

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM C

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

(Mark one.)

- Form C: Offering Statement
 Form C-U: Progress Update
 Form C/A: Amendment to Offering Statement
 Check box if Amendment is material and investors must reconfirm within five business days.
 Form C-AR: Annual Report
 Form C-AR/A: Amendment to Annual Report
 Form C-TR: Termination of Reporting

Name of Issuer:

Union Electric Supply Inc.

Legal status of Issuer:

Form:

Corporation

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization:

Delaware

Date of Organization:

January 9, 2020

Physical Address of Issuer:

4055 Redwood Ave, #420, Los Angeles, CA 90066

Website of Issuer:

<https://unionelectric.co/>

Is there a co-issuer? ___yes ___X_ no.

Name of Intermediary through which the Offering will be Conducted:

OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic

CIK Number of Intermediary:

0001751525

SEC File Number of Intermediary:

007-00167

CRD Number of Intermediary:

283874

Name of qualified third party "Escrow Agent" which the Offering will utilize:

Prime Trust, LLC

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

At the conclusion of the Offering, the issuer shall pay a cash fee comprised of: (i) six percent (6%) of any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000) (ii) four percent (4%) of any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000); and (iii) three percent (3%) of any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to: (i) two percent (2%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000); and (ii) one percent (1%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000); and (iii) one-half percent (0.5%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).

Type of Security Offered:

Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Target Number of Securities to be Offered:

25,000

Price (or Method for Determining Price):

\$1.00

Target Offering Amount:

\$25,000

Oversubscriptions Accepted:

Yes

No

Oversubscriptions will be Allocated:

Pro-rata basis

First-come, first-served basis

Other: At the Intermediary's discretion

Maximum offering amount (if different from Target Offering Amount):

\$5,000,000

Deadline to reach the Target Offering Amount:

November 1, 2021

If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the deadline to reach the target offering amount, no Securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current Number of Employees:

5

	Most recent fiscal year-end (2020)	Prior fiscal year-end (2019)*
Total Assets	\$1,298,270	0
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$670,675	0
Accounts Receivable	\$43,534	0
Short-term Debt	\$70,228	0
Long-term Debt	\$1,559,032	0
Revenues/Sales	\$924,429	0
Cost of Goods Sold	\$779,871	0
Taxes Paid	\$0	0

Net Income	(\$644,070)	0
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*Company was incorporated on January 9, 2020.

The jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District Of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virgin Islands, U.S., Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands

June 28, 2021

Union Electric Supply Inc.

UNION ELECTRIC

Up to \$5,000,000 of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Union Electric Supply Inc. (“**Union Electric**”, the “**Company**,” “**we**,” “**us**”, or “**our**”), is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the “**Target Offering Amount**”) and up to a maximum amount of \$5,000,000 (the “**Maximum Offering Amount**”) of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) (the “**Securities**”) on a best efforts basis as described in this Form C (this “**Offering**”). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by November 1, 2021 (the “**Offering Deadline**”). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled, and all committed funds will be returned.

Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as “**Investors**” or “**you**”. The rights and obligations of Investors with respect to the Securities are set forth below in the section titled “*The Offering and the Securities—The Securities*”. In order to purchase the Securities, you must complete the purchase process through our intermediary, OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the “**Intermediary**”). All committed funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC (the “**Escrow Agent**”) until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as such earlier time the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary.

Investment commitments may be accepted or rejected by us, in our sole and absolute discretion. We have the right to cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time and for any reason. The Intermediary has the ability to reject any investment commitment and may cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time for any reason.

	Price to Investors	Maximum Service Fees and Commissions (1)(2)(3)	Net Proceeds
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount (4)	\$100	\$6.00	\$94.00
Maximum Individual Purchase Amount (3)(4)(5)	\$500,000	\$30,000	\$470,000
Target Offering Amount	\$25,000	\$1,500	\$23,500
Maximum Offering Amount	\$5,000,000	\$230,000	\$4,770,000

(1) This excludes fees to Company’s advisors, such as attorneys and accountants.

(2) At the conclusion of the Offering, the issuer shall pay a cash fee comprised of: (i) six percent (6%) of any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000); (ii) four percent (4%) of any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000);

- and (iii) three percent (3%) of any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).
- (3) In addition to the cash fees reflected here, the Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to: (i) two percent (2%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000); (ii) one percent (1%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000); and (iii) one-half percent (0.5%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).
 - (4) The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount and Maximum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary's special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts and Maximum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.
 - (5) Subject to any other investment amount limitations applicable to the Investor under Regulation CF.

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this Offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. These Securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any Securities offered or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

These Securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these Securities are exempt from registration.

THESE SECURITIES INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK THAT MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL INVESTORS. THERE ARE ALSO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY AND THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY ARE NOT PUBLICLY TRADED. THERE IS NO PUBLIC MARKET FOR THE SECURITIES AND ONE MAY NEVER DEVELOP. AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY IS HIGHLY SPECULATIVE. THE SECURITIES SHOULD NOT BE PURCHASED BY ANYONE WHO CANNOT BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISK OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME AND WHO CANNOT AFFORD THE LOSS OF THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. SEE THE SECTION OF THIS FORM C TITLED "*RISK FACTORS*" BEGINNING ON PAGE 3 .

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY WILL HAVE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. NO SECURITIES MAY BE PLEDGED, TRANSFERRED, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF BY ANY INVESTOR EXCEPT PURSUANT TO RULE 501 OF REGULATION CF. YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

YOU ARE NOT TO CONSTRUE THE CONTENTS OF THIS FORM C AS LEGAL, ACCOUNTING OR TAX ADVICE OR AS INFORMATION NECESSARILY APPLICABLE TO YOUR PARTICULAR FINANCIAL SITUATION. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN FINANCIAL ADVISER, COUNSEL AND ACCOUNTANT AS TO LEGAL, TAX AND RELATED MATTERS CONCERNING THEIR INVESTMENT.

THIS OFFERING IS ONLY EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS TERRITORIES. NO OFFER IS BEING MADE IN ANY JURISDICTION NOT LISTED ABOVE. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE PERMISSIBILITY OF THEIR PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING, INCLUDING OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL FORMALITIES AND SEEKING CONSENT FROM THEIR LOCAL REGULATOR, IF NECESSARY. THE

INTERMEDIARY FACILITATING THIS OFFERING IS LICENSED AND REGISTERED SOLELY IN THE UNITED STATES AND HAS NOT SECURED, AND HAS NOT SOUGHT TO SECURE, A LICENSE OR WAIVER OF THE NEED FOR SUCH LICENSE IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. THE COMPANY, THE ESCROW AGENT AND THE INTERMEDIARY, EACH RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY INVESTMENT COMMITMENT MADE BY ANY PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR, WHETHER FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FOREIGN INVESTORS

IF YOU LIVE OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN INVESTOR.

NOTICE REGARDING THE ESCROW AGENT

PRIME TRUST LLC, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT'S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Company has certified that all of the following statements are TRUE for the Company in connection with this Offering:

- (1) Is organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) Is not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "**Exchange Act**") (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
- (3) Is not an investment company, as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "**Investment Company Act**") (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
- (4) Is not ineligible to offer or sell securities in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "**Securities Act**") (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) as a result of a disqualification as specified in § 227.503(a);
- (5) Has filed with the SEC and provided to investors, to the extent required, any ongoing annual reports required by law during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this Form C; and
- (6) Has a specific business plan, which is not to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

Bad Actor Disclosure

The Company is not subject to any bad actor disqualifications under any relevant U.S. securities laws.

Ongoing Reporting

Following the first sale of the Securities, the Company will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year.

Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at <https://unionelectric.co/>.

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with applicable state law.

Neither the Company nor any of its predecessors (if any) previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirement of Regulation CF.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: <https://www.republic.co/union-electric>

The date of this Form C is June 28, 2021.

