

Form C

Cover Page

Name of issuer:

Escaping Ohio LLC

Legal status of issuer:

Form: Limited Liability Company

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization: OH

Date of organization: 4/17/2021

Physical address of issuer:

344 Dawn Drive
Akron OH 44312

Website of issuer:

<https://jessicamichaeldavis.com/escapingohio>

Name of intermediary through which the offering will be conducted:

Wefunder Portal LLC

CIK number of intermediary:

0001670254

SEC file number of intermediary:

007-00033

CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary:

283503

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

7.5% of the offering amount.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

No

Type of security offered:

- Common Stock
- Preferred Stock
- Debt
- Other

If Other, describe the security offered:

100% of profits are paid to investors pro-rata until 120% (125% for Early Bird Investors) of principal investment is returned. Then, net profits are split 50/50 between investors and filmmakers.

Target number of securities to be offered:

50,000

Price:

\$1.00000

Method for determining price:

Pro-rated portion of the total principal value of \$50,000; interests will be sold in increments of \$1.

Target offering amount:

\$91,000.00

Oversubscriptions accepted:

- Yes
 No

If yes, disclose how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

- Pro-rata basis
 First-come, first-served basis
 Other

If other, describe how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

As determined by the issuer

Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount):

\$240,000.00

Deadline to reach the target offering amount:

4/30/2022

NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current number of employees:

2

	Most recent fiscal year-end:	Prior fiscal year-end:
Total Assets:	\$100.00	\$0.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents:	\$100.00	\$0.00
Accounts Receivable:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Short-term Debt:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Long-term Debt:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Revenues/Sales:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Cost of Goods Sold:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Taxes Paid:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Net Income:	\$0.00	\$0.00

Select the jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

AL, AK, AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, FL, GA, HI, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MS, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, OH, OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY, B5, GU, PR, VI, 1V

Offering Statement

Respond to each question in each paragraph of this part. Set forth each question and any notes, but not any instructions thereto, in their entirety. If disclosure in response to any question is responsive to one or more other questions, it is not necessary to repeat the disclosure. If a question or series of questions is inapplicable or the response is available elsewhere in the Form, either state that it is inapplicable, include a cross-reference to the responsive disclosure, or omit the question or series of questions.

Be very careful and precise in answering all questions. Give full and complete answers so that they are not misleading under the circumstances involved. Do not discuss any future performance or other anticipated event unless you have a reasonable basis to believe that it will actually occur within the foreseeable future. If any answer requiring significant information is materially inaccurate, incomplete or misleading, the Company, its management and principal shareholders may be liable to investors based on that information.

THE COMPANY

1. Name of issuer:

Escaping Ohio LLC

COMPANY ELIGIBILITY

2. Check this box to certify that all of the following statements are true for the issuer.

- Organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.
- Not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Not an investment company registered or required to be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Not ineligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act

as a result of a disqualification specified in Rule 503(a) of Regulation Crowdfunding.

- Has filed with the Commission and provided to investors, to the extent required, the ongoing annual reports required by Regulation Crowdfunding during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this offering statement (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports).
- Not a development stage company that (a) has no specific business plan or (b) has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 2: If any of these statements are not true, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.

3. Has the issuer or any of its predecessors previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements of Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding?

Yes No

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

4. Provide the following information about each director (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Director	Principal Occupation	Main Employer	Year Joined as Director
Jessica Michael Davis	Founder	Escaping Ohio	2021

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

5. Provide the following information about each officer (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Officer	Positions Held	Year Joined
Jessica Michael Davis	Founder	2021

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 5: For purposes of this Question 5, the term officer means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer or principal financial officer, comptroller or principal accounting officer, and any person that routinely performing similar functions.

PRINCIPAL SECURITY HOLDERS

6. Provide the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date, who is the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power.

Name of Holder	No. and Class of Securities Now Held	% of Voting Power Prior to Offering
Jessica Michael Davis	Membership Interests	60.0
Collin Kelly-Sordelet	Membership Interests	40.0

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 6: The above information must be provided as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement.

To calculate total voting power, include all securities for which the person directly or indirectly has or shares the voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such securities. If the person has the right to acquire voting power of such securities within 60 days, including through the exercise of any option, warrant or right, the conversion of a security, or other arrangement, or if securities are held by a member of the family, through corporations or partnerships, or otherwise in a manner that would allow a person to direct or control the voting of the securities (or share in such direction or control – as, for example, a co-trustee) they should be included as being “beneficially owned.” You should include an explanation of these circumstances in a footnote to the “Number of and Class of Securities Now Held.” To calculate outstanding voting equity securities, assume all outstanding options are exercised and all outstanding convertible securities converted.

BUSINESS AND ANTICIPATED BUSINESS PLAN

7. Describe in detail the business of the issuer and the anticipated business plan of the issuer.

For a description of our business and our business plan, please refer to the attached [Appendix A, Business Description & Plan](#)

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 7: Wefunder will provide your company's Wefunder profile as an appendix (Appendix A) to the Form C in PDF format. The submission will include all Q&A items and “read more” links in an un-collapsed format. All videos will be transcribed.

This means that any information provided in your Wefunder profile will be provided to the SEC in response to this question. As a result, your company will be potentially liable for misstatements and omissions in your profile under the Securities Act of 1933, which requires you to provide material information related to your business and anticipated business plan. Please review your Wefunder profile carefully to ensure it provides all material information, is not false or misleading, and does not omit any information that would cause the information included to be false or misleading.

RISK FACTORS

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.

These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

8. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the issuer speculative or risky:

The creation of a film is tied to external forces outside of the control of the company, including, but not limited to, weather, terrorist attacks, and labor strikes. Events of this nature could have an impact on both the timeline of the project and overall budget. Extreme cases may make it impossible to complete the project.

Receipt of revenue is often tied to third party companies such as sales agents, distributors and exhibitors. While the money could earn money in the marketplace, it is possible that revenue could not reach The Company as a result of a third party claiming bankruptcy or refusal to pay.

Investment in Film, by nature, is a high-risk investment. The industry is constantly shifting and changing and business models that work for one film, may not necessarily work for another one. Performance on a film often depend on external forces, outside of the control of the company.

The Company will not be performing background checks on any of its team members or employees. The reception of a film is often tied very closely to the public perception of the team members and employees (i.e. director, cast, producers, company). While the company will hold its team members and employees to the highest standards of professionalism while making the film, if it is learned at any point that those team members were involved in inappropriate, immoral, unethical or illegal conduct in the past or after the creation of the film, it could affect the performance of the film in the marketplace.

Reliance on management - except as set forth in this agreement, decisions with respect to the management of company will be made by the managers in the managers' sole discretion. The success of the picture will largely depend on the quality of the management of the company. The managers, with the advice and assistance of other professionals, will administer all business aspects of the managers, the company and the picture. Although the managers believe that the managers have the necessary business and motion picture experience to supervise the management of the company, there can be no assurance that the managers will perform adequately or that the company's operations will be successful. Purchasers of interests will receive an economic interest in the company, but shall not be participants in the management or the operations of the managers, the company or the picture. Accordingly, except as otherwise set forth in this agreement, an investor will have no right to vote on, or to veto actions of the managers, will have no creative control, and manager-approved actions may be approved despite the investor's dissent from such actions. Neither the company, the managers nor any of the managers' advisors have managed or produced a feature film previously, and no assurance can be had that their efforts will be successful for the picture.

Limited operating history - the company has been in existence for a very short period of time, and is subject to all the risks incident to the creation and development of a new business, including the absence of a history of operations and minimal net worth. Furthermore, the company has not produced or distributed a full-length motion picture. The company and the managers have, and will continue to, endeavor to employ or otherwise retain the services of those persons with the skills necessary to successfully produce and distribute a full-length feature film, but no assurances can be given that they will be successful in these efforts.3. Managers' conflicts of interest - the managers are not required to render exclusive services in connection with the picture or the company. The managers, the production team and the talent have interests in a variety of activities other than acting as managers to the company, including involvement with the production of other films. In addition, the managers, the production team and the talent may organize companies that are similar to the company in the future. The managers may be principals in, or have profit interest in, the company. Accordingly, conflicts of interest may arise in the allocation of the managers', the production team's and/or the talent's time between the company and one or more of these other activities. Additionally, the managers may enter into services agreements with the company. The terms of such agreement may not be the result of an arms-length transaction, but be considered to be equal to, or less than, industry standards for the associated services rendered to the company.

Indemnification - under certain circumstances set forth specifically in article iv of the operating agreement, the managers will be indemnified by the company for any liabilities or losses arising out of the managers' activities in connection with the company. Indemnification under such provision could reduce or deplete the assets of the company.

assets of the company.

Working capital requirements and the potential need for additional financing – there is no assurance that unforeseen events will not occur, resulting in the need to raise additional funds beyond what the company and the managers project. Furthermore, companies with limited operating histories, such as the company and the managers, do not always use capital in the most efficient manner. Thus, the company and the managers may need to raise additional capital to fund future operations and to satisfy future capital requirements of the company. The failure to raise any additional needed funds could have a material adverse effect on the company and the managers. In addition, it is anticipated that raising additional funds will result in additional dilution of each offeree's investment. Subject to the terms of the agreement, though the company and the managers do not anticipate that additional financing will need to be obtained, there can be no assurance that additional capital will not be needed.

Liability of members – members might, under applicable law, be liable to the company in an amount equal to any distribution made from the company to members, if, after distribution is made, the remaining assets of the company are not sufficient to pay its then outstanding liabilities, exclusive of liabilities to the members arising on account of their respective interests in the company.

Loss on dissolution or termination – in the event of a dissolution or termination of the company, the proceeds realized in the liquidation of assets, if any, will be distributed to the members only after the satisfaction of claims of creditors. Accordingly, the ability of a member to recover all or any portion of his or her or its investment under such circumstances will depend on the amount of funds so realized and the amount of claims to be satisfied therefrom.

Income tax consequences – there are various risks associated with the federal income tax aspects of an investment in the company which should be carefully considered by each prospective investor to determine whether an investment in the company is suitable for such prospective investor. Each prospective investor is urged to consult his or her or its own tax advisor with respect to the federal (as well as state and local) income tax consequences of an investment in the company.

Competitive industry – some segments of the motion picture industry are highly competitive. The company will be competing with the producers of other films in arranging for distribution in all available markets and media. In the distribution phase, competition will limit the availability of such markets and media required for the successful distribution of the picture. The picture will be competing directly with other motion pictures and indirectly with other forms of public entertainment. The company will compete with numerous larger motion picture production companies and distribution companies, which have substantially greater resources, larger and more experienced production and distribution staffs, and established histories of successful production and distribution of motion pictures.

Commercial success – the picture's success is primarily dependent on audience acceptance of the picture, which is extremely difficult to predict and, therefore, inherently risky. Many films are produced each year and never released. Many films are released each year, which are not commercially successful and fail to recoup their production costs from united states theatrical distribution. Foreign and ancillary markets have therefore become increasingly important. Licensing of a motion picture in the ancillary markets is particularly dependent upon performance in domestic theatrical distribution. Neither the managers nor the company can predict the economic success of the picture because the revenue derived from the distribution of a motion picture (which does not necessarily bear any correlation to the production or distribution costs incurred) depends primarily upon its acceptance by the public, which cannot be accurately predicted. The economic success of a motion picture also depends upon the public's acceptance of competing films, the availability of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure-time activities, general economic conditions and other tangible and intangible factors, all of which can change and cannot be predicted with certainty. Neither the managers nor the company can assure members that the picture will generate enough revenue to offset its distribution and marketing costs, in which case the company would not receive any net revenues for the picture.

Production – particularly as produced by independent filmmakers, each motion picture is a separate business venture with its own management, employees and equipment and its own budgetary requirements. There are substantial risks associated with film production, including death or disability of key personnel, other factors causing delays, destruction or malfunction of sets or equipment, the inability of production personnel to comply with budgetary or scheduling requirements and physical destruction or damage to the picture itself. Although some of these problems may be covered by company's insurance for the picture, significant difficulties such as these may materially increase the cost of production or may cause the entire project to be abandoned.

Dependence on key personnel – the company's future success depends, in significant part, upon the continued service of the individuals that constitute the production team and the managers' advisors. Neither the company nor the managers maintains key person life insurance for any team member or employee. Furthermore, the company's and the managers' success is dependent on the ability of the company and the managers to attract top talent, both within the production team and the cast of the picture. The company's and the managers' inability to attract such talent or the loss of the services of one or more members of the production team could have a material adverse effect on the company's

and the managers' ability to successfully produce and distribute the picture. Additionally, the company may elect to forego the purchase of a completion bond or other types of production related insurance for the picture, resulting in certain losses relating to any of the picture's key personnel, equipment, locations and/or film footage being uninsured which could have a material adverse effect on the company's and the managers' ability to successfully produce and distribute the picture.

Labor disputes - there is no assurance that labor difficulties affecting production will not arise, including but not limited to union strikes. If such labor difficulties arise, film production and, hence, return to investing members could be delayed or diminished.

Audience appeal - the ultimate profitability of any motion picture depends upon its audience appeal in relation to the cost of its production and distribution. The audience appeal of a given motion picture depends, among other things, on unpredictable critical reviews and changing public tastes and such appeal cannot be anticipated with certainty.

Cost overruns - the costs of producing motion pictures are often underestimated and may be increased by reason of factors beyond the control of the producers. Such factors may include weather conditions, illness of technical and artistic personnel, artistic requirements, labor disputes, governmental regulations, equipment breakdowns, and other production disruptions. While the company intends to engage production personnel who have demonstrated an ability to complete films within the assigned budget, the risk of a film running over budget or of not being completed is always significant and may have a substantial adverse impact on the profitability of the picture.

Distribution - the profitable distribution of a motion picture depends in large part on the availability of one or more capable and efficient distributors who are able to arrange for appropriate advertising and promotion, proper release dates and bookings in first-run and other theaters. There can be no assurance that profitable distribution arrangements will be obtained for the picture or that the picture can or will be distributed profitably or that the picture will be distributed at all.

Long-term project - the production and distribution of a motion picture involves the passage of a significant amount of time. Pre-production on a picture may extend for two to three months or more. Principal photography may extend for several weeks or more. Post-production may extend for three to four months or more. Distribution and exhibition of motion pictures generally and of the picture may continue for years before gross proceeds or net proceeds (as defined herein) may be generated, if at all.

Foreign distribution - foreign distribution of a motion picture (i.e., outside the United States and Canada) may require the use of various foreign distributors. Some foreign countries may impose government regulations on the investing members with this system is that such investing members, who have had their money at risk for the longest time, are at the tail end of the box office receipts chain. Thus, if the company, in negotiating a distribution deal, has to rely heavily on a participation at some defined level of the picture's revenue stream, revenues to the company, and thus to investing members, are likely to be the last in line to benefit from such a revenue stream, if any.

Industry changes - neither the managers nor the company can predict the effect that rapid technological change, emerging distribution channels or alternative forms of entertainment may have on the company, the managers or the motion picture industry. The entertainment industry in general, and the motion picture industry in particular, continue to undergo significant changes, primarily due to technological developments. Due to rapid growth of technology and shifting consumer tastes, neither the managers nor the company can accurately predict the overall effect that technological growth or the availability of alternative forms of entertainment may have on the potential revenue from and profitability of the picture. In addition, certain outlets for the distribution of motion pictures may not obtain the public acceptance that is or was previously predicted. If certain distribution channels are accepted by the public, neither the managers nor the company can assure offerees that the company will be successful in exploiting such channels. Moreover, to the extent that other distribution channels gain popular acceptance, it is possible that demand for existing distribution channels, such as DVDs, will decrease. If the company is unable to exploit new distribution channels to the same extent expected as existing channels, the company's business, operations or financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Picture's liabilities - the company will actively participate in the production and distribution of the picture. Because insurance covering such liability may not be available at a reasonable cost, or may simply not be obtained, the assets of the company may be exposed to operating risks that may arise from the creation, exploitation and disposition of the picture.

Subject to the terms and conditions of this agreement, the managers have reserved the specific authority to enter into agreements on behalf of the company with motion picture or television studios, distributors and/or other third parties pursuant to which the company, in exchange for such studios', distributors and/or other third parties' assistance in producing, distributing and/or otherwise exploiting the picture, may commit to pay such parties out of revenues generated by the picture at a point in the picture's revenue stream prior to company's receipt of its gross proceeds. Such agreements may include, but are not limited to, flat fee arrangements, negative pickup deals or an outright sale of the picture, if in the judgment of the managers; such a sale would be in the best interest of the company. In addition, subject to the terms and conditions of the LLC agreement, the managers have reserved the right to produce the picture and cost the

the managers have reserved the right (1) to produce the picture and seek the most advantageous distribution agreement for the picture, and (2) to enter into agreements on behalf of the company which provide that persons rendering services or other materials or facilities in connection with the development, production, distribution or other exploitation of the picture shall receive, as salary or other compensation, deferred amounts or a percentage participation in company revenue. Such reliance on the judgment and discretion of the managers place a greater emphasis on the skills and judgment of the managers, and the managers' advisors and therefore makes it imperative that prospective non-managing members carefully examine the abilities of such managers and the managers' associates before choosing to provide any subscription hereunder.

Illiquidity of investment – there is no public market for the interests and one is not expected to develop. Each investor should be aware that he/she/or it must bear the risks of an investment in the company for an indefinite period of time because any transfer, sale or assignment of the interests is subject to the consent of the managers in its discretion. Furthermore, the interests have not been registered under the securities act of 1933, as amended (the "act"), or any other applicable law, and therefore, cannot be sold and must be held indefinitely unless they are subsequently registered under the act, and any other applicable law, or, in the opinion of the managers, exemptions from such registration are available. Any such registration is unlikely to occur in the future. In addition, no sale, transfer or assignment of an interest will be permitted if, in the opinion of counsel for the company, such sale, transfer or assignment would violate the status of the original sale of the interests which formed the basis for the exemption from registration under the act, or any applicable state securities laws, pursuant to which such interests were offered, or cause a termination of the entity's treatment as a company for federal income tax purposes. As a result of these restrictions, members may not be able to liquidate their investment in the event of an emergency, and the interests may not be readily accepted as collateral for a loan.

Inherent uncertainty of projections – the indicative cashflows and certain forward looking statements are based on certain assumptions and other information available to the managers. However, the underlying estimates, assumptions and future events are inherently uncertain, and unanticipated events may occur which would cause actual results to vary, perhaps materially from any forecasted results. Each investor should be aware that many films do not get released or if released are not commercially successful, and lose money. As a consequence, each investor should be aware that neither the company nor the managers guarantee or warrant any specific projected result of an investment in the company. Accordingly, investors should retain and rely upon the advice of their own professional advisors with respect to their individual suitability for an investment in the company and the tax consequences resulting therefrom. the foregoing list of risk factors does not purport to be a complete explanation of the risks involved in an investment in the company.

Our future success depends on the efforts of a small management team. The loss of services of the members of the management team may have an adverse effect on the company. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in attracting and retaining other personnel we require to successfully grow our business.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 8: Avoid generalized statements and include only those factors that are unique to the issuer. Discussion should be tailored to the issuer's business and the offering and should not repeat the factors addressed in the legends set forth above. No specific number of risk factors is required to be identified.

The Offering

USE OF FUNDS

9. What is the purpose of this offering?

The Company intends to use the net proceeds of this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, which includes the specific items listed in Item 10 below. While the Company expects to use the net proceeds from the Offering in the manner described above, it cannot specify with certainty the particular uses of the net proceeds that it will receive from from this Offering. Accordingly, the Company will have broad discretion in using these proceeds.

10. How does the issuer intend to use the proceeds of this offering?

If we raise: **\$91,000**

Use of Proceeds: This will get us through production with the bare minimum: 92.5% paying cast & crew members, travel, food costs, minimum equipment rentals, insurance, etc., 7.5% Wefunder fee

If we raise: **\$158,800**

Use of Proceeds: To get us through production & post production with quality equipment that will give our film the best chance at success; 92.5% paying cast & crew members, equipment rentals, color, sound mix, etc., 7.5% Wefunder fee.

If we raise: **\$240,000**

Use of Proceeds: This amount allows us to not only get through production & post production with a great chance of success, with more funds, we will put it all on the screen; renting higher quality lens and lighting equipment, bringing on additional crew member(s) to set up for larger rigs & lighting set ups, adding production value to the film. If we still have extra funding, this will allow us to get the best post-production team and the music rights for a kickass soundtrack, an important part of a teen movie. 92.5% paying cast & crew members, equipment rentals, color, sound mix, etc., 7.5% Wefunder fee.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 10: An issuer must provide a reasonably detailed description of any intended use of proceeds, such that investors are provided with an adequate amount of information to understand how the offering proceeds will be used. If an issuer has identified a range of possible uses, the issuer should identify and describe each probable use and the factors the issuer may consider in allocating proceeds among the potential uses. If the issuer will accept proceeds in excess of the target offering amount, the issuer must describe the purpose, method for allocating oversubscriptions, and intended use of the excess proceeds with similar specificity. Please include all potential uses of the proceeds of the offering, including any that may apply only in the case of oversubscriptions. If you do not do so, you may later be required to amend your Form C. Wefunder is not responsible for any failure by you to describe a potential use of offering proceeds.

DELIVERY & CANCELLATIONS

11. How will the issuer complete the transaction and deliver securities to the investors?

Book Entry and Investment in the Co-Issuer. Investors will make their investments by investing in interests issued by one or more co-issuers, each of which is a special purpose vehicle ("SPV"). The SPV will invest all amounts it receives from investors in securities issued by the Company. Interests issued to investors by the SPV will be in book entry form. This means that the investor will not receive a certificate representing his or her investment. Each investment will be recorded in the books and records of the SPV. In addition, investors' interests in the investments will be recorded in each investor's "Portfolio" page on the Wefunder platform. All references in this Form C to an Investor's investment in the Company (or similar phrases) should be interpreted to include investments in a SPV.

12. How can an investor cancel an investment commitment?

NOTE: Investors may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the deadline identified in these offering materials.

The intermediary will notify investors when the target offering amount has been met. If the issuer reaches the target offering amount prior to the deadline identified in the offering materials, it may close the offering early if it provides notice about the new offering deadline at least five business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the investment commitment).

If an investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the 48-hour period prior to the offering deadline, the funds will be released to the issuer upon closing of the offering and the investor will receive securities in exchange for his or her investment.

If an investor does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment after a material change is made to the offering, the investor's investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned.

An Investor's right to cancel. An Investor may cancel his or her investment commitment at any time until 48 hours prior to the offering deadline.

If there is a material change to the terms of the offering or the information provided to the Investor about the offering and/or the Company, the Investor will be provided notice of the change and must re-confirm his or her investment commitment within five business days of receipt of the notice. If the Investor does not reconfirm, he or she will receive notifications disclosing that the commitment was cancelled, the reason for the cancellation, and the refund amount that the investor is required to receive. If a material change occurs within five business days of the maximum number of days the offering is to remain open, the offering will be extended to allow for a period of five business days for the investor to reconfirm.

If the Investor cancels his or her investment commitment during the period when cancellation is permissible, or does not reconfirm a commitment in the case of a material change to the investment, or the offering does not close, all of the Investor's funds will be returned within five business days.

Within five business days of cancellation of an offering by the Company, the Company will give each investor notification of the cancellation, disclose the reason for the cancellation, identify the refund amount the Investor will receive, and refund the Investor's funds.

The Company's right to cancel. The Investment Agreement you will execute with us provides the Company the right to cancel for any reason before the offering

deadline.

If the sum of the investment commitments from all investors does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the time of the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Ownership and Capital Structure

THE OFFERING

13. Describe the terms of the securities being offered.

Revenue Participation Agreement.

1. 100% of Adjusted Gross Proceeds shall be paid to the Early Bird Investors, Investors, and the Additional Equity Investors on a pro rata basis until such time, if ever, as the Early Bird Investors have received an amount equal to **125% of Early Bird Investor Funds** (the **first \$50k** of investors will be "Early Bird Investors") and the Investors have received an amount equal to **120% of the Investor Funds** and the Additional Equity Investors have received an amount equal to 120% of the Additional Equity Funds.

2. Following such time, if ever, any remaining Adjusted Gross Proceeds shall be referred to as "Net Profits", and shall be paid as follows: **(a) 50% to Company ("Company's Net Profits"); and (b) 50%, in the aggregate**, to Early Bird Investors, Investors, and the Additional Equity Investors on a pro rata basis. All third-party participation in Net Profits (other than those payable to Additional Investors or those that constitute expenses as further described below) shall be borne out of Company's share of Net Profits.

See exact security attached as Appendix B, Investor Contracts.

Securities Issued by the SPV

Instead of issuing its securities directly to investors, the Company has decided to issue its securities to the SPV, which will then issue interests in the SPV to investors. The SPV has been formed by Wefunder Admin, LLC and is a co-issuer with the Company of the securities being offered in this offering. The Company's use of the SPV is intended to allow investors in the SPV to achieve the same economic exposure, voting power, and ability to assert State and Federal law rights, and receive the same disclosures, as if they had invested directly in the Company. The Company's use of the SPV will not result in any additional fees being charged to investors.

The SPV has been organized and will be operated for the sole purpose of directly acquiring, holding and disposing of the Company's securities, will not borrow money and will use all of the proceeds from the sale of its securities solely to purchase a single class of securities of the Company. As a result, an investor investing in the Company through the SPV will have the same relationship to the Company's securities, in terms of number, denomination, type and rights, as if the investor invested directly in the Company.

Voting Rights

If the securities offered by the Company and those offered by the SPV have voting rights, those voting rights may be exercised by the investor or his or her proxy. The applicable proxy is the Lead Investor, if the Proxy (described below) is in effect.

Proxy to the Lead Investor

The SPV securities have voting rights. With respect to those voting rights, the investor and his, her, or its transferees or assignees (collectively, the "Investor"), through a power of attorney granted by Investor in the Investor Agreement, has appointed or will appoint the Lead Investor as the Investor's true and lawful proxy and attorney (the "Proxy") with the power to act alone and with full power of substitution, on behalf of the Investor to: (i) vote all securities related to the Company purchased in an offering hosted by Wefunder Portal, and (ii) execute, in connection with such voting power, any instrument or document that the Lead Investor determines is necessary and appropriate in the exercise of his or her authority. Such Proxy will be irrevocable by the Investor unless and until a successor lead investor ("Replacement Lead Investor") takes the place of the Lead Investor. Upon notice that a Replacement Lead Investor has taken the place of the Lead Investor, the Investor will have five (5) calendar days to revoke the Proxy. If the Proxy is not revoked within the 5-day time period, it shall remain in effect.

Restriction on Transferability

The SPV securities are subject to restrictions on transfer, as set forth in the Subscription Agreement and the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Wefunder SPV, LLC, and may not be transferred without the prior approval of the Company, on behalf of the SPV.

14. Do the securities offered have voting rights?

Yes

Yes
 No

15. Are there any limitations on any voting or other rights identified above?

See the above description of the Proxy to the Lead Investor.

16. How may the terms of the securities being offered be modified?

This Agreement contains the entire understanding of the Parties relating to the subject matter herein, and supersedes all other agreements between the Parties whether written or oral relating thereto, and may not be modified or amended except by written instrument executed by both of the parties hereto.

Pursuant to authorization in the Investor Agreement between each Investor and Wefunder Portal, Wefunder Portal is authorized to take the following actions with respect to the investment contract between the Company and an investor:

A. Wefunder Portal may amend the terms of an investment contract, provided that the amended terms are more favorable to the investor than the original terms; and

B. Wefunder Portal may reduce the amount of an investor's investment if the reason for the reduction is that the Company's offering is oversubscribed

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED:

The securities being offered may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the one year period beginning when the securities were issued, unless such securities are transferred:

1. to the issuer;
2. to an accredited investor;
3. as part of an offering registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission; or
4. to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstance.

NOTE: The term "accredited investor" means any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, or who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person.

The term "member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent" includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER'S SECURITIES

17. What other securities or classes of securities of the issuer are outstanding? Describe the material terms of any other outstanding securities or classes of securities of the issuer.

Class of Security	Securities	Securities	Voting Rights
	(or Amount) Authorized	(or Amount) Outstanding	
	This is an LLC with no issued units.		

Class of Security **Securities Reserved for Issuance upon Exercise or Conversion**

Warrants: _____

Options: _____

Describe any other rights:

N/A

18. How may the rights of the securities being offered be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security identified above?

Because the Investor holds no voting rights in the company, the holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company could limit the Investor's rights in a material way. For example, those interest holders could vote to change the terms of the agreements governing the Company's operations or cause the Company to engage in additional offerings (including potentially a public offering). These decisions could affect gross revenues and diminish payments made to Investors.

Based on the risk that the company may never realize revenues or face a Default Event, the Investor may never see any returns.

Additional risks related to the rights of other security holders are discussed below in Question 20.

19. Are there any differences not reflected above between the securities being offered and each other class of security of the issuer?

There are no units issued in this offering. This is a Funding Agreement. For more information please review the Offering Details Document.

As a holder of a Funding Agreement you will have no voting rights, and limited ability, if at all, to influence out policies or any other corporate matter, including the election of directors, changes to the Company's governance documents, additional issuances of securities, company repurchases of securities, a sale of the Company or of assets of the Company, or transactions with related parties.

20. How could the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders identified in Question 6 above affect the purchasers of the securities being offered?

As holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company, **the unitholders** may make decisions with which the Investor disagrees, or that negatively affect the value of the Investor's securities in the Company, and the Investor will have no recourse to change these decisions. The Investor's interests may conflict with those of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the Company will develop in a way that is optimal for or advantageous to the Investor.

For example, **the unitholders** may change the terms of the operating agreement for the company, change the terms of securities issued by the Company, change the management of the Company, and even force out minority holders of securities. **The unitholders** may make changes that affect the tax treatment of the Company in ways that are unfavorable to you but favorable to them. They may also vote to engage in new offerings and/or to register certain of the Company's securities in a way that negatively affects the value of the securities the Investor owns. Other holders of securities of the Company may also have access to more information than the Investor, leaving the Investor at a disadvantage with respect to any decisions regarding the securities he or she owns.

The unitholders have the right to redeem their securities at any time. **Unitholders** could decide to force the Company to redeem their **securities** at a time that is not favorable to the Investor and is damaging to the Company. Investors' exit may affect the value of the Company and/or its viability.

In cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional units, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

21. How are the securities being offered being valued? Include examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the issuer in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions.

The offering price for the securities offered pursuant to this Form C has been determined arbitrarily by the Company, and does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company's book value, assets, earnings or other generally accepted valuation criteria. In determining the offering price, the Company did not employ investment banking firms or other outside organizations to make an independent appraisal or evaluation. Accordingly, the offering price should not be considered to be indicative of the actual value of the securities offered hereby. In the future, we will perform valuations of our common units that take into account factors such as the following:

- unrelated third party valuations of our common units;
- the price at which we sell other securities, such as convertible debt or preferred units, in light of the rights, preferences and privileges of our those securities relative to those of our common units;
- our results of operations, financial position and capital resources;
- current business conditions and projections;
- the lack of marketability of our common units;
- the hiring of key personnel and the experience of our management;
- the introduction of new products;
- the risk inherent in the development and expansion of our products;
- our stage of development and material risks related to our business;
- the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, such as an initial public offering or a sale of our company given the prevailing market conditions and the nature and history of our business;
- industry trends and competitive environment;
- trends in consumer spending, including consumer confidence;
- overall economic indicators, including gross domestic product, employment, inflation and interest rates; and
- the general economic outlook.

We will analyze factors such as those described above using a combination of financial and market-based methodologies to determine our business enterprise value. For example, we may use methodologies that assume that businesses

operating in the same industry will share similar characteristics and that the Company's value will correlate to those characteristics, and/or methodologies that compare transactions in similar securities issued by us that were conducted in the market.

22. What are the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the issuer?

An Investor in the Company will likely hold a minority position in the Company, and thus be limited as to its ability to control or influence the governance and operations of the Company.

The marketability and value of the Investor's interest in the Company will depend upon many factors outside the control of the Investor. The Company will be managed by its officers and be governed in accordance with the strategic direction and decision-making of its Management, and the Investor will have no independent right to name or remove an officer or member of the Management of the Company.

Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

23. What are the risks to purchasers associated with corporate actions, including additional issuances of securities, issuer repurchases of securities, a sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties?

Additional issuances of securities. Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured. The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

Issuer repurchases of securities. The Company may have authority to repurchase its securities from unitholders, which may serve to decrease any liquidity in the market for such securities, decrease the percentage interests held by other similarly situated investors to the Investor, and create pressure on the Investor to sell its securities to the Company concurrently.

A sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer. As a minority owner of the Company, the Investor will have limited or no ability to influence a potential sale of the Company or a substantial portion of its assets. Thus, the Investor will rely upon the executive management of the Company to manage the Company so as to maximize value for unitholders. Accordingly, the success of the Investor's investment in the Company will depend in large part upon the skill and expertise of the executive management of the Company. If the Management of the Company authorizes a sale of all or a part of the Company, or a disposition of a substantial portion of the Company's assets, there can be no guarantee that the value received by the Investor, together with the fair market estimate of the value remaining in the Company, will be equal to or exceed the value of the Investor's initial investment in the Company.

Transactions with related parties. The Investor should be aware that there will be occasions when the Company may encounter potential conflicts of interest in its operations. On any issue involving conflicts of interest, the executive management of the Company will be guided by their good faith judgement as to the Company's best interests. The Company may engage in transactions with affiliates, subsidiaries or other related parties, which may be on terms which are not arm's-length, but will be in all cases consistent with the duties of the management of the Company to its unitholders. By acquiring an interest in the Company, the Investor will be deemed to have acknowledged the existence of any such actual or potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict of interest.

24. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the issuer:

None.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 24: name the creditor, amount owed, interest rate, maturity date, and any other material terms.

25. What other exempt offerings has the issuer conducted within the past three years?

Offering Date Exemption Security Type Amount Sold Use of Proceeds
No exempt offerings.

26. Was or is the issuer or any entities controlled by or under common control with the issuer a party to any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, where the amount involved exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act during the preceding 12- month period, including the amount the issuer seeks to raise in the current offering, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest:

1. any director or officer of the issuer;
2. any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power;
3. if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer;
4. or (4) any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons.

Yes
 No

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 26: The term transaction includes, but is not limited to, any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships.

Beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraph (2) shall be determined as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement and using the same calculation described in Question 6 of this Question and Answer format.

The term "member of the family" includes any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the person, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

Compute the amount of a related party's interest in any transaction without regard to the amount of the profit or loss involved in the transaction. Where it is not practicable to state the approximate amount of the interest, disclose the approximate amount involved in the transaction.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ISSUER

27. Does the issuer have an operating history?

Yes
 No

28. Describe the financial condition of the issuer, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this offering. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis, including information regarding the strategy and plans for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" section for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Overview

Founders are creating a movie, titled "Escaping Ohio".

As both Jessica's and Collin's acting and filmmaking careers continue to rise, we hope people will likely continue to revisit this film for the next 5 years, which will continue to bring in revenue. This is only an estimated projection and cannot be guaranteed.

Given the Company's limited operating history, the Company cannot reliably estimate how much revenue it will receive in the future, if any.

Milestones

Escaping Ohio LLC was organized in the State of Ohio in April 2021.

Since then, we have:

- Written, produced, and cast a feature film which will be shooting this August starring actors from Netflix, Hulu, Amazon, CW, AMC, CBS & more
- Short film by director/writer/star Jessica Michael Davis (contractually obligated to film), "For the Gram," has played at numerous film festivals & won her a Best Actress award

- Actor in the film, Collin Kelly-Sordelet (contractually committed to film), booked the leading role in a Broadway reading of a new play. We've brought on the award-winning filmmaker, Jamie Monahan, as our casting director.
- Actor in the film, Emily Bergl (contractually committed to film), is a well known actor starring in numerous TV series, films & Broadway shows. She has played opposite Liv Tyler & Bel Powley in Wildling (premiered at SXSW & now on Netflix), as well as opposite Joey King in Radium Girls (premiered at Tribeca FF & now on Netflix).
- The script has been workshopped at the Sundance Institute.

Historical Results of Operations

Our company was organized in April 2021 and has limited operations upon which prospective investors may base an evaluation of its performance.

- *Revenues & Gross Margin.* For the period ended May 17, 2021, the Company had revenues of \$0.
- *Assets.* As of May 17, 2021, the Company had total assets of \$100.
- *Net Income.* The Company has had net income of \$0 as of May 17, 2021.
- *Liabilities.* The Company's liabilities totaled \$0 as of May 17, 2021.

Liquidity & Capital Resources

After the conclusion of this Offering, should we hit our minimum funding target, our projected runway is 18 months before we need to raise further capital.

We plan to use the proceeds as set forth in this Form C under "Use of Funds". We don't have any other sources of capital in the immediate future.

We will likely require additional financing in excess of the proceeds from the Offering in order to perform operations over the lifetime of the Company. Except as otherwise described in this Form C, we do not have additional sources of capital other than the proceeds from the offering. Because of the complexities and uncertainties in establishing a new business strategy, it is not possible to adequately project whether the proceeds of this offering will be sufficient to enable us to implement our strategy. This complexity and uncertainty will be increased if less than the maximum amount of securities offered in this offering is sold. The Company intends to raise additional capital in the future from investors. Although capital may be available for early-stage companies, there is no guarantee that the Company will receive any investments from investors.

Runway & Short/Mid Term Expenses

Escaping Ohio LLC cash in hand is \$100, as of June 2021. Over the last three months, revenues have averaged \$0/month, cost of goods sold has averaged \$0/month, and operational expenses have averaged \$0/month, for an average burn rate of \$0 per month. Our intent is to be profitable in 18 months.

Production will begin in August 2021, and we expect to spend approx. \$123,000, assuming we reach our goal for financing.

We plan to take a finished rough cut to the American Film Market in November 2021. Assuming this date - which is a projection and can't be guaranteed - we could begin to generate revenues starting early December 2021. If we do not have an interested buyer at this time, we will continue to seek a distribution route that is lucrative for everyone. This would include premiering the film at a top tier film festival in early 2023 - also a goal that can't be guaranteed - which would give the film the attention it needs to succeed. In this scenario, the film would start generating revenues in Spring 2023.

Film projections at this time are difficult estimate. Our goal is to make at least twice the budget, to bring in an ROI and profit for our investors - between \$182,000-\$480,000. This is only an estimated projection and can't be guaranteed.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 28: The discussion must cover each year for which financial statements are provided. For issuers with no prior operating history, the discussion should focus on financial milestones and operational, liquidity and other challenges. For issuers with an operating history, the discussion should focus on whether historical results and cash flows are representative of what investors should expect in the future. Take into account the proceeds of the offering and any other known or pending sources of capital. Discuss how the proceeds from the offering will affect liquidity, whether receiving these funds and any other additional funds is necessary to the viability of the business, and how quickly the issuer anticipates using its available cash. Describe the other available sources of capital to the business, such as lines of credit or required contributions by shareholders. References to the issuer in this Question 28 and these instructions refer to the issuer and its predecessors, if any.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

29. Include financial statements covering the two most recently completed fiscal years or the period(s) since inception, if shorter:

This offering is being conducted on an expedited basis due to circumstances relating to COVID-19 and pursuant to Reg. CF Temporary Rule 201(z)(3), which

provides temporary relief from certain financial information requirements by allowing issuers to provide financial information certified by the principal executive officer of the issuer instead of financial statements reviewed by a public accountant that is independent of the issuer.>

Refer to [Appendix C, Financial Statements](#)

I, Jessica Michael Davis, certify that:

- (1) the financial statements of Escaping Ohio LLC included in this Form are true and complete in all material respects ; and
- (2) the tax return information of Escaping Ohio LLC included in this Form reflects accurately the information reported on the tax return for Escaping Ohio LLC filed for the most recently completed fiscal year.

Jessica Michael Davis
Founder

STAKEHOLDER ELIGIBILITY

30. With respect to the issuer, any predecessor of the issuer, any affiliated issuer, any director, officer, general partner or managing member of the issuer, any beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, any promoter connected with the issuer in any capacity at the time of such sale, any person that has been or will be paid (directly or indirectly) remuneration for solicitation of purchasers in connection with such sale of securities, or any general partner, director, officer or managing member of any such solicitor, prior to May 16, 2016:

(1) Has any such person been convicted, within 10 years (or five years, in the case of issuers, their predecessors and affiliated issuers) before the filing of this offering statement, of any felony or misdemeanor:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security? Yes No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? Yes No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? Yes No

(2) Is any such person subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act that, at the time of filing of this offering statement, restrains or enjoins such person from engaging or continuing to engage in any conduct or practice:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security? Yes No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? Yes No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? Yes No

(3) Is any such person subject to a final order of a state securities commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); a state authority that supervises or examines banks, savings associations or credit unions; a state insurance commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); an appropriate federal banking agency; the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or the National Credit Union Administration that:

- i. at the time of the filing of this offering statement bars the person from:
 - A. association with an entity regulated by such commission, authority, agency or officer? Yes No
 - B. engaging in the business of securities, insurance or banking? Yes No
 - C. engaging in savings association or credit union activities? Yes No
- ii. constitutes a final order based on a violation of any law or regulation that prohibits fraudulent, manipulative or deceptive conduct and for which the order was entered within the 10-year period ending on the date of the filing of this offering statement? Yes No

(4) Is any such person subject to an order of the Commission entered pursuant to Section 15(b) or 15B(c) of the Exchange Act or Section 203(e) or (f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement:

- i. suspends or revokes such person's registration as a broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser or funding portal? Yes No
- ii. places limitations on the activities, functions or operations of such person? Yes No
- iii. bars such person from being associated with any entity or from participating in the offering of any penny stock? Yes No

(5) Is any such person subject to any order of the Commission entered within five years before the filing of this offering statement that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement, orders the person to cease and desist from committing or causing a violation or future violation of:

- i. any scienter-based anti-fraud provision of the federal securities laws, including without limitation Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, Section 15(c)(1) of the Exchange Act and Section 206(1) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or any other rule or regulation thereunder? Yes No
- ii. Section 5 of the Securities Act? Yes No

(6) Is any such person suspended or expelled from membership in, or suspended or barred from association with a member of, a registered national securities exchange or a registered national or affiliated securities association for any act or omission to act constituting conduct inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade?

Yes No

(7) Has any such person filed (as a registrant or issuer), or was any such person or was any such person named as an underwriter in, any registration statement or Regulation A offering statement filed with the Commission that, within five years before the filing of this offering statement, was the subject of a refusal order, stop order, or order suspending the Regulation A exemption, or is any such person, at the time of such filing, the subject of an investigation or proceeding to determine whether a stop order or suspension order should be issued?

Yes No

(8) Is any such person subject to a United States Postal Service false representation order entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act, or is any such person, at the time of filing of this offering statement, subject to a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction with respect to conduct alleged by the United States Postal Service to constitute a scheme or device for obtaining money or property through the mail by means of false representations?

Yes No

If you would have answered "Yes" to any of these questions had the conviction, order, judgment, decree, suspension, expulsion or bar occurred or been issued after May 16, 2016, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: Final order means a written directive or declaratory statement issued by a federal or state agency, described in Rule 503(a)(3) of Regulation Crowdfunding, under applicable statutory authority that provides for notice and an opportunity for hearing, which constitutes a final disposition or action by that federal or state agency.

No matters are required to be disclosed with respect to events relating to any affiliated issuer that occurred before the affiliation arose if the affiliated entity is not (i) in control of the issuer or (ii) under common control with the issuer by a third party that was in control of the affiliated entity at the time of such events.

OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION

31. In addition to the information expressly required to be included in this Form, include:

- (1) any other material information presented to investors; and
- (2) such further material information, if any, as may be necessary to make the required statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

The Lead Investor. As described above, each Investor that has entered into the Investor Agreement will grant a power of attorney to make voting decisions on behalf of that Investor to the Lead Investor (the "Proxy"). The Proxy is irrevocable unless and until a Successor Lead Investor takes the place of the Lead Investor, in which case, the Investor has a five (5) calendar day period to revoke the Proxy. Pursuant to the Proxy, the Lead Investor or his or her successor will make voting decisions and take any other actions in connection with the voting on Investors' behalf.

The Lead Investor is an experienced investor that is chosen to act in the role of Lead Investor on behalf of Investors that have a Proxy in effect. The Lead Investor will be chosen by the Company and approved by Wefunder Inc. and the identity of the initial Lead Investor will be disclosed to Investors before Investors make a final investment decision to purchase the securities related to the Company.

The Lead Investor can quit at any time or can be removed by Wefunder Inc. for cause or pursuant to a vote of investors as detailed in the Lead Investor Agreement. In the event the Lead Investor quits or is removed, the Company will choose a Successor Lead Investor who must be approved by Wefunder Inc. The identity of the Successor Lead Investor will be disclosed to Investors, and those that have a Proxy in effect can choose to either leave such Proxy in place or revoke such Proxy during a 5-day period beginning with notice of the replacement of the Lead Investor.

The Lead Investor will not receive any compensation for his or her services to the SPV. The Lead Investor may receive compensation if, in the future, Wefunder Advisors LLC forms a fund ("Fund") for accredited investors for the purpose of investing in a non-Regulation Crowdfunding offering of the Company. In such a circumstance, the Lead Investor may act as a portfolio manager for that Fund (and as a supervised person of Wefunder Advisors) and may be compensated through that role.

Although the Lead Investor may act in multiple roles with respect to the Company's offerings and may potentially be compensated for some of its services, the Lead Investor's goal is to maximize the value of the Company and therefore maximize the value of securities issued by or related to the Company. As a result, the Lead Investor's interests should always be aligned with those of Investors. It is, however, possible that in some limited circumstances the Lead Investor's interests could diverge from the interests of Investors, as discussed in section 8 above.

Investors that wish to purchase securities related to the Company through Wefunder Portal must agree to give the Proxy described above to the Lead Investor, provided that if the Lead Investor is replaced, the investor will have a 5-day period during which he or she may revoke the Proxy. If the Proxy is not revoked during this 5-day period, it will remain in effect.

Tax Filings. In order to complete necessary tax filings, the SPV is required to include information about each investor who holds an interest in the SPV, including each investor's taxpayer identification number ("TIN") (e.g., social security number or employer identification number). To the extent they have not already done so, each investor will be required to provide their TIN within the earlier of (i) two (2) years of making their investment or (ii) twenty (20) days prior to the date of any distribution from the SPV. If an investor does not provide their TIN within this time, the SPV reserves the right to withhold from any proceeds otherwise payable to the Investor an amount necessary for the SPV to satisfy its tax withholding obligations as well as the SPV's reasonable estimation of any penalties that may be charged by the IRS or other relevant authority as a result of the investor's failure to provide their TIN. Investors should carefully review the terms of the SPV Subscription Agreement for additional information about tax filings.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: If information is presented to investors in a format, media or other means not able to be reflected in text or portable document format, the issuer should include: (a) a description of the material content of such information; (b) a description of the format in which such disclosure is presented; and (c) in the case of disclosure in video, audio or other dynamic media or format, a transcript or description of such disclosure.

ONGOING REPORTING

32. The issuer will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than:

120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

33. Once posted, the annual report may be found on the issuer's website at:

https://www.imdb.com/title/tt14940842/?ref_ext_shr_lnk/invest

The issuer must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

1. the issuer is required to file reports under Exchange Act Sections 13(a) or 15(d);
2. the issuer has filed at least one annual report and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
3. the issuer has filed at least three annual reports and has total assets that do not exceed \$10 million;
4. the issuer or another party purchases or repurchases all of the securities issued pursuant to Section 4(a)(6), including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or the issuer liquidates or dissolves in accordance with state law.

APPENDICES

[Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#)

[Appendix B: Investor Contracts](#)

[SPV Subscription Agreement](#)

[SPV Subscription Agreement - Early Bird](#)

[Early Bird Escaping Ohio Final Agreement](#)

[Escaping Ohio Final Agreement](#)

[Appendix C: Financial Statements](#)

[Financials 1](#)

[Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#)

[Jessica Michael Davis](#)

[Appendix E: Supporting Documents](#)

[operatingagreement.pdf](#)

[ttw_communications_85641_211425.pdf](#)

Signatures

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

The following documents will be filed with the SEC:

[Cover Page XML](#)

Offering Statement (this page)

[Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#)

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[Jessica Michael Davis](#)

Appendix E: Supporting Documents

[operatingagreement.pdf](#)

[ttw_communications_85641_211425.pdf](#)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Escaping Ohio LLC

By

Jessica Michael Davis

Director/Writer/Sam

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C and Transfer Agent Agreement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Collin Kelly-Sordelet

Producer/JJ
7/30/2021

Jessica Michael Davis

Director/Writer/Sam
7/30/2021

The Form C must be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.

I authorize Wefunder Portal to submit a Form C to the SEC based on the information I provided through this online form and my company's Wefunder profile.

As an authorized representative of the company, I appoint Wefunder Portal as the company's true and lawful representative and attorney-in-fact, in the company's name, place and stead to make, execute, sign, acknowledge, swear to and file a Form C on the company's behalf. This power of attorney is coupled with an interest and is irrevocable. The company hereby waives any and all defenses that may be available to contest, negate or disaffirm the actions of Wefunder Portal taken in good faith under or in reliance upon this power of attorney.