				For the Ye	ar Ended De	cember 2021			
													Non-	Total
	Principal	Interest		Maturity	Interest	Accrued	Current	Non-Current	Total	Interest	Accrue	d Curre	nt Current	Indebted
Debt Instrument Name	Amount	Rate	Borrowing Period	Date	Expense	Interest	Portion	Portion	Indebtedness	Expense	Interes	t Parti	on Portion	mess
Nicholas Norris	\$ 100,000	4.00%	01/18/2022	07/18/2023	3,803	8,803	100,000		103,803					
Roger J Bamford	\$ 100,000	4.00%	02/11/2022	07/18/2023	3,540	3,540	100,000		103,540					
Wes Jamieson	\$ 30,000	4.00%	02/26/2022	07/18/2023	1,013	1,013	30,000		31,013					
Bennett William Moore	\$ 25,000	4.00%	02/28/2022	07/18/2023	838	838	25,000		25,838					
Kirk Bradley	\$ 50,000	4.00%	03/28/2022	07/18/2023	1,523	1,523	50,000	-	51,523					
OcSum	\$ 50,000	4.00%	04/14/2022	07/18/2023	1,430	1,430	50,000		51,430					
Seronity	\$ 500,000	4.00%	04/14/2022	07/18/2023	14,301	14,301	500,000		514,301					
Benoy Thanjan	\$ 25,000	4.00%	04/29/2022	07/18/2023	674	674	25,000	-	25,674					
Andrew Szamosszegi	\$ 50,000	14.00%	09/07/2022	03/07/2024	2,205	2,205		50,000	52,205					
Andrew Szamosszegi	\$ 50,000	14.00%	09/07/2022	03/07/2024	2,205	2,205		50,000	52,205					
Serenity	\$ 100,000	14.00%	09/07/2022	03/07/2024	4,411	4,411		100,000	104,411					
Total					5 7.342	5 7,342	5 880,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 1,087,342	5 .	5	- 5	. 5 .	5 -

The convertible notes are convertible into common shares at a conversion price. The conversion price shall mean the lesser of: (i) Eighty percent (80%) of the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the investors in the Next Equity Financing; or (ii) the price per share derived by dividing the Valuation Cap by the Company Capitalization. Since the conversion feature is convertible into variable number of shares and does not have fixed-for-fixed features, the conversion feature was not bifurcated and recorded separately.

10. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021 consists of the following:

As of Year Ended December 31,		2022	2021					
Net Operating Loss	\$	(441,392) \$	(21,371)					
Valuation Allowance		441,392	21,371					
Net Provision for income tax	Ŝ	- Ś	-					

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021 are as follows:

As of Year Ended December 31,		2022	2021
Net Operating Loss	\$	(491,637) \$	(50,245)
Valuation Allowance		491,637	50,245
Total Deferred Tax Asset	Ś	- 4	

Management assesses the available positive and negative evidence to estimate if sufficient future taxable income will be generated to use the existing deferred tax assets. On the basis of this evaluation, the Company has determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will not recognize the benefits of the federal and state net deferred tax assets, and, as a result, full valuation allowance has been set against its net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2022. The amount of the deferred tax asset to be realized could be adjusted if estimates of future taxable income during the carryforward period are reduced or increased.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, the Company had federal cumulative net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of \$1,680,810, and the Company had state net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of approximately \$1,680,810. Utilization of some of the federal and state NOL carryforwards to reduce future income taxes will depend on the Company's ability to generate sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the carryforwards. The federal net operating loss carryforward is subject to an 80% limitation on taxable income, does not expire, and will carry on indefinitely.

The Company recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on a tax return upon examination by the relevant taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2022, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, the Company had no accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

11. RELATED PARTY

On July 1, 2021, the company entered into a Line of Credit promissory note with Andrew Szamosszegi, one of the biggest shareholders. The note bears an interest rate of 8% per annum and the note shall be due and payable on July 1st, 2023. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding note is \$10,000.

On November 5, 2022, the company entered into a Line of Credit promissory note with Andrew Szamosszegi, one of the biggest shareholders. The note bears an interest rate of 10% per annum and the note shall be due and payable on January 12, 2024. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding note is \$10,000 and \$0.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

SAZMINING INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

The Company's operations are subject to a variety of local and state regulation. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or losses of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

Litigation and Claims

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2022, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for the period from December 31, 2022 through April 25, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

There have been no other events or transactions during this time which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

14. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has a net operating loss of \$1,500,397, an operating cash flow loss of \$1,405,395 and liquid assets in cash of \$54,537, which less than a year worth of cash reserves as of December 31, 2022. These factors normally raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results.

Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. During the next twelve months, the Company intends to fund its operations through debt and/or equity financing.

There are no assurances that management will be able to raise capital on terms acceptable to the Company. If it is unable to obtain sufficient amounts of additional capital, it may be required to reduce the scope of its planned development, which could harm its business, financial condition, and operating results. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from these uncertainties.

EXHIBIT C TO FORM C

PROFILE SCREENSHOTS

[See attached]







Clean Bitcoin Mining

We make purchasing rigs and mining Bitcoin as easy as subscribing to Netflix. Our latest mining facility went live in January 2023 and is now fully operational.

Invest Now

This Reg CF offering is made available through StartEngine Capital, LLC. This investment is speculative, illiquid, and involves a high degree of risk, including the possible loss of your entire



\$180,700.56 Raised

OVERVIEW ABOUT TERMS UPDATES REWARDS DISCUSSION INV >

REASONS TO INVEST

- Top Tier Professionals- Our team is composed of seasoned and accomplished rock stars with decades of experience in Bitcoin and emerging technology.
- Massive Market Opportunity We believe we are one of the only companies providing accessibility to the \$76.6 billion methane-fueld Ditcoin mining market, with \$1.8 million already raised in seed funding.*
- Early & Exciting Momentum We have already earned over \$390K in revenue since we began collecting mining rig payments in December 2022. We have received a Letter of Intent for a max. \$10M investment (provided we acquire \$1M to put in escrow). Our latest mining facility went live in January 2023.





Clean Bitcoin Mining

We make purchasing rigs and mining Bitcoin as easy as subscribing to Netflix. Our latest mining facility went live in January 2023 and is now fully operational.

Invest No

This Reg CF offering is made available through StartEngine Capital, LLC. This investment is speculative, illiquid, and involves a high degree of risk, including the possible loss of your entire



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*Market information provided by Berkeley Lab, Batcoinz, and IEA (<u>source, source, source</u>

THE PITCH

We believe that Bitcoin mining is too complicated and costly for billions of people around the world. It is also notoriously energy-intensive, and critics point to its carbon footprint. We believe that Sazmining solves all of these issues in one fell swoop. Sazmining manages the entire mining process for our customers, so that they don't have to lift a finger in order to receive Bitcoin directly into their wallets. Even better, we lower the financial barriers to mining by aggregating customer purchasing power to buy mining rigs in bulk. With a 350 mining rig capacity facility already live, press enthusiasm, and the recent full launch of our platform, we



The Marriage between Better Money and **Clean Energy Begins**

Bitcoin, the next global reserve asset. After months of research, he knew he had to build a company that would make it easier for people to own Bitcoin.

eanwhile, Kent Halliburton, a veteran in the renewable energy sector, heard Will in an interview. Kent was impressed, and he quickly connected with Will.

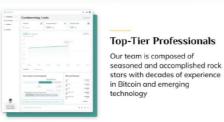
The pair immediately hit it off and brainstormed how they could merge Will's passion for Bitcoin and Kent's passion for renewable energy. Sazmining was born: a platform that managed the entire Bitcoin mining process for retail customers, so that people all over the world could have the opportunity to receive Bitcoin as passive income. Sazmining's mining rigs would run on carbon-neutral energy sources, such as hydro and waste methane gas.

Will and Kent are in the middle of their mission to transform humanity's relationship with both oney and energy. We believe that Sazmining is accelerating Bitcoin adoption, and it is giving a boost to the renewable energy economy by relying on them to power its mining rigs.



Bitcoin Mining Should be as Easy as Ordering a Netflix Subscription

hosting, and maintaining customer's rigs. Customers simply purchase machines through our platform and give us their wallet address, and we handle the rest. Because we only make money when our customers do, our incentives are aligned with those of our customers; we are incentivized to maximize customer mining rigs' uptime and Bitcoin production.



THE PROBLEM & OUR SOLUTION

Helping Customers Make Money by Solving the Climate Crisis

Our mining rigs run on either clean energy sources like hydropower, or on methane gas (a















greenhouse gas up to 84x as potent as CO2) that would have otherwise been emitted into the atmosphere. We believe that we are contributing to subsidizing the clean energy sector and curbing humanity's greenhouse gas emissions (<u>source</u>). We are endeavoing to solve both of these problems by aggregating customer purchasing power to access low-cost, carbonneutral Bitcoin mining facilities.

Many Problems, One Solution

We believe that Bitcoin mining is too complicated and costly for billions of people around the world. It is also notoriously energy-intensive, and misinformed critics point to its carbon footprint. We believe that Sazmining solves both of these issues in one fell swoop. Sazmining manages the entire mining process for our customers, so that they don't have to lift a finger in order to receive Bitcoin directly into their wallets. Sazmining is reshaping Bitcoin mining to be more sustainable and affordable. By harmessing hydropower and methane waste to fuel our rigs, we are building a carbon-negative future for Bitcoin mining. Even better, we lower the financial barriers to mining by aggregating customer purchasing power to buy mining rigs in bulk. Finally, our rigs run on only clean energy sources, so our customers can rest easy knowing that their Bitcoin has not damaged the environment. With a 350 mining rig capacity facility already live, press enthusiasm, and the recent full launch of our platform, we are ready to build a clean, accessible future in Bitcoin mining.

Green, Transparent, and Easy

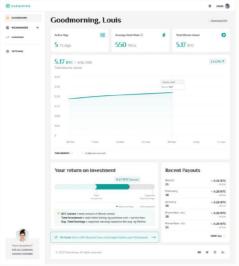
We are fully transparent with our customers. As they peruse our platform, they know exactly what to expect from their miners:



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Our platform makes it easy for customers to track their miners' progress:



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THE MARKET & OUR TRACTION

Turning Toxic Emissions into Green Profits

Sazmining operates at the intersection of Bitcoin mining and climate change. The market opportunity that comes with consuming methane as our fuel source alone is estimated at \$7.6 billion (source, source, source). Meanwhile, the market opportunity for Americans with at least \$5,000 in savings represents a \$149.35 billion opportunity (source).



HOW COMMON IS CRYPTO? statista 🗷 🔞 🛍 TREEX

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HEADQUARTERS WEBSITE
9641 Eagle Ridge Drive View Site

©
Bethesda, MD 20817

ABOUT

Figure 3. Countries ranked by rate of crypto (Bitcoin) adoption.

make purchasing rigs and mining Bitcoin as easy as subscribing to Netflix. Our latest mining ility went live in January 2023 and is now fully operational.

TEAM



William Szamosszegi CEO

CEO

William Stamosaceg is a serial entrepreneur with 7+
years of experience as a successful technology CEO &
Founder. He is a thought leader on bitchis, everlay,
becoming proposed by a bitchis menting. As best of
the cellular proposed by a bitchis menting. As best of
the cellular proposed by a bitchis menting, as best of
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featured in mainteram publications like cointelegraph and Coindesk, and his commentary can be found in
Forese and Business Indices! He mische with Sazaming
is to improve humanity's relationship with money and
energy by democraticing access to renewable bitcoin
mining.



(ii)





Martin Patrick Hidalgo
Chief Financial Officer
Prior to Samining Patrick was CFO
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Kant Marshall Halliburton
President and Chief
Operating Officer
As Samining's President and Chief
Operating Officer
As Samining's President and Chief
Operating Officer, Kent oversees the
operations and cultural
development of Samining. He has
hired the Samining team, overseen
the technical product development,
located current and future \$50frendly facilities, and led sakes
efforts. Kent has implemented an
observation of the samining team, overseen
thought the competition of the samining team
from the samining team of the samining team
from th

transparent compensation. Prior to his position at Sazmining, Kent led salies, business development, and software efforts for a publicly-trade older engrey company (HSDL, no longer traded). He executed on Prigure salies largets, managed a team of more than 100, and oversaw the development and deployment of the company's operations software. A dynamic and capable leaker, Kent keeps both budgetary goals and cultural vision balanced.

cultural vision balanced.

Kent graduated Summa Cum Laude
with a B.S. in Computer Engineering
from California Polysechnic
Nulversity, San Lius Obligon He
nelped Gevelop Solar Energy
Industry Association's (SELA) Sales
Training program. Kent has been
published in Bitcoin Magazine and
Yahoo Finance. He also developed
projects with BMW and Lowe's.

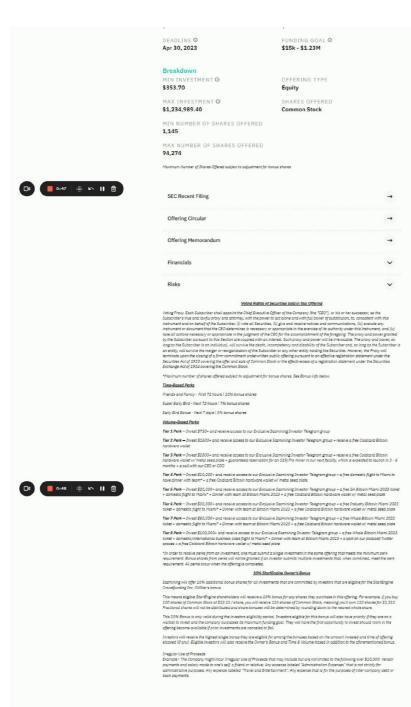




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TERMS

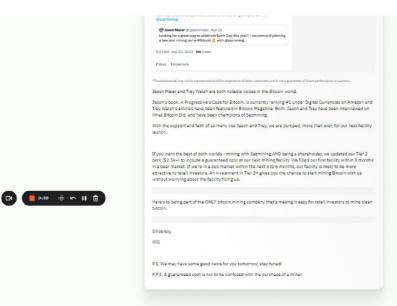
PRICE PER SHARE VALUATION \$13.10 \$20M



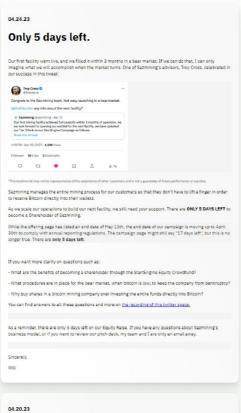
NEW UPDATES

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ALL UPDATES





We knew this was going to be a challenge.

Having your rigid) mine bitcoin under someone else's care can feel like it's going against the Bitcoiner ethos.
Especially since they're not under your direct supervision.

When we were building our product, we knew this was one of the challenges we would face. This is why we pornitized:

1. Customers receiving their bitcoin rewards directly to their wallet. (Sazmiring is not the middlemain)

2. Integrating live rig performance in the Sazmiring Dashboard.





This is why bitcoin adoption is on the rise.

While speaking to a customer recently, he remarked * Sazmining is the Coinbase for Bitcoin Milningf* I was curious to learn more about this comparison so he sisborated. "Combase made onboarding into crysto accessible to ware by building a seamless user experience. Sazmining has created a user experience equal to Coinbase for mining bitcoint*.

 Γ was amazed at this comparison and it reinforced that using a customer-centric approach to building our product is the right way to go.

Now, bitcoin adoption is on the rise, and there's a bit of misunderstanding on why - here in the West. Before moving on, I want to credit Bitcoin ESG Analyst - Daniel Batten, and <a href="https://doi.org/10.1086/j.nc/41/10.0086/j.nc/41/10

Daniel's main critique was that Bitcoin's utility is underestimated due to our Western-centric view.

In reality, Bitcoin is a revolutionary technology that offers immense benefits for the global South. Over 100 million users worldwide are leveraging Bitcoin to access financial services and protect themselves from state interference and hyperinifiation. Consequently, the too naisons adopting Bitcoin tace economic and political challenges, proving its potential as a transformative technology for more than half of the world's population.

His continued research and reporting on bitcoin and bitcoin mining makes me extremely bullish on where we're headed as an industry.

On that note, Kent and I are hosting another webinar taking place tomorrow, Tuesday, April 18th, at 2:00pm ET. Register for the webinar here - https://mw.demio.com/ref/ugeNu07/imkS9Y/MY

At our last webinar, investors asked pertinent questions about our campaign that kept us on our toes. We decided to do another webinar to keep up and build on the communication with our investors.

If tomorrow doesn't work for you, then Kent and I will be on Sazmining's Twitter Spaces on the Equity Crowdfund on Thursday, April 20th, at 3:30pm ET. Set a reminder for the twitter spaces here.

Looking forward to talking to you next week

NEW: Updated offering in our Tier 3 Perk

Our first facility fillad up with customer rigs within the first 3 months of launching. When we open our walklist for the next facility, investing \$2,500+ will give our shareholders a guaranteed spot for their mining rig. In a normal scenario, outstorner would have the chance to either place a deposit of under \$475 per spot or buy the rig outright bearing a higher uphront cost of over \$2,000. Here's the updated Tier 3 peric.

Tier 3 Peric. —Invest 52,600 — and receive access to our Exclusive Samming Investor Telagram group + receive a free Colderool Stotion Institution walked in metal seed place - signanteed reservation for an \$159 fire miner in our next facility, which is expected to launch in 3 - 6 months + a call with our CEO or COO

The motivation behind updating the Tier 3 perk was the realization that the incentives for Bitcoin miners and investors are aligned. Stacking more sets, as Brian mentions below.







Installing a Solid State battery in our facilities

First and foremost, the answer lies with the facility we choose to host our customer's rigs.

We don't own the facility where the mining rigs are hosted, therefore installing a solid-state battery backup is not something we can control. We could ask for it, but it's an enhancement that the facility listelf will need to implement.

As the renewable bitcoin mining industry stands today, the cost curves for solar and other sources of energy are going to continue to get more competitive. Our priorities are procuring the lowest-cost renergy possible with elevating our close on finding renewable to carbon-figurest energy sources. So while having battery backup round be an enhancement for sure, we haven't faced the problem of outages enough to shift our focu on finding facilities with that stopu.

This Thursday, <u>Agril 13th, our guest on Twitter Spaces</u> is Mitch Klee, Mining Analyst at Foreman Mining, I'm sure hearing his opinion on the priorities miners should place on having a backup battery will yield a thoughtful and thorough repose. Set your reminder here - https://twitter.com//spaces/12.04frz/27.04fb2

Highlights from the Webinar

 $I \ was impressed \ with the volume of questions received at the webinar yesterday. If you missed it, we're going to be hosting another one in 2 weeks. I will update you with the details soon.$

The questions raised were on Sazmining's business model, our plans for the next facility, and our equity fundraise. Here's some of the highlights from the engagement we had on the webinar:

Q. Can I purchase the upgraded rig that was spoken about in the email you sent out - the S19 XP?

A. Yes, our engineering team is currently working on offening both options to our customers for the second facility. We're aiming to roil out that feature by May 1st. However, since we're still looking at procuring our next facility, you have the option to differ reserve the right at these prices or reserve as lot at the new facility.

Q. Why should I invest in a rig over investing the entire funds directly into Bitcoin?

There are two ways to think about this one. You're dollar cost averaging into bitcoin by mining AND you also own an asset that mines this bitcoin for you - i.e the rig. At the height of the last buil market, mining rigs were selling for \$10,000 a pleas. For those invested in bitcoin, you're benefiting from the buil market reflecting an increase in both the assets you own -BTC and the rig.

A. We've gotta stay grounded, sober-sighted, and take advantage of the opportunities as they present themselves, but not get leveraged and not position ourselves where if there's an 60% drawdown in the price of Bitcoin, that it's going to collapse our business. Thankfully, having survived this existing bear cycle and thrived despite it. I think that we have ingrained that knowledge within ourselves.

My team and I are happy to answer any follow-up questions you might have after viewing the recording. Stay tuned for the registration details for the next webinar!

Invite: Sazmining Webinar tomorrow

We've officially filled our first facility with customer mining rigs. This milestone is tantamount to social proof as it reinforces the fact that we've achieved product-market fit.

We're happy to share some recent testimonials $\underline{\text{we received on Trustollot}}.$



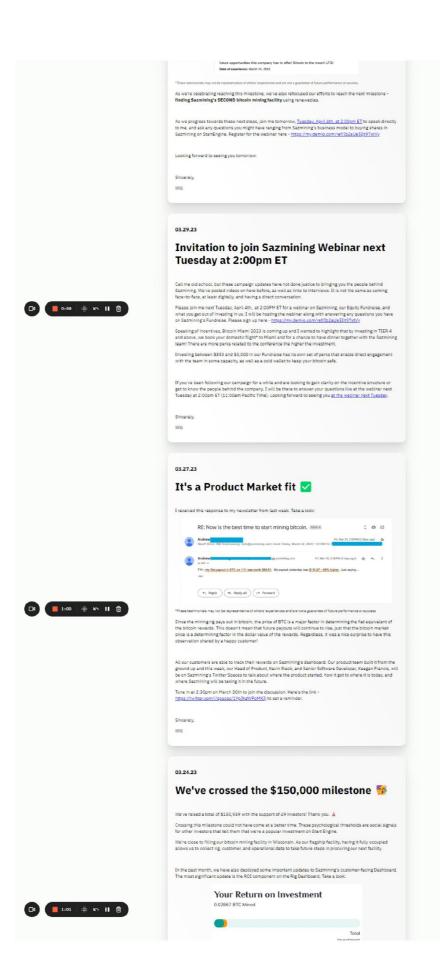


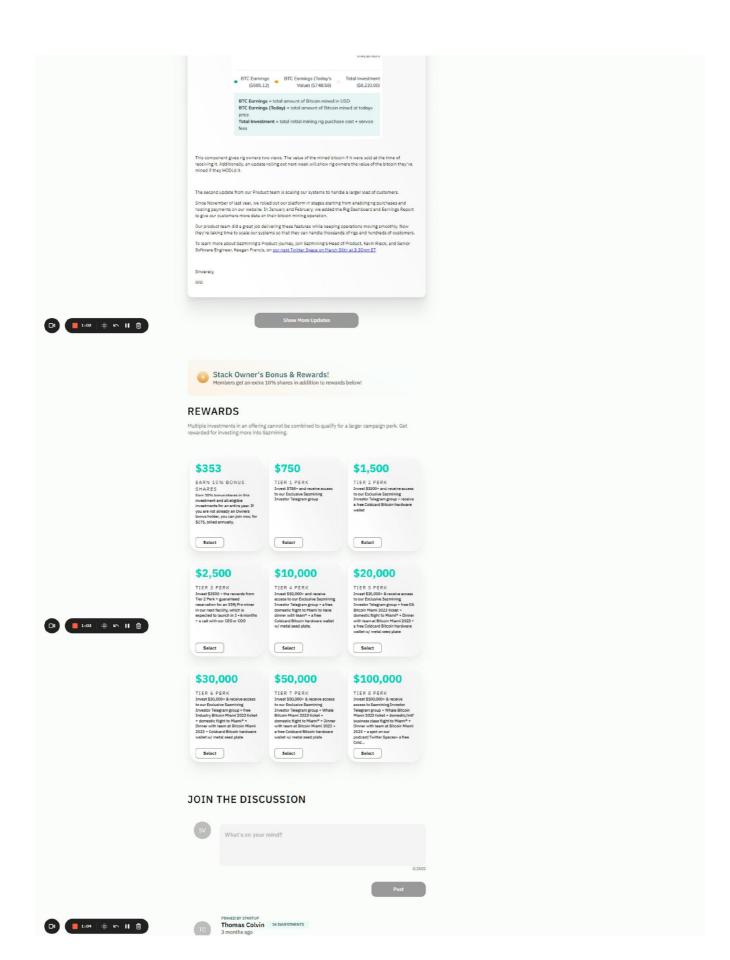


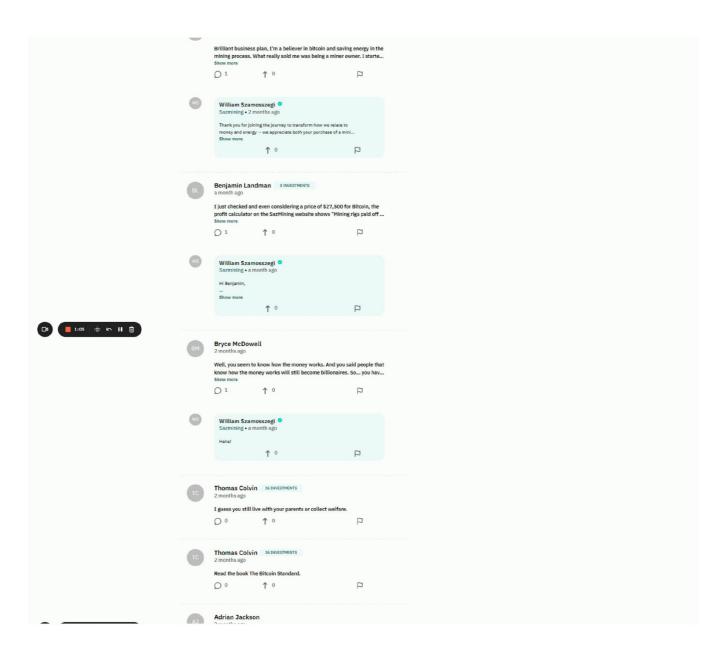


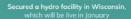












464 waitlist

Sazmining has been featured in <u>Forbes</u>, <u>Bitcoin Magazine</u>, <u>Cointelegraph</u>, and our CEO has been interviewed by <u>E-Crypto News</u>, <u>Authority Magazine</u>, <u>The Halving Report</u>, and the <u>Crypto Coin Show</u>.



"Sazmining is a brilliant business and an A-list team. They're bringing us to a future of better energy, better money, and a cleaner environment, all while helping customers earn passive income. I'm proud to be on this journey with them!"

Austin Stewart Trojka

*These testimonials may not represent the experience of other customers and are not a guarantee of future performance or success.

WHY INVEST

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Bitcoin as a Weapon against Climate Change

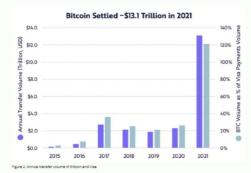
Sazmining's purpose is to improve the way humanity relates to energy & money. We believe that our carbon-neutral rigs can make the Bitcoin network more environmentally friendly as our market share grows. We plan to use this raise to reserve an additional 6 megawatts of clean energy, onboard an additional 2,000 customers through marketing, deliver a better customer experience, and build new customer-requested features. With early customer enthusiasm, press attention, and our recent full launch, we believe that we are perfectly positioned to reshape the way humanity mines Sitcoin for the better. We want to put newly mined Bitcoin in the pockets of one million customers.

Invest to Receive Bitcoin Goodies, Our Treat!

When we say that we want the entire world to adopt Bitcoin, we mean it. Investors will receive a Bitcoin hardware wallet, a mining rig, a ticket to Bitcoin Miami 2023, or other Sazmining perks. You won't just buy a piece of Sazmining-you'll become a proud Bitcoiner.

MicroStrategy co-founder Michael Saylor has previously stated that, "Bitcoin is digital gold, it's 100x better than gold" (<u>source</u>). Similarly, we believe that both Bitcoin and Bitcoin mining are here to stay.

The total number of Bitcoin addresses has grown past 1 billion in the asset's extremely young lifespan, with no signs of deceleration (source). As shown in Figure 2, Bitcoin continues to prove its use as a medium of exchange. In 2021, its cumulative annual transfer volume officially surpassed that of Visa, reaching \$13.1 trillion (source).



As shown in Figure 3, Bitcoin's worth as a global store of value is demonstrated by the fact that those living under unstable monetary regimes adopt Bitcoin at a greater rate than those living under stable monetary regimes (<u>source</u>). In other words, Bitcoin is already proving valuable to those in the developing world, where flat currencies lose value at a far greater rate than do currencies in the developed world (<u>source</u>).

EXHIBIT D TO FORM C

VIDEO TRANSCRIPT

What if you could own part of the future of sustainable eco-friendly Bitcoin mining?

My name is Williams Szamosszegi and I'm the CEO and founder at Sazmining.

Here at Sazmining, we believe Bitcoin is the solution to humanity's broken legacy financial system that leaves billions of people behind every day. I'm extremely bullish on Bitcoi, fulfilling its purpose as the next global reserve asset, and the soundest money ever invented. Sazmining's purpose is to improve the way that humanity relates to energy and money. We make Bitcoin mining accessible to retail investors by sourcing, hosting, and managing customer rigs, allowing customers to benefit from a passive income stream of Bitcoin sent directly to their Bitcoin wallet. As part of our sustainability mission, all of our facilities are powered by 100% clean energy, such as hydro, methane gas, wind, and solar. We waste over two-thirds of the entire energy capacity that we have, and there's a tremendous amount of pollution around the world today with methane. Methane is 84X as bad for the atmosphere than carbon dioxide. And so with Bitcoin mining, you can go and you can capture this methane, use it to generate electricity, and power Bitcoin miners. The big problem without Bitcoin mining is that that energy wouldn't be used.

Our team is composed of seasoned and accomplished rock stars with decades of experience in Bitcoin and emerging technology, and multiple successful exits under their belt.

When you attract investors such as the first female Chief of Staff of the Victorian government in Australia, Sarah McKenna, the President of RC Americas, one of the largest solar panel manufacturers in the U.S., Carrie Hayes, an Oxford-educated and tenured philosophy professor, Troy Cross, and a product manager with a successful billion-dollar exit as an advisor. Paul Wehner. Just imagine where Sazmining is going.

Sazmining has been featured in some of the most popular finance publications, such as Forbes, Coin Desk, Coin Telegraph, Bitcoin Magazine. We are democratizing ownership of Sazmining the same way we democratize Bitcoin mining- by removing the high barriers to entry. We are raising with StartEngine to give average folks the opportunity to get in on an investment that was previously only available to accredited investors.

We can't wait for you to join us in our mission to revolutionize humanity's relationship between money and energy.

STARTENGINE SUBSCRIPTION PROCESS (Exhibit E)

Platform Compensation

- As compensation for the services provided by StartEngine Capital, the issuer is required to pay to StartEngine Capital a fee consisting of a 5.5-13% (five and one-half to thirteen) commission based on the dollar amount of securities sold in the Offering and paid upon disbursement of funds from escrow at the time of closing. The commission is paid in cash and in securities of the Issuer identical to those offered to the public in the Offering at the sole discretion of StartEngine Capital. Additionally, the issuer must reimburse certain expenses related to the Offering. The securities issued to StartEngine Capital, if any, will be of the same class and have the same terms, conditions, and rights as the securities being offered and sold by the issuer on StartEngine Capital's website.
- As compensation for the services provided by StartEngine Capital, investors are also required to pay StartEngine Capital a fee consisting of a 0-3.5% (zero to three and a half percent) service fee based on the dollar amount of securities purchased in each investment.

Information Regarding Length of Time of Offering

- Investment Cancellations: Investors will have up to 48 hours prior to the end of the
 offering period to change their minds and cancel their investment commitments for any
 reason. Once within 48 hours of ending, investors will not be able to cancel for any
 reason, even if they make a commitment during this period.
- Material Changes: Material changes to an offering include but are not limited to: A
 change in minimum offering amount, change in security price, change in management,
 material change to financial information, etc. If an issuer makes a material change to the
 offering terms or other information disclosed, including a change to the offering deadline,
 investors will be given five business days to reconfirm their investment commitment. If
 investors do not reconfirm, their investment will be canceled and the funds will be
 returned.

Hitting The Target Goal Early & Oversubscriptions

 StartEngine Capital will notify investors by email when the target offering amount has hit 25%, 50%, and 100% of the funding goal. If the issuer hits its goal early, the issuer can create a new target deadline at least 5 business days out. Investors will be notified of the new target deadline via email and will then have the opportunity to cancel up to 48 hours before the new deadline.

- Oversubscriptions: We require all issuers to accept oversubscriptions. This may not be
 possible if: 1) it vaults an issuer into a different category for financial statement
 requirements (and they do not have the requisite financial statements); or 2) they reach
 \$5M in investments. In the event of an oversubscription, shares will be allocated at the
 discretion of the issuer, with priority given to StartEngine Owners Bonus members.
- If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be canceled and committed funds will be returned.
- If a StartEngine issuer reaches its target offering amount prior to the deadline, it may
 conduct an initial closing of the offering early if they provide notice of the new offering
 deadline at least five business days prior to the new offering deadline (absent a material
 change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the
 investment commitment). StartEngine will notify investors when the issuer meets its
 target offering amount. Thereafter, the issuer may conduct additional closings until the
 offering deadline.

Minimum and Maximum Investment Amounts

- In order to invest, commit to an investment or communicate on our platform, users must open an account on StartEngine Capital and provide certain personal and non-personal information including information related to income, net worth, and other investments.
- Investor Limitations: There are no investment limits for investing in crowdfunding offerings for accredited investors. Non-accredited investors are limited in how much they can invest in all crowdfunding offerings during any 12-month period. The limitation on how much they can invest depends on their net worth (excluding the value of their primary residence) and annual income. If either their annual income or net worth is less than \$124,000, then during any 12-month period, they can invest either \$2,500 or 5% of their annual income or net worth, whichever is greater. If both their annual income and net worth are equal to or more than \$124,000, then during any 12-month period, they can invest up to 10% of annual income or net worth, whichever is greater, but their investments cannot exceed \$124,000.