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ABOUT THIS FORM C

You should rely only on the information contained in this Form C. We have not authorized anyone to provide any information or make any representations other than those contained in this Form C, and no source other than the Intermediary has been authorized to host this Form C and the Offering. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not offering to sell, nor seeking offers to buy, the Securities in any jurisdiction where such offers and sales are not permitted. The information contained in this Form C and any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents, regardless of the time of delivery of this Form C or the time of issuance or sale of any Securities.

Statements contained herein as to the content of any agreements or other documents are summaries and, therefore, are necessarily selective and incomplete and are qualified in their entirety by the actual agreements or other documents. Prior to the consummation of the purchase and sale of the Securities, the Company will afford prospective Investors an opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of this Offering and the Company.

In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. The statements of the Company contained herein are based on information believed to be reliable; however, no warranty can be made as to the accuracy of such information or that circumstances have not changed since the date of this Form C. For example, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects may have changed since the date of this Form C. The Company does not expect to update or otherwise revise this Form C or any other materials supplied herewith.

This Form C is submitted in connection with the Offering described herein and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form C and any documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements and are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact or relating to present facts or current conditions included in this Form C are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current reasonable expectations and projections regarding our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “plan,” “intend,” “believe,” “may,” “should,” “can have,” “likely” and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form C and any documents incorporated by reference herein are based on reasonable assumptions we have made in light of our industry experience, perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this Form C, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual operating and financial performance and cause our performance to differ materially from the performance anticipated in the forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect or change, our actual operating and financial performance may vary in material respects from the performance projected in these forward-looking statements.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements made in this Form C or any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this Form C or to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this Form C. This summary may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire Form C carefully, including the matters discussed under the section titled "Risk Factors."

The Company

Union Electric Supply Inc. is a cannabis supplier, incorporated in Delaware as a corporation on January 9, 2020.

The Company is located at 4055 Redwood Ave, #420, Los Angeles, CA 90066.

The Company's website is <https://unionelectric.co>.

The Company conducts business in the United States, and sells cannabis in California and branded Union Electric hats, t-shirts, sweatshirts and other merchandise through the internet throughout the United States.

A description of our products, services and business plan can be found on the Company's profile page on the Intermediary's website under <https://republic.co/union-electric> and is attached as Exhibit B to this Form C.

The Offering

Minimum Amount of the Securities Offered	25,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Target Offering Amount met)	25,000*
Maximum Amount of the Securities Offered	5,000,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Maximum Offering Amount met)	5,000,000*
Price Per Security	\$1.00
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount	\$100
Maximum Individual Purchase Amount	\$500,000
Offering Deadline	November 1, 2021
Use of Proceeds	See the description of the use of proceeds on page 23 hereof.
Voting Rights	See the description of the voting rights on page 38.

*The total number of the Securities outstanding after the Offering is subject to increase in an amount equal to the Intermediary's fee (i) two percent (2%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000) of the Securities issued in this Offering; (ii) one percent (1%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000) of the Securities issued in this Offering; and (iii) one-half percent (0.5%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000) of the Securities issued in this Offering.

+ The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount and Maximum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary's special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts and Maximum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Securities involves a high degree of risk and may result in the loss of your entire investment. Before making an investment decision with respect to the Securities, we urge you to carefully consider the risks described in this section and other factors set forth in this Form C. In addition to the risks specified below, the Company is subject to same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently riskier than more developed companies. Prospective Investors should consult with their legal, tax and financial advisors prior to making an investment in the Securities. The Securities should only be purchased by persons who can afford to lose all of their investment.

Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry

The cannabis industry is highly competitive and evolving.

The market for businesses in the cannabis industry is highly competitive and evolving. There may be no material aspect of our business that is protected by patents, copyrights, trademarks or trade names, and we may face strong competition from larger companies, including in our search for an initial business combination and those that may offer similar products and services to ours following our initial business combination. Our potential competitors may have longer operating histories, significantly greater financial, marketing or other resources and larger client bases than we will, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully compete against these or other competitors. Additionally, because the cannabis industry is at an early stage, a potential target cannabis company may face additional competition from new entrants, including as a result of an increased number of licenses granted under any applicable regulatory regime.

If the number of users of medical cannabis increases, and/or if the national demand for recreational cannabis increases, the demand for products will increase and we expect that competition will become more intense, as current and future competitors begin to offer an increasing number of diversified products. To remain competitive, a target business may require a continued high level of investment in research and development, marketing, sales and client support. However, a potential target business may not have sufficient resources to maintain research and development, marketing, sales and client support efforts on a competitive basis, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Additionally, as new technologies related to the cultivation, processing, manufacturing and research and development of cannabis are being explored, there is potential for third party competitors to be in possession of superior technology that would reduce any relative competitiveness a potential business target may have.

As the legal landscape for cannabis continues to evolve, it is possible that the cannabis industry will undergo consolidation, creating larger companies with greater financial resources, manufacturing and marketing capabilities and product offerings. Given the rapid changes affecting the global, national, and regional economies generally and the cannabis industry, in particular, we may not be able to create and maintain a competitive advantage in the marketplace. Our success will depend on our ability to keep pace with any changes in our markets, particularly, legal and regulatory changes. For example, it is likely that we, and our competitors, will seek to introduce new products in the future. Our success will also depend on our ability to respond to, among other things, changes in the economy, market conditions, and competitive pressures. Any failure by us to anticipate or respond adequately to such changes could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Confusion between legal Cannabis and illegal Cannabis.

There is risk that confusion or uncertainty surrounding our products with regulated cannabis could occur on the state or federal level and impact us. We may have difficulty with establishing banking relationships, working with investment banks and brokers who would be willing to offer and sell our securities or accept deposits from shareholders. Any of these additional factors, should they occur, could also affect our business, prospects, assets or results of operation could have a material adverse effect on the business, prospects, results of operations or financial condition of the Company.

The cannabis industry could face strong opposition from other industries.

We believe that established businesses in other industries may have a strong economic interest in opposing the development of the cannabis industry. Cannabis may be seen by companies in other industries as an attractive alternative to their products, including recreational marijuana as an alternative to alcohol, and medical marijuana as an alternative to various commercial pharmaceuticals. Many industries that could view the emerging cannabis industry as an economic threat are well established, with vast economic and United States federal and state lobbying resources. It is possible that companies within these industries could use their resources to attempt to slow or reverse legislation legalizing cannabis. Any inroads these companies make in halting or impeding legislative initiatives that would be beneficial to the cannabis industry could have a detrimental impact on our clients and, in turn, on our operations.

Many cannabis activities, products, and services still violate law.

The legal patchwork to which cannabis companies are subject is still evolving and frequently uncertain. While we believe that anti-cannabis laws are softening and that the trend is toward the legalization of cannabis products, many states and the U.S. government still view some or all cannabis activity as illegal. Notwithstanding this uncertainty, we intend to do our best to engage in activities that are unambiguously legal and to use what influence we have with our affiliates for them to do the same. But we will not always have control over those companies with whom we do business, and there is a risk that we could suffer a substantial and material loss due to routine legal prosecution. Similarly, many jurisdictions have adopted so-called “zero tolerance” drug laws and laws prohibiting the sale of what is considered drug paraphernalia. If our or our affiliates’ activities related to cannabis activities, products, and services are deemed to violate one or more federal or state laws, we may be subject to civil and criminal penalties, including fines, impounding of cannabis products, and seizure of our assets.

Limited standardized research on the effect of cannabis.

To date, there is limited standardization in the research of the effects of cannabis, and future clinical research studies may lead to conclusions that dispute or conflict with our understanding and belief regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy, dosing and social acceptance of cannabis. Research in Canada, the United States and internationally regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy and dosing of cannabis or isolated cannabinoids (such as CBD and THC) remains in relatively early stages. Future research and clinical trials may draw opposing conclusions to statements in this prospectus or could reach different or negative conclusions regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy, dosing or other facts and perceptions related to cannabis, which could adversely affect social acceptance of cannabis and the demand for our products.

Many cannabis businesses are dependent on key personnel with sufficient experience in the cannabis industry.

The success of businesses in the cannabis industry is largely dependent on the performance of their respective management teams and key employees and their continuing ability to attract, develop, motivate and retain highly qualified and skilled employees. Qualified individuals are in high demand, and significant costs may be incurred to attract and retain them. The loss of the services of any key personnel, or an inability to attract other suitably qualified persons when needed, could prevent a business from executing on its business plan and strategy, and the business may be unable to find adequate replacements on a timely basis, or at all.

Because cannabis is illegal under U.S. federal law, cannabis businesses may be subject to civil asset forfeiture.

Because the cannabis industry remains illegal under U.S. federal law, any property owned by participants in the cannabis industry which are either used in the course of conducting such business, or are the proceeds of such business, could be subject to seizure by law enforcement and subsequent civil asset forfeiture. Even if the owner of the property were never charged with a crime, the property in question could still be seized and subject to an administrative proceeding by which, with minimal due process, it could be subject to forfeiture. Even if such insurance is otherwise available, we may not obtain such insurance, it may be more expensive than traditional insurance, and it may nonetheless exclude claims for certain matters, including matters illegal under U.S. federal law.

We may be subject to constraints on and differences in marketing our products under varying state laws.

There may be restrictions on sales and marketing activities imposed by government regulatory bodies that could hinder the development of our business and operating results. Restrictions may include regulations that specify what, where and to whom product information and descriptions may appear and/or be advertised. Marketing, advertising, packaging and labeling regulations also vary from state to state, potentially limiting the consistency and scale of consumer branding communication and product education efforts. The regulatory environment in the U.S. limits our ability to compete for market share in a manner similar to other industries. If we are unable to effectively market our products and compete for market share, or if the costs of compliance with government legislation and regulation cannot be absorbed through increased selling prices for our products, our sales and operating results could be adversely affected.

The results of future clinical research may be unfavorable to cannabis which may have a material adverse effect on the demand for our products.

Research regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy and dosing of cannabis or isolated cannabinoids (such as CBD and THC) remains in early stages. There have been relatively few clinical trials on the benefits of cannabis or isolated cannabinoids (such as CBD and THC). Although we believe that various articles, reports and studies support our beliefs regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy and dosing of cannabis, future research and clinical trials may prove such statements to be incorrect, or could raise concerns regarding cannabis. Further, the cannabis industry is highly dependent upon consumer perception regarding the safety, efficacy and quality of the cannabis produced. Consumer perception can be significantly influenced by scientific research or findings regarding the consumption of cannabis products. There can be no assurance that future scientific research or findings will be favorable to the cannabis market or any particular product, or consistent with earlier research or findings. Future research studies and clinical trials may draw opposing conclusions to those stated in current research or reach negative conclusions regarding the medical benefits, viability, safety, efficacy, dosing, or other facts related to cannabis, which could have a material adverse effect on the demand for our products, and therefore on our business, prospects, revenue, results of operation and financial condition.

Inconsistent public opinion and perception of the medical and adult-use cannabis industry hinders market growth and state adoption.

Public opinion and support for medical and adult-use cannabis has traditionally been inconsistent and varies from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. While public opinion and support appears to be rising generally for legalizing medical and adult-use cannabis, it remains a controversial issue subject to differing opinions surrounding the level of legalization (for example, medical cannabis as opposed to legalization in general). Inconsistent public opinion and perception of the medical and adult-use cannabis may hinder growth and state adoption which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our investors and our directors, officers and employees who are not U.S. citizens may be denied entry into the United States.

Because cannabis remains illegal under United States federal law, those individuals who are not U.S. citizens employed at or investing in legal and licensed U.S. cannabis companies could face detention, denial of entry or lifetime bans from the United States for their business associations with U.S. cannabis businesses. Entry happens at the sole discretion of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) officers on duty, and these officers have wide latitude to ask questions to determine the admissibility of a foreign national. The government of Canada has started warning travelers on its website that previous use of cannabis, or any substance prohibited by United States federal laws, could mean denial of entry to the United States. Business or financial involvement in the legal cannabis industry in Canada or in the United States could also be reason enough for United States border guards to deny entry. On September 21, 2018, CBP released a statement outlining its current position with respect to enforcement of the laws of the United States. It stated that Canada’s legalization of cannabis will not change CBP enforcement of United States laws regarding controlled substances and, because cannabis continues to be a controlled substance under United States law, working in or facilitating the proliferation of the legal cannabis industry in U.S. states where it is deemed legal or Canada may affect admissibility to the United States. As a result, CBP has affirmed that, employees, directors, officers, managers and investors of companies involved in business activities related to cannabis in the United States or Canada (such as us), who are not United States citizens face the risk of being barred from entry into the United States for life. On October 9, 2018, CBP released an additional statement regarding the admissibility of Canadian citizens working in the legal cannabis industry. CBP stated that a Canadian citizen working in or facilitating the proliferation of the

legal cannabis industry in Canada coming into the United States for reasons unrelated to the cannabis industry will generally be admissible to the United States; however, if such person is found to be coming into the United States for reasons related to the cannabis industry, such person may be deemed inadmissible.

We are subject to a number of risks because cannabis is illegal under federal law.

Cannabis is illegal under federal law. Federal law and enforcement may adversely affect the implementation of medical cannabis and/or adult-use cannabis laws, and may negatively impact our revenues and profits.

Under the Controlled Substances Act (“CSA”), the U.S. Government lists cannabis as a Schedule I controlled substance (i.e., deemed to have no medical value), and accordingly the manufacturing (cultivation), sale, or possession of cannabis is federally illegal. It is also federally illegal to advertise the sale of cannabis or to sell paraphernalia designed or intended primarily for use with cannabis, unless the paraphernalia is authorized by federal, state, or local law. The United States Supreme Court has ruled in *United States v. Oakland Cannabis Buyers’ Coop. and Gonzales v. Raich*, 532 U.S. 483 (2001), that the federal government has the right to regulate and criminalize cannabis, even for medical purposes. The illegality of cannabis under federal law preempts state laws that legalize its use. Therefore, strict enforcement of federal law regarding cannabis would likely adversely affect our revenues and results of operations.

Other laws that directly impact the cannabis growers that are end users of certain of our products include:

- Businesses trafficking in cannabis may not take tax deductions for costs beyond costs of goods sold under Code Section 280E. There is no way to predict how the federal government may treat cannabis business from a taxation standpoint in the future and no assurance can be given to what extent Code Section 280E, or other tax-related laws and regulations, may be applied to cannabis businesses in the future.
- Because the manufacturing (cultivation), sale, possession and use of cannabis is illegal under federal law, cannabis businesses may have restricted intellectual property and proprietary rights, particularly with respect to obtaining and enforcing patents and trademarks. In addition, cannabis businesses may face court action by third parties under the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (“RICO”). Intellectual property and proprietary rights could be impaired as a result of cannabis business, and cannabis businesses could be named as a defendant in an action asserting a RICO violation.
- Federal bankruptcy courts cannot provide relief for parties who engage in cannabis or cannabis businesses. Recent bankruptcy rulings have denied bankruptcies for cannabis dispensaries upon the justification that businesses cannot violate federal law and then claim the benefits of federal bankruptcy for the same activity and upon the justification that courts cannot ask a bankruptcy trustee to take possession of, and distribute cannabis assets as such action would violate the CSA. Therefore, cannabis businesses may not be able to seek the protection of the bankruptcy courts and this could materially affect their financial performance and/or their ability to obtain or maintain credit.
- Since cannabis is illegal under federal law, there is a strong argument that banks cannot accept for deposit any funds from businesses involved in the cannabis industry. Consequently, businesses involved in the cannabis industry often have difficulty finding a bank willing to accept their business. Any such inability to open or maintain bank accounts may make it difficult for cannabis businesses to operate. Under the Bank Secrecy Act (“BSA”), banks must report to the federal government any suspected illegal activity, which includes any transaction associated with a cannabis business. These reports must be filed even though the business is operating legitimately under state law.
- Insurance that is otherwise readily available, such as general liability and directors and officer’s insurance, may be more difficult to find, and more expensive.

The former administration, or any new administration or attorney general, could change federal enforcement policy or execution and decide to enforce the federal cannabis laws more strongly. On January 4, 2018, former U.S. Attorney General Jeff Sessions issued a memorandum rescinding previous guidance (directing U.S. Department of Justice and the U.S. Attorneys’ offices to focus their cannabis enforcement efforts under federal law only in identified priority areas, such as sale to minors, criminal enterprises, and interstate sales). Under the Sessions memorandum, local U.S. Attorneys’ offices retain discretion regarding the prosecution of cannabis activity authorized under state laws and regulations. While former U.S. Attorney General William Barr expressed support for the National Organization to Reform Marijuana Laws (“NORML”) during his Senate testimony on April 10, 2019, further change in the federal approach towards enforcement could negatively affect the industry, potentially ending it entirely. Any such change in the federal government’s enforcement of current federal laws could cause significant financial damage to us. The legal

uncertainty and possible future changes in law could negatively affect our growth, revenues, results of operations and success generally.

Federal authorities may decide to change their current posture and begin to enforce current federal cannabis law and, if they decide to ignore the principles in the Cole Memorandum issued in 2013 (the “**Cole Memorandum**”) and begin to aggressively enforce such laws, it is possible that they could allege that we violated federal laws by selling products used in the cannabis industry. As a result, active enforcement of the current federal regulatory position on cannabis may thus directly or indirectly adversely affect our revenues and profits.

Violations of any U.S. federal laws and regulations could result in significant fines, penalties, administrative sanctions, convictions or settlements arising from civil proceedings conducted by either the U.S. federal government or private citizens, or criminal charges, including, but not limited to, disgorgement of profits, cessation of business activities or divestiture. This could have a material adverse effect on our business, including our reputation and ability to conduct business, the listing of our securities on any stock exchanges, the settlement of trades of our securities, our ability to obtain banking services, our financial position, operating results, profitability or liquidity or the market price of our publicly traded shares. In addition, it is difficult for us to estimate the time or resources that would be needed for the investigation of any such matters or their final resolution because, in part, the time and resources that may be needed are dependent on the nature and extent of any information requested by the applicable authorities involved, and such time or resources could be substantial.

Successful litigation by non-cannabis states affected by cannabis legalization could have significant adverse effects on our business.

Due to variations in state law among states sharing borders, certain states which have not approved any legal sale of cannabis may seek to overturn laws legalizing cannabis use in neighboring states. For example, in December 2014, the attorney general of each of Nebraska and Oklahoma filed a complaint with the U.S. Supreme Court against the state of Colorado arguing that the Supremacy Clause (Article VI of the U.S. Constitution) prohibits Colorado from passing laws that conflict with federal anti-drug laws and that Colorado’s laws are increasing cannabis trafficking in neighboring states that maintain cannabis bans, thereby putting pressure on such neighboring states’ criminal justice systems. In March 2016, the U.S. Supreme Court, voting 6-2, declined to hear this case, but there is no assurance that it will do so in the future. Additionally, nothing prevents states’ attorneys general from using the same or similar cause of action for a lawsuit in a lower federal or other court.

Previously, the U.S. Supreme Court has held that drug prohibition is a valid exercise of federal authority under the commerce clause; however, it has also held that an individual state itself is not required to adopt or enforce federal laws with which it disagrees. If the U.S. Supreme Court rules that a legal cannabis state’s legislation is unconstitutional, that could result in legal action against other states with laws legalizing medical and/or recreational cannabis use. Successful prosecution of such legal actions by non-cannabis states could have significant adverse effects on our business.

There are risks related to the cannabis industry to which we may become subject.

We are subject to, and possibly adversely affected by, the following risks:

- The cannabis industry is extremely speculative and its legality is uncertain, making it subject to inherent risk;
- Use of cannabis that is not in compliance with the CSA is illegal under U.S. federal law, and therefore, strict enforcement of U.S. federal laws regarding the use, cultivation, manufacturing, processing, transportation, distribution, storage and/or sale of cannabis would likely result in our inability to execute a business plan in the cannabis industry;
- Changes in the current policies of the Biden Administration and the U.S. Department of Justice resulting in heightened enforcement of U.S. federal cannabis laws may negatively impact our ability to pursue our prospective business operations and/or generate revenues;
- U.S. federal courts may refuse to recognize the enforceability of contracts pertaining to any business operations that are deemed illegal under U.S. federal law and, as a result, cannabis-related contracts could prove unenforceable in such courts;
- Consumer complaints and negative publicity regarding cannabis related products and services could lead to political pressure on states to implement new laws and regulations that are adverse to the cannabis industry, to not modify existing, restrictive laws and regulations or to reverse current favorable laws and regulations

relating to cannabis;

- Assets leased to cannabis businesses may be forfeited to the U.S. federal government in connection with government enforcement actions under U.S. federal law;
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulation of cannabis and the possible registration of facilities where cannabis is grown could negatively affect the cannabis industry, which could directly affect our financial condition;
- Due to our involvement in the regulated cannabis industry, we may have a difficult time obtaining the various insurance policies that are needed to operate our business, which may expose us to additional risks and financial liabilities;
- The cannabis industry may face significant opposition from other industries that perceive cannabis products and services as competitive with their own, including but not limited to the pharmaceutical industry, adult beverage industry and tobacco industry, all of which have powerful lobbying and financial resources;
- Many national and regional banks have been resistant to doing business with cannabis companies because of the uncertainties presented by federal law and, as a result, we may have difficulty accessing the service of banks, which may inhibit our ability to open bank accounts or otherwise utilize traditional banking services;
- Due to our proposed involvement in the regulated cannabis industry, we may have a difficult time obtaining financing in connection with our initial business combination or thereafter;
- Laws and regulations affecting the regulated cannabis industry are varied, broad in scope and subject to evolving interpretations, and may restrict the use of the properties we acquire or require certain additional regulatory approvals, which could materially adversely affect our operations;
- National securities exchanges may not list companies engaged in the cannabis industry; and
- Risks similar to those discussed above based on regulations of other jurisdictions in which a prospective target may operate or be organized in.

Any of the foregoing could have an adverse impact on our operations following a business combination.

There is uncertainty in pricing and demand for cannabis-based products.

The anticipated pricing of cannabis products may differ substantially from current levels given changes in the competitive and regulatory landscape. The potential target company's business model may be susceptible to erosion of profitability should cannabis and cannabis-related products experience secular pricing changes. Potential sources of pricing changes include over-production, regulatory action, increased competition or the emergence of new competitors. Additionally, even if pricing of the broader cannabis and cannabis-related product market is sustained, there is no guarantee that a potential target cannabis company will be successful in creating and maintaining consumer demand and estimated pricing levels. To do this, the potential target company may be dependent upon, among other things, continually producing desirable and effective cannabis and cannabis-related products and the continued growth in the aggregate number of cannabis consumers. Campaigns designed to enhance the potential target company's brand and attract consumers, subject to restrictions imposed by law, can be expensive and may not result in increased sales. If the potential target company is unable to attract new consumers, it may not be able to increase its sales.

Certain events or developments in the cannabis industry more generally may impact our reputation.

Damage to our reputation can result from the actual or perceived occurrence of any number of events, including any negative publicity, whether true or not. If we acquire a target business in the cannabis industry, because cannabis has been commonly associated with various other narcotics, violence and criminal activities, there is a risk that our business might attract negative publicity. There is also a risk that the actions of other companies, service providers and customers in the cannabis industry may negatively affect the reputation of the industry as a whole and thereby negatively impact our reputation. The increased usage of social media and other web-based tools used to generate, publish and discuss user-generated content and to connect with other users has made it increasingly easier for individuals and groups to communicate and share negative opinions and views in regards to our activities and the cannabis industry in general, whether true or not.

We do not ultimately have direct control over how we or the cannabis industry is perceived by others. Reputational issues may result in decreased investor confidence, increased challenges in developing and maintaining community relations and present an impediment to our overall ability to advance our business strategy and realize our growth prospects.

Many cannabis businesses are subject to significant environmental regulations and risks.

Participants in the cannabis industry are subject to various environmental regulations in the jurisdictions in which they operate. These regulations may mandate, among other things, the maintenance of air and water quality standards and land reclamation. These regulations may also set forth limitations on the generation, transportation, storage and disposal of solid and hazardous waste. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, will not adversely affect a potential target business.

A drop in the retail price of cannabis products may negatively impact our business.

The fluctuations in economic and market conditions that impact the prices of commercially grown cannabis, such as increases in the supply of cannabis and decreases in demand for cannabis, could have a negative impact on our clients that are cannabis producers, and therefore could negatively impact our business

The legality of cannabis uses could be reversed in one or more states.

The voters or legislatures of states in which various marijuana uses have been legalized could potentially repeal applicable laws which permit the operation of both medical and retail marijuana and cannabis related businesses. These actions might force us to cease aspects of our operations in one or more states entirely.

Changes in consumer preferences and acceptance of cannabis, or any negative trends, will adversely affect our business.

Our business is substantially dependent on market acceptance of cannabis. Market perception of cannabis can be significantly influenced by a number of social, political and economic factors that are beyond our control, including scientific research or findings, regulatory investigations, litigation, media attention and other publicity regarding such products and treatments. There can be no assurance that future scientific research, findings, regulatory proceedings, litigation, media attention or other research findings or publicity will be favorable to the market for any of our current or future cannabinoid-based therapies. Future research reports, findings, regulatory proceedings, litigation, media attention or other publicity that are perceived as less favorable than, or that question, earlier research reports, findings or publicity could have a material adverse effect on the demand for our products, as well as our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We also believe that large, well-funded pharmaceutical and other related businesses and industries may have economic reasons to oppose cannabinoid-based therapies. The pharmaceutical industry is well-funded with a strong and experienced lobby presence at both the federal and state levels, as well as internationally, that surpasses financial resources of the current group of medical cannabis research and development companies. Any effort by the pharmaceutical lobby to halt or delay cannabinoid-based medical products and therapies could have a detrimental impact on our business.

The Federal Government's attitude toward cannabis could materially harm our business.

Changes to the Federal Government's administration and the manner in which the federal government regulates cannabis, including how it intends to enforce laws prohibiting medical marijuana and recreational cannabis use, could materially negatively affect our business.

If recreational or medical-use consumers elect to produce cannabis for their own purposes, it could reduce the addressable market for a potential target cannabis company's products.

Cannabis regulations may permit the end user to produce cannabis for their own purposes. It is possible that the ability of an end user to produce cannabis for their own purposes could significantly reduce the addressable market for a potential target cannabis company's products and could materially and adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations of a potential target cannabis company.

An initial surge in demand for cannabis may result in supply shortages in the short term, while in the longer term, supply of cannabis could exceed demand, which may cause a fluctuation in revenue.

Changes in the legal status of cannabis may result in an initial surge in demand. As a result of such initial surge, cannabis companies operating under such changed legal regime may not be able to produce enough cannabis to meet demand of the adult-use recreational and medical markets, as applicable. This may result in lower than expected sales and revenues and increased competition for sales and sources of supply.

However, in the future, cannabis producers may produce more cannabis than is needed to satisfy the collective demand of the adult-use recreational and medical markets, as applicable, and they may be unable to export that oversupply into other markets where cannabis use is fully legal under all applicable jurisdictional laws. As a result, the available supply of cannabis could exceed demand, resulting in a significant decline in the market price for cannabis. If such supply or price fluctuations were to occur, companies operating in the cannabis industry may see revenue and profitability fluctuate materially and their business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be adversely affected.

Competition from synthetic products may adversely affect the business, financial condition or results of operations of a potential target cannabis company.

The pharmaceutical industry may attempt to dominate the cannabis industry, and in particular, legal cannabis, through the development and distribution of synthetic products which emulate the effects of cannabis. If they are successful, the widespread popularity of such synthetic products could change the demand, volume and profitability of the cannabis industry. This could adversely affect the ability of a potential target cannabis company to secure long-term profitability and success through the sustainable and profitable operation of the anticipated businesses and investment targets, and could have a material adverse effect on a potential target cannabis company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The cannabis industry is subject to transportation disruptions, including those related to an agricultural product.

As a business revolving mainly around the growth of an agricultural product, the ability to obtain speedy, cost-effective and efficient transport services will be essential to the prolonged operations of a potential target cannabis company's business. Should such transportation become unavailable for prolonged periods of time, it could have a material adverse effect on the potential target company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Due to the nature of a potential target cannabis company's products, security of the product during transportation to and from its facilities may be important. A breach of security during transport or delivery could have a material adverse effect on a potential target company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Any breach of the security measures during transport or delivery, including any failure to comply with recommendations or requirements of regulatory authorities, could also have an impact on the potential target company's ability to continue operating under its license or the prospect of renewing its licenses.

To the extent we acquire cannabis businesses or assets, there may be a lack of access to U.S. bankruptcy protections.

Because cannabis is illegal under U.S. federal law, many courts have denied cannabis businesses bankruptcy protections, thus making it very difficult for lenders to recoup their investments in the cannabis industry in the event

of a bankruptcy. If a company we acquire as part of a qualifying transaction were to experience a bankruptcy, there is no guarantee that U.S. federal bankruptcy protections would be available, which could have a material adverse effect on the financial condition and prospects of such business and on the rights of its lenders and security holders.

Any of the foregoing could have an adverse impact on our operations following a business combination. However, our efforts in identifying prospective target businesses are not restricted to the cannabis industry. Accordingly, if we acquire a target business in another industry, these risks will likely not affect us and we will be subject to other risks attendant with the specific industry in which we operate or target business which we acquire, none of which can be presently ascertained.

Our success may be dependent on additional states legalizing recreational and/or medical cannabis use.

Continued development of the recreational and medical cannabis markets is dependent upon continued legislative authorization of cannabis at the state level for recreational and/or medical purposes. Any number of factors could slow or halt the progress. Furthermore, progress, while encouraging, is not assured, and the process normally encounters setbacks before achieving success. While there may be ample public support for legislative proposals, key support must be created in the relevant legislative committee or a bill may never advance to a vote. Numerous factors impact the legislative process. Any one of these factors could slow or halt the progress and adoption of cannabis for recreational and/or medical purposes, which would limit the overall available market for our products and services, which could adversely impact our business, revenue and earnings.

High tax rates on cannabis and compliance costs in California may limit our customer base.

The State of California imposes a 15.0% excise tax on products sold at licensed cannabis dispensaries. Local jurisdictions typically impose additional taxes on cannabis products. In addition, our supply chain incurs significant costs complying with state and local laws and regulations. As a result, our products, which are sold through licensed dispensaries will likely cost more than similar products sold by unlicensed vendors and we may lose market share to those vendors.

New California regulations caused licensing shortages and future regulations may create other limitations that decrease the demand for our products. State level regulations adopted in the future may adversely impact our business. The base of cannabis growers in the U.S. has grown over the past 20 years since the legalization of cannabis for medical uses in states such as California, Colorado, Michigan, Nevada, Oregon and Washington, with a large number of those growers depending on products similar to those we market. The U.S. cannabis market is still in its infancy and early adopter states such as California, Colorado and Washington represent a large portion of historical industry revenues. If the U.S. cannabis cultivation market does not grow as expected, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely impacted.

Cannabis remains illegal under U.S. federal law, with cannabis listed as a Schedule I substance under the CSA. Notwithstanding laws in various states permitting certain cannabis activities, all cannabis activities, including possession, distribution, processing and manufacturing of cannabis and investment in, and financial services or transactions involving proceeds of, or promoting such activities remain illegal under various U.S. federal criminal and civil laws and regulations, including the CSA, as well as laws and regulations of several states that have not legalized some or any cannabis activities to date. Compliance with applicable state laws regarding cannabis activities does not protect us from federal prosecution or other enforcement action, such as seizure or forfeiture remedies, nor does it provide any defense to such prosecution or action. Cannabis activities conducted in or related to conduct in multiple states may potentially face a higher level of scrutiny from federal authorities. Penalties for violating federal drug, conspiracy, aiding, abetting, bank fraud and/or money laundering laws may include prison, fines, and seizure/forfeiture of property used in connection with cannabis activities, including proceeds derived from such activities.

Disruptions to cultivation, manufacturing and distribution of cannabis in California may negatively affect our access to products for sale at dispensaries with which we partner.

California laws and regulations require us to purchase products only from licensed vendors and through licensed distributors. To date, a relatively small number of licenses have been issued in California to cultivate, manufacture and distribute cannabis products. In addition, our products are currently cultivated and manufactured by third parties.

As a result, if an insufficient number of cultivators, manufacturers and distributors are able to obtain licenses our ability to purchase products and bring them to market through authorized and licensed dispensaries may be limited and may impact our sales.

California state law requires that all commercial cannabis businesses, including cultivators, dispensaries, delivery services, extractors, concentrate, edible and topical manufacturers, distributors, and testing laboratories hold a state license in order to operate. The Bureau of Cannabis Control (BCC) is the lead agency in regulating commercial cannabis licenses for medical and adult-use cannabis in California. The Bureau is responsible for licensing retailers, distributors, testing labs, and temporary cannabis events. We currently partner with third party cultivators, delivery services, extractors, manufacturers, distributors and similar businesses to bring our products to market. Where required, these third parties operate under licenses that have been granted by the BCC, however, no assurance can be given that our current supply chain partners will be successful in keeping such licenses. In the event the Bureau rescinds or changes the status of their licenses, our operations would be impacted and potentially cease.

We have a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our performance, and accordingly, our prospects must be considered in light of the risks that any new company encounters.

The Company is still in an early phase and we are just beginning to implement our business plan. There can be no assurance that we will ever operate profitably. The likelihood of our success should be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays usually encountered by early stage companies. The Company may not be successful in attaining the objectives necessary for it to overcome these risks and uncertainties.

Global crises such as COVID-19 can have a significant effect on our business operations and revenue projections.

With shelter-in-place orders and non-essential business closings potentially happening throughout 2020, 2021 and into the future due to COVID-19, the Company's revenue may be adversely affected.

The amount of capital the Company is attempting to raise in this Offering may not be enough to sustain the Company's current business plan.

In order to achieve the Company's near and long-term goals, the Company may need to procure funds in addition to the amount raised in the Offering. There is no guarantee the Company will be able to raise such funds on acceptable terms or at all. If we are not able to raise sufficient capital in the future, we may not be able to execute our business plan, our continued operations will be in jeopardy and we may be forced to cease operations and sell or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of our remaining assets, which could cause an Investor to lose all or a portion of their investment.

We may face potential difficulties in obtaining capital.

We may have difficulty raising needed capital in the future as a result of, among other factors, our lack of revenues from sales, as well as the inherent business risks associated with our Company and present and future market conditions. We will require additional funds to execute our business strategy and conduct our operations. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, reduce the scope of or eliminate one or more of our research, development or commercialization programs, product launches or marketing efforts, any of which may materially harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may not have enough authorized capital stock to issue shares of common stock to investors upon the conversion of any security convertible into shares of our common stock, including the Securities.

Currently, our authorized capital stock consists of 3,300,000 shares of common stock, of which 2,674,000 shares of common stock are issued and outstanding. Unless we increase our authorized capital stock, we may not have enough authorized common stock to be able to obtain funding by issuing shares of our common stock or securities convertible into shares of our common stock. We may also not have enough authorized capital stock to issue shares of common stock to investors upon the conversion of any security convertible into shares of our common stock, including the Securities.

We may implement new lines of business or offer new products and services within existing lines of business.

As an early-stage company, we may implement new lines of business at any time. There are substantial risks and uncertainties associated with these efforts, particularly in instances where the markets are not fully developed. In developing and marketing new lines of business and/or new products and services, we may invest significant time and resources. Initial timetables for the introduction and development of new lines of business and/or new products or services may not be achieved, and price and profitability targets may not prove feasible. We may not be successful in introducing new products and services in response to industry trends or developments in technology, or those new products may not achieve market acceptance. As a result, we could lose business, be forced to price products and services on less advantageous terms to retain or attract clients or be subject to cost increases. As a result, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

We rely on other companies to provide components and services for our products.

We depend on suppliers and contractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or contractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate manufacture of major components or subsystems for our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide components which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be unable to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two contractors or suppliers for a particular component. Our products may utilize custom components available from only one source. Continued availability of those components at acceptable prices, or at all, may be affected for any number of reasons, including if those suppliers decide to concentrate on the production of common components instead of components customized to meet our requirements. The supply of components for a new or existing product could be delayed or constrained, or a key manufacturing vendor could delay shipments of completed products to us adversely affecting our business and results of operations.

We rely on various intellectual property rights, including trademarks, in order to operate our business.

The Company relies on certain intellectual property rights to operate its business. The Company's intellectual property rights may not be sufficiently broad or otherwise may not provide us a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the steps that we have taken to maintain and protect our intellectual property may not prevent it from being challenged, invalidated, circumvented or designed-around, particularly in countries where intellectual property rights are not highly developed or protected. In some circumstances, enforcement may not be available to us because an infringer has a dominant intellectual property position or for other business reasons, or countries may require compulsory licensing of our intellectual property. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights that convey competitive advantage, adequately protect our intellectual property or detect or prevent circumvention or unauthorized use of such property, could adversely impact our competitive position and results of operations. We also rely on nondisclosure and noncompetition agreements with employees, consultants and other parties to protect, in part, trade secrets and other proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will adequately protect our trade secrets and other proprietary rights and will not be breached, that we will have adequate remedies for any breach, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information or that third parties will not otherwise gain access to our trade secrets or other proprietary rights. As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could divert management's attention from other business concerns. The law relating to the scope and validity of claims in the technology field in which we operate is still evolving and, consequently, intellectual property positions in our industry are generally uncertain. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

The Company's success depends on the experience and skill of the board of directors, its executive officers and key employees.

In particular, we are dependent on Alexander Max Goldstein, our Chief Executive Officer and Director, Kris Bjornerud, our Chief Financial Officer and Director, Tyler Allen Wakstein, our Chief Strategy Officer and Director, and Vik Singh, our Chief Marketing Officer. Although the Company and Mr. Singh have entered into an employment

agreement, the Company has not entered into employment agreements with Alexander Max Goldstein, Kris Bjornerud and Tyler Allen Wakstein, and there can be no assurance that it will do so or that they will continue to be employed by the Company for a particular period of time. The loss of Alexander Max Goldstein, Kris Bjornerud, Tyler Allen Wakstein and Vik Singh, or any member of the board of directors or executive officer could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

Although dependent on certain key personnel, the Company does not have any key person life insurance policies on any such people.

We are dependent on certain key personnel in order to conduct our operations and execute our business plan, however, the Company has not purchased any insurance policies with respect to those individuals in the event of their death or disability. Therefore, if any of these personnel die or become disabled, the Company will not receive any compensation to assist with such person's absence. The loss of such person could negatively affect the Company and our operations. We have no way to guarantee key personnel will stay with the Company, as many states do not enforce non-competition agreements, and therefore acquiring key man insurance will not ameliorate all of the risk of relying on key personnel.

Damage to our reputation could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our reputation and the quality of our brand are critical to our business and success in existing markets, and will be critical to our success as we enter new markets. Any incident that erodes consumer loyalty for our brand could significantly reduce its value and damage our business. We may be adversely affected by any negative publicity, regardless of its accuracy. Also, there has been a marked increase in the use of social media platforms and similar devices, including blogs, social media websites and other forms of internet-based communications that provide individuals with access to a broad audience of consumers and other interested persons. The availability of information on social media platforms is virtually immediate as is its impact. Information posted may be adverse to our interests or may be inaccurate, each of which may harm our performance, prospects or business. The harm may be immediate and may disseminate rapidly and broadly, without affording us an opportunity for redress or correction.

Our business could be negatively impacted by cyber security threats, attacks and other disruptions.

We continue to face advanced and persistent attacks on our information infrastructure where we manage and store various proprietary information and sensitive/confidential data relating to our operations. These attacks may include sophisticated malware (viruses, worms, and other malicious software programs) and phishing emails that attack our products or otherwise exploit any security vulnerabilities. These intrusions sometimes may be zero-day malware that are difficult to identify because they are not included in the signature set of commercially available antivirus scanning programs. Experienced computer programmers and hackers may be able to penetrate our network security and misappropriate or compromise our confidential information or that of our customers or other third-parties, create system disruptions, or cause shutdowns. Additionally, sophisticated software and applications that we produce or procure from third-parties may contain defects in design or manufacture, including "bugs" and other problems that could unexpectedly interfere with the operation of the information infrastructure. A disruption, infiltration or failure of our information infrastructure systems or any of our data centers as a result of software or hardware malfunctions, computer viruses, cyber-attacks, employee theft or misuse, power disruptions, natural disasters or accidents could cause breaches of data security, loss of critical data and performance delays, which in turn could adversely affect our business.

Security breaches of confidential customer information, in connection with our electronic processing of credit and debit card transactions, or confidential employee information may adversely affect our business.

Our business requires the collection, transmission and retention of personally identifiable information, in various information technology systems that we maintain and in those maintained by third parties with whom we contract to provide services. The integrity and protection of that data is critical to us. The information, security and privacy requirements imposed by governmental regulation are increasingly demanding. Our systems may not be able to satisfy these changing requirements and customer and employee expectations, or may require significant additional investments or time in order to do so. A breach in the security of our information technology systems or those of our service providers could lead to an interruption in the operation of our systems, resulting in operational inefficiencies and a loss of profits. Additionally, a significant theft, loss or misappropriation of, or access to, customers' or other proprietary data or other breach of our information technology systems could result in fines, legal claims or proceedings.

The use of individually identifiable data by our business, our business associates and third parties is regulated at the state, federal and international levels.

The regulation of individual data is changing rapidly, and in unpredictable ways. A change in regulation could adversely affect our business, including causing our business model to no longer be viable. Costs associated with information security – such as investment in technology, the costs of compliance with consumer protection laws and costs resulting from consumer fraud – could cause our business and results of operations to suffer materially. Additionally, the success of our online operations depends upon the secure transmission of confidential information over public networks, including the use of cashless payments. The intentional or negligent actions of employees, business associates or third parties may undermine our security measures. As a result, unauthorized parties may obtain access to our data systems and misappropriate confidential data. There can be no assurance that advances in computer capabilities, new discoveries in the field of cryptography or other developments will prevent the compromise of our customer transaction processing capabilities and personal data. If any such compromise of our security or the security of information residing with our business associates or third parties were to occur, it could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, operating results and financial condition. Any compromise of our data security may materially increase the costs we incur to protect against such breaches and could subject us to additional legal risk.

The Company is not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and may lack the financial controls and procedures of public companies.

The Company may not have the internal control infrastructure that would meet the standards of a public company, including the requirements of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002. As a privately-held (non-public) Company, the Company is currently not subject to the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, and its financial and disclosure controls and procedures reflect its status as a development stage, non-public company. There can be no guarantee that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of the Company's financial and disclosure controls and procedures. If it were necessary to implement such financial and disclosure controls and procedures, the cost to the Company of such compliance could be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

We operate in a highly regulated environment, and if we are found to be in violation of any of the federal, state, or local laws or regulations applicable to us, our business could suffer.

We are also subject to a wide range of federal, state, and local laws and regulations, such as local licensing requirements, and retail financing, debt collection, consumer protection, environmental, health and safety, creditor, wage-hour, anti-discrimination, whistleblower and other employment practices laws and regulations and we expect these costs to increase going forward. The violation of these or future requirements or laws and regulations could result in administrative, civil, or criminal sanctions against us, which may include fines, a cease and desist order against the subject operations or even revocation or suspension of our license to operate the subject business. As a result, we have incurred and will continue to incur capital and operating expenditures and other costs to comply with these requirements and laws and regulations.

Risks Related to the Offering

State and federal securities laws are complex, and the Company could potentially be found to have not complied with all relevant state and federal securities law in prior offerings of securities.

The Company has conducted previous offerings of securities and may not have complied with all relevant state and federal securities laws. If a court or regulatory body with the required jurisdiction ever concluded that the Company may have violated state or federal securities laws, any such violation could result in the Company being required to offer rescission rights to investors in such offering. If such investors exercised their rescission rights, the Company would have to pay to such investors an amount of funds equal to the purchase price paid by such investors plus interest from the date of any such purchase. No assurances can be given the Company will, if it is required to offer such investors a rescission right, have sufficient funds to pay the prior investors the amounts required or that proceeds from this Offering would not be used to pay such amounts.

In addition, if the Company violated federal or state securities laws in connection with a prior offering and/or sale of its securities, federal or state regulators could bring an enforcement, regulatory and/or other legal action against the

Company which, among other things, could result in the Company having to pay substantial fines and be prohibited from selling securities in the future.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of the Securities or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

You should not rely on the fact that our Form C is accessible through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR filing system as an approval, endorsement or guarantee of compliance as it relates to this Offering. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not reviewed this Form C, nor any document or literature related to this Offering.

Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws.

No governmental agency has reviewed or passed upon this Offering or the Securities. Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws. Investors will not receive any of the benefits available in registered offerings, which may include access to quarterly and annual financial statements that have been audited by an independent accounting firm. Investors must therefore assess the adequacy of disclosure and the fairness of the terms of this Offering based on the information provided in this Form C and the accompanying exhibits.

The Company's management may have broad discretion in how the Company uses the net proceeds of the Offering.

Unless the Company has agreed to a specific use of the proceeds from the Offering, the Company's management will have considerable discretion over the use of proceeds from the Offering. You may not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately.

The Company has the right to limit individual Investor commitment amounts based on the Company's determination of an Investor's sophistication.

The Company may prevent any Investor from committing more than a certain amount in this Offering based on the Company's determination of the Investor's sophistication and ability to assume the risk of the investment. This means that your desired investment amount may be limited or lowered based solely on the Company's determination and not in line with relevant investment limits set forth by the Regulation CF rules. This also means that other Investors may receive larger allocations of the Offering based solely on the Company's determination.

The Company has the right to extend the Offering Deadline.

The Company may extend the Offering Deadline beyond what is currently stated herein. This means that your investment may continue to be held in escrow while the Company attempts to raise the Target Offering Amount even after the Offering Deadline stated herein is reached. While you have the right to cancel your investment in the event the Company extends the Offering Deadline, if you choose to reconfirm your investment, your investment will not be accruing interest during this time and will simply be held until such time as the new Offering Deadline is reached without the Company receiving the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be returned to you without interest or deduction, or the Company receives the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be released to the Company to be used as set forth herein. Upon or shortly after the release of such funds to the Company, the Securities will be issued and distributed to you.

The Company may also end the Offering early.

If the Target Offering Amount is met after 21 calendar days, but before the Offering Deadline, the Company can end the Offering by providing notice to Investors at least 5 business days prior to the end of the Offering. This means your failure to participate in the Offering in a timely manner, may prevent you from being able to invest in this Offering – it also means the Company may limit the amount of capital it can raise during the Offering by ending the Offering early.

The Company has the right to conduct multiple closings during the Offering.

If the Company meets certain terms and conditions, an intermediate close of the Offering can occur, which will allow the Company to draw down on half of the proceeds committed and captured in the Offering during the relevant period.

The Company may choose to continue the Offering thereafter. Investors should be mindful that this means they can make multiple investment commitments in the Offering, which may be subject to different cancellation rights. For example, if an intermediate close occurs and later a material change occurs as the Offering continues, Investors whose investment commitments were previously closed upon will not have the right to re-confirm their investment as it will be deemed to have been completed prior to the material change.

Risks Related to the Securities

Investors must authorize the Company to use and disclose Investor's personally identifiable information for compliance purposes under applicable law.

The Company's cannabis-related business activity is subject to extensive regulation under applicable law, including under California Code Title 16, Division 42 (Bureau of Cannabis Control). Such regulations may require the Company to disclose personally identifiable information about its officers, directors, employees, agents and stockholders. Such personally identifiable information may include disclosure of the Investor's name, contact information, title, beneficial owner and ownership structure. Thus, as a condition to purchasing the Securities, the Investor agrees to authorize the Company to include all legally required information to applicable state and local agencies; and further agrees and commits to provide all necessary information for the Company to comply with applicable law.

The Securities will not be freely tradable under the Securities Act until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Securities may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply, and each Investor should consult with their attorney.

You should be aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not ever be a public market for the Securities. Because the Securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or under the securities laws of any state or foreign jurisdiction, the Securities have transfer restrictions and cannot be resold in the United States except pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the Securities Act or other securities laws will be effected. Limitations on the transfer of the Securities may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the Securities in a private sale. Investors should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Each Investor in this Offering will be required to represent that they are purchasing the Securities for their own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

Investors will not become equity holders until the Company decides to convert the Securities into "CF Shadow Securities" (the type of equity securities issuable upon conversion of the Securities) or until there is a change of control or sale of substantially all of the Company's assets.

Investors will not have an ownership claim to the Company or to any of its assets or revenues for an indefinite amount of time and depending on when and how the Securities are converted, the Investors may never become equity holders of the Company. Investors will not become equity holders of the Company unless the Company receives a future round of financing great enough to trigger a conversion and the Company elects to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. The Company is under no obligation to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. In certain instances, such as a sale of the Company or substantially all of its assets, an initial public offering or a dissolution or bankruptcy, the Investors may only have a right to receive cash, to the extent available, rather than equity in the Company.

Investors will not have voting rights, even upon conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. Upon the conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities (which cannot be guaranteed), the holders of the CF Shadow Securities will be required to enter into a proxy with the Intermediary or its designee to ensure any statutory voting rights are voted in tandem with the majority holders of whichever series of securities the CF Shadow Securities follow.

Investors will not have the right to vote upon matters of the Company even if and when their Securities are converted into CF Shadow Securities (the occurrence of which cannot be guaranteed). Upon such conversion, the CF Shadow Securities will have no voting rights and, in circumstances where a statutory right to vote is provided by state law, the CF Shadow Security holders are required to enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary or its designee to vote their CF Shadow Securities with the majority of the holder(s) of the securities issued in the round of equity financing that triggered the conversion right. For example, if the Securities are converted in connection with an offering of Series B Preferred Stock, Investors would receive CF Shadow Securities in the form of shares of Series B-CF Shadow

Preferred Stock and would be required to enter into a proxy that allows the Intermediary or its designee to vote their shares of Series B-CF Shadow Preferred Stock consistent with the majority of the Series B Preferred Stockholders. Thus, Investors will essentially never be able to vote upon any matters of the Company.

Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by law.

Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by law. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation CF requires only the provision of an annual report on Form C and no additional information. Additionally, there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put Investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders, including certain security holders who have rights to periodic financial statements and updates from the Company such as quarterly unaudited financials, annual projections and budgets, and monthly progress reports, among other things.

Investors will be unable to declare the Security in “default” and demand repayment.

Unlike convertible notes and some other securities, the Securities do not have any “default” provisions upon which Investors will be able to demand repayment of their investment. The Company has ultimate discretion as to whether or not to convert the Securities upon a future equity financing and Investors have no right to demand such conversion. Only in limited circumstances, such as a liquidity event, may Investors demand payment and even then, such payments will be limited to the amount of cash available to the Company.

The Company may never elect to convert the Securities or undergo a liquidity event and Investors may have to hold the Securities indefinitely.

The Company may never conduct a future equity financing or elect to convert the Securities if such future equity financing does occur. In addition, the Company may never undergo a liquidity event such as a sale of the Company or an initial public offering. If neither the conversion of the Securities nor a liquidity event occurs, Investors could be left holding the Securities in perpetuity. The Securities have numerous transfer restrictions and will likely be highly illiquid, with no secondary market on which to sell them. The Securities are not equity interests, have no ownership rights, have no rights to the Company’s assets or profits and have no voting rights or ability to direct the Company or its actions.

Equity securities acquired upon conversion of the Securities may be significantly diluted as a consequence of subsequent equity financings.

The Company’s equity securities will be subject to dilution. The Company intends to issue additional equity to employees and third-party financing sources in amounts that are uncertain at this time, and as a consequence holders of equity securities resulting from the conversion of the Securities will be subject to dilution in an unpredictable amount. Such dilution may reduce the Investor’s control and economic interests in the Company.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company will depend upon several contingencies not foreseen at the time of this Offering. Generally, additional financing (whether in the form of loans or the issuance of other securities) will be intended to provide the Company with enough capital to reach the next major corporate milestone. If the funds received in any additional financing are not sufficient to meet the Company’s needs, the Company may have to raise additional capital at a price unfavorable to their existing investors, including the holders of the Securities. The availability of capital is at least partially a function of capital market conditions that are beyond the control of the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to accurately predict the future capital requirements necessary for success or that additional funds will be available from any source. Failure to obtain financing on favorable terms could dilute or otherwise severely impair the value of the Securities.

In addition, the Company has certain equity grants and convertible securities outstanding. Should the Company enter into a financing that would trigger any conversion rights, the converting securities would further dilute the equity securities receivable by the holders of the Securities upon a qualifying financing.

Our principal stockholder, OpenNest Labs, LLC, can exercise significant influence that could discourage transactions involving a change of control and may affect stockholders' ability to generate any return on investment.

As of the date hereof, OpenNest Labs, LLC, holds approximately 97.2326% of the issued and outstanding shares of our securities, and the exclusive power to vote approximately 97.2326% of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of our common stock. OpenNest Labs, LLC is controlled by Alexander Max Goldstein, Kristoffer Bjornerud and Tyler Allen Wakstein, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Strategy Officer, and our Directors, who and which, in turn, control the Company and the election of our Board of Directors and also determine the outcome of most corporate transactions or other matters submitted to the stockholders for approval. Such control also may have the effect of discouraging transactions involving an actual or potential change of control, including transactions in which the holders of common stock might otherwise receive a premium for their shares over the then current value.

Equity securities issued upon conversion of the Securities may be substantially different from other equity securities offered or issued by the Company at the time of conversion.

In the event the Company decides to exercise the conversion right, the Company will convert the Securities into equity securities that are materially different from the equity securities being issued to new investors at the time of conversion in many ways, including, but not limited to, liquidation preferences, dividend rights, or anti-dilution protection. Additionally, any equity securities issued at the First Equity Financing Price (as defined in the Crowd SAFE agreement) shall have only such preferences, rights, and protections in proportion to the First Equity Financing Price and not in proportion to the price per share paid by new investors receiving the equity securities. Upon conversion of the Securities, the Company may not provide the holders of such Securities with the same rights, preferences, protections, and other benefits or privileges provided to other investors of the Company.

The forgoing paragraph is only a summary of a portion of the conversion feature of the Securities; it is not intended to be complete, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Crowd SAFE agreement, which is attached as [Exhibit C](#).

A Crowd SAFE holder may lose their right to any appreciation or return on investment due to defaulting on certain notice and require action requirements in such Crowd SAFE; failure to claