

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM C/A

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

(Mark one.)

- ☐ Form C: Offering Statement
☐ Form C-U: Progress Update
☒ Form C/A: Amendment to Offering Statement

☒ Check box if Amendment is material and investors must reconfirm within five business days.

Issuer is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from November 12, 2021 to March 4, 2022; identify the issuance of a 2021A convertible note for \$50,000; update the Issuer's profile page on the Intermediary's website reflecting a successor employee acting as Director of Sales, West, as set forth on Exhibit B to this Form C/A; and add the middle name of its officer and director, Caroline DesRosiers, so as to reflect the name as shown on her government issued identification.

- ☐ Form C-AR: Annual Report
☐ Form C-AR/A: Amendment to Annual Report
☐ Form C-TR: Termination of Reporting

Name of Issuer:

Troop Beverage Co.

Legal status of Issuer:

Form:

Corporation

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization:

Delaware

Date of Organization:

April 2, 2018

Physical Address of Issuer:

3006 Gough Street, 301, San Francisco, CA, 94123, United States

Website of Issuer:

<https://drinktroop.com>

Is there a co-issuer? ___ yes _X_ no.

Name of Intermediary through which the Offering will be Conducted:

OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic

CIK Number of Intermediary:

0001751525

SEC File Number of Intermediary:

007-00167

CRD Number of Intermediary:

283874

Name of qualified third party "Escrow Agent" which the Offering will utilize:

Prime Trust, LLC

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

At the conclusion of the offering, the issuer shall pay a fee of six percent (6%) of the amount raised in the offering to the Intermediary.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to two percent (2%) of the total number of the securities sold in the offering.

Type of Security Offered:

Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Target Number of Securities to be Offered:

25,000

Price (or Method for Determining Price):

\$1.00

Target Offering Amount:

\$25,000

Oversubscriptions Accepted:



Yes



No

Oversubscriptions will be Allocated:



Pro-rata basis



First-come, first-served basis



Other: At the Intermediary's discretion

Maximum offering amount (if different from Target Offering Amount):

\$1,070,000

Deadline to reach the Target Offering Amount:

March 4, 2022

If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the deadline to reach the target offering amount, no Securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current Number of Employees:

3

	Most recent fiscal year-end (2020)	Prior fiscal year-end (2019)
Total Assets	\$144,709	\$112,029
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$4,213	\$9,775
Accounts Receivable	\$9,555	\$20,379
Short-term Debt	\$409,506	\$52,269
Long-term Debt	\$97,800	\$105,000
Revenues/Sales	\$76,953	\$65,488
Cost of Goods Sold	\$172,415	\$31,476
Taxes Paid	\$0	\$0
Net Income	(\$330,127)	(\$48,111)

The jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District Of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virgin Islands, U.S., Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Troop Beverage Co. is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from November 12, 2021 to March 4, 2022; identify the issuance of a 2021A convertible note of \$50,000; update the Issuer's profile page on the Intermediary's website reflecting a successor employee acting as Director of Sales, West, as set forth on Exhibit B to this Form C/A; and add the middle name of its officer and director, Caroline DesRosiers, so as to reflect the name as shown on her government issued identification. The Form C filed by the Company on June 30, 2021, is hereby amended and superseded in all respects by this Form C/A.

November 10, 2021

Troop Beverage Co.

TROOP

Up to \$1,070,000 of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Troop Beverage Co. ("Troop", the "Company," "we," "us", or "our"), is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the "**Target Offering Amount**") and up to a maximum amount of \$1,070,000 (the "**Maximum Offering Amount**") of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) (the "**Securities**") on a best efforts basis as described in this Form C/A (this "**Offering**"). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by March 4, 2022 (the "**Offering Deadline**"). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled, and all committed funds will be returned.

Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as "**Investors**" or "**you**". The rights and obligations of Investors with respect to the Securities are set forth below in the section titled "*The Offering and the Securities—The Securities*". In order to purchase the Securities, you must complete the purchase process through our intermediary, OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the "**Intermediary**"). All committed funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC (the "**Escrow Agent**") until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary.

Investment commitments may be accepted or rejected by us, in our sole and absolute discretion. We have the right to cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time and for any reason. The Intermediary has the ability to reject any investment commitment and may cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time for any reason.

	Price to Investors	Service Fees and Commissions (1)(2)	Net Proceeds
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount (3)	\$100	\$6.00	\$94.00

Maximum Individual Purchase Amount (3)(4)	\$107,000	\$6,420	\$100,580
Target Offering Amount	\$25,000	\$1,500	\$23,500
Maximum Offering Amount	\$1,070,000	\$64,200	\$1,005,800

- (1) This excludes fees to Company's advisors, such as attorneys and accountants.
- (2) In addition to the six percent (6%) fee shown here, the Intermediary will also receive a securities commission equal to two percent (2%) of the Securities sold in this Offering.
- (3) The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount and Maximum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary's special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts and Maximum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.
- (4) Subject to any other investment amount limitations applicable to the Investor under Regulation CF.

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this Offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. These Securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any Securities offered or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

These Securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these Securities are exempt from registration.

THESE SECURITIES INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK THAT MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL INVESTORS. THERE ARE ALSO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY AND THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY ARE NOT PUBLICLY TRADED. THERE IS NO PUBLIC MARKET FOR THE SECURITIES AND ONE MAY NEVER DEVELOP. AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY IS HIGHLY SPECULATIVE. THE SECURITIES SHOULD NOT BE PURCHASED BY ANYONE WHO CANNOT BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISK OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME AND WHO CANNOT AFFORD THE LOSS OF THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. SEE THE SECTION OF THIS FORM C/A TITLED "*RISK FACTORS*" BEGINNING ON PAGE 2.

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY WILL HAVE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. NO SECURITIES MAY BE PLEDGED, TRANSFERRED, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF BY ANY INVESTOR EXCEPT PURSUANT TO RULE 501 OF REGULATION CF. YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

YOU ARE NOT TO CONSTRUE THE CONTENTS OF THIS FORM C/A AS LEGAL, ACCOUNTING OR TAX ADVICE OR AS INFORMATION NECESSARILY APPLICABLE TO YOUR PARTICULAR FINANCIAL SITUATION. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN FINANCIAL ADVISER, COUNSEL AND ACCOUNTANT AS TO LEGAL, TAX AND RELATED MATTERS CONCERNING THEIR INVESTMENT.

THIS OFFERING IS ONLY EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS TERRITORIES. NO OFFER IS BEING MADE IN ANY JURISDICTION NOT LISTED ABOVE. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE PERMISSIBILITY OF

THEIR PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING, INCLUDING OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL FORMALITIES AND SEEKING CONSENT FROM THEIR LOCAL REGULATOR, IF NECESSARY. THE INTERMEDIARY FACILITATING THIS OFFERING IS LICENSED AND REGISTERED SOLELY IN THE UNITED STATES AND HAS NOT SECURED, AND HAS NOT SOUGHT TO SECURE, A LICENSE OR WAIVER OF THE NEED FOR SUCH LICENSE IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. THE COMPANY, THE ESCROW AGENT AND THE INTERMEDIARY, EACH RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY INVESTMENT COMMITMENT MADE BY ANY PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR, WHETHER FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FOREIGN INVESTORS

IF YOU LIVE OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN INVESTOR.

NOTICE REGARDING THE ESCROW AGENT

PRIME TRUST LLC, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT'S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Company has certified that all of the following statements are TRUE for the Company in connection with this Offering:

- (1) Is organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) Is not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “**Exchange Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
- (3) Is not an investment company, as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “**Investment Company Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
- (4) Is not ineligible to offer or sell securities in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the “**Securities Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) as a result of a disqualification as specified in § 227.503(a);
- (5) Has filed with the SEC and provided to investors, to the extent required, any ongoing annual reports required by law during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this Form C/A; and
- (6) Has a specific business plan, which is not to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

Bad Actor Disclosure

The Company is not subject to any bad actor disqualifications under any relevant U.S. securities laws.

Ongoing Reporting

Following the first sale of the Securities, the Company will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year.

Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at <https://drinktroop.com>.

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with applicable state law.

Neither the Company nor any of its predecessors (if any) previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirement of Regulation CF.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: <https://www.republic.co/troop>

The date of this Form C/A is November 10, 2021.

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ABOUT THIS FORM C/A

You should rely only on the information contained in this Form C/A. We have not authorized anyone to provide any information or make any representations other than those contained in this Form C/A, and no source other than the Intermediary has been authorized to host this Form C/A and the Offering. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not offering to sell, nor seeking offers to buy, the Securities in any jurisdiction where such offers and sales are not permitted. The information contained in this Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents, regardless of the time of delivery of this Form C/A or the time of issuance or sale of any Securities.

Statements contained herein as to the content of any agreements or other documents are summaries and, therefore, are necessarily selective and incomplete and are qualified in their entirety by the actual agreements or other documents. Prior to the consummation of the purchase and sale of the Securities, the Company will afford prospective Investors an opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of this Offering and the Company.

In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. The statements of the Company contained herein are based on information believed to be reliable; however, no warranty can be made as to the accuracy of such information or that circumstances have not changed since the date of this Form C/A. For example, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects may have changed since the date of this Form C/A. The Company does not expect to update or otherwise revise this Form C/A or any other materials supplied herewith.

This Form C/A is submitted in connection with the Offering described herein and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements and are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact or relating to present facts or current conditions included in this Form C/A are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current reasonable expectations and projections regarding our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “plan,” “intend,” “believe,” “may,” “should,” “can have,” “likely” and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein are based on reasonable assumptions we have made in light of our industry experience, perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this Form C/A, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual operating and financial performance and cause our performance to differ materially from the performance anticipated in the forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect or change, our actual operating and financial performance may vary in material respects from the performance projected in these forward-looking statements.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements made in this Form C/A or any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this Form C/A or to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this Form C/A. This summary may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire Form C/A carefully, including the matters discussed under the section titled “Risk Factors.”

The Company

Troop Beverage Co. is a full flavor, full strength cocktail manufacturer incorporated in Delaware as a corporation on April 2, 2018.

The Company is located at 3006 Gough Street, 301, San Francisco, CA, 94123, United States.

The Company’s website is <https://drinktroop.com>.

The Company conducts business in California and sells products through the internet and in retail stores throughout the United States.

A description of our products, services and business plan can be found on the Company’s profile page on the Intermediary’s website under <https://republic.co/troop> and is attached as Exhibit B to this Form C/A.

The Offering

Minimum Amount of the Securities Offered	25,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Target Offering Amount met)	25,000*
Maximum Amount of the Securities Offered	1,070,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Maximum Offering Amount met)	1,070,000*
Price Per Security	\$1.00
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount	\$100 ⁺
Maximum Individual Purchase Amount	\$107,000
Offering Deadline	March 4, 2022
Use of Proceeds	See the description of the use of proceeds on page 27 hereof.
Voting Rights	See the description of the voting rights on page 45.

*The total number of the Securities outstanding after the Offering is subject to increase in an amount equal to the Intermediary’s fee of two percent (2%) of the Securities issued in this Offering.

+ The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount and Maximum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary’s special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts and Maximum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Securities involves a high degree of risk and may result in the loss of your entire investment. Before making an investment decision with respect to the Securities, we urge you to carefully consider the risks described in this section and other factors set forth in this Form C/A. In addition to the risks specified below, the Company is subject to same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently riskier than more developed companies. Prospective Investors should consult with their legal, tax and financial advisors prior to making an investment in the Securities. The Securities should only be purchased by persons who can afford to lose all of their investment.

Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry

We have a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our performance, and accordingly, our prospects must be considered in light of the risks that any new company encounters.

The Company is still in an early phase and we are just beginning to implement our business plan. There can be no assurance that we will ever operate profitably. The likelihood of our success should be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays usually encountered by early stage companies. The Company may not be successful in attaining the objectives necessary for it to overcome these risks and uncertainties.

We may not be able to develop and market successful new cocktail products, which are important to our growth.

An important part of our strategy is to increase our sales through the development of new cocktail products. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to develop, market and distribute future products that will enjoy market acceptance. The failure to continue to develop new products that gain market acceptance could have an adverse impact on our growth and materially adversely affect our financial condition. We may have higher obsolescent product expense if new products fail to perform as expected due to the need to write off excess inventory of the new products.

Our results of operations may be impacted in various ways by the introduction of new products, even if they are successful, including the following:

- sales of new products could adversely impact sales of existing products;
- we may incur higher cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses in the periods when we introduce new products due to increased costs associated with the introduction and marketing of new products, most of which are expensed as incurred; and
- when we introduce new platforms and bottle sizes, we may experience increased freight and logistics costs as our co-packers adjust their facilities for the new products.

Increased concern about the health effects of sugar beverages could result in changes to the beverage business.

Although our products are generally low in sugar, public health officials and government agencies in the majority of our markets, are increasingly concerned with public health consequences associated with obesity, particularly among young people. Additionally, some researchers, health advocates and dietary guidelines are encouraging consumers to reduce consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages and beverages sweetened with nutritive or alternative sweeteners. Increasing public concern about these issues, the possibility of taxes on sugar-sweetened beverages or other sweeteners, additional governmental regulations concerning the marketing, labeling, packaging or sale of our beverages and any negative publicity resulting from actual or threatened legal actions against beverage companies relating to the marketing, labeling or sale of beverages may reduce demand for our products or increase the cost, which could adversely affect our profitability.

Our cocktails are considered premium alcohol beverages and are being sold at premium prices compared to our competitors' products; we cannot provide any assurances as to consumers' continued market acceptance of our current and future products.

We will compete directly with other cocktails producers. Products offered by our direct competitors are sold in various volumes and ranging prices. We currently offer our product in aluminum cans of 200 millileters each. Our competitors may introduce larger sizes and offer them at an price that is lower than our products. We can provide no assurances that consumers will continue to purchase our products or that they will not prefer to purchase a competitive product.

The market for alcohol beverages within the United States is highly competitive, due to the introduction and expansion of hard seltzer, hard iced-tea, hard cider and other brand substitutes for spirits, beer and wine, the increasing number of domestic and international beverage companies with similar pricing and target drinkers, the gains in market share achieved by the foregoing, the acquisition of competitors by larger brands. Some of the largest of these competitors include AB InBev, Molson Coors, Constellation, Heineken and Mark Anthony Brands as they introduce new hard seltzers, hard iced-teas, hard ciders and other brand substitutes for spirits, beer and wine and, expand their efforts behind existing brands and acquire other brands. Imported beers, such as Corona®, Heineken®, Modelo Especial® and Stella Artois®, also continue to compete aggressively against us. The Company anticipates competition among other distillers, brewers and suppliers of hard seltzers, hard iced-teas, hard ciders and other brand substitutes for spirits, beer and wine, will remain strong as some existing brandrds are building more capacity, expanding geographically and adding more SKUs and styles. The continued growth in the sales of hard seltzers, hard iced-teas, hard ciders and other brand substitutes for spirits, beer and wine is expected to increase the competition in the market for our products within the United States and, as a result, prices and market share of the Company's products may fluctuate and possibly decline.

The Company's products compete generally with other alcoholic beverages. The Company competes with other beer, wine, and spirits companies not only for drinker acceptance and loyalty, but also for shelf, cold box and tap space in retail establishments and for marketing focus by the Company's distributors and their customers, all of which also distribute and sell other hard seltzers, hard iced-teas, hard ciders and other brand substitutes for spirits, beer and wine, beers and other alcoholic beverage products. Many of the Company's competitors, including AB InBev, Molson Coors, Constellation, Heineken and Mark Anthony Brands, have substantially greater financial resources, marketing strength and distribution networks than the Company. Moreover, the introduction of new products by competitors that compete directly with the Company's products or that diminish the importance of the Company's products to retailers or distributors may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial results.

Further, the alcoholic beverage market has seen continued consolidation among producers in order to take advantage of cost savings opportunities for supplies, distribution and operations. Illustrative of this consolidation is AB InBev's \$107 billion purchase of SAB Miller and the related sale by SAB Miller to Molson Coors of its 58% share of the MillerCoors joint venture with Molson Coors, as well as Heineken's acquisition of Lagunitas Brewing Company for approximately \$1 billion. Also, in the last several years, both AB InBev and Molson Coors have introduced numerous new hard seltzers and purchased multiple regional craft breweries with the intention to expand the capacity and distribution of their capacities. Due to the increased leverage that these combined operations will have in distribution and sales and marketing expenses, the costs to the Company of competing could increase. The potential also exists for these large competitors to increase their influence with their distributors making it difficult for smaller companies to maintain their market presence or enter new markets. The continuing consolidation could also reduce the contract brewing capacity that is available to the Company. These potential increases in the number and availability of competing brands, the costs to compete, reductions in contract brewing capacity and decreases in distribution support and opportunities may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial results.

Alternative non-commercial beverages or processes could hurt our business.

The availability of non-commercial beverages, such as tap water, and of commercial beverages, such as seltzer, wine, or beer, or make-at-home kits for similar products, or machines capable of producing flavored water or other beverages at the consumer's home or at store-fronts could hurt our business, market share, and profitability.

Our inability to secure, maintain and increase our presence in retail stores could adversely impact our revenue, and in turn our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be adversely affected.

Our operations include sales to retail stores and their related websites, which in 2020, accounted for a substantial portion of our revenue. The success of our business is largely dependent on our continuing development of strong relationships with Whole Foods®, Total Wine & More®, Nugget Markets®, Woodlands Market®, Gus's®, Sonoma Market®, The Epicurean Trader®, and others. The loss of our relationship with any large retail partner could have a

significant impact on our revenue. In addition, we may be unable to secure adequate shelf space in new markets, or any shelf space at all, until we develop relationships with the retailers that operate in such markets. Consequently, growth opportunities through our retail channel may be limited and our revenue, business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be adversely affected if we are unable to successfully establish relationships with other retailers in new or current markets.

We also face severe competition to display our products on store shelves and obtain optimal presence on those shelves. Due to the intense competition for limited shelf space, retailers are in a position to negotiate favorable terms of sale, including price discounts, allowances and product return policies. To the extent we elect to increase discounts or allowances in an effort to secure shelf space, our operating results could be adversely affected. We may not be able to increase or sustain our volume of retail shelf space or offer retailers price discounts sufficient to overcome competition and, as a result, our sales and results of operations could be adversely affected. In addition, many of our competitors have significantly greater financial, manufacturing, marketing, management and other resources than we do and may have greater name recognition, a more established distribution network and a larger base of wholesale customers and distributors. Many of our competitors also have well-established relationships with our current and potential consumers who purchase other skin and personal care or household and wellness products at retail stores, and have extensive knowledge of our target markets. As a result, these competitors may be able to devote greater resources to the development, promotion and sale of their products and respond more quickly to evolving consumer preferences for us. If our competitors' sales surpass ours, retailers may give higher priority to our competitors' products, causing such retailers to reduce their efforts to sell our products and resulting in the loss of advantageous shelf space.

The loss of one or more of our major customers or a decline in demand from one or more of these customers could harm our business.

There can be no assurance that our major customers will continue to order our products at the same level or at all. A reduction or delay in orders from such customers, including reductions or delays due to market, economic or competitive conditions, could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

Consumers may have preconceptions about the health benefits of black tea, hibiscus lemon, mint or other raw material in our products; such health benefits are not guaranteed or proven.

Health benefits of our products are not guaranteed and have not been proven. Although we do not market our products as having any potential health benefits, there may be a consumer perception that drinking our products may have beneficial health effects. Consequently, negative changes in consumers' perception of the benefits of our products or negative publicity surrounding our product may result in loss of market share or potential market share and hence, loss of your investment. We are also prohibited from touting unconfirmed health benefits in our advertising and promotional activities for the products, both directly and indirectly through claims made by third-party endorsers when those endorsers have a material connection to our company.

Our dependence on a limited number of vendors leaves us vulnerable to having an inadequate supply of required products, price increases, late deliveries, and poor product quality.

Like other companies in our industry, we occasionally experience shortages and are unable to purchase our desired volume of products. Increasingly, our vendors are combining and merging together, leaving us with fewer alternative sources. If we are unable to maintain an adequate supply of products, our revenue and gross profit could suffer considerably. Finally, we cannot provide any assurance that our products will be available in quantities sufficient to meet customer demand. Any limits to product access could materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Commodity price volatility could negatively impact profits.

We may experience shortages in these items as a result of commodity market fluctuations, availability, increased demand, weather conditions, and natural disasters as well as other factors outside of our control. Changes in the prices of our products may lag behind changes in the costs of our commodities. Accordingly, competitive pressures may limit our ability to maintain existing margins and have a material adverse effect on our operating profits.

Changes in the non-alcoholic beverage business environment and retail landscape could adversely impact our financial results.

The non-alcoholic beverage business environment is rapidly evolving as a result of, among other things, changes in consumer preferences, including changes based on health and nutrition considerations and obesity concerns; shifting consumer tastes and needs; changes in consumer lifestyles; and competitive product and pricing pressures. In addition, the non-alcoholic beverage retail landscape is very dynamic and constantly evolving, not only in emerging and developing markets, where modern trade is growing at a faster pace than traditional trade outlets, but also in developed markets, where discounters and value stores, as well as the volume of transactions through e-commerce, are growing at a rapid pace. If we are unable to successfully adapt to the rapidly changing environment and retail landscape, our share of sales, volume growth and overall financial results could be negatively affected by consumers' preference for non-alcoholic beverages.

Global crises such as COVID-19 can have a significant effect on our business operations and revenue projections.

With shelter-in-place orders and non-essential business closings potentially happening throughout 2020, 2021 and into the future due to COVID-19, the Company's revenue has been adversely affected, including through the lack of operations, including being at maximum capacity, of bars, restaurants and other food and beverage facilities at which the Company's products have been or could be sold.

The amount of capital the Company is attempting to raise in this Offering may not be enough to sustain the Company's current business plan.

In order to achieve the Company's near and long-term goals, the Company may need to procure funds in addition to the amount raised in the Offering. There is no guarantee the Company will be able to raise such funds on acceptable terms or at all. If we are not able to raise sufficient capital in the future, we may not be able to execute our business plan, our continued operations will be in jeopardy and we may be forced to cease operations and sell or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of our remaining assets, which could cause an Investor to lose all or a portion of their investment.

We may face potential difficulties in obtaining capital.

We may have difficulty raising needed capital in the future as a result of, among other factors, our lack of revenues from sales, as well as the inherent business risks associated with our Company and present and future market conditions. We will require additional funds to execute our business strategy and conduct our operations. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, reduce the scope of or eliminate one or more of our research, development or commercialization programs, product launches or marketing efforts, any of which may materially harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may not have enough authorized capital stock to issue shares of common stock to investors upon the conversion of any security convertible into shares of our common stock, including the Securities.

Currently, our authorized capital stock consists of 10,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 7,200,000 shares of common stock are issued and outstanding. Unless we increase our authorized capital stock, we may not have enough authorized common stock to be able to obtain funding by issuing shares of our common stock or securities convertible into shares of our common stock. We may also not have enough authorized capital stock to issue shares of common stock to investors upon the conversion of any security convertible into shares of our common stock, including the Securities.

We may implement new lines of business or offer new products and services within existing lines of business.

As an early-stage company, we may implement new lines of business at any time. There are substantial risks and uncertainties associated with these efforts, particularly in instances where the markets are not fully developed. In developing and marketing new lines of business and/or new products and services, we may invest significant time and resources. Initial timetables for the introduction and development of new lines of business and/or new products or services may not be achieved, and price and profitability targets may not prove feasible. We may not be successful in introducing new products and services in response to industry trends or developments in technology, or those new

products may not achieve market acceptance. As a result, we could lose business, be forced to price products and services on less advantageous terms to retain or attract clients or be subject to cost increases. As a result, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

We rely on other companies to provide components and services for our products.

We depend on suppliers and contractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or contractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate manufacture of major components or subsystems for our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide components which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be unable to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two contractors or suppliers for a particular component. Our products may utilize custom components available from only one source. Continued availability of those components at acceptable prices, or at all, may be affected for any number of reasons, including if those suppliers decide to concentrate on the production of common components instead of components customized to meet our requirements. The supply of components for a new or existing product could be delayed or constrained, or a key manufacturing vendor could delay shipments of completed products to us adversely affecting our business and results of operations.

Our future business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected by reduced availability of our core ingredients.

Our ability to ensure a continuing supply of our core ingredients at competitive prices depends on many factors beyond our control, such as the suppliers of our rum, bourbon whiskey and gin, the number and size of farms that grow crops, including for corn, barley, rye and/or wheat, poor harvests thereof, changes in national and world economic conditions and our ability to forecast our ingredient requirements. The ingredients used in our products, such as lemon, hibiscus, amaro, black tea leaves, lime, mint, cane sugar, the ingredients in the rum, bourbon whiskey and gin used in our products, are vulnerable to adverse weather conditions and natural disasters, such as floods, droughts, frosts, earthquakes, hurricanes and pestilences. Additionally, the rum, bourdon whiskey and/or gin used in our products may be aged for various periods, we may experience delays in obtaining necessary components of our products. Adverse weather conditions and natural disasters can lower crop yields and reduce crop size and quality, which in turn could reduce the available supply of our core ingredients. If supplies of our core ingredients are reduced or there is greater demand for such ingredients, from us and others, we may not be able to obtain sufficient supply on favorable terms, or at all, which could impact our ability to supply products to distributors and retailer.

We rely on various intellectual property rights, including trademarks, in order to operate our business.

The Company relies on certain intellectual property rights to operate its business. The Company's intellectual property rights may not be sufficiently broad or otherwise may not provide us a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the steps that we have taken to maintain and protect our intellectual property may not prevent it from being challenged, invalidated, circumvented or designed-around, particularly in countries where intellectual property rights are not highly developed or protected. In some circumstances, enforcement may not be available to us because an infringer has a dominant intellectual property position or for other business reasons, or countries may require compulsory licensing of our intellectual property. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights that convey competitive advantage, adequately protect our intellectual property or detect or prevent circumvention or unauthorized use of such property, could adversely impact our competitive position and results of operations. We also rely on nondisclosure and noncompetition agreements with employees, consultants and other parties to protect, in part, trade secrets and other proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will adequately protect our trade secrets and other proprietary rights and will not be breached, that we will have adequate remedies for any breach, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information or that third parties will not otherwise gain access to our trade secrets or other proprietary rights. As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could

divert management's attention from other business concerns. The law relating to the scope and validity of claims in the technology field in which we operate is still evolving and, consequently, intellectual property positions in our industry are generally uncertain. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

We do business under our tradename, "Troop"

We strive to protect our intellectual property, such as our federally registered TROOP trademark, and believe such trademark is an important factor in product recognition, brand protection and goodwill maintenance. We conduct business using our tradename, "TROOP." Although we have a federally registered trademark thereof, we have not registered or otherwise sought protection of such tradename in every jurisdiction in which we conduct business thereunder. If we do not adequately protect our rights to such tradename, any goodwill that we have developed therein could be lost or impaired. For instance, third parties may attempt to use our tradename for the sale or promotion of products, even products similar to our products. If we become involved in any dispute regarding our tradename, regardless of whether we prevail, we could be required to engage in costly, distracting and time-consuming litigation that could harm our business. If the tradenames we use are found to infringe upon the intellectual property rights of any other person or entity, we could be liable for damages and be forced to stop using our tradename. As result, we could lose all the goodwill that has been developed in the tradename, our business may suffer.

The Company's success depends on the experience and skill of the board of directors, its executive officers and key employees.

In particular, we are dependent on Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, our Founder, Chief Executive Officer, President, Secretary and Director, and Reed DesRosiers, our Founder, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Director. The Company has no employment agreements with Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers and Reed DesRosiers, and there can be no assurance that it will do so or that they will continue to be employed by the Company for a particular period of time. The loss of Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers and Reed DesRosiers, or any member of the board of directors or executive officer could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

Although dependent on certain key personnel, the Company does not have any key person life insurance policies on any such people.

We are dependent on certain key personnel in order to conduct our operations and execute our business plan, however, the Company has not purchased any insurance policies with respect to those individuals in the event of their death or disability. Therefore, if any of these personnel die or become disabled, the Company will not receive any compensation to assist with such person's absence. The loss of such person could negatively affect the Company and our operations. We have no way to guarantee key personnel will stay with the Company, as many states do not enforce non-competition agreements, and therefore acquiring key man insurance will not ameliorate all of the risk of relying on key personnel.

Damage to our reputation could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our reputation and the quality of our brand are critical to our business and success in existing markets, and will be critical to our success as we enter new markets. Any incident that erodes consumer loyalty for our brand could significantly reduce its value and damage our business. We may be adversely affected by any negative publicity, regardless of its accuracy. Also, there has been a marked increase in the use of social media platforms and similar devices, including blogs, social media websites and other forms of internet-based communications that provide individuals with access to a broad audience of consumers and other interested persons. The availability of information on social media platforms is virtually immediate as is its impact. Information posted may be adverse to our interests or may be inaccurate, each of which may harm our performance, prospects or business. The harm may be immediate and may disseminate rapidly and broadly, without affording us an opportunity for redress or correction.

The success of our brands depends upon the positive image that consumers have of those brands and maintaining a good reputation is critical to selling our branded products. Contamination, whether arising accidentally or through deliberate third-party action, or other events that harm the integrity or consumer support for our brands, could adversely affect their sales and our reputation. Our reputation could also be impacted negatively by public perception, adverse publicity (whether or not valid), negative comments in social media, or our responses relating to:

a perceived failure to maintain high ethical, social and environmental standards for all our operations and activities;

- a perceived failure to address concerns relating to the quality, safety or integrity of our products;
- allegations that we, or persons associated with us or formerly associated with us, have violated applicable laws or
- regulations, including but not limited to those related to safety, employment, discrimination, harassment, whistle-blowing, privacy, or cyber-security;
- our environmental impact, including use of agricultural materials, packaging, water, and energy use, and waste management; or
- efforts that are perceived as insufficient to promote the responsible use of alcohol.

Litigation relating to alcohol abuse or the misuse of alcohol could adversely affect our business.

There has been increased public attention directed at the beverage alcohol industry, which we believe is due to concern over problems related to alcohol abuse, including drinking and driving, underage drinking and health consequences from the misuse of alcohol. Several beverage alcohol producers have been sued regarding alleged advertising practices relating to underage consumers. Adverse developments in these or similar lawsuits or a significant decline in the social acceptability of beverage alcohol products that could result from such lawsuits could materially adversely affect our business.

Adverse public opinion about alcohol could reduce demand for our products

Anti-alcohol groups have, in the past, advocated successfully for more stringent labeling requirements, higher taxes and other regulations designed to discourage alcohol consumption. In addition, recent developments in the industry may compel us to identify the source and location of our distillate products and notify the consumer of whether the product was distilled by us. More restrictive regulations, negative publicity regarding alcohol consumption and/or changes in consumer perceptions of the relative healthfulness or safety of beverage alcohol could decrease sales and consumption of alcohol and thus the demand for our products. This could, in turn, significantly decrease both our revenues and our revenue growth, causing a decline in our results of operations.

Potential decline in the consumption of products we sell; dependence on sales of our cocktail brands

Our business depends upon consumers' consumption of our cocktail brands, and sales of our brands in the U.S. may constitute a significant portion of our business. Accordingly, a decline in the growth rate, amount or profitability of our sales of our brands in the U.S. could adversely affect our business.

Further, consumer preferences and tastes may shift due to, among other reasons, changing taste preferences, demographics or perceived value. Consequently, any material shift in consumer preferences and taste in our major markets away from our brands, and our cocktail brands in particular, from the categories in which they compete could have a negative impact on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Consumer preferences may shift due to a variety of factors, including changes in demographic or social trends, public health policies, and changes in leisure, dining and beverage consumption patterns. A limited or general decline in consumption in one or more of our product categories could occur in the future due to a variety of factors, including:

- a general decline in economic or geopolitical conditions;
- concern about the health consequences of consuming beverage alcohol products and about drinking and driving;
- a general decline in the consumption of beverage alcohol products in on-premise establishments, such as may result from stricter laws relating to driving while under the influence of alcohol;
- the increased activity of anti-alcohol groups;
- increased federal, state, provincial and foreign excise or other taxes on beverage alcohol products and possible
- restrictions on beverage alcohol advertising and marketing;

- increased regulation placing restrictions on the purchase or consumption of beverage alcohol products or increasing prices due to the imposition of duties or excise tax or changes to international trade agreements or tariffs;
- inflation; and
- wars, pandemics, weather and natural or man-made disasters.

Acquisition, divestiture, investment, and new product development strategies

From time to time, we may decide to acquire businesses, assets or securities of companies that we believe will provide a strategic fit with our business. If that occurs, we would need to integrate acquired businesses with our existing operations; our overall internal control over financial reporting processes; and our financial, operations and information systems. If the financial performance of our business, as supplemented by the assets and businesses potentially acquired, does not meet our expectations, it may make it more difficult for us to service any debt obligations existing at the time, and our results of operations may fail to meet market expectations. We may not effectively assimilate the business or product offerings of acquired companies into our business or within the anticipated costs or timeframes, retain key customers and suppliers or key employees of acquired businesses, or successfully implement our business plan for the combined business. In addition, our final determinations and appraisals of the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in our acquisitions may vary materially from earlier estimates and we may fail to realize fully anticipated cost savings, growth opportunities or other potential synergies. We cannot assure you that the fair value of acquired businesses or investments will remain constant.

We may also divest ourselves of businesses, assets or securities of companies that we believe no longer provide a strategic fit with our business. We may provide various indemnifications in connection with the divestiture of businesses or assets. Divestitures of portions of our business may also result in costs stranded in our remaining business. Delays in developing or implementing plans to address such costs could delay or prevent the accomplishment of our financial objectives.

In addition, our continued success depends, in part, on our ability to develop new products. The launch and ongoing success of new products are inherently uncertain, especially with respect to consumer appeal. The launch of a new product can give rise to a variety of costs and an unsuccessful launch, among other things, can affect consumer perception of existing brands and our reputation. Unsuccessful implementation or short-lived popularity of our product innovations may result in inventory write-offs and other costs. We cannot assure you that we will realize the expected benefits of acquisitions, divestitures or investments. We also cannot assure you that our acquisitions, investments or joint ventures will be profitable or that forecasts regarding acquisition, divestiture or investment activities will be accurate. Our failure to adequately manage the risks associated with acquisitions or divestitures, or the failure of an entity in which we have an equity or membership interest, could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

The U.S. and other countries in which we may operate impose duties, excise taxes, and/or other taxes on beverage alcohol products, and/or on certain raw materials used to produce our beverage alcohol products, in varying amounts.

The U.S. federal government or other governmental bodies may propose changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, taxes and other government rules and regulations. Significant increases in import and excise duties or other taxes on, or that impact, beverage alcohol products could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations. In addition, federal, state, provincial, local and foreign governmental agencies extensively regulate the beverage alcohol products industry concerning such matters as licensing, warehousing, trade and pricing practices, permitted and required labeling, advertising and relations with wholesalers and retailers. Certain federal, state or local regulations also require warning labels and signage. New or revised regulations or increased licensing fees, requirements or taxes could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations. Additionally, various jurisdictions may seek to adopt significant additional product labeling or warning requirements or limitations on the marketing or sale of our products because of what our products contain or allegations that our products cause adverse health effects. If these types of requirements become applicable to one or more of our major products under current or future environmental or health laws or regulations, they may inhibit sales of such products.

Federal, state and local beer, liquor and food service regulations may have a significant adverse impact on our operations.

We are required to operate in compliance with federal and state laws and regulations relating to alcoholic beverages administered by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives of the U.S. Department of Justice, as well as the laws and licensing requirements for alcoholic beverages of states and municipalities where our operations will be located. We are licensed as a Distilled Spirits Wholesaler holding a Wholesaler Basic Permit from the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax & Trade Bureau ("TTB"), which Permit Number is CA-P-24848 and as a Wholesaler in the state of California, and holds a Type 18 Wholesaler License from the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC), which ABC license number is 18-611641. Failure to comply with federal, state or local regulations could cause any licenses we obtain to be revoked and force us to cease the sale of goods at certain locations. Any difficulties, delays or failures in obtaining such licenses, permits or approvals could delay or prevent the opening of any operations in a particular area or increase the costs associated therewith. In addition, in certain states, the number of liquor licenses available is limited, and licenses are traded on the open market. We expect our cocktail sales to comprise a significant portion of our revenues. If we are unable to keep, or otherwise obtain, any required licenses, revenues and results of operations could be adversely affected. We may apply for other and further licenses with the advice of outside legal and licensing consultants. Because of the many and various state and federal licensing and permitting requirements, there is a significant risk that one or more regulatory agencies could determine that we have not satisfied the requirements for any necessary license.

We rely on independent certification for a number of our products and our marketing of products marked "Vegan," "Natural" and "Gluten Free." Loss of certification within our supply chain or as related to our manufacturing process or failure to comply with government regulations pertaining to the use of the term organic could harm our business.

We rely on independent certification, such as "Vegan," "Natural" and "Gluten Free", to differentiate some of our products from others. We must comply with the requirements of independent organizations or certification authorities in order to label our products as certified. The loss of any independent certifications could adversely affect our marketplace position, which could harm our business. Compliance with such regulations could pose a significant burden on some of our suppliers, which could cause a disruption in some of our product offerings. Moreover, in the event of actual or alleged non-compliance, we might be forced to find an alternative supplier, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. The FDA has defined the terms "Vegan," "Natural" and "Gluten Free", and we must comply with the FDA's definition if we include this label on our products. Our products could lose their vegan certifications if our raw material suppliers lose their product certifications for those specified claims. We could lose our "Vegan," "Natural" and "Gluten Free" designation if we do not comply the verification and certification requirements of the third-party verification entity. The loss of any of these independent certifications, including for reasons outside of our control, could harm our business.

We also must comply with state rules and regulations, including Proposition 65 in California, which requires a specific warning on or relating to any product that contains a substance listed by the State of California as having been found to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm, unless the level of such substance in the product is below a safe harbor level established by the State of California. Interpretation and application of such rules, including potential differences in application on a state by state basis, may give rise to uncertainty as to the appropriate labeling and formulation of our products. In addition, the FDA has adopted labeling guidelines that will affect the labeling of both the front and back of many of our products. We are continually reviewing and revising our labeling activities in advance of new or changed requirements in anticipation of any rules coming into effect and in response to industry litigation trends. The imposition or proposed imposition of additional product labeling or warning requirements may reduce overall consumption of our products, lead to negative publicity (whether based on scientific fact or not) or leave consumers with the perception (whether or not valid) that our products do not meet their health and wellness needs, resulting in adverse effects on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Regulation and Taxation

The alcoholic beverage industry is regulated by federal, state and local governments. These regulations govern the production, sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages, including permitting, licensing, marketing and advertising. To operate its facilities, the Company must obtain and maintain numerous permits, licenses and approvals from various governmental agencies, including but not limited to, the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (the "TTB"), the Food and Drug Administration, state alcohol regulatory agencies and state and federal environmental agencies. Governmental entities may levy various taxes, license fees and other similar charges and may require bonds to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Beginning in 2018, as a result of the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act", the

federal excise tax rate on hard seltzer and beer is \$16 per barrel on all barrels below 6 million barrels produced annually. The top tier rate on hard cider (with alcohol by volume of 8.5% or less) is \$0.226 per gallon, on hard cider (with non-qualifying fermentable fruits) is \$1.07 per gallon, and on artificially carbonated wine (hard cider with high CO2 levels) is \$3.30 per gallon. Prior to 2018, the federal excise tax on beer and hard seltzer was \$18 per barrel, on hard cider (with alcohol by volume of 8.5% or less) was \$0.226 per gallon, on hard cider (with non-qualifying fermentable fruits) was \$1.07 per gallon, and on artificially carbonated wine (hard cider with high CO2 levels) was \$3.30 per gallon. These lower rates for hard seltzer, beer and hard cider were made permanent at the end of 2020. States levy excise taxes at varying rates based on the type of beverage and alcohol content. Failure by the Company to comply with applicable federal, state or local laws and regulations could result in higher taxes, penalties, fees and suspension or revocation of permits, licenses or approvals. While there can be no assurance that any such regulatory action would not have a material adverse effect upon the Company or its operating results, the Company is not aware of any infraction affecting any of its licenses or permits that would materially impact its ability to continue its current operations.

We have not prepared any audited financial statements.

Therefore, you have no audited financial information regarding the Company's capitalization or assets or liabilities on which to make your investment decision. If you feel the information provided is insufficient, you should not invest in the Company.

We may encounter difficulties in maintaining relationships with suppliers, distributors and customers.

Our business success is, dependent, in part, on our ability to maintain, grow, and we cannot guarantee any current relationships with our suppliers, distributors, partners, customers, or any other entity or individual selling our products on a consumer-facing platform. We define "platform" as any physical or digital intermediary through which our products are sold, including, but not limited to, retail and marketplace websites and physical retail stores. We cannot predict the financial health of our customers or other platforms through which our products are sold, and, consequently, the maintenance of our current and/or future relationships cannot be guaranteed. The loss of one or more a customer accounts could significantly negatively impact our business.

We source certain packaging materials, such as aluminum cans, labels, caps and other shipping materials from a number of third-party suppliers and, in some cases, single-source suppliers.

Although we believe that alternative suppliers are available, the loss of any of our packaging material suppliers could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Our inability to preserve the current economics of these agreements could expose us to significant cost increases in future years.

We rely on third-party suppliers to provide basic ingredients for our products.

We depend on these suppliers and subcontractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or subcontractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate production of our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide ingredients or packaging components which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be less likely than us to be able to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two subcontractors or suppliers for a particular raw material, component, basic ingredient subsystem.

The Company is vulnerable to fluctuations in the price and supply of ingredients, packaging materials, and freight.

The Company purchases large quantities of raw materials, including ingredients used in our products. Costs of ingredients and packaging, are volatile and can fluctuate due to conditions that are difficult to predict, including global competition for resources, weather conditions, natural or man-made disasters, consumer demand, and changes in governmental trade and agricultural programs. Additionally, the prices of packaging materials and freight are subject

to fluctuations in price. The sales prices to the Companies' customers are a delivered price. Therefore, changes in the Company's input costs could impact their gross margins. Their ability to pass along higher costs through price increases to their customers is dependent upon competitive conditions and pricing methodologies employed in the various markets in which the Company competes. To the extent competitors do not also increase their prices, customers and consumers may choose to purchase competing products or may shift purchases to lower-priced private label or other value offerings which may adversely affect the Company's results of operations. The Company buys from a variety of producers and manufacturers, and alternate sources of supply are generally available. However, the supply and price are subject to market conditions and are influenced by other factors beyond the Company's control. The Company does not have long-term contracts with many of their suppliers, and, as a result, they could increase prices or fail to deliver. The occurrence of any of the foregoing could increase their costs and disrupt their operation.

Competition

We are in a highly competitive industry and our sales could be negatively affected by numerous factors including:

- our inability to maintain or increase prices;
- new entrants in our market or categories;
- the decision of wholesalers, retailers or consumers to purchase competitors' products instead of ours; or
- a general decline in beverage alcohol consumption due to consumer dietary preference changes or consumers substituting or similar products in lieu of beverage alcohol.

Sales could also be affected by pricing, purchasing, financing, operational, advertising or promotional decisions made by wholesalers, state and other local agencies, and retailers which could affect their supply of, or consumer demand for, our products. We could also experience higher than expected selling, general and administrative expenses if we find it necessary to increase the number of our personnel or our advertising or marketing expenditures to maintain our competitive position or for other reasons. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to increase our prices to pass along to our customers any increased costs we incur.

We face competition from other companies that produce alcoholic beverage products, and other alternative products with similar benefits, make-up, and general likeness as our products.

Competition in our industry, specifically, the production, sale, marketing, and distribution of beverage products is vigorous, with a large number of businesses engaged in this industry. Many of our competitors have established reputations for successfully developing and marketing their products, including their own versions of alcoholic beverages that incorporate the same or similar ingredients as our products, including other alternative ingredients that are widely recognized as providing similar benefits to our ingredients. In addition, many of our competitors have greater financial, managerial and technical resources than we do. If we are not successful in competing in these markets, we may not be able to attain our business objectives.

Consolidation in the cocktail or spirits industry may impact our market share.

In all the countries where we operate, we compete with various cocktail manufacturers. Any consolidation in the market, as well as any further consolidation of our competitors, may increase their pricing and/or investment competitiveness, which could negatively affect our market share, and accordingly, our results.

The cocktail business is seasonal in nature, and we are likely to experience fluctuations in operating results.

Sales of cocktails are somewhat seasonal. Our sales volume may also be affected by weather conditions and selling days within a particular period. Therefore, the results for any given quarter will likely not be indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year. If an adverse event such as an economic downturn or poor weather conditions should occur during the second and third quarters, the adverse impact to our revenues would likely be greater as a result of the seasonality of our business.

Dependence on limited facilities for production of our brands, and expansion and construction issues.

We are dependent on suppliers to fulfill our product requirements, both now as well as for the near term. There is always the potential risk of completion delays and cost overruns. Expansion of our suppliers' current production facilities and construction of new production facilities are subject to various regulatory and developmental risks, including but not limited to: (i) the ability to obtain timely certificate authorizations, necessary approvals and permits from regulatory agencies; (ii) potential changes in federal, state and local statutes and regulations, including environmental requirements, that prevent a project from proceeding or increase the anticipated cost of the project; (iii) inability to acquire rights-of-way or land or water rights on a timely basis; and (iv) inability to acquire the necessary energy supplies, including electricity, natural gas and diesel fuel. Any of these events could delay the expansion or construction of our suppliers' production facilities.

We may not be able to satisfy our product supply requirements for the brands in the event of a significant disruption, partial destruction or total destruction of our suppliers or any aluminum-can manufacturers, or difficulty shipping raw materials and product into or out of the United States.

We may not be able to produce or obtain sufficient quantities of our products to satisfy our customers' needs. Under such circumstances, we may be unable to obtain our spirits or other raw materials at a reasonable price from another source, if at all. A significant disruption at our suppliers, or any aluminum-can manufacturer, even on a short-term basis, could impair our ability to produce and ship products to market on a timely basis. Alternative facilities with sufficient capacity or capabilities may not readily be available, may cost substantially more or may take a significant time to start production, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Our inability to successfully manage the price gap between our private-label products and those of our branded competitors may adversely affect our results of operation.

Competitors' branded products could have an advantage over our private label products primarily due to advertising and name recognition. When branded competitors focus on price and promotion, the environment for private label products becomes more challenging because the price gaps between private label and branded products can become less meaningful. At the retail level, private label products sell at a discount to those of branded competitors. If branded competitors continue to reduce the price of their products, the price of branded products offered to consumers may approximate or be lower than the prices of our private label products. Further, promotional activities by branded competitors such as temporary price rollbacks, buy-one-get-one-free offerings and coupons have the effect of price decreases. Price decreases taken by competitors could result in a decline in the Company's sales volumes.

We rely on a third-party co-packer to manufacture our beverage products.

We are subject to all of the risks inherent in relying upon a third party for the manufacture, distribution and labeling of its products, including the fact that the manufacturer may have a limited number of facilities or resources. If anything were to happen to such third parties, including our supplier's business failure, our own business could be materially adversely affected. If our co-packer does not complete production timely and of acceptable quality or if the products are not delivered in a timely manner, our customers may cancel orders or refuse the products, which would adversely affect sales and profitability. Additionally, our co-packer is subject to risk, including labor disputes, union organizing activities, financial liquidity, inclement weather, natural disasters, pandemics, supply constraints, and general economic and political conditions that could limit their ability to timely provide us with acceptable products, which could disrupt our supply of finished goods, or require that we incur additional expense by providing financial accommodations to the co-packer or taking other steps to seek to minimize or avoid supply disruption, such as establishing a new co-pack arrangement with another provider. A new co-pack arrangement may not be available on terms as favorable to us as our existing co-pack arrangements, or at all. We do not have a contract with our co-packer, which can discontinue providing our products at any time. The success of our business depends, in part, on maintaining a strong sourcing and manufacturing platform. We believe that there are a limited number of competent, high-quality co-packers in the industry, and if we were required to obtain alternative or additional co-packing agreements or arrangements in the future, you have no assurance that we would be able to do so on satisfactory terms or in a timely manner. Our inability to continue or to enter into satisfactory co-packing agreements could limit our ability to implement our business plan or meet customer demand.

The Company depends on the performance of distributors to sell its product to end users.

The Company distributes its products through direct to consumer as well as to independent distributors for distribution to retail locations such as grocery and specialty stores and restaurants. Although we currently have a few wholesale distributors, sustained growth will require us to maintain such relationships and enter into arrangements with additional distributors in new markets. No assurance can be given that we will be able to maintain our current distribution network or secure additional distributors on terms favorable to us, or at all. Our distributors often represent competing brands and are to varying degrees influenced by their continued business relationships with competitors. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected if our products prove to be less attractive to our existing distributors, if we fail to attract additional distributors, or if our distributors do not market and promote our products above the products of our competitors.

Substantial disruption to production at our manufacturing, distillation and distribution facilities could occur.

A disruption in production at our manufacturing and distillation facilities could have an adverse effect on our business. In addition, a disruption could occur at the facilities of our facilities or those of our suppliers or distributors. The disruption could occur for many reasons, including fire, natural disasters, weather, water scarcity, manufacturing problems, disease, strikes, transportation or supply interruption, government regulation, cybersecurity attacks or terrorism. Alternative facilities with sufficient capacity or capabilities may not be available, may cost substantially more or may take a significant time to start production, each of which could negatively affect our business and results of operations. If there were a failure at a distillery, manufacturer or warehouse, our business would be adversely affected. The loss of a portion of our inventory – through fire, other natural or man-made disaster, contamination or otherwise – could result in a significant reduction in supply of our products. A consequence of any of the foregoing could result in our inability to meet consumer demand for the affected products for a period of time. Plus, there is no assurance that any insurance proceeds would cover the replacement value of our inventory and other assets if they were to be lost. There also is an inherent risk of forecasting imprecision in determining the quantity of stock to store in a given year for future consumption. The strategies we use to balance supply with fluctuations in consumer demand may not be effective in particular years, products or markets. As a consequence, we may be unable to meet consumer demand for affected products for a period of time, or we may have surplus inventory. Not having our products in the market on a consistent basis may adversely affect our brand equity and future sales.

Supply of quality water, agricultural and other raw materials, certain raw materials and packaging materials purchased under short-term supply contracts, limited group of suppliers of glass bottles.

The quality and quantity of water available for use is important to the supply of our cocktails and our ability to operate our business. Water is a limited resource in many parts of the world and if climate patterns change and droughts become more severe, there may be a scarcity of water or poor water quality which may affect our production costs or impose capacity constraints. We are dependent on sufficient amounts of quality water for operation of our business, as well as to conduct our operations. The suppliers of the agricultural raw materials we purchase are also dependent upon sufficient supplies of quality water. If water available to our operations or the operations of our suppliers becomes scarce or the quality of that water deteriorates, we may incur increased production costs or face manufacturing constraints. In addition, water purification, desalination and waste treatment infrastructure limitations could increase costs or constrain operation of our production facilities. A substantial reduction in water supplies could result in material losses of crops, which could lead to a shortage of our product supply.

We are dependent upon an adequate supply of aluminium for our canned cocktails.

Aluminum can costs are one of the largest components of our cost of product sold. We currently have a small number of suppliers of aluminium cans for our cocktail brands. In the U.S., aluminum cans have only a small number of producers. We may not be able to sustain any relationship with any supplier of our aluminium-can requirements for our operations. To the extent any of the foregoing factors increases the costs of our finished products or lead to a shortage of our product supply, we could experience a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Reliance on wholesale distributors, major retailers and government agencies

Local market structures and distribution channels vary worldwide. Within our primary market, we expect to offer a range of cocktail categories. In the U.S., we may sell our products to wholesalers for resale to retail outlets and directly to government agencies, and we may explore entering into exclusive arrangements with certain wholesalers that

generate a large portion of sales. Any wholesalers and retailers of our products may offer products which compete directly with our products for retail shelf space, promotional support and consumer purchases, and wholesalers or retailers may give higher priority to products of our competitors. The replacement or poor performance of our major wholesalers, retailers or government agencies could result in temporary or longer-term sales disruptions or could have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Failure by our transportation providers to deliver our products on time or at all could result in lost sales.

We currently rely upon third-party transportation providers for a significant portion of our product shipments. Our utilization of delivery services for shipments is subject to risks, including increases in fuel prices, which would increase our shipping costs, and employee strikes and inclement weather, which may impact the ability of providers to provide delivery services that adequately meet our shipping needs. We may, from time to time, change third-party transportation providers, and we could therefore face logistical difficulties that could adversely affect deliveries. We may not be able to obtain terms as favorable as those we receive from the third-party transportation providers that we currently use or may incur additional costs, which in turn would increase our costs and thereby adversely affect our operating results.

Our supply chain and retail sales may be adversely impacted due to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Continued concerns relating to COVID-19 have resulted in significant governmental measures being implemented to control the spread of the virus, including, among others, restrictions on manufacturing and the movement of employees in many regions of the country. As a result of COVID-19 and the measures designed to contain the spread of the virus, our third-party manufacturers may not have the materials, capacity, or capability to manufacture our products according to our schedule and specifications. If our third party manufacturers' operations are curtailed, we may need to seek alternate manufacturing sources, which may be more expensive. Alternate sources may not be available or may result in delays in shipments to us from our supply chain and subsequently to our customers, each of which would affect our results of operations. While the disruptions and restrictions on the ability to travel, quarantines, and temporary closures of the facilities of our third-party manufacturers and suppliers, as well as general limitations on movement in the region are expected to be temporary, the duration of the production and supply chain disruption, and related financial impact, cannot be estimated at this time. Should the production and distribution closures continue for an extended period of time, the impact on our supply chain could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and cash flows. The COVID-19 outbreak could also delay our release or delivery of new or product offerings or require us to make unexpected changes to such offerings, which may materially adversely affect our business and operating results. Finally, as a result of the governmental restrictions to control the spread of the COVID-19 outbreak, we have experienced, along with wholesale partner stores, store closures and a decrease in consumer traffic, which will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Our operating results could also continue to be adversely affected to the extent that the COVID-19 outbreak harms the economy in general. In addition, the COVID-19 outbreak could result in an economic downturn that could affect demand for our products and materially adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Quality management plays an essential role in determining and meeting customer requirements, preventing defects, improving the Company's products and services and maintaining the integrity of the data that supports the safety and efficacy of our products.

Our future success depends on our ability to maintain and continuously improve our quality management program. An inability to address a quality or safety issue in an effective and timely manner may also cause negative publicity, a loss of customer confidence in us or our current or future products, which may result in the loss of sales and difficulty in successfully launching new products. In addition, a successful claim brought against us in excess of available insurance or not covered by indemnification agreements, or any claim that results in significant adverse publicity against us, could have an adverse effect on our business and our reputation.

One of the potential risks we face in the distribution of our products is liability resulting from counterfeit or tainted products infiltrating the supply chain.

Because we source ingredients from various sources, we rely on various suppliers and their quality control measures. While we have procedures to maintain the highest quality levels in our products, we may be subject to faulty, spoiled or tainted ingredients or components in our products, which would negatively affect our products and our customers'

experience with them and could decrease customer demand for our products. In addition, if there are serious illness or injury due to our products, there can be no assurance that the insurance coverage we maintain is sufficient or will be available in adequate amounts or at a reasonable cost, or that indemnification agreements will provide us with adequate protection.

Manufacturing or design defects, unanticipated use of our products, or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of the products can lead to injury or other adverse events.

These events could lead to recalls or safety alerts relating to our products (either voluntary or required by governmental authorities) and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of a product from the market. Any recall could result in significant costs as well as negative publicity that could reduce demand for our products. Personal injuries relating to the use of our products can also result in product liability claims being brought against us. In some circumstances, such adverse events could also cause delays in new product approvals. Similarly, negligence in performing our services can lead to injury or other adverse events.

Product safety and quality concerns, including concerns related to perceived quality of ingredients, could negatively affect the Company's business.

The Company's success depends in large part on its ability to maintain consumer confidence in the safety and quality of all its products. The Company has rigorous product safety and quality standards. However, if products taken to market are or become contaminated or adulterated, the Company may be required to conduct costly product recalls and may become subject to product liability claims and negative publicity, which would cause its business to suffer. In addition, regulatory actions, activities by nongovernmental organizations and public debate and concerns about perceived negative safety and quality consequences of certain materials in our products may erode consumers' confidence in the safety and quality issues, whether or not justified, and could result in additional governmental regulations concerning the marketing and labeling of the Company's products, negative publicity, or actual or threatened legal actions, all of which could damage the reputation of the Company's products and may reduce demand for the Company's products.

Future product recalls or safety concerns could adversely impact our results of operations.

We may be required to recall certain of our products should they be mislabeled, contaminated, spoiled, tampered with or damaged. We also may become involved in lawsuits and legal proceedings if it is alleged that the consumption or use of any of our products causes injury, illness or death. A product recall or an adverse result in any such litigation could have an adverse effect on our business, depending on the costs of the recall, the destruction of product inventory, competitive reaction and consumer attitudes. Even if a product liability or consumer fraud claim is unsuccessful or without merit, the negative publicity surrounding such assertions regarding our products could adversely affect our reputation and brand image. We also could be adversely affected if consumers in our principal markets lose confidence in the safety and quality of our products.

Contamination and degradation of product quality from diseases, pests and weather conditions

Our success depends upon the positive image that consumers have of our brands and of the safety and quality of our products. Contamination, whether arising accidentally or through deliberate third-party action, or other events that harm the integrity or consumer support for our brands, could adversely affect their sales. Various diseases, pests, fungi, viruses, drought, frosts and certain other weather conditions could affect the quality and quantity of the spirits in our cocktails and other agricultural raw materials available, decreasing the supply and quality of our products. We cannot guarantee that our suppliers of agricultural raw materials will succeed in preventing contamination in fields or that we will succeed in preventing contamination. Future government restrictions regarding the use of certain materials used in growing agricultural raw materials may increase costs and/or reduce production of crops. It is also possible that a supplier may not provide materials or product components which meet our required standards or may falsify documentation associated with the fulfillment of those requirements.

Product contamination or tampering or the failure to maintain our standards for product quality, safety and integrity, including with respect to raw materials, naturally occurring compounds, packaging materials or product components obtained from suppliers, may also reduce demand for our products or cause production and delivery disruptions.

Contaminants or other defects in raw materials, packaging materials or product components purchased from third parties and used in the production of our cocktail products or defects in the distillation process could lead to low beverage quality as well as illness among, or injury to, consumers of our products and may result in reduced sales of the affected brand or all our brands.

If any of our products become unsafe or unfit for consumption, are misbranded, or cause injury, we may have to engage in a product recall and/or be subject to liability and incur additional costs. A widespread product recall, multiple product recalls, or a significant product liability judgment could cause our products to be unavailable for a period, which could further reduce consumer demand and brand equity.

Climate change and environmental regulatory compliance

Our business depends upon agricultural activity and natural resources. There has been much public discussion related to concerns that carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases in the atmosphere may have an adverse impact on global temperatures, weather patterns and the frequency and severity of extreme weather and natural disasters. Severe weather events, such as drought or flooding, or prolonged cold winters, and other climate change, may negatively affect agricultural productivity in the regions from which we presently source our various agricultural raw materials. Decreased availability of our raw materials may increase the cost of goods for our products. Severe weather events or changes in the frequency or intensity of weather events can also disrupt our supply chain, which may affect production operations, insurance cost and coverage, as well as delivery of our products to wholesalers, retailers and consumers. Natural disasters such as floods and earthquakes may also negatively impact the ability of consumers to purchase our products.

We may experience significant future increases in the costs associated with environmental regulatory compliance, including fees, licenses, and the cost of capital improvements for our operating facilities to meet environmental regulatory requirements. In addition, we may be party to various environmental remediation obligations arising in the normal course of our business or relating to historical activities of businesses we acquire. Due to regulatory complexities, uncertainties inherent in litigation and the risk of unidentified contaminants in our current and former properties, the potential exists for remediation, liability and indemnification costs to differ materially from the costs that we have estimated. We may incur costs associated with environmental compliance arising from events we cannot control, such as unusually severe floods, hurricanes, earthquakes or fires. We cannot assure you that our costs in relation to these matters will not exceed our projections or otherwise have a material adverse effect upon our business, liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

Our business could be negatively impacted by cyber security threats, attacks and other disruptions.

We continue to face advanced and persistent attacks on our information infrastructure where we manage and store various proprietary information and sensitive/confidential data relating to our operations. These attacks may include sophisticated malware (viruses, worms, and other malicious software programs) and phishing emails that attack our products or otherwise exploit any security vulnerabilities. These intrusions sometimes may be zero-day malware that are difficult to identify because they are not included in the signature set of commercially available antivirus scanning programs. Experienced computer programmers and hackers may be able to penetrate our network security and misappropriate or compromise our confidential information or that of our customers or other third-parties, create system disruptions, or cause shutdowns. Additionally, sophisticated software and applications that we produce or procure from third-parties may contain defects in design or manufacture, including “bugs” and other problems that could unexpectedly interfere with the operation of the information infrastructure. A disruption, infiltration or failure of our information infrastructure systems or any of our data centers as a result of software or hardware malfunctions, computer viruses, cyber-attacks, employee theft or misuse, power disruptions, natural disasters or accidents could cause breaches of data security, loss of critical data and performance delays, which in turn could adversely affect our business.

Security breaches of confidential customer information, in connection with our electronic processing of credit and debit card transactions, or confidential employee information may adversely affect our business.

Our business requires the collection, transmission and retention of personally identifiable information, in various information technology systems that we maintain and in those maintained by third parties with whom we contract to

provide services. The integrity and protection of that data is critical to us. The information, security and privacy requirements imposed by governmental regulation are increasingly demanding. Our systems may not be able to satisfy these changing requirements and customer and employee expectations, or may require significant additional investments or time in order to do so. A breach in the security of our information technology systems or those of our service providers could lead to an interruption in the operation of our systems, resulting in operational inefficiencies and a loss of profits. Additionally, a significant theft, loss or misappropriation of, or access to, customers' or other proprietary data or other breach of our information technology systems could result in fines, legal claims or proceedings.

The use of individually identifiable data by our business, our business associates and third parties is regulated at the state, federal and international levels.

The regulation of individual data is changing rapidly, and in unpredictable ways. A change in regulation could adversely affect our business, including causing our business model to no longer be viable. Costs associated with information security – such as investment in technology, the costs of compliance with consumer protection laws and costs resulting from consumer fraud – could cause our business and results of operations to suffer materially. Additionally, the success of our online operations depends upon the secure transmission of confidential information over public networks, including the use of cashless payments. The intentional or negligent actions of employees, business associates or third parties may undermine our security measures. As a result, unauthorized parties may obtain access to our data systems and misappropriate confidential data. There can be no assurance that advances in computer capabilities, new discoveries in the field of cryptography or other developments will prevent the compromise of our customer transaction processing capabilities and personal data. If any such compromise of our security or the security of information residing with our business associates or third parties were to occur, it could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, operating results and financial condition. Any compromise of our data security may materially increase the costs we incur to protect against such breaches and could subject us to additional legal risk.

The Company is not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and may lack the financial controls and procedures of public companies.

The Company may not have the internal control infrastructure that would meet the standards of a public company, including the requirements of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002. As a privately-held (non-public) Company, the Company is currently not subject to the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, and its financial and disclosure controls and procedures reflect its status as a development stage, non-public company. There can be no guarantee that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of the Company's financial and disclosure controls and procedures. If it were necessary to implement such financial and disclosure controls and procedures, the cost to the Company of such compliance could be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

We operate in a highly regulated environment, and if we are found to be in violation of any of the federal, state, or local laws or regulations applicable to us, our business could suffer.

We are also subject to a wide range of federal, state, and local laws and regulations, such as local licensing requirements, and retail financing, debt collection, consumer protection, environmental, health and safety, creditor, wage-hour, anti-discrimination, whistleblower and other employment practices laws and regulations and we expect these costs to increase going forward. The violation of these or future requirements or laws and regulations could result in administrative, civil, or criminal sanctions against us, which may include fines, a cease and desist order against the subject operations or even revocation or suspension of our license to operate the subject business. As a result, we have incurred and will continue to incur capital and operating expenditures and other costs to comply with these requirements and laws and regulations.

Risks Related to the Offering

State and federal securities laws are complex, and the Company could potentially be found to have not complied with all relevant state and federal securities law in prior offerings of securities.

The Company has conducted previous offerings of securities and may not have complied with all relevant state and federal securities laws. If a court or regulatory body with the required jurisdiction ever concluded that the Company may have violated state or federal securities laws, any such violation could result in the Company being required to

offer rescission rights to investors in such offering. If such investors exercised their rescission rights, the Company would have to pay to such investors an amount of funds equal to the purchase price paid by such investors plus interest from the date of any such purchase. No assurances can be given the Company will, if it is required to offer such investors a rescission right, have sufficient funds to pay the prior investors the amounts required or that proceeds from this Offering would not be used to pay such amounts.

In addition, if the Company violated federal or state securities laws in connection with a prior offering and/or sale of its securities, federal or state regulators could bring an enforcement, regulatory and/or other legal action against the Company which, among other things, could result in the Company having to pay substantial fines and be prohibited from selling securities in the future.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of the Securities or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

You should not rely on the fact that our Form C/A is accessible through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR filing system as an approval, endorsement or guarantee of compliance as it relates to this Offering. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not reviewed this Form C/A, nor any document or literature related to this Offering.

Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws.

No governmental agency has reviewed or passed upon this Offering or the Securities. Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws. Investors will not receive any of the benefits available in registered offerings, which may include access to quarterly and annual financial statements that have been audited by an independent accounting firm. Investors must therefore assess the adequacy of disclosure and the fairness of the terms of this Offering based on the information provided in this Form C/A and the accompanying exhibits.

The Company's management may have broad discretion in how the Company uses the net proceeds of the Offering.

Unless the Company has agreed to a specific use of the proceeds from the Offering, the Company's management will have considerable discretion over the use of proceeds from the Offering. You may not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately.

The Company has the right to limit individual Investor commitment amounts based on the Company's determination of an Investor's sophistication.

The Company may prevent any Investor from committing more than a certain amount in this Offering based on the Company's determination of the Investor's sophistication and ability to assume the risk of the investment. This means that your desired investment amount may be limited or lowered based solely on the Company's determination and not in line with relevant investment limits set forth by the Regulation CF rules. This also means that other Investors may receive larger allocations of the Offering based solely on the Company's determination.

The Company has the right to extend the Offering Deadline.

The Company may extend the Offering Deadline beyond what is currently stated herein. This means that your investment may continue to be held in escrow while the Company attempts to raise the Target Offering Amount even after the Offering Deadline stated herein is reached. While you have the right to cancel your investment in the event the Company extends the Offering Deadline, if you choose to reconfirm your investment, your investment will not be accruing interest during this time and will simply be held until such time as the new Offering Deadline is reached without the Company receiving the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be returned to you without interest or deduction, or the Company receives the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be released to the Company to be used as set forth herein. Upon or shortly after the release of such funds to the Company, the Securities will be issued and distributed to you.

The Company may also end the Offering early.

If the Target Offering Amount is met after 21 calendar days, but before the Offering Deadline, the Company can end the Offering by providing notice to Investors at least 5 business days prior to the end of the Offering. This means your failure to participate in the Offering in a timely manner, may prevent you from being able to invest in this Offering – it also means the Company may limit the amount of capital it can raise during the Offering by ending the Offering early.

The Company has the right to conduct multiple closings during the Offering.

If the Company meets certain terms and conditions, an intermediate close of the Offering can occur, which will allow the Company to draw down on half of the proceeds committed and captured in the Offering during the relevant period. The Company may choose to continue the Offering thereafter. Investors should be mindful that this means they can make multiple investment commitments in the Offering, which may be subject to different cancellation rights. For example, if an intermediate close occurs and later a material change occurs as the Offering continues, Investors whose investment commitments were previously closed upon will not have the right to re-confirm their investment as it will be deemed to have been completed prior to the material change.

Risks Related to the Securities

The Securities will not be freely tradable under the Securities Act until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Securities may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply, and each Investor should consult with their attorney.

You should be aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not ever be a public market for the Securities. Because the Securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or under the securities laws of any state or foreign jurisdiction, the Securities have transfer restrictions and cannot be resold in the United States except pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the Securities Act or other securities laws will be effected. Limitations on the transfer of the Securities may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the Securities in a private sale. Investors should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Each Investor in this Offering will be required to represent that they are purchasing the Securities for their own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

Investors will not become equity holders until the Company decides to convert the Securities into “CF Shadow Securities” (the type of equity securities issuable upon conversion of the Securities) or until there is a change of control or sale of substantially all of the Company’s assets.

Investors will not have an ownership claim to the Company or to any of its assets or revenues for an indefinite amount of time and depending on when and how the Securities are converted, the Investors may never become equity holders of the Company. Investors will not become equity holders of the Company unless the Company receives a future round of financing great enough to trigger a conversion and the Company elects to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. The Company is under no obligation to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. In certain instances, such as a sale of the Company or substantially all of its assets, an initial public offering or a dissolution or bankruptcy, the Investors may only have a right to receive cash, to the extent available, rather than equity in the Company.

Investors will not have voting rights, even upon conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. Upon the conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities (which cannot be guaranteed), the holders of the CF Shadow Securities will be required to enter into a proxy with the Intermediary or its designee to ensure any statutory voting rights are voted in tandem with the majority holders of whichever series of securities the CF Shadow Securities follow.

Investors will not have the right to vote upon matters of the Company even if and when their Securities are converted into CF Shadow Securities (the occurrence of which cannot be guaranteed). Upon such conversion, the CF Shadow Securities will have no voting rights and, in circumstances where a statutory right to vote is provided by state law, the CF Shadow Security holders are required to enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary or its designee to vote their CF Shadow Securities with the majority of the holder(s) of the securities issued in the round of equity financing that triggered the conversion right. For example, if the Securities are converted in connection with an offering of Series B Preferred Stock, Investors would receive CF Shadow Securities in the form of shares of Series B-CF Shadow

Preferred Stock and would be required to enter into a proxy that allows the Intermediary or its designee to vote their shares of Series B-CF Shadow Preferred Stock consistent with the majority of the Series B Preferred Stockholders. Thus, Investors will essentially never be able to vote upon any matters of the Company.

Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by law.

Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by law. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation CF requires only the provision of an annual report on Form C/A and no additional information. Additionally, there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put Investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders, including certain security holders who have rights to periodic financial statements and updates from the Company such as quarterly unaudited financials, annual projections and budgets, and monthly progress reports, among other things.

Investors will be unable to declare the Security in “default” and demand repayment.

Unlike convertible notes and some other securities, the Securities do not have any “default” provisions upon which Investors will be able to demand repayment of their investment. The Company has ultimate discretion as to whether or not to convert the Securities upon a future equity financing and Investors have no right to demand such conversion. Only in limited circumstances, such as a liquidity event, may Investors demand payment and even then, such payments will be limited to the amount of cash available to the Company.

The Company may never elect to convert the Securities or undergo a liquidity event and Investors may have to hold the Securities indefinitely.

The Company may never conduct a future equity financing or elect to convert the Securities if such future equity financing does occur. In addition, the Company may never undergo a liquidity event such as a sale of the Company or an initial public offering. If neither the conversion of the Securities nor a liquidity event occurs, Investors could be left holding the Securities in perpetuity. The Securities have numerous transfer restrictions and will likely be highly illiquid, with no secondary market on which to sell them. The Securities are not equity interests, have no ownership rights, have no rights to the Company’s assets or profits and have no voting rights or ability to direct the Company or its actions.

Equity securities acquired upon conversion of the Securities may be significantly diluted as a consequence of subsequent equity financings.

The Company’s equity securities will be subject to dilution. The Company intends to issue additional equity to employees and third-party financing sources in amounts that are uncertain at this time, and as a consequence holders of equity securities resulting from the conversion of the Securities will be subject to dilution in an unpredictable amount. Such dilution may reduce the Investor’s control and economic interests in the Company.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company will depend upon several contingencies not foreseen at the time of this Offering. Generally, additional financing (whether in the form of loans or the issuance of other securities) will be intended to provide the Company with enough capital to reach the next major corporate milestone. If the funds received in any additional financing are not sufficient to meet the Company’s needs, the Company may have to raise additional capital at a price unfavorable to their existing investors, including the holders of the Securities. The availability of capital is at least partially a function of capital market conditions that are beyond the control of the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to accurately predict the future capital requirements necessary for success or that additional funds will be available from any source. Failure to obtain financing on favorable terms could dilute or otherwise severely impair the value of the Securities.

Equity securities issued upon conversion of the Securities may be substantially different from other equity securities offered or issued by the Company at the time of conversion.

In the event the Company decides to exercise the conversion right, the Company will convert the Securities into equity securities that are materially different from the equity securities being issued to new investors at the time of conversion in many ways, including, but not limited to, liquidation preferences, dividend rights, or anti-dilution protection.

Additionally, any equity securities issued at the Conversion Price (as defined in the Crowd SAFE agreement) shall have only such preferences, rights, and protections in proportion to the Conversion Price and not in proportion to the price per share paid by new investors receiving the equity securities. Upon conversion of the Securities, the Company may not provide the holders of such Securities with the same rights, preferences, protections, and other benefits or privileges provided to other investors of the Company.

The forgoing paragraph is only a summary of a portion of the conversion feature of the Securities; it is not intended to be complete, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Crowd SAFE agreement, which is attached as Exhibit C.

A Crowd SAFE holder may lose their right to any appreciation or return on investment due to defaulting on certain notice and require action requirements in such Crowd SAFE; failure to claim cash set aside in this case may result in a total loss of principal.

The Crowd SAFE offered requires a holder to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion or termination of the Crowd SAFE, in connection with an Equity Financing or Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company. Failure to make a timely action may result in the Company declaring that the Investor is only eligible to receive a cash payment equal to their Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount in certain events). While the Company will set aside such payment for the investor, such payment may be subject to escheatment laws, resulting in a total loss of principal if the Investor never claims their payment.

There is no present market for the Securities and we have arbitrarily set the price.

The Offering price was not established in a competitive market. We have arbitrarily set the price of the Securities with reference to the general status of the securities market and other relevant factors. The Offering price for the Securities should not be considered an indication of the actual value of the Securities and is not based on our net worth or prior earnings. We cannot guarantee that the Securities can be resold at the Offering price or at any other price.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, Investors will not be treated as debt holders and therefore are unlikely to recover any proceeds.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, the holders of the Securities that have not been converted will be entitled to distributions as described in the Securities. This means that such holders will only receive distributions once all of the creditors and more senior security holders, including any holders of preferred stock, have been paid in full. Neither holders of the Securities nor holders of CF Shadow Securities can be guaranteed any proceeds in the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company.

While the Securities provide mechanisms whereby holders of the Securities would be entitled to a return of their purchase amount upon the occurrence of certain events, if the Company does not have sufficient cash on hand, this obligation may not be fulfilled.

Upon the occurrence of certain events, as provided in the Securities, holders of the Securities may be entitled to a return of the principal amount invested. Despite the contractual provisions in the Securities, this right cannot be guaranteed if the Company does not have sufficient liquid assets on hand. Therefore, potential Investors should not assume a guaranteed return of their investment amount.

Our principal stockholders, Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers and Reed DesRosiers, are married to each other and can exercise significant influence that could discourage transactions involving a change of control and may affect member's ability to generate any return on investment.

As of the date of this Form C/A, Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers and Reed DesRosiers, our Founders, officers and directors control approximately 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company, and the exclusive power to vote approximately 100% of the votes with respect to the shares of common stock, including for the election of the members of the board of directors and the officers of the Company. The Company is effectively under their control, and they can determine the outcome of most corporate transactions or other matters submitted to the stockholders for approval. Such control also may have the effect of discouraging transactions involving an actual or potential change of control, including transactions in which the holders of units of membership interests might

otherwise receive a premium for their units of membership interests over the then current value. Lastly, if their marriage were to be annulled, or if they were to be divorced, the Company, or matters requiring the vote of the members of the board of directors or the stockholders, may experience a deadlock without any effective dispute-resolution process, which could impair and adversely effect the Company's business operations.

There is no guarantee of a return on an Investor's investment.

There is no assurance that an Investor will realize a return on their investment or that they will not lose their entire investment. For this reason, each Investor should read this Form C/A and all exhibits carefully and should consult with their attorney and business advisor prior to making any investment decision.

IN ADDITION TO THE RISKS LISTED ABOVE, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES NOT PRESENTLY KNOWN, OR WHICH WE CONSIDER IMMATERIAL AS OF THE DATE OF THIS FORM C/A, MAY ALSO HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON OUR BUSINESS AND RESULT IN THE TOTAL LOSS OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

BUSINESS

Description of the Business

All the flavor, none of the work. Troop is a no nonsense cocktail that's on a mission to do things right and do right by others. That means 100% real ingredients, craft spirits, and a promise to give back. At Troop, we drink differently. We believe in quality over quantity. Freshness over fussiness. Full flavored over watered down. Because we're here for a new class of drinkers. And this one is for them: A real cocktail with craft spirits and honest ingredients in a ready-to-go, let's-make-some-memories can.

Business Plan

Troop sells ready-to-drink canned cocktails across three primary channels: Wholesale, Hospitality, and Direct to consumer through DrinkTroop.com.

Our wholesale distributors give us access to top-tier groceries, regional chains, independent retailers, bars, and restaurants throughout California. We will expand our wholesale distribution to 3–5 more states in 2021, and 10–12 more states in 2022, with a goal to achieve national distribution by 2024.

Troop also sells to hotels, venues, and stadiums. The convenient quality cocktails we offer provide hospitality sites a convenient and quality option to serve guests. Over time, we plan to expand into additional hotels, venues, and stadiums. We will also sell to travel providers, such as air lines and cruise ships.

Our direct-to-consumer channel offers customers the opportunity to purchase Troop on the internet for delivery. As we scale our wholesale distribution, we will use our direct-to-consumer channel to identify areas of demand and plan expansion. We will also grow this channel revenue using digital, social, and event-based marketing tactics.

We've developed a detailed growth strategy to vastly expand our scope of distribution, increase overall revenue, and improve margins to 65% (up from 45-55% currently).

Our state of the art distillery in Napa, CA, has the capacity to scale to 150K+ cases per year, allowing us to enter into large contracts with national retailers.

The Company's Products and/or Services

Product / Service	Description	Current Market
Rum Mojito	A good time drink made for warm summer nights. The mojito brings a little sunshine to any occasion. Born out of the rich and vibrant culture of Cuba, it's hard not to slow down and let loose with this cocktail in hand. Bring it along to your neighborhood block party or backyard soiree. Dress it up with a highball glass, muddled mint leaves, and lime wedge.	Wholesale retail in CA and nationwide DtC, targeting the cocktail curious, ingredient conscious Millennial and Gen Z drinkers.
Bourbon Smash	A twist on the classic summer sipper typically shared at race tracks and club houses. The Bourbon Smash conjures a nostalgic taste without the pretension (or seersucker attire). It pairs perfectly with a sunset picnic or evening poker night. To dress it up, pour in a rocks glass, add an oversized ice cube and lemon wedge and get sippin'.	Wholesale retail in CA and nationwide DtC, targeting the cocktail curious, ingredient conscious Millennial and Gen Z drinkers.

Gin Spritz	If an Aperol spritz and a negroni had a love child, it would taste something like this. A fine blend of bitter and sweet, smooth and fizzy, dry and botanical. It's a refreshingly easy sip that pairs delightfully with palazzo-style dining, beach lounging, or weekend brunching. Dress it up with a wine glass, a few ice cubes, and an orange peel. Make it extra saucy with an obnoxiously large hat and a tacky drink umbrella for shits and giggles.	Wholesale retail in CA and nationwide DtC, targeting the cocktail curious, ingredient conscious Millennial and Gen Z drinkers
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Competition

The markets in which our products are sold are highly competitive. Our products compete against similar products of many large and small companies, including well-known global competitors. In many of the markets and industry segments in which we sell our products, we compete against other branded products as well as retailers' private-label brands. Product quality, performance, value and packaging are also important differentiating factors.

Our competitors are Cutwater Spirits, which is a canned cocktail company owned and operated by AB InBev; High Noon, which is a vodka-based seltzer company owned and operated by E.J. Gallo Company; Club Cocktails, which is a legacy canned cocktail company with similar size and format as Troop.

What sets us apart:

- Own the at-home cocktail occasion - Troop provides the cocktail option that best aligns with the twilight hours, 4-7pm, when consumers most want to sit back and enjoy a cocktail. We're an evening oriented brand, package, and line of drinks meant to enhance any get together.
- Cocktails without compromise - Available in soon to be 5 distinct serves -- Rum Mojito, Bourbon Smash, Gin Spritz, Tequila Paloma, and Vodka Lemonade -- each cocktail is only 125 calories with 3g added sugars. Our cocktails are full flavor and full strength, and still align with consumer' health and wellness goals.
- Real ingredients - We are bold and transparent about the ingredients we use. Consumers deserve to know what they're drinking, and we're here to give them the high quality that they've come to expect across all consumer categories.
- Commitment to give back - Now more than ever, the brands we choose act as a statement about our values. Consumers care about more than product, but what a brand stands for. Troop is a female- and LGBTQ-owned brand committed to making a difference in the alcohol world. We're also a 1% for the Planet brand, and we regularly partner up with nonprofit organizations to host events, volunteer, and get the Troop involved.

Customer Base

Troop's customers are the Real Ones. The sippers and savorers. The small-talk rejectors and conversation relishers. Those who don't measure fun in shots or calories, but in belly laughs and how much fun they had. A new class of drinkers, who won't settle for anything less than absolutely delicious. Our core customer is 30-45 and believes they shouldn't sacrifice on flavor or ingredient quality when it comes to their drinks. They are cocktail curious, ingredient conscious tastemakers in their friend groups. They want to bring authenticity and adventure to the party, so they show up with Troop instead of seltzer, wine, or beer. They're trading up to spirit-based cocktails for a number of reasons, including higher-quality flavor, a more premium drink, and because they prefer their spirit-of-choice as an alcohol base.

Supply Chain

Troop purchases the ingredients and dry goods through a variety of suppliers. If these suppliers experience any shortages, Troop has alternatives. This information is listed below.

Goods	Description	Supplier(s)
Spirits	Base Spirits for Troop's drinks, and supplies to create spirits for Troop's drinks.	Signature Spirits Agave Azul San Jose UltraPure, LLC J.B. Thome & Co., Inc. MGW World Ltd
Juices & botanicals	Citrus and other juices used as mixers and flavorings. Dry goods such as teas and herbs used to flavor Troop's cocktails.	San Francisco Herb Co. Numi Tea Tradin Organic Real Food Marketing Ventura Coastal, LLC
Cans, Ends, Labels	Aluminum Cans, ends, and labels to package Troop's cocktails.	Wildpack Beverages Stephen Gould Gamer Packaging, LLC
Paper and Corrugated	Paper and cardboard that makes Troop's 4-pack and 24-pack case packaging.	Capital Corrugated Golden West Packaging Stephen Gould

Intellectual Property

Application or Registration #	Title	Description	File Date	Grant Date	Country
5927686	TROOP	WORD MARK	06/15/2018	12/03/2019	United States

Governmental/Regulatory Approval and Compliance

The Company is subject to and affected by the laws and regulations of U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities, including licensed as a Distilled Spirits Wholesaler holding a Wholesaler Basic Permit from the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax & Trade Bureau (TTB), which Permit Number is CA-P-24848. The Company is also a licensed Wholesaler in the state of California, and holds a Type 18 Wholesaler License from the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC), which ABC license number is 18-611641. These laws and regulations are subject to change.

Litigation

The Company is not subject to any current litigation or threatened litigation.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table illustrates how we intend to use the net proceeds received from this Offering. The values below are not inclusive of payments to financial and legal service providers and escrow related fees, all of which were incurred in the preparation of this Offering and are due in advance of the closing of the Offering.

Use of Proceeds	% of Proceeds if Target Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Target Offering Amount Raised	% of Proceeds if Maximum Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Maximum Offering Amount Raised
Intermediary Fees	6%	\$1,500	6%	\$64,200
New Hires	30%	\$7,500	30%	\$321,000
Marketing	30%	\$7,500	30%	\$321,000
Retail Expansion	24%	\$6,000	24%	\$256,800
New Products	10%	\$2,500	10%	\$107,000
Total	100%	\$25,000	100%	\$1,070,000

The Company has discretion to alter the use of proceeds set forth above to adhere to the Company's business plan and liquidity requirements. For example, economic conditions may alter the Company's general marketing or general working capital requirements.

Set forth below are detailed description of how we intend to use the net proceeds of this Offering for any category in excess of ten percent (10%) in the table above.

New Hires (30%) – We expect to use 30% of the Offering proceeds to build our team with key new hires in sales and marketing.

Marketing (30%) – We intend to spend 30% of the Offering proceeds on marketing to raise awareness and conversion.

Retail Expansion (24%) – We will launch and support new retail expansion in 3-5 additional states with 24% of the Offering proceeds.

New Products (10%) – Ten percent of the Offering proceeds will be utilized to develop and launch additional cocktails and formats.

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND MANAGERS

The directors, officers, and managers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years.

Name	Positions and Offices Held at the Company	Principal Occupation and Employment Responsibilities for the Last Three (3) Years	Education
Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers	Founder, Chief Executive Officer, President, Secretary and Director	As the Company's CEO, Ms. DesRosiers manages all day to day activities related to sales, distribution, marketing and brand. From 2018 - 2019, she was also affiliated or employed by Ignite Group, LLC where she was a Consultant and Business Advisor. Caroline was the only female on the	The College of William & Mary Raymond A Mason School of Business, Bachelor of Business

		leadership team at a boutique brand and technology consulting firm. She oversaw 6-10 projects at a time, managing 4-8 consultants on any given projects. Projects included branding, process improvement, and technology modernization. She also oversaw all aspects of recruiting, hiring, and HR.	Administration (B.B.A), Finance, 2014
Reed DesRosiers	Founder, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Director	As the Company's COO, Mr. DesRosiers manages all day to day operations related to production, supply chain, digital marketing, eCommerce, and more. During 2018 through the date hereof, he was also affiliated or employed by Autodesk, Inc. where he was a Product Manager responsible for building and delivering software products. He also manages a team of four other Product Managers.	Johns Hopkins University, Master of Science (M.S.), – Educational Studies, 2016 Cornell University, Bachelor of Science (B.S.), Policy Analysis and Management, 2014

Indemnification

Indemnification is authorized by the Company to managers, officers or controlling persons acting in their professional capacity pursuant to Delaware law. Indemnification includes expenses such as attorney's fees and, in certain circumstances, judgments, fines and settlement amounts actually paid or incurred in connection with actual or threatened actions, suits or proceedings involving such person, except in certain circumstances where a person is adjudged to be guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that such indemnification is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company's by-laws provide that it will indemnify its directors and executive officers (for the purposes of this Article, "executive officers" has the meaning defined in Rule 3b-7 promulgated under the 1934 Act) to the fullest extent not prohibited by the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") or any other applicable law; provided, however, that the corporation may modify the extent of such indemnification by individual contracts with its directors and executive officers; and, provided, further, that the corporation will not be required to indemnify any director or executive officer in connection with any proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person unless (i) such indemnification is expressly required to be made by law, (ii) the proceeding was authorized by the Board of Directors of the corporation, (iii) such indemnification is provided by the corporation, in its sole discretion, pursuant to the powers vested in the corporation under the DGCL or any other applicable law or (iv) such indemnification is required to be made under the operative section of the by-laws.

The Company also entered into an indemnification agreement with each of Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers and Reed DesRosiers, under which the Company is obligated to provide certain indemnification, advancement, defense assumption and insurance rights.

Employees

The Company currently has 3 employees.

CAPITALIZATION, DEBT AND OWNERSHIP

Capitalization

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 10,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share (the "**Common Stock**"). At the closing of this Offering, assuming only the Target Offering Amount is sold, 7,200,000 shares of Common Stock will be issued and outstanding.

Outstanding Capital Stock

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company's outstanding capital stock consists of:

Type	Common Stock
Amount Outstanding	7,200,000
Par Value Per Share	\$0.00001
Voting Rights	1 vote per share
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may issue additional common stock which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	79.82%

Outstanding Options, Safes, Convertible Notes, and Warrants

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company has the following additional securities outstanding:

Type	2019A Series Convertible Notes
Face Value	\$105,000
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Interest: Simple interest on the outstanding principal amount at the rate of 2% per annum. All unpaid interest and principal shall be due and payable upon request of certain majority holders on or after the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note, except that one convertible note matures on or after January 19, 2021. Conversion Upon a Qualified Financing: In the event that the Company issues and sells shares of its equity securities ("Equity Securities") to investors (the "Investors") on or before the January 19, 2021 ("Maturity Date") in an equity financing with total proceeds to the Company of not less than \$750,000

	(excluding the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes (e.g., Simple Agreements for Future Equity)) (a “Qualified Financing”), then the outstanding principal amount of the Note and any unpaid accrued interest shall automatically convert in whole without any further action by the holder into Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing at a conversion price equal to the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the Investors in the Qualified Financing multiplied by 0.80. The issuance of Equity Securities pursuant to the conversion of the Note shall be upon and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing. Notwithstanding this paragraph, if the conversion price of the Notes as determined pursuant to this paragraph (the “Conversion Price”) is less than the price per share at which Equity Securities are issued in the Qualified Financing, the Company may, solely at its option, elect to convert the Note into shares of a newly created series of preferred stock having the identical rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions as Equity Securities issued in the Qualified Financing, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions, other than with respect to (if applicable): (i) the per share liquidation preference and the conversion price for purposes of price-based anti-dilution protection, which will equal the Conversion Price; and (ii) the per share dividend, which will be the same percentage of the Conversion Price as applied to determine the per share dividends of the Investors in the Qualified Financing relative to the purchase price paid by the Investors. Conversion upon Change of Control: If the Company consummates a Change of Control (as defined below) while the Note remains outstanding, the Company shall repay the holder in cash in an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of the Note plus any unpaid accrued interest on the original principal. For purposes of the Note, a “Change of Control” means (i) a consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation or other entity or person, or any other corporate reorganization, other than any such consolidation, merger or reorganization in which the shares of capital stock of the Company immediately prior to such consolidation, merger or reorganization continue to represent a majority of the voting power of the surviving entity immediately after such consolidation, merger or reorganization; (ii) any transaction or series of related transactions to which the Company is a party in which in excess of 50% of the Company’s voting power is transferred; or (iii) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company’s assets, or the exclusive license of all or substantially all of the Company’s material intellectual property; provided that a Change of Control shall not include any transaction or series of transactions principally for bona fide equity financing purposes in which cash is received by the Company or any successor, indebtedness of the Company is cancelled or converted or a combination thereof.
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may issue additional warrants, and any warrant upon exercise, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	1.46%*

*Conversion of these Notes is based on a 20% discount off the \$8,000,000 valuation cap of the Securities and the outstanding principal and interest accrued.

Type	2020A Series Convertible Notes
Face Value	\$205,000
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Interest: Simple interest on the outstanding principal amount at the rate of 5% per annum. All unpaid interest and principal shall be due and payable upon request of the certain majority holders on or after the on or after the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note. Conversion Upon a Qualified Financing: In the event that the Company issues and sells shares of its equity securities (“Equity Securities”) to investors (the “Investors”) on or before the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note (“Maturity Date”) in an equity financing with total proceeds to the Company of not less than \$2,000,000 (excluding the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes (e.g., Simple Agreements for Future Equity)) (a “Qualified Financing”), then the outstanding principal amount of the Note and any unpaid accrued interest shall automatically convert in whole without any further action by the holder into Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing at a conversion price equal to the lower of (i) the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the Investors in the Qualified Financing multiplied by 0.80, or (ii) the quotient resulting from dividing \$8,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of common stock of the Company immediately prior to the Qualified Financing (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes). The issuance of Equity Securities pursuant to the conversion of the Note shall be upon and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing. Notwithstanding this paragraph, if the conversion price of the Notes as determined pursuant to this paragraph (the “Conversion Price”) is less than the price per share at which Equity Securities are issued in the Qualified Financing, the Company may, solely at its option, elect to convert the Note into shares of a newly created series of preferred stock having the identical rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions as Equity Securities issued in the Qualified Financing, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions, other than with respect to (if applicable): (i) the per share liquidation preference and the conversion price for purposes of price-based anti-dilution protection, which will equal the Conversion Price; and (ii) the per share dividend, which will be the same percentage of the Conversion Price as applied to determine the per share dividends of the Investors in the Qualified Financing relative to the purchase price paid by the Investors. Conversion upon Change of Control: If the Company consummates a Change of Control (as defined below) while this Note remains outstanding, the holder shall receive, at holder’s election, (i) cash in an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of the note plus any unpaid accrued interest on the original principal, or (ii) the amount that the holder would have received pursuant to the Change of Control if it held a number of common shares of the Company immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control equal to the quotient of the aggregate amount of the principal and accrued interest immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control divided by the price per common share to be paid to the holders of common stock in the Change

	of Control. For purposes of the Note, a “Change of Control” means (i) a consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation or other entity or person, or any other corporate reorganization, other than any such consolidation, merger or reorganization in which the shares of capital stock of the Company immediately prior to such consolidation, merger or reorganization continue to represent a majority of the voting power of the surviving entity immediately after such consolidation, merger or reorganization; (ii) any transaction or series of related transactions to which the Company is a party in which in excess of 50% of the Company's voting power is transferred; or (iii) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, or the exclusive license of all or substantially all of the Company's material intellectual property; provided that a Change of Control shall not include any transaction or series of transactions principally for bona fide equity financing purposes in which cash is received by the Company or any successor, indebtedness of the Company is cancelled or converted or a combination thereof. Conversion in the Event of No Qualified Financing or Change of Control by Maturity Date. If the Company fails to consummate a Qualified Financing or a Change of Control prior to the Maturity Date, the Holder may, at its election, convert the Note into such number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the quotient of the outstanding principal plus the accrued interest divided by the price obtained by dividing \$8,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other indebtedness).
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may issue additional convertible notes, and any convertible note upon conversion, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	2.27%*

* Conversion of these Notes is based on the valuation cap of the Securities and the outstanding principal and interest accrued.

Type	2020B Series Convertible Notes
Face Value	\$95,000
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Interest: Simple interest on the outstanding principal amount at the rate of 5% per annum. All unpaid interest and principal shall be due and payable upon request of the certain majority holders on or after the on or after the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note. Conversion Upon a Qualified Financing: In the event that the Company issues and sells shares of its equity securities (“Equity Securities”) to investors (the

“Investors”) on or before the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note (“Maturity Date”) in an equity financing with total proceeds to the Company of not less than \$2,000,000 (excluding the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes (e.g., Simple Agreements for Future Equity)) (a “Qualified Financing”), then the outstanding principal amount of the Note and any unpaid accrued interest shall automatically convert in whole without any further action by the holder into Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing at a conversion price equal to the lower of (i) the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the Investors in the Qualified Financing multiplied by 0.80, or (ii) the quotient resulting from dividing \$6,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of common stock of the Company immediately prior to the Qualified Financing (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes). The issuance of Equity Securities pursuant to the conversion of the Note shall be upon and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing. Notwithstanding this paragraph, if the conversion price of the Notes as determined pursuant to this paragraph (the “Conversion Price”) is less than the price per share at which Equity Securities are issued in the Qualified Financing, the Company may, solely at its option, elect to convert the Note into shares of a newly created series of preferred stock having the identical rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions as Equity Securities issued in the Qualified Financing, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions, other than with respect to (if applicable): (i) the per share liquidation preference and the conversion price for purposes of price-based anti-dilution protection, which will equal the Conversion Price; and (ii) the per share dividend, which will be the same percentage of the Conversion Price as applied to determine the per share dividends of the Investors in the Qualified Financing relative to the purchase price paid by the Investors.

Conversion upon Change of Control: If the Company consummates a Change of Control (as defined below) while this Note remains outstanding, the holder shall receive, at holder’s election, (i) cash in an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of the note plus any unpaid accrued interest on the original principal, or (ii) the amount that the holder would have received pursuant to the Change of Control if it held a number of common shares of the Company immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control equal to the quotient of the aggregate amount of the principal and accrued interest immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control divided by the price per common share to be paid to the holders of common stock in the Change of Control. For purposes of the Note, a “Change of Control” means (i) a consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation or other entity or person, or any other corporate reorganization, other than any such consolidation, merger or reorganization in which the shares of capital stock of the Company immediately prior to such consolidation, merger or reorganization continue to represent a majority of the voting power of the surviving entity immediately after such consolidation, merger or reorganization; (ii) any transaction or series of related transactions to which the Company is a party in which in excess of 50% of the Company’s voting power is transferred; or (iii) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company’s assets, or the exclusive license of all or substantially all of the Company’s material intellectual property; provided that a Change of Control shall not include any transaction or series of transactions principally for bona fide equity financing purposes in which cash is received by the Company or any successor, indebtedness of the Company is cancelled or converted or a combination thereof.

	Conversion in the Event of No Qualified Financing or Change of Control by Maturity Date. If the Company fails to consummate a Qualified Financing or a Change of Control prior to the Maturity Date, the Holder may, at its election, convert the Note into such number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the quotient of the outstanding principal plus the accrued interest divided by the price obtained by dividing \$6,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other indebtedness).
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may issue additional convertible notes, and any convertible note upon conversion, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	1.40%*

* Conversion of these Notes is based on their \$6,000,000 valuation cap and the outstanding principal and interest accrued.

Type	2021A Series Convertible Notes
Face Value	\$147,500
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Interest: Simple interest on the outstanding principal amount at the rate of 5% per annum. All unpaid interest and principal shall be due and payable upon request of the certain majority holders on or after the on or after the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note. Conversion Upon a Qualified Financing: In the event that the Company issues and sells shares of its equity securities ("Equity Securities") to investors (the "Investors") on or before the eighteen month anniversary of the date of the Note ("Maturity Date") in an equity financing with total proceeds to the Company of not less than \$2,000,000 (excluding the conversion of the Notes or other convertible securities issued for capital raising purposes (e.g., Simple Agreements for Future Equity)) (a "Qualified Financing"), then the outstanding principal amount of the Note and any unpaid accrued interest shall automatically convert in whole without any further action by the holder into Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing at a conversion price equal to the lower of (i) the price paid per share for Equity Securities by the Investors in the Qualified Financing multiplied by 0.80, or (ii) the quotient resulting from dividing \$6,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of common stock of the Company immediately prior to the Qualified Financing (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other convertible

	securities issued for capital raising purposes). The issuance of Equity Securities pursuant to the conversion of the Note shall be upon and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Equity Securities sold in the Qualified Financing. Notwithstanding this paragraph, if the conversion price of the Notes as determined pursuant to this paragraph (the “Conversion Price”) is less than the price per share at which Equity Securities are issued in the Qualified Financing, the Company may, solely at its option, elect to convert the Note into shares of a newly created series of preferred stock having the identical rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions as Equity Securities issued in the Qualified Financing, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions, other than with respect to (if applicable): (i) the per share liquidation preference and the conversion price for purposes of price-based anti-dilution protection, which will equal the Conversion Price; and (ii) the per share dividend, which will be the same percentage of the Conversion Price as applied to determine the per share dividends of the Investors in the Qualified Financing relative to the purchase price paid by the Investors. Conversion upon Change of Control: If the Company consummates a Change of Control (as defined below) while this Note remains outstanding, the holder shall receive, at holder’s election, (i) cash in an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of the note plus any unpaid accrued interest on the original principal, or (ii) the amount that the holder would have received pursuant to the Change of Control if it held a number of common shares of the Company immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control equal to the quotient of the aggregate amount of the principal and accrued interest immediately prior to the consummation of the Change of Control divided by the price per common share to be paid to the holders of common stock in the Change of Control. For purposes of the Note, a “Change of Control” means (i) a consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation or other entity or person, or any other corporate reorganization, other than any such consolidation, merger or reorganization in which the shares of capital stock of the Company immediately prior to such consolidation, merger or reorganization continue to represent a majority of the voting power of the surviving entity immediately after such consolidation, merger or reorganization; (ii) any transaction or series of related transactions to which the Company is a party in which in excess of 50% of the Company’s voting power is transferred; or (iii) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company’s assets, or the exclusive license of all or substantially all of the Company’s material intellectual property; provided that a Change of Control shall not include any transaction or series of transactions principally for bona fide equity financing purposes in which cash is received by the Company or any successor, indebtedness of the Company is cancelled or converted or a combination thereof. Conversion in the Event of No Qualified Financing or Change of Control by Maturity Date. If the Company fails to consummate a Qualified Financing or a Change of Control prior to the Maturity Date, the Holder may, at its election, convert the Note into such number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the quotient of the outstanding principal plus the accrued interest divided by the price obtained by dividing \$6,000,000 by the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company (assuming conversion of all securities convertible into common stock and exercise of all outstanding options and warrants, but excluding the shares of equity securities of the Company issuable upon the conversion of the Notes or other indebtedness).
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation	The Company may issue additional convertible notes, and any convertible note upon conversion, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.

CF	
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	2.18%*

* Conversion of these Notes is based on their \$6,000,000 valuation cap and the outstanding principal and interest accrued.

Type	Warrant
Face Value	Up to that number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to 4% of the fully-diluted capitalization immediately following the closing of a certain first equity financing of the Company (the "Warrant Stock").
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Beginning on the June 8, 2020, the warrant may be exercised to the extent of not more than fifty percent (50%) of the Warrant Stock. After Company holds meetings with three (3) distributors and two (2) sales agencies, all such meetings arranged by the holder of the warrant, the warrant may be exercised to the extent of not more than twenty five percent (25%) of the Warrant Stock. After the Company raises one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in committed capital from investors introduced to Company by the holder of the warrant, the warrant may be exercised to the extent of not more than twenty five percent (25%) of the Warrant Stock. "Equity Financing" shall mean an equity financing with total proceeds to the Company of not less than \$2,000,000. "Exercise Period" shall mean the period commencing on June 8, 2020 and ending five years later, unless sooner terminated under the warrant. "Exercise Price" shall mean \$0.01 per share, subject to certain adjustments.
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may issue additional warrants, and any warrant upon exercise, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	4.0%

Type	2018 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”)
Reserved/Outstanding Shares of Common Stock	800,000 / 0
Voting Rights	None, except for voting rights with respect to any stock-based awards
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms	Plan provides for the grant of the following types of Stock Awards: (i) Incentive Stock Options, (ii) Nonstatutory Stock Options, (iii) Stock Appreciation Rights, (iv) Restricted Stock Awards, (v) Restricted Stock Unit Awards and (vi) Other Stock Awards.
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may increase the number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the Plan, which may limit, dilute or qualify the Securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	8.87%

Outstanding Debt

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company has the following debt outstanding:

Type	Convertible Note Securities
Face Value / Amount Outstanding	The Company has issued Convertible Notes with face value of \$552,500. As of the date hereof, these Convertible Notes have accrued interest in the amount of \$25,715.77. The total debt outstanding related to these Convertible notes is \$528,215.77.
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	<i>See above</i>
Description of Collateral	None
Other Material Terms	<i>See above</i>
Maturity Date	<i>See above</i>

Type	Revolving Credit Agreements
Creditors	American Express Business and Chase Business
Amount Outstanding	\$62,898.55
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	Chase - 13.24% APR Amex – 16.24% APR
Description of Collateral	None
Other Material Terms	None
Maturity Date	n/a

Ownership

The table below lists the beneficial owners of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power, are listed along with the amount they own.

Name	Amount and Type or Class Held	Percentage Ownership (in terms of voting power)
Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers	3,600,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	50%
Reed DesRosiers	3,600,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	50%

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please see the financial information listed on the cover page of this Form C/A and attached hereto in addition to the following information. Financial statements are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Operations

Troop Beverage Co. (the “Company”) was incorporated on April 2, 2018 under the laws of the State of Delaware, and is headquartered in San Francisco, CA.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had \$4,213.46 and \$9,774.95 in cash and cash equivalents, respectively.

As of October 31, 2021 the Company had an aggregate of \$60,524.71 in cash and cash equivalents, leaving the Company with approximately 9 months of runway.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The proceeds from the Offering are essential to our operations. We plan to use the proceeds as set forth above under the section titled “*Use of Proceeds*”, which is an indispensable element of our business strategy. The Company currently does not have any additional outside sources of capital other than the proceeds from the Offering, except with respect to its revolving credit facilities under its Chase Business Account and American Express Business Account.

Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations

The Company does not intend to make any material capital expenditures in the near future.

Valuation

The Company has ascribed no pre-Offering valuation to the Company; the securities are priced arbitrarily.

Material Changes and Other Information

The Company is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from November 12, 2021 to March 4, 2022; identify the issuance of a 2021A convertible note of \$50,000; update the Issuer’s profile page on the Intermediary’s website reflecting a successor employee acting as Director of Sales, West, as set forth on Exhibit B to this Form C/A; and add the middle name of its officer and director, Caroline DesRosiers, so as to reflect the name as shown on her government issued identification. **The Form C filed by the Company on June 30, 2021, is hereby amended and superseded in all respects by this Form C/A.**

Trends and Uncertainties

After reviewing the above discussion of the steps the Company intends to take, potential Investors should consider whether achievement of each step within the estimated time frame will be realistic in their judgment. Potential Investors should also assess the consequences to the Company of any delays in taking these steps and whether the Company will need additional financing to accomplish them.

Please see the financial statements attached as Exhibit A for subsequent events and applicable disclosures.

Previous Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years:

Security Type	Principal Amount of Securities Sold	Amount of Securities Issued	Use of Proceeds	Issue Date	Exemption from Registration Used or Public Offering
Common Stock	\$720.00	7,200,000 shares of Common Stock	General corporate	05/23/2018	Section 4(a)(2)
2019A Series of Convertible Notes	\$105,000	7 Convertible Notes	General Corporate	06/30/2019 – 07/19/2019	Section 4(a)(2)
2020A Series of Convertible Notes	\$205,000	4 Convertible Notes	General Corporate	03/09/2020 – 05/16/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
Warrant	n/a	1 Warrant	n/a	June 8, 2020	Section 4(a)(2)
2020B Series of Convertible Notes	\$95,000	5 Convertible Notes	General Corporate	08/01/2020 – 08/26/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
2021A Series of Convertible Notes	\$147,500	8 Convertible Notes	General Corporate	03/12/2021 – 08/25/2021	Section 4(a)(2)

See the section titled “*Capitalization and Ownership*” for more information regarding the securities issued in our previous offerings of securities.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

From time to time the Company may engage in transactions with related persons. Related persons are defined as any director or officer of the Company; any person who is the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company’s outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; any promoter of the Company; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons or an entity controlled by any such person or persons. Additionally, the Company will disclose here any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, to which the issuer was or is to be a party and the amount involved exceeds five percent (5%) of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on section 4(a)(6), including the Target Offering Amount of this Offering, and the counter party is either (i) any director or officer of the issuer; (ii) any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; (iii) if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer; or (iv) any member of the family of any of the foregoing persons, which includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. The term *spousal equivalent* means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

The Company has conducted the following transactions with related persons:

- **Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers:** The Company entered into Common Stock Purchase Agreements with Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers on May 23, 2018, under which the Company issued and sold to each of them 3,600,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. Each of them are subject to a vesting period of four years with a one-year cliff and an acceleration provision relating to a certain change of control, and the Company entered into indemnification agreements with each of them providing for indemnification, advancement, defense assumption and insurance rights.
- **Mark Gensheimer:** The Company issued a 2020B Series Convertible Note to Mark Gensheimer on August 1, 2020, under which Mr. Gensheimer loaned \$50,000 to the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2020B Series Convertible Note. The Company issued a 2019A Series Convertible Note to Mark Gensheimer on May 1, 2019, under which Mr. Gensheimer loaned \$25,000 the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2019A Series Convertible Note. Mr. Gensheimer is a member of the family of Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, neither of which has any direct or indirect interest in such transaction.
- **Mark Gensheimer:** The Company issued a 2019A Series Convertible Note to Mark Gensheimer on May 1, 2019, under which Mr. Gensheimer loaned \$25,000 the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2019A Series Convertible Note. Mr. Gensheimer is a member of the family of Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, neither of which has any direct or indirect interest in such transaction.
- **Brandon Means:** The Company issued a 2019A Series Convertible Note to Brandon Means on June 11, 2019, under which Mr. Means loaned \$10,000 the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2019A Series Convertible Note. Mr. Means is a member of the family of Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, neither of which has any direct or indirect interest in such transaction.
- **Vincent and Tammy DesRosiers.** The Company issued a 2019A Series Convertible Note to Vincent and Tammy DesRosiers on September 1, 2019, under which they loaned \$10,000 to the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2019A Series Convertible Note. Vincent and Tammy DesRosiers are members of the family of Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, neither of which has any direct or indirect interest in such transaction.
- **Taylor DesRosiers George.** The Company issued a 2019A Series Convertible Note to Taylor DesRosiers George on June 30, 2019, under which Ms. George loaned \$5,000 to the Company in exchange for such note, which note has the same material terms as the other notes in 2019A Series Convertible Note. Ms. George is a member of the family of Reed DesRosiers and Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers, neither of which has any direct or indirect interest in such transaction.

THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES

The Offering

The Company is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the “**Target Offering Amount**”) and up to a maximum amount of \$1,070,000 (the “**Maximum Offering Amount**”) of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) (the “**Securities**”) on a best efforts basis as described in this Form C/A (this “**Offering**”). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by March 4, 2022 (the “**Offering Deadline**”). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled and all committed funds will be returned. Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as “**Investors**” or “**you**”.

The price of the Securities was determined arbitrarily, does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company’s asset value, net worth, revenues or other established criteria of value, and should not be considered indicative of the actual value of the Securities. The minimum amount that an Investor may invest in the Offering is \$100 and the maximum amount that an Investor may invest in the Offering is \$107,000, each of which is subject to adjustment in the Company’s sole discretion.

In order to purchase the Securities, you must make a commitment to purchase by completing the subscription process hosted by OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the “**Intermediary**”), including complying with the Intermediary’s know your customer (KYC) and anti-money laundering (AML) policies. **If an Investor makes an investment commitment under a name that is not their legal name, they may be unable to redeem their Security indefinitely, and neither the Intermediary nor the Company are required to correct any errors or omissions made by the Investor.**

Investor funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary. **Investors using a credit card to invest must represent and warrant to cancel any investment commitment(s) by submitting a request through the Intermediary at least 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, instead of attempting to claim fraud or claw back their committed funds.**

The Company will notify Investors when the Target Offering Amount has been reached through the Intermediary. If the Company reaches the Target Offering Amount prior to the Offering Deadline, it may close the Offering early *provided* (i) the expedited Offering Deadline must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering was opened, (ii) the Intermediary must provide at least five (5) business days’ notice prior to the expedited Offering Deadline to the Investors and (iii) the Company continues to meet or exceed the Target Offering Amount on the date of the expedited Offering Deadline.

Material Changes

If any material change occurs related to the Offering prior to the current Offering Deadline the Company will provide notice to Investors and receive reconfirmations from Investors who have already made commitments. If an Investor does not reconfirm their investment commitment after a material change is made to the terms of the Offering within five (5) business days of receiving notice, the Investor’s investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned without interest or deductions. If an Investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the Target Offering Amount is reached, the funds will be released to the Company upon the closing of the Offering and the Investor will receive the Securities in exchange for their investment.

Intermediate Closings

In the event an amount equal to two (2) times the Target Offering Amount is committed and meets all required terms of the Offering prior to the Offering Deadline on such date or such later time the Company designates pursuant to Rule 304(b) of Regulation CF, the Company may conduct the first of multiple closings of the Offering early, *provided* (i) the early closing date must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering opened and (ii) that all Investors will receive notice of such early closing date at least five (5) business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the Offering and reconfirmation of all investment commitments).

Investors who committed on the date such notice is provided or prior to the issuance of such notice will be able to cancel their investment commitment until 48 hours before the such early closing date.

If the Company conducts an initial closing (the “**Initial Closing**”), the Company agrees to only withdraw half of the proceeds that are in escrow and will only conduct such Initial Closing if there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of the Initial Closing. The Company may only conduct another close (a “**Subsequent Closing**”) before the Offering Deadline if the amount of investment commitments made as of the date of such Subsequent Closing exceeds two times the amount committed as of the date of the Initial Closing and there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of such Subsequent Closing.

Any investment commitments received after an intermediate closing will be released to the Company upon a subsequent closing and the Investor will receive evidence of the Securities via electronic certificate/PDF in exchange for their investment commitment as soon as practicable thereafter.

The Company has agreed to return all funds to Investors in the event a Form C-W is ultimately filed in relation to this Offering, regardless of whether multiple closings are conducted.

Investment commitments are not binding on the Company until they are accepted by the Company, which reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, in its sole and absolute discretion, any investment commitment. If the Company rejects all or a portion of any investment commitment, the applicable prospective Investor’s funds will be returned without interest or deduction.

PRIME TRUST, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT’S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Securities

We request that you please review this Form C/A and the Crowd SAFE instrument attached as Exhibit C, in conjunction with the following summary information.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Company will act as transfer agent and registrar for the Securities.

Not Currently Equity Interests

The Securities are not currently equity interests in the Company and merely provide a right to receive equity at some point in the future upon the occurrence of certain events.

Dividends

The Securities do not entitle Investors to any dividends.

Conversion

Upon each future equity financing resulting in proceeds to the Company of not less than \$2,000,000 (each an “**Equity Financing**”), the Securities are convertible at the option of the Company, into CF Shadow Securities, which are non-voting securities otherwise identical to those issued in such future Equity Financing except (1) they do not provide the right to vote on any matters except as required by law, (2) they require Investors to vote in accordance with the majority of the investors purchasing securities from the Company in such Equity Financing with respect to any such required vote and (3) they do not provide any inspection or information rights (other than those contemplated by Regulation CF or otherwise required by law). The Company has no obligation to convert the Securities in any Equity Financing.

Conversion Upon the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the greater of the quotient obtained by dividing the amount the Investor paid for the Securities (the “**Purchase Amount**”) by (a) or (b) immediately below (the “**Conversion Price**”):

(a) the quotient of \$8,000,000 divided by the aggregate number of issued and outstanding shares of capital stock, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including shares of convertible preferred stock and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase capital stock, but excluding (i) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan, (ii) convertible promissory notes, (iii) any Simple Agreements for Future Equity, including the Securities (collectively, “**Safes**”), and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or Safes;

OR

(b) the price per share of the securities sold in such Equity Financing multiplied by 80%.

Such Conversion Price shall be deemed the “**First Equity Financing Price**”.

Conversion After the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon an Equity Financing other than the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (a) the Purchase Amount by (b) the First Equity Financing Price.

If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE, as contemplated above in connection with an Equity Financing, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company’s decision to convert the Crowd Safe to capital stock, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFES that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the “**Cash-Default Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Prior to an Equity Financing

In the case of the initial public offering of the Company’s capital stock or reverse merger or take-over by certain entities, such as an entity that is a reporting issuer (the “**IPO**”) or a Change of Control (as defined below) of the Company (either of these events, a “**Liquidity Event**”) prior to any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount subject to the following paragraph (the “**Cash Out Option**”) or (ii) a number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the quotient of (a) \$8,000,000 divided by (b) the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of shares of the Company’s capital stock outstanding (on an as-converted basis), assuming the exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (x) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan; (y) any Safes; (z) convertible promissory notes; and (aa) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or Safes.

In connection with the Cash Out Option, the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the holders of other Safes (collectively, the

“**Cash-Out Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

“**Change of Control**” as used above, means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any person or group becomes the beneficial owner of more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities entitled to elect the Company’s board of directors, (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, in which the outstanding voting security holders of the Company fail to retain at least a majority of such voting securities following such transaction or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Following an Equity Financing

In the case of a Liquidity Event following any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) the Cash Out Option or (ii) a number of shares of the most recently issued capital stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Shares of capital stock granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the shares of capital stock issued in connection with the Company’s most recent Equity Financing.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the other Cash-Out Investors in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its selection to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued capital stock, as contemplated above in connection with a Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If the Company’s board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company) determines in good faith that delivery of equity securities to the Investor pursuant to Liquidity Event paragraphs above would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such capital stock, as determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company).

Dissolution

If there is a Dissolution Event (as defined below) before the Securities terminate, subject to the preferences applicable to any series of preferred stock then outstanding, the Company will distribute all proceeds legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) holders of the Securities (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Stock as determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors at the time of the Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders of instruments sharing in the distribution of proceeds of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Stock upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) all holders of Common Stock.

A “**Dissolution Event**” means (i) a voluntary termination of operations by the Company, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company’s creditors or (iii) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

Termination

The Securities terminate upon (without relieving the Company of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with the Securities) upon the earlier to occur of: (i) the issuance of shares in the CF Shadow Securities to the Investor pursuant to the conversion provisions of the Crowd SAFE agreement or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to a Liquidity Event or a Dissolution Event.

Voting and Control

Neither the Securities nor the securities issuable upon the conversion of the Securities have voting rights.

The Company does not have any voting agreements in place.

The Company does not have any shareholder or equity holder agreements in place, except that the Company granted pro rata rights to certain holders of its convertible notes.

Anti-Dilution Rights

The Securities do not have anti-dilution rights, which means that future equity issuances and other events will dilute the ownership percentage that the Investor may eventually have in the Company.

Restrictions on Transfer

Any Securities sold pursuant to Regulation CF being offered may not be transferred by any Investor of such Securities during the one-year holding period beginning when the Securities were issued, unless such Securities are transferred: (1) to the Company; (2) to an accredited investor, as defined by Rule 501(d) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act; (3) as part of an IPO; or (4) to a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the Investor, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the Investor or other similar circumstances. “Member of the family” as used herein means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother/father/daughter/son/sister/brother-in-law, and includes adoptive relationships. Each Investor should be aware that although the Securities may legally be able to be transferred, there is no guarantee that another party will be willing to purchase them.

In addition to the foregoing restrictions, prior to making any transfer of the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible, such transferring Investor must either make such transfer pursuant to an effective registration statement filed with the SEC or provide the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company stating that a registration statement is not necessary to effect such transfer.

In addition, the Investor may not transfer the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible to any of the Company’s competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

Furthermore, upon the event of an IPO, the capital stock into which the Securities are converted will be subject to a lock-up period and may not be lent, offered, pledged, or sold for up to 180 days following such IPO.

Other Material Terms

- The Company does not have the right to repurchase the Securities.
- The Securities do not have a stated return or liquidation preference.
- The Company cannot determine if it currently has enough capital stock authorized to issue upon the conversion of the Securities, because the amount of capital stock to be issued is based on the occurrence of future events.

COMMISSION AND FEES

At the conclusion of the Offering, the issuer shall pay a fee of six percent (6%) of the amount raised in the Offering to the Intermediary.

Stock, Warrants and Other Compensation

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to two percent (2%) of the total number of the Securities sold in the offering

TAX MATTERS

EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX AND ERISA ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR CONSEQUENCES TO THE INVESTOR OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE INVESTOR’S SECURITIES, AS WELL AS POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, WE INFORM YOU THAT ANY TAX STATEMENT IN THIS FORM C/A CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING ANY TAX-RELATED PENALTIES UNDER THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ANY TAX STATEMENT HEREIN CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES WAS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE MARKETING OR PROMOTION OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS TO WHICH THE STATEMENT RELATES. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

Potential Investors who are not United States residents are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the United States federal income tax implications of any investment in the Company, as well as the taxation of such investment by their country of residence. Furthermore, it should be anticipated that distributions from the Company to such foreign investors may be subject to United States withholding tax.

EACH POTENTIAL INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THE POSSIBLE IMPACT OF STATE TAXES.

LEGAL MATTERS

Any prospective Investor should consult with its own counsel and advisors in evaluating an investment in the Offering.

DISCLAIMER OF TELEVISION, RADIO, PODCAST AND STREAMING PRESENTATION

The Company's officers may participate in the filming or recording of a various media and in the course of the filming, may present certain business information to the investor panel appearing on the show (the "**Presentation**"). The Company will not pass upon the merits of, certify, approve, or otherwise authorize the statements made in the Presentation. The Presentation commentary being made should not be viewed as superior or a substitute for the disclosures made in this Form-C. Accordingly, the statements made in the Presentation, unless reiterated in the Offering materials provided herein, should not be applied to the Company's business and operations as of the date of this Offering. Moreover, the Presentation may involve several statements constituting puffery, that is, exaggerations not to be taken literally or otherwise as indication of factual data or historical or future performance.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The summaries of, and references to, various documents in this Form C/A do not purport to be complete and in each instance reference should be made to the copy of such document which is either an appendix to this Form C/A or which will be made available to Investors and their professional advisors upon request.

Prior to making an investment decision regarding the Securities described herein, prospective Investors should carefully review and consider this entire Form C/A. The Company is prepared to furnish, upon request, a copy of the forms of any documents referenced in this Form C/A. The Company's representatives will be available to discuss with prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, any matter set forth in this Form C/A or any other matter relating to the Securities described in this Form C/A, so that prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, may have available to them all information, financial and otherwise, necessary to formulate a well-informed investment decision. Additional information and materials concerning the Company will be made available to prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, at a mutually convenient location upon reasonable request.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C/A and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

/s/ Caroline DesRosiers *Caroline DesRosiers*

(Signature)

Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers

(Name)

Chief Executive Officer

(Title)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C/A has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Caroline DesRosiers *Caroline DesRosiers*

(Signature)

Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers

(Name)

Director

(Title)

November 10, 2021

(Date)

/s/ Reed DesRosiers *RH*

(Signature)

Reed DesRosiers

(Name)

Director

(Title)

November 10, 2021

(Date)

Instructions.

1. The form shall be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.
2. The name of each person signing the form shall be typed or printed beneath the signature. Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

EXHIBIT A

Financial Statements



TROOP BEVERAGE CO.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020,
AND 2019

WITH INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT



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Belle Business Services

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Troop Beverage Co.
San Francisco, California

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Troop Beverage Co., which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2020, and 2019, and the related statements of income, statements of equity and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modification that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 7, certain conditions raise an uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Belle Business Services, LLC

Belle Business Services, LLC
June 28, 2021

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

ASSETS

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,213	\$ 9,775
Accounts receivable, net	9,555	20,379
Inventory	108,300	75,100
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	<u>2,914</u>	<u>6,775</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>124,982</u>	<u>112,029</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Property and equipment, net	<u>1,081</u>	<u>1,801</u>
OTHER ASSETS		
Intangible assets	5,000	5,000
Deposits	5,000	-
Deferred royalty	<u>8,646</u>	<u>5,969</u>
	<u>18,646</u>	<u>10,969</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 144,709</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 124,799</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,224	\$ 2,946
Accrued expenses	8,196	523
Credit cards payable	67,497	47,745
Accrued interest on convertible notes	21,589	1,055
Convertible notes - current portion	<u>310,000</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>409,506</u>	<u>52,269</u>
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Warrant liability	2,800	-
Convertible notes	<u>95,000</u>	<u>105,000</u>
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	<u>97,800</u>	<u>105,000</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>507,306</u>	<u>157,269</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, see note 6	720	720
Additional paid-in capital	24,496	24,496
Accumulated deficit	<u>(387,813)</u>	<u>(57,686)</u>
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>(362,597)</u>	<u>(32,470)</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u><u>\$ 144,709</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 124,799</u></u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

**TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
STATEMENTS OF INCOME
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
REVENUES	\$ 76,953	\$ 65,488
COST OF GOODS SOLD	<u>172,415</u>	<u>31,476</u>
GROSS PROFIT	(95,462)	34,012
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Contractors	56,000	16,269
Depreciation expense	720	360
General and administrative	38,937	24,824
Product design	7,809	9,805
Professional fees	6,035	3,592
Sales and marketing	<u>117,866</u>	<u>26,218</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>227,367</u>	<u>81,068</u>
NET OPERATING INCOME	<u>(322,829)</u>	<u>(47,056)</u>
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSES)		
Other income	7,329	-
Loss on issuance of warrant	(2,800)	-
Interest expense	<u>(11,827)</u>	<u>(1,055)</u>
TOTAL OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSES)	<u>(7,298)</u>	<u>(1,055)</u>
NET LOSS	<u><u>\$ (330,127)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (48,111)</u></u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

**TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)**

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
BEGINNING BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2019	7,200,000	\$ 720	24,496	\$ (9,575)	\$ 15,641
Net loss	-	-	-	(48,111)	\$ (48,111)
ENDING BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2019	7,200,000	\$ 720	\$ 24,496	\$ (57,686)	\$ (32,470)
Net loss	-	-	-	(330,127)	\$ (330,127)
ENDING BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2020	<u><u>7,200,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 720</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 24,496</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (387,813)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (362,597)</u></u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (330,127)	\$ (48,111)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	720	360
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable	10,824	(20,379)
Inventory	(33,200)	(71,100)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,861	(6,270)
Deposits	(5,000)	-
Deferred Royalty	(2,677)	(4,967)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(722)	2,946
Accrued expenses	7,673	523
Warrant liability	2,800	-
Accrued interest on convertible notes	20,534	1,055
Credit cards payable	<u>19,752</u>	<u>45,013</u>
CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(305,562)	(100,930)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash used for fixed assets	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,161)</u>
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	(2,161)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of convertible notes	<u>300,000</u>	<u>105,000</u>
CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>300,000</u>	<u>105,000</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(5,562)	1,909
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>9,775</u>	<u>7,866</u>
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 4,213</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,775</u></u>

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

Troop Beverage Co. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on April 2, 2018. The Company has created multiple alcoholic drinks that not only taste amazing but are affordable. Additionally, the Company believes that drinking should be an experience to create a memorable moment through great drinks and friends.

Going Concern

Since Inception, the Company has relied on funds from contributions from shareholders, common stock issued, and convertible notes issued to fund its operations. As of December 31, 2020, the Company will likely incur losses prior to generating positive working capital. These matters raise substantial concern about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As of December 31, 2020, the Company is still mostly in the developmental process, with very limited revenue. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise short term capital, as well as the Company's ability to finish the development of the alcoholic mixed drinks.

Fiscal Year

The Company operates on a December 31st year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of management's estimates. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, the Company held no cash equivalents.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company has a limited operating history. The Company's business and operations are sensitive to general business and economic conditions in the United States. A host of factors beyond the Company's control could cause fluctuations in these conditions.

The Coronavirus Disease of 2019 (COVID-19) has recently affected global markets, supply chains, employees of companies, and our communities. Specific to the Company, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including shelter in place orders, material supply chain interruption, economic hardships affecting funding for the Company's operations, and affects the Company's workforce. Management believes the Company is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of December 31, 2020.

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

The Company's trade receivables are recorded when billed and represent claims against third parties that will be settled in cash. The carrying value of the Company's receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, represents their estimated net realizable value.

The Company evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable on a customer-by-customer basis. The Company records a reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to an amount the Company believes will be reasonably collected. The reserve is a discretionary amount determined from the analysis of the aging of the accounts receivables, historical experience and knowledge of specific customers. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, the Company believed all amounts in accounts receivable are collectable.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of standard cost (which approximates cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. At December 31, 2020, and 2019, the balance of inventory related to finished goods was \$86,400 and \$57,600 and the balance of inventory related to raw materials was \$21,900 and \$17,500, respectively.

Intangible Assets

The Company has recorded intangible assets at cost, which consist of a trademark. The Company evaluates intangible assets on an annual basis or more frequently if management believes indicators of impairment exist. Such indicators could include but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If management concludes that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, management conducts a two-step quantitative impairment test. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the applicable reporting unit with its carrying value. The Company estimates the fair values of its reporting units using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows, approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, management performs the second step of the impairment test. The second step of the impairment test involves comparing the implied fair value of the affected reporting unit's asset with the carrying value of that asset. The amount, by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its implied fair value, if any, is recognized as an impairment loss. The Company's evaluation of its intangible asset completed during the years ending December 31, 2020, and 2019, resulted in no impairment losses.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Office equipment is depreciated over three years. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred and major improvements are capitalized. The Company reviews the carrying amount of fixed assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable.

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

The Company complies with FASB ASC 740 for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company's financial statements. The Company believes that its income tax positions would be sustained on audit and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material change to its financial position.

The Company is subject to tax filing requirements as a C Corporation in the federal jurisdiction of the United States. The Company sustained net operating losses since inception. Net operating losses will be carried forward to reduce taxable income in future years. Due to management's uncertainty as to the timing and valuation of any benefits associated with the net operating loss carryforwards, the Company has elected to recognize an allowance to account for them in the financial statements but has fully reserved it. Under current law, net operating losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

The Company is subject to franchise and income tax filing requirements in the States of Delaware and California.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | - Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. |
| Level 2 | - Include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace. |
| Level 3 | - Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity. |

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of Inception. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values because of their short term in nature or they are payable on demand.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

From time-to-time cash balances, held at a major financial institution may exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000. Management believes that the financial institution is financially sound, and the risk of loss is low.

Revenue Recognition

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). Revenue is recognized when performance obligations under the terms of the contracts with our customers are satisfied. Prior to the adoption of ASC 606, the Company recognized revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement existed, delivery of products had occurred, the sales price was fixed or determinable and collectability was reasonably assured. The Company generates revenues by selling mixed cocktails. The Company's payments are generally collected upfront. For years ending December 31, 2020, and 2019 the Company recognized \$76,953 and \$65,488 in revenue, respectively.

Advertising Expenses

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Organizational Costs

In accordance with FASB ASC 720, organizational costs, including accounting fees, legal fee, and costs of incorporation, are expensed as incurred.

New Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, or other standard setting bodies and adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, the Company believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU (Accounting Standards Update) 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes*, or ASU 2015-17. The guidance requires that all deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with any related valuation allowance, be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. For all entities other than public business entities, the guidance becomes effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The adoption of ASU 2015-17 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Restricted Cash*, or ASU 2016-18. The amendments of ASU 2016-18 were issued to address the diversity in classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows which is currently not addressed under Topic 230. ASU 2016-18 would require an entity to include amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

equivalents with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning of period and end of period total amounts on the statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018 for non-public entities. Early adoption is permitted, and the standard must be applied retrospectively. The adoption of ASU 2016-18 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, or ASU 2016-02, which supersedes the guidance in ASC 840, *Leases*. The new standard requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. This classification will determine whether lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. A lessee is also required to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with a term of greater than 12 months regardless of their classification. Leases with a term of 12 months or less will be accounted for similar to existing guidance for operating leases today. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 for non-public entities. The adoption of ASU 2016-02 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-based Payment Accounting*, or ASU 2016-09. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Some of the areas of simplification apply only to non-public companies. This guidance was effective on December 31, 2016 for public entities. For entities other than public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for an entity in any interim or annual period for which financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all amendments in the same period. The adoption of ASU 2016-09 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting*, or ASU 2017-09, which clarifies when to account for a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award as a modification. Under the new guidance, modification accounting is required only if the fair value, the vesting conditions, or the classification of the award (as equity or liability) changes as a result of the change in terms or conditions. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2019, for both public entities and non-public entities. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2017-09 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

2. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is not currently involved with and does not know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or its members.

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
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3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

Property and equipment at cost:	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Office Equipment	\$ 2,161	\$ 2,161
	<u>2,161</u>	<u>2,161</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>1,080</u>	<u>360</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,081</u>	<u>\$ 1,801</u>

4. Convertible Notes

The Company has issued several promissory notes. In 2019, seven promissory notes were issued for a total of \$105,000 with 2% APRs, discount rates of 20% and maturity dates in 2021. In 2020, nine promissory notes were issued for a total of \$300,000, with 5% APRs, discount rates of 20%, valuation caps of \$6,000,000 and maturity dates in 2021-2022. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, no convertible notes have converted into equity of the Company.

5. Warrants

During 2020, the Company issued warrants to an investor that will allow them to purchase up to 4% of the fully diluted stock outstanding. The warrants entitle the holder to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price equal to \$0.01 per share at any time on or after the "Initial Exercise Date" and on or prior to the close of business on June 7, 2025 (the "Termination Date"). The Company determined that these warrants are free standing financial instruments that are legally detachable and separately exercisable from the common stock included in the public share offering. Management also determined that the warrants are callable for cash upon a fundamental transaction at the option of the holder and as such required classification as a liability pursuant to ASC 480 "*Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*". In accordance with the accounting guidance, the outstanding warrants are recognized as a warrant liability on the balance sheet and are measured at their inception date fair value and subsequently re-measured at each reporting period with changes being recorded as a component of other income in the statement of operations.

The fair value of the warrant liabilities was measured using the Black-Scholes model. Significant inputs into the model at the inception and reporting period measurement dates are as follows:

Stock Price	0.01
Exercise Price	0.01
Time to Maturity (years)	5.0
Annual Risk-Free Interest Rate	0.14%
Annualized Volatility	125%
Fair value of warrants	\$ 0.01

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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5. Warrants (continued)

The warrants outstanding and fair values at each of the respective valuation dates are summarized below:

	Warrants Outstanding	Fair Value per Share	Fair Value
Fair value at initial measurement date:	288,000	\$ 0.01	\$ 2,880
Fair value at December 31, 2020:	288,000		<u>\$ 2,880</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the Company recorded a loss of \$2,800 on the issuance of the warrants.

The warrant liabilities are considered Level 3 liabilities on the fair value hierarchy as the determination of fair value includes various assumptions about future activities and the Company's stock prices and historical volatility as inputs. During the year ending December 31, 2020, none of the warrants have been exercised.

6. Equity

Common Stock

Under the articles of incorporation, the total number of common shares of stock that the Corporation shall have authority to issue is 10,000,000 shares, at \$0.0001 par value per share. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, 7,200,000 shares have been issued and are outstanding.

7. Going Concern

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Company registered on April 2, 2018 and has established a presence and operations in the United States. The Company's ability to continue is dependent upon management's plan to raise additional funds and achieve and sustain profitable operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is not able to continue as a going concern.

8. Subsequent Events

Issuance of Convertible Notes

The Company authorized the issuance of seven promissory notes for a total of \$97,500 with 5% APRs, 20% discount rates, valuation caps of \$6,000,000 and maturity dates in 2022.

Crowdfunding Offering

The Company is offering (the "Crowdfunded Offering") up to \$1,070,000 in Simple Agreements for Future Equity (SAFEs). The Company is attempting to raise a minimum amount of \$25,000 in this offering and up to \$1,070,000 maximum. The Company must receive commitments from investors totaling the minimum amount by the offering deadline listed in the Form C, as amended in order to receive any funds.

The Crowdfunded Offering is being made through OpenDeal Portal LLC (the "Intermediary" aka "Republic" or "Republic.co"). The Intermediary will be entitled to receive a 6% commission fee and 2% of the securities issued in this offering.

See independent accountant's review report.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.
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8. Subsequent Events (continued)

Managements Evaluation

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through June 28, 2021, the date through which the financial statement was available to be issued. It has been determined that no events require additional disclosure.

See independent accountant's review report.

EXHIBIT B

Offering Page found on Intermediary's Portal.



Company Name Troop

Logo



Headline Canned cocktails inspiring a new social scene—one sip at a time

Slides



Tags Female Founders, Consumer Goods, B2C, Drink, Startups

**Pitch
text**

Summary

- Ready-to-drink cocktails with real spirits, 10% ABV, & nothing fake
- Top-selling canned cocktail in Whole Foods Market, Total Wine & More
- Led by female-founder and CEO
- Ready-to-Drink cocktail market grew 111% year over year
- Projecting \$1M revenue this year, up from \$70k in 2020
- 45%-55% margins improving with scale as of Q2 2021
- Backed by former execs from Pernod, Constellation, Francis Ford Coppola

Problem**The fastest growing segment in alcohol**

Cold brew. Canned wine. Hard seltzer.

Each of these Ready-to-Drink (RTD) beverage categories has experienced explosive growth, and canned cocktails are next. Spirit-based RTDs are t

Yet even in this emerging, explosive category, no brand is crafting cocktails with the right mix of what today's consumers actually want. Today's offe

We're missing a damn good cocktail that blends a brand built on community and lifestyle with a product made from clean, transparent ingredients.

TROOP

- ✓ FEMALE FOUNDED
- ✓ SPIRITS
- ✓ REAL INGREDIENTS
- ✓ LOW CALORIE
- ✓ LOW SUGAR
- ✓ 1% FOR THE PLANET



Solution

Meet Troop

The cocktail crafted to level up your libation

Troop is a premium ready-to-drink cocktail brand that's building a vibrant community of loyal customers—our Troopers. We were tired of giant alcohol

So we set out on a mission to create a new drinking culture for a new class of drinkers.

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We believe that:

- Drinking is not a sport. It's an opportunity to share a moment.
- Life is too short to settle. Complacency is just a waste of our limited time.
- No apologies necessary. Be unabashedly you.
- Good should be accessible. Hard or expensive doesn't mean better.

Troop is inspiring a new social scene, one sip at a time.

**FEMALE
FOUNDED**

**LG
OW**

Product

You deserve a cocktail without compromise

Our curated selection of cocktails is squeezed, mixed, shaken, and canned in Napa, CA. Each contains real spirits, fresh-squeezed juices, herbs and love and nothing to feel guilty about.

- Gin Spritz: gin, amaro, lemon, hibiscus, soda water
- Bourbon Smash: bourbon, black tea, lemon, mint, cane sugar
- Rum Mojito: rum, lime, mint, soda water, cane sugar



**REAL
SPIRITS**

**NOTHING
FAKE**

**3G
SUGAR**

SHOW

Try today! Use code "REPUBLIC" for 20% off your first order.

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Traction

Sales through June already 220% total sales from 2020

Female founder CC DesRosiers single-handedly grew Troop into one of the hottest RTD cocktail brands in California. Now bolstered by an experier

- Top selling canned cocktail in 300+ retailers, including Whole Foods Market, Total Wine & More, Nugget Markets, Bristol Farms, Lazy Acres, a
- Plans to add retail partners this year: Safeway, BevMol, Raley's, and more



- People's Choice Winner of the Wine and Spirits Wholesalers of America Brand Battle Competition
- USA Today's Top 10 Best Canned Cocktails
- Target Food & Beverage Takeoff Accelerator Semi-Finalist



- Sales through June 2021 were already more than double (220%) our entire 2020 sales.
- Projecting \$1M+ revenue in 2021 and \$3.5M+ revenue in 2022

TROOP I



Customers

We're here for the real ones

The sippers and savorers. The small-talk rejectors and conversation relishers. Those who don't measure fun in shots or calories, but in belly laughs

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Our Troop believes they shouldn't sacrifice on flavor or ingredient quality. They are cocktail curious, ingredient conscious, and tastemakers in their

They want to bring authenticity and adventure to the party, so they show up with Troop instead of seltzer, wine, or beer. They're trading up to spirit-t



On the fritz? Send a

I got these as "apology drink" and they were a hit. Or should I say ~a smash hit. It is especially tasty and refreshing for a whiskey drinker! I definitely recommend this way for when I inevitably need a drink. 10/10 recommend.

- Jack C.



Everyone's Curious

I took these to a party and everyone was curious to know what this was! I was surprised to find it was a simply made drink (5 ingredients) and it tastes great! Can't wait to try more!

- Jill A.



Perfect summer drink

So balanced and flavorful—the perfect summer drink. I'm always a fan of the tea and mirin combo, but the tea and mirin one! Highly recommend!

- Emily L.



So refreshing and a

The six pack was perfect for definitely need to order more Bourbon Smash. You could quality ingredients and was sweetness. Everybody had all liked them all! These are but they're really perfect with more, thanks Troop!!

- Christine J.



Summer necessity

Great drink for poolsides, I gatherings.

- Joseph P.



I love these!!

I already bought more. Such prep. The mojito is perfect bourbon drinks all day long

- Jill S.

Business Model

Scaling in stores, hospitality, and online

Troop sells across three primary channels:

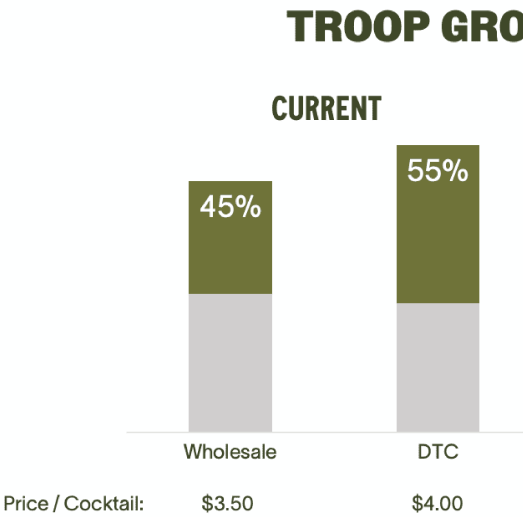
- Wholesale
- Hospitality

- Direct to consumer through DrinkTroop.com

Our wholesale distributors give us access to top-tier groceries, regional chains, and independent retailers throughout California and Texas. We will

Your browser does not support HTML5 video.

We've developed a detailed growth strategy to vastly expand our scope of distribution, increase overall revenue, and improve margins to 65% (up fr



Our state of the art distillery in Napa, CA, has the capacity to scale to 150K+ cases per year, allowing us to enter into large contracts with national re



Market

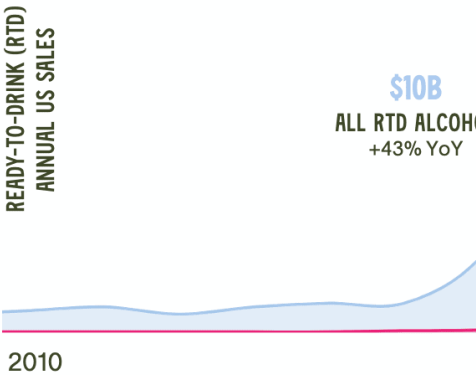
The fastest growing segment in the \$250B US alcohol market

Troop is situated at the intersection of several megatrends driving innovation and growth: premiumization, convenience, and better-for-you options.

- With a 43% year-on-year increase, Americans are now buying more ready-to-drink than traditional bottled spirits, and the category is set to soc
- Spirit-based RTDs like Troop had the fastest growth of all: 111% year over year

CANNED COCKTAILS H

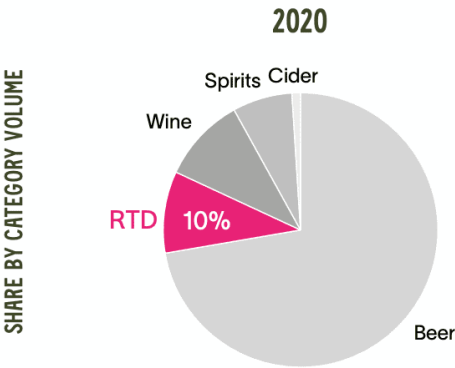
Spirit-based cocktails ex|



- RTDs are projected to be about 22% of US alcohol sales by 2025, up from 9.6% in 2020.

READY-TO-DRINK GA

RTDs will make up nearly



- M&A activity by large alcohol companies is regular, and spirits companies see exits at 10-20X revenue

HIGH PROOF, HIGH RETURNS



AVIATION	SUPERBIRD	CUTWATER SPIRITS
CASAMIGOS		
FAR WEST SPIRITS – RANCH WATER		
LOYAL 9		

Competition

Troop stands out with our commitment to quality and community



Other brands in the RTD category are mixing malt, sugar, or wine alcohol bases with chemical or artificial flavors. Troop stands out from these brands

- Quality & taste: Troop's line of cocktails is made from just real spirits, fresh squeezed juices, and botanicals. Our full-flavor, full-strength drinks
- Community & lifestyle: Our community isn't just "customers." They're Troopers. Troop hosts in-person activations and events, delivers "surpris

Vision

The #1 RTD cocktail by 2024



With new funding, Troop plans to:

- Expand into new states, partnering with a national distributor to scale into target markets and key retail chains
- Expand our product portfolio, partnering with spirit suppliers who are looking to break into RTD and extend brand equity
- Increase our presence in the events & hospitality market, partnering with venues that appreciate the efficiency of RTD cocktails in an industry
- Continue to build our Troop community, converting our top customers into full-time Troopers with our membership program and subscription

On the strength of our product, passion, and meticulous planning and execution, we believe that \$1M revenue in 2021 will be just the beginning.

Investors

Raising for an immediate growth opportunity

As of June, 2021, Troop has raised \$500k from a team of alcohol- and CPG-industry veterans.

With the backing of former top executives from Pernod Ricard, Francis Ford Coppola, and Constellation Brands, we have the expertise to take on the Magic Spoon, Vita Coca and more.



PATRICK DELONG
PRESIDENT & CEO



Dale Stratton
VP STRATEGIC INSIGHTS



**Constellation
Brands**

Normally, big alcohol companies and private institutional investors are the only ones with access to investments and returns in the high-value alcohol

Founders

Female-founder builds cocktail company with husband and industry ex



Troop is led by **CC DesRosiers** (CEO, President), who knows what it takes to lead as a woman in male-dominated industries. With a background in an industry that is severely lacking in diversity, and she's on a mission to break up the invite-only boys' club by creating a drink that challenges the status quo.

Reed DesRosiers (CFO, COO) has the expertise to identify customer needs in data and build products that meet them. He oversees production, operations, and technology industry. His favorite Troop cocktail is the Bourbon Smash.

Kaila Strickland (Director of Sales, West) leads Troop's sales efforts in the western region, including California, Texas, and additional states to be a Southern Glazer's, and suppliers, including Treasury Wine and Miller Family Wine. Kaila's favorite Troop cocktail is the Vodka Lemonade.

Bridget Hawkley (Community Manager) comes from a family of restaurateurs and entrepreneurs. She oversees social media, content production, and community engagement.

Team	
	Reed DesRosiers
	CC DesRosiers
	Bridget Hawkley

Perks

\$100	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 10% discount on Troop for 1 month* *US Only
\$250	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 10% discount on Troop for 6 months* Troop Cocktail Tote* *US
\$500	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 15% discount on Troop for 1 year* Troop Cocktail Tote* Troop E
\$1,000	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 20% discount on Troop for 1 year* Troop Cocktail Tote* Troop E
\$2,200	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 25% discount on Troop for 1 year* Troop Cocktail Tote* Troop E
\$5,000	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com 50% discount on Troop for 1 year* Troop Cocktail Tote* Troop E charcuterie party with all our top investors *US Only
\$10,000	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com One year supply of Troop (12 cocktails per month)* Troop Cock Private cocktail & charcuterie party with all our top investors *US Only
\$25,000	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com One year supply of Troop (12 cocktails per month)* Troop Cock greet with Troop founding team Private cocktail & charcuterie party with all our top investors 2-night Redwood Gla
\$50,000	Listed as official Troop Investor on drinktroop.com One year supply of Troop (12 cocktails per month) * Troop Cock greet with Troop founding team Private cocktail & charcuterie party with all our top investors 2-night Redwood Gla

FAQ

How do I earn a return?	We are using Republic's Crowd SAFE security. Learn how this translates into a return on inves
What must I do to receive my equity or cash in the event of the conversion of my Crowd SAFE?	Suppose the Company converts the Crowd SAFE as a result of an equity financing. In that cas Company will notify you of the conversion trigger, and you must complete necessary documen receive an amount of cash equal to (or less in some circumstances) your investment amount. If the conversion of the Crowd SAFE is triggered as a result of a Liquidity Event (e.g. M&A or a equity. You are required to make your selection (and complete any relevant documentation) w option, which will be subject to relevant escheatment laws. The equity consideration varies de offering.

EXHIBIT C

Form of Security

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “**SECURITIES ACT**”), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

IF THE INVESTOR LIVES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS THE INVESTOR’S RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. THE COMPANY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN PURCHASER.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.

Crowd SAFE (Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Series 2021

THIS CERTIFIES THAT in exchange for the payment by [**Investor Name**] (the “**Investor**”, and together with all other Series 2021 Crowd SAFE holders, “**Investors**”) of \$[] (the “**Purchase Amount**”) on or about [**Date of Crowd SAFE**], Troop Beverage Co., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”), hereby issues to the Investor the right to certain shares of the Company’s Capital Stock (defined below), subject to the terms set forth below.

The “**Discount**” is 20%.

The “**Valuation Cap**” is \$8,000,000.

See Section 2 for certain additional defined terms.

1. Events

(a) Equity Financing.

(i) If an Equity Financing occurs before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (“**First Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly notify the Investor of the closing of the First Equity Financing and of the Company’s discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Purchase Amount to Capital Stock; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of the Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) sold in the First Equity Financing. The number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of such Capital Stock shall equal the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the applicable Conversion Price (such applicable Conversion Price, the “**First Equity Financing Price**”).

(ii) If the Company elects to continue the term of this Crowd SAFE past the First

Equity Financing and another Equity Financing occurs before the termination of this Crowd SAFE in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (each, a “**Subsequent Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly notify the Investor of the closing of the Subsequent Equity Financing and of the Company’s discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Investor’s Purchase Amount to Capital Stock; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of the Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) sold in the Subsequent Equity Financing. The number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of such Capital Stock shall equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the First Equity Financing Price.

(iii) If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE, as contemplated in this Section 1(a), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company’s decision to convert this Crowd Safe to Capital Stock, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the “**Cash-Default Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

(b) **Liquidity Event.**

(i) If there is a Liquidity Event before the termination of this instrument and before any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) divided by the Liquidity Price.

(ii) If there is a Liquidity Event after one or more Equity Financings have occurred but before the termination of this instrument, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of shares of the most recent issued Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Shares of Capital Stock granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the shares of Capital Stock issued in connection with the Company’s most recent Equity Financing.

(iii) If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs (collectively, the “**Cash-Out Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts. In connection with this Section 1(b), the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event.

Notwithstanding Sections 1(b)(i)(2) or 1(b)(ii)(2), if the Company’s board of directors determines in good faith that delivery of Capital Stock to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(b)(i)(2) or Section 1(b)(ii)(2) would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such Capital Stock, as determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors.

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its selection to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued Capital Stock, as contemplated in this Section 1(b), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment contemplated in Section 1(b) that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

(c) **Dissolution Event.** If there is a Dissolution Event before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(a) or 1(b), subject to the preferences applicable to any series of Preferred Stock, the Company will distribute its entire assets legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) Investors (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Stock as determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors at the time of Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders of instruments sharing in the assets of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Stock upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) and all holders of Common Stock.

(d) **Termination.** This instrument will terminate (without relieving the Company or the Investor of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with this instrument) upon the earlier to occur: (i) the issuance of shares, whether in Capital Stock or in the CF Shadow Series, to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(a) or Section 1(b); or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to Sections 1(b) or 1(c).

2. Definitions

"Capital Stock" means the capital stock of the Company, including, without limitation, Common Stock and Preferred Stock.

"CF Shadow Series" shall mean a non-voting series of Capital Stock that is otherwise identical in all respects to the shares of Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) issued in the relevant Equity Financing (e.g., if the Company sells Series A Preferred Stock in an Equity Financing, the Shadow Series would be Series A-CF Preferred Stock), except that:

- (i) CF Shadow Series shareholders shall have no voting rights and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter that is submitted to a vote or for the consent of the stockholders of the Company;
- (ii) Each of the CF Shadow Series shareholders shall enter into a proxy agreement, in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, appointing the Intermediary or its designee as its irrevocable proxy with respect to any matter to which CF Shadow Series shareholders are entitled to vote by law. Entering into such proxy agreement is a condition of receiving CF Shadow Shares and such agreement provides that the Intermediary or its designee will vote with the majority of the holders of the relevant class of the Company's Capital Stock on any matters to which the proxy agreement applies; and
- (iii) CF Shadow Series shareholders have no information or inspection rights, except with respect to such rights deemed not waivable by laws.

"Change of Control" means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any "person" or "group" (within the meaning of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as

amended), becomes the “beneficial owner” (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the Company having the right to vote for the election of members of the Company’s board of directors, (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, other than a transaction or series of related transactions in which the holders of the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction or series of related transactions retain, immediately after such transaction or series of related transactions, at least a majority of the total voting power represented by the outstanding voting securities of the Company or such other surviving or resulting entity or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

“**Common Stock**” means common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, of the Company.

“**Conversion Price**” means either: (i) the SAFE Price or (ii) the Discount Price, whichever calculation results in a greater number of shares of Capital Stock.

“**Discount Price**” means the product of (i) the price per share of Capital Stock sold in an Equity Financing and (ii) 100% less the Discount.

“**Dissolution Event**” means (i) a voluntary termination of operations, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company’s creditors, (iii) the commencement of a case (whether voluntary or involuntary) seeking relief under Title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”), or (iv) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

“**Equity Financing**” shall mean the next sale (or series of related sales) by the Company of its Equity Securities to one or more third parties following the date of this instrument from which the Company receives gross proceeds of not less than \$2,000,000 cash or cash equivalent (excluding the conversion of any instruments convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Capital Stock, such as SAFEs or convertible promissory notes) with the principal purpose of raising capital.

“**Equity Securities**” shall mean Common Stock or Preferred Stock or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for or conferring the right to purchase (with or without additional consideration) Common Stock or Preferred Stock, except in each case, (i) any security granted, issued and/or sold by the Company to any director, officer, employee, advisor or consultant of the Company in such capacity for the primary purpose of soliciting or retaining his, her or its services, (ii) any convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, and (iii) any SAFEs issued.

“**Fully Diluted Capitalization**” shall mean the aggregate number, as of immediately prior to the First Equity Financing, of issued and outstanding shares of Capital Stock, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including shares of convertible Preferred Stock and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase Capital Stock, but excluding (i) the issuance of all shares of Capital Stock reserved and available for future issuance under any of the Company’s existing equity incentive plans, (ii) convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, (iii) any SAFEs, and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

“**Intermediary**” means OpenDeal Portal LLC, a registered securities crowdfunding portal CRD#283874, or a qualified successor.

“**IPO**” means: (A) the completion of an underwritten initial public offering of Capital Stock by the Company pursuant to: (I) a final prospectus for which a receipt is issued by a securities commission of the

United States or of a province of Canada, or (II) a registration statement which has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and is declared effective to enable the sale of Capital Stock by the Company to the public, which in each case results in such equity securities being listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange; (B) the Company's initial listing of its Capital Stock (other than shares of Capital Stock not eligible for resale under Rule 144 under the Securities Act) on a national securities exchange by means of an effective registration statement on Form S-1 filed by the Company with the SEC that registers shares of existing capital stock of the Company for resale, as approved by the Company's board of directors, where such listing shall not be deemed to be an underwritten offering and shall not involve any underwriting services; or (C) the completion of a reverse merger or take-over whereby an entity (I) whose securities are listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange, or (II) is a reporting issuer in the United States or the equivalent in any foreign jurisdiction, acquires all of the issued and outstanding Capital Stock of the Company..

"Liquidity Capitalization" means the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of shares of the Company's capital stock (on an as-converted basis) outstanding, assuming exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (i) shares of Capital Stock reserved and available for future grant under any equity incentive or similar plan; (ii) any SAFEs; (iii) convertible promissory notes; and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

"Liquidity Event" means a Change of Control or an IPO.

"Liquidity Price" means the price per share equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Liquidity Capitalization.

"Lock-up Period" means the period commencing on the date of the final prospectus relating to the Company's IPO, and ending on the date specified by the Company and the managing underwriter(s). Such period shall not exceed one hundred eighty (180) days, or such other period as may be requested by the Company or an underwriter to accommodate regulatory restrictions on (i) the publication or other distribution of research reports, and (ii) analyst recommendations and opinions.

"Preferred Stock" means the preferred stock of the Company.

"Regulation CF" means Regulation Crowdfunding promulgated under the Securities Act.

"SAFE" means any simple agreement for future equity (or other similar agreement), including a Crowd SAFE, which is issued by the Company for bona fide financing purposes and which may convert into Capital Stock in accordance with its terms.

"SAFE Price" means the price per share equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Fully Diluted Capitalization.

3. *Company Representations*

(a) The Company is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has the power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and carry on its business as now conducted.

(b) The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this instrument is within the power of the Company and, other than with respect to the actions to be taken when equity is to be issued to Investor, has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Company. This instrument

constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity. To the knowledge of the Company, it is not in violation of (i) its current charter or bylaws; (ii) any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; or (iii) any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, where, in each case, such violation or default, individually, or together with all such violations or defaults, could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

(c) The performance and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this instrument do not and will not: (i) violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; (ii) result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound; or (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon any property, asset or revenue of the Company or the suspension, forfeiture, or nonrenewal of any material permit, license or authorization applicable to the Company, its business or operations.

(d) No consents or approvals are required in connection with the performance of this instrument, other than: (i) the Company's corporate approvals; (ii) any qualifications or filings under applicable securities laws; and (iii) necessary corporate approvals for the authorization of shares of CF Shadow Series issuable pursuant to Section 1.

(e) The Company shall, prior to the conversion of this instrument, reserve from its authorized but unissued shares of Capital Stock for issuance and delivery upon the conversion of this instrument, such number of shares of the Capital Stock as necessary to effect the conversion contemplated by this instrument, and, from time to time, will take all steps necessary to amend its charter to provide sufficient authorized numbers of shares of the Capital Stock issuable upon the conversion of this instrument. All such shares shall be duly authorized, and when issued upon any such conversion, shall be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens, security interests, charges and other encumbrances or restrictions on sale and free and clear of all preemptive rights, except encumbrances or restrictions arising under federal or state securities laws.

(f) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, (ii) not an investment company as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "**Investment Company Act**"), and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (vi) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, and (vii) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

(g) The Company has, or will shortly after the issuance of this instrument, engage a transfer agent registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to act as the sole registrar and transfer agent for the Company with respect to the Crowd SAFE.

(h) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "**Exchange Act**"), (ii) not an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by section 3(b) or section 3(c) of such Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under §4(a)(6) due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (vi) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified

company or companies, and (vii) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

4. *Investor Representations*

(a) The Investor has full legal capacity, power and authority to execute and deliver this instrument and to perform its obligations hereunder. This instrument constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Investor, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity.

(b) The Investor has been advised that this instrument and the underlying securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and are offered and sold hereby pursuant to Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act. The Investor understands that neither this instrument nor the underlying securities may be resold or otherwise transferred unless they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws or pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF, in which case certain state transfer restrictions may apply.

(c) The Investor is purchasing this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder for its own account for investment, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Investor has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same. The Investor understands that the Securities have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws, by reason of specific exemptions under the provisions thereof which depend upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of each Investor's representations as expressed herein.

(d) The Investor acknowledges, and is purchasing this instrument in compliance with, the investment limitations set forth in Rule 100(a)(2) of Regulation CF, promulgated under Section 4(a)(6)(B) of the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor acknowledges that the Investor has received all the information the Investor has requested from the Company and the Investor considers necessary or appropriate for deciding whether to acquire this instrument and the underlying securities, and the Investor represents that the Investor has had an opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from the Company regarding the terms and conditions of this instrument and the underlying securities and to obtain any additional information necessary to verify the accuracy of the information given to the Investor. In deciding to purchase this instrument, the Investor is not relying on the advice or recommendations of the Company or of the Intermediary and the Investor has made its own independent decision that an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities is suitable and appropriate for the Investor. The Investor understands that no federal or state agency has passed upon the merits or risks of an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities or made any finding or determination concerning the fairness or advisability of this investment.

(f) The Investor understands and acknowledges that as a Crowd SAFE investor, the Investor shall have no voting, information or inspection rights, aside from any disclosure requirements the Company is required to make under relevant securities regulations.

(g) The Investor understands that no public market now exists for any of the securities issued by the Company, and that the Company has made no assurances that a public market will ever exist for this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder.

(h) The Investor is not (i) a citizen or resident of a geographic area in which the purchase or holding of the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities is prohibited by applicable law, decree, regulation, treaty, or administrative act, (ii) a citizen or resident of, or located in, a geographic area that is subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions or embargoes, or (iii) an individual, or an individual employed by or associated with an entity, identified on the U.S. Department of Commerce's Denied Persons or Entity List, the U.S. Department of Treasury's Specially Designated Nationals List, the U.S. Department of State's Debarred Parties List or other applicable sanctions lists. Investor hereby represents and agrees that if Investor's country of residence or other circumstances change such that the above representations are no longer accurate, Investor will immediately notify Company. Investor further represents and warrants that it will not knowingly sell or otherwise transfer any interest in the Crowd SAFE or the underlying securities to a party subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions.

(i) If the Investor is not a United States person (as defined by Section 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended), the Investor hereby represents that it has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the laws of its jurisdiction in connection with any invitation, subscription and payment for, and continued ownership of, its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities will not violate any applicable securities or other laws of the Investor's jurisdiction, including (i) the legal requirements within its jurisdiction for the subscription and the purchase of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE; (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such subscription and purchase; (iii) any governmental or other consents that may need to be obtained; and (iv) the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, conversion, redemption, sale, or transfer of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities. The Investor acknowledges that the Company has taken no action in foreign jurisdictions with respect to the Crowd SAFE (and the Investor's beneficial interest therein) and the underlying securities.

(j) If the Investor is a corporate entity: (i) such corporate entity is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has the power and authority to enter into this Crowd SAFE; (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by the Investor of the Crowd SAFE is within the power of the Investor and has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Investor; (iii) to the knowledge of the Investor, it is not in violation of its current charter or bylaws, any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; and (iv) the performance the Crowd SAFE does not and will not violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Investor is a party or by which it is bound, or otherwise result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon the Purchase Amount.

(k) The Investor further acknowledges that it has read, understood, and had ample opportunity to ask Company questions about its business plans, "Risk Factors," and all other information presented in the Company's Form C and the offering documentation filed with the SEC.

(l) The Investor represents that the Investor understands the substantial likelihood that the Investor will suffer a **TOTAL LOSS** of all capital invested, and that Investor is prepared to bear the risk of such total loss.

5. Transfer Restrictions.

(a) The Investor hereby agrees that during the Lock-up Period it will not, without the prior written consent of the managing underwriter: (A) lend; offer; pledge; sell; contract to sell; sell any option or contract to purchase; purchase any option or contract to sell; grant any option, right, or warrant to purchase; or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Stock

(whether such shares or any such securities are then owned by the Investor or are thereafter acquired); or (B) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of such securities; whether any such transaction described in clause (A) or (B) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or other securities, in cash, or otherwise.

(b) The foregoing provisions of Section 5(a) will: (x) apply only to the IPO and will not apply to the sale of any shares to an underwriter pursuant to an underwriting agreement; (y) not apply to the transfer of any shares to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Investor or the immediate family of the Investor, provided that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth herein, and provided further that any such transfer will not involve a disposition for value; and (z) be applicable to the Investor only if all officers and directors of the Company are subject to the same restrictions and the Company uses commercially reasonable efforts to obtain a similar agreement from all stockholders individually owning more than 5% of the outstanding Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Stock. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the underwriters in connection with the IPO are intended third-party beneficiaries of Section 5(a) and will have the right, power and authority to enforce the provisions hereof as though they were a party hereto. The Investor further agrees to execute such agreements as may be reasonably requested by the underwriters in connection with the IPO that are consistent with Section 5(a) or that are necessary to give further effect thereto.

(c) In order to enforce the foregoing covenant, the Company may impose stop transfer instructions with respect to the Investor's registrable securities of the Company (and the Company shares or securities of every other person subject to the foregoing restriction) until the end of the Lock-up Period. The Investor agrees that a legend reading substantially as follows will be placed on all certificates representing all of the Investor's registrable securities of the Company (and the shares or securities of the Company held by every other person subject to the restriction contained in Section 5(a)):

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE SUBJECT TO A LOCK-UP PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE COMPANY'S REGISTRATION STATEMENT FILED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AS SET FORTH IN AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE ORIGINAL HOLDER OF THESE SECURITIES, A COPY OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE COMPANY'S PRINCIPAL OFFICE. SUCH LOCK-UP PERIOD IS BINDING ON TRANSFEREES OF THESE SECURITIES.

(d) Without in any way limiting the representations and warranties set forth in Section 4 above, the Investor further agrees not to make any disposition of all or any portion of this instrument or the underlying securities unless and until the transferee has agreed in writing for the benefit of the Company to make the representations and warranties set out in Section 4 and the undertaking set out in Section 5(a) and:

(i) There is then in effect a registration statement under the Securities Act covering such proposed disposition and such disposition is made in accordance with such registration statement; or

(ii) The Investor shall have notified the Company of the proposed disposition and shall have furnished the Company with a detailed statement of the circumstances surrounding the proposed disposition and, if reasonably requested by the Company, the Investor shall have furnished the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company that such disposition will not require registration of such shares under the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor agrees that it shall not make any disposition of this instrument or any underlying securities to any of the Company's competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

(f) The Investor understands and agrees that the Company will place the legend set forth below or a similar legend on any book entry or other forms of notation evidencing this Crowd SAFE and any certificates evidencing the underlying securities, together with any other legends that may be required by state or federal securities laws, the Company's charter or bylaws, any other agreement between the Investor and the Company or any agreement between the Investor and any third party:

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

6. *Miscellaneous*

(a) The Investor agrees to take any and all actions determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors to be advisable to reorganize this instrument and any shares of Capital Stock issued pursuant to the terms of this instrument into a special purpose vehicle or other entity designed to aggregate the interests of holders of Crowd SAFEs.

(b) Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of either (i) the Company and the Investor, or (ii) the Company and the majority of the Investors (calculated based on the Purchase Amount of each Investors Crowd SAFE).

(c) Any notice required or permitted by this instrument will be deemed sufficient when delivered personally or by overnight courier or sent by email to the relevant address listed on the signature page, or 48 hours after being deposited in the U.S. mail as certified or registered mail with postage prepaid, addressed to the party to be notified at such party's address listed on the signature page, as subsequently modified by written notice.

(d) The Investor is not entitled, as a holder of this instrument, to vote or receive dividends or be deemed the holder of Capital Stock for any purpose, nor will anything contained herein be construed to confer on the Investor, as such, any of the rights of a stockholder of the Company or any right to vote for the election of directors or upon any matter submitted to stockholders at any meeting thereof, or to give or withhold consent to any corporate action or to receive notice of meetings, or to receive subscription rights or otherwise until shares have been issued upon the terms described herein.

(e) Neither this instrument nor the rights contained herein may be assigned, by operation of law or otherwise, by either party without the prior written consent of the other; *provided, however*, that this instrument and/or the rights contained herein may be assigned without the Company's consent by the Investor to any other entity who directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by or is under common control

with the Investor, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer or director of the Investor, or any venture capital fund now or hereafter existing which is controlled by one or more general partners or managing members of, or shares the same management company with, the Investor; and *provided, further*, that the Company may assign this instrument in whole, without the consent of the Investor, in connection with a reincorporation to change the Company's domicile.

(f) In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

(g) All securities issued under this instrument may be issued in whole or fractional parts, in the Company's sole discretion.

(h) All rights and obligations hereunder will be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the conflicts of law provisions of such jurisdiction.

(i) Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of, relating to or in connection with this instrument, including the breach or validity thereof, shall be determined by final and binding arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA") under its Commercial Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures ("**Commercial Rules**"). The award rendered by the arbitrator shall be final, non-appealable and binding on the parties and may be entered and enforced in any court having jurisdiction. There shall be one arbitrator agreed to by the parties within twenty (20) days of receipt by respondent of the request for arbitration or, in default thereof, appointed by the AAA in accordance with its Commercial Rules. The place of arbitration shall be within 25 miles of the Company's principal place of business. Except as may be required by law or to protect a legal right, neither a party nor the arbitrator may disclose the existence, content or results of any arbitration without the prior written consent of the other parties.

(j) The parties acknowledge and agree that for United States federal and state income tax purposes this Crowd SAFE is, and at all times has been, intended to be characterized as stock, and more particularly as common stock for purposes of Sections 304, 305, 306, 354, 368, 1036 and 1202 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Accordingly, the parties agree to treat this Crowd SAFE consistent with the foregoing intent for all United States federal and state income tax purposes (including, without limitation, on their respective tax returns or other informational statements).

(k) The Investor agrees any action contemplated by this Crowd SAFE and requested by the Company must be completed by the Investor within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the relevant notice (whether actual or constructive) to the Investor.

(Signature page follows)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

TROOP BEVERAGE CO.

By:

Name: Caroline Gensheimer DesRosiers

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Address: 3006 Gough Street, 301,

San Francisco, CA 94123, United States

Email: cc@drinktroop.com

INVESTOR:

By:

Name:

Exhibit A – CF Shadow Share Proxy

Irrevocable Proxy

Reference is hereby made to a certain Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity (the “**Crowd SAFE**”) dated [Date of Crowd SAFE] between Troop Beverage Co., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”) and [Investor Name] (“**Stockholder**”). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in the Crowd SAFE. In connection with a conversion of Stockholder’s investment in the Crowd SAFE into Capital Stock of a CF Shadow Series (as defined in the Crowd SAFE) pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, the Stockholder and OpenDeal Portal LLC (the “**Intermediary**”) as another holder of Capital Stock of a CF Shadow Series hereby agree as follows:

1) Grant of Irrevocable Proxy.

- a) With respect to all of the shares of Capital Stock of CF Shadow Series owned by the Stockholder as of the date of this Irrevocable Proxy or any subsequent date (the “**Shares**”), Stockholder hereby grants to Intermediary an irrevocable proxy under Section 212 of the Delaware General Corporation Law to vote the Shares in any manner that the Intermediary may determine in its sole and absolute discretion. For the avoidance of doubt, the Intermediary, as the holder of the irrevocable proxy (rather than the Stockholder) will vote the Shares with respect to all shareholder meetings and other actions (including actions by written consent in lieu of a meeting) on which holders of Shares may be entitled to vote. The Intermediary hereby agrees to vote all Shares consistently with the majority of the shares on which the CF Shadow Series is based. This proxy revokes any other proxy granted by the Stockholder at any time with respect to the Shares.
- b) The Intermediary shall have no duty, liability or obligation whatsoever to the Stockholder arising out of the Intermediary’s exercise of the this irrevocable proxy. The Stockholder expressly acknowledges and agrees that (i) the Stockholder will not impede the exercise of the Intermediary’s rights under this irrevocable proxy and (ii) the Stockholder waives and relinquishes any claim, right or action the Stockholder might have, as a stockholder of the Company or otherwise, against the Intermediary or any of its affiliates or agents (including any directors, officers, managers, members, and employees) in connection with any exercise of the irrevocable proxy granted hereunder.
- c) This irrevocable proxy shall expire as to those Shares on the earlier of (i) the date that such Shares are converted into Common Stock of the Company or (ii) the date that such Shares are converted to cash or a cash equivalent, but shall continue as to any Shares not so converted.

2) Legend. The Stockholder agrees to permit an appropriate legend on certificates evidencing the Shares or any transfer books or related documentation of ownership reflecting the grant of the irrevocable proxy contained in the foregoing Section 1.

3) Representations and Warranties. The Stockholder represents and warrants to the Intermediary as follows:

- a) The Stockholder has all the necessary rights, power and authority to execute, deliver and perform his obligations under this Irrevocable Proxy. This Irrevocable Proxy has been duly executed and delivered by the Stockholder and constitutes such Stockholder’s legal and valid obligation enforceable against the Stockholder in accordance with its terms.

- b) The Stockholder is the record owner of the Shares listed under the name on this Appendix A and the Stockholder has plenary voting and dispositive power with respect to such Shares; the Stockholder owns no other shares of the capital stock of the Company; there are no proxies, voting trusts or other agreements or understandings to which such Stockholder is a party or bound by and which expressly require that any of the Shares be voted in any specific manner other than pursuant to this irrevocable proxy; and the Stockholder has not entered into any agreement or arrangement inconsistent with this Irrevocable Proxy.
- 4) **Equitable Remedies.** The Stockholder acknowledges that irreparable damage would result if this Irrevocable Proxy is not specifically enforced and that, therefore, the rights and obligations of the Intermediary may be enforced by a decree of specific performance issued by arbitration pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, and appropriate injunctive relief may be applied for and granted in connection therewith. Such remedies shall, however, not be exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies that the Intermediary may otherwise have available.
- 5) **Defined Terms.** All terms defined in this Irrevocable Proxy shall have the meaning defined herein. All other terms will be interpreted in accordance with the Crowd SAFE.
- 6) **Amendment.** Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of the (i) the Stockholder and (ii) the Intermediary.
- 7) **Assignment.**
- a) In the event the Stockholder wishes to transfer, sell, hypothecate or otherwise assign any Shares, the Stockholder hereby agrees to require, as a condition of such action, that the counterparty or counterparties thereto must enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary substantially identical to this Irrevocable Proxy.
- b) The Intermediary may transfer its rights as Holder under this instrument after giving prior written notice to the Stockholder.
- 8) **Severability.** In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

INVESTOR:

By:
Name:

Date

INTERMEDIARY:

By:
Name: Authorized Signatory, OpenDeal Portal
LLC d/b/a Republic
Date

EXHIBIT D

Video Transcript Transcript

Extra: Hey, can you grab me a drink?

CC: Sure!

Big Alcohol (BA): Drink this!

LC: How about a real cocktail? Have a Troop.

CC: Wow, yeah. This is so much better.

CC: Hey, I'm CC, (REED) I'm Reed, we're the married couple and founders behind Troop Beverage Co. We make handcrafted ready-to-drink cocktails in Napa, CA.

CC: For too long, big alcohol companies have reaped the profits of extreme growth in ready-to-drink alcohol, like canned wines and hard seltzers. And we as consumers have suffered the consequences of their bad drinks, bad ingredients, and bad behavior.

Reed: Now is the chance for you to join our Troop and be a part of the next exploding category -- canned cocktails. This is an investment opportunity in the fastest growing segment in alcohol -- a \$10B in US sales last year.

Reed: With investment and backing from former C-suite executives from Pernod Ricard, Constellation Brands, and Francis Ford Coppola, you'll be getting in on the ground floor of a company and category that are taking off.

Reed: Plus, don't you want to tell all of your friends you own part of a cocktail brand?

CC: Reed and I have always been passionate about bringing people together over great drinks, because we know cocktails are the ultimate social connector. And the options out there weren't cutting it for us or our Troop.

Reed: So we distilled all the good parts about cocktails to make a real drink for the real ones. They're full-flavor, full-strength cocktails made with spirits, fresh-squeezed citrus, herbs, and botanicals.

Reed: Unlike many of the other options in the ready-to-drink segment, our drinks use spirits, not malt, real ingredients, not chemical flavors. They're naturally low calorie and low-sugar, but without compromising on quality or taste.

CC: We created Troop to inspire a new social scene. We're a female founded, BIPOC, & LGBTQ owned company. As a 1% for the Planet brand, we're committed to creating a healthier planet through our partnerships with environmental nonprofits, as well as our ingredient sourcing and packaging. We're doing things differently in alcohol to create a more positive and diverse drinking culture.

Reed: Our soft-launch in 2019 flew off the shelves and got us into 100 stores including Whole Foods and Total Wine.

In October of 2020, we officially launched Troop. Since the beginning of this year, we've more than quadrupled our distribution footprint, and are now available in hundreds of stores throughout California. But

Troop has expanded outside of California with our direct-to-consumer channel. And with \$0 in marketing spend, we regularly do 10-15% of our overall revenue online.

And it's clear people are loving Troop.

CC: We're just getting started. Your investment will go towards expanding Troop's distribution to new states and adding new drinks to our line of cocktails.

CC: Ready-to-drink is the fastest growing segment in alcohol. With your help, Troop will become the #1 canned cocktail in the market. Let's change the industry and our social scene one sip at a time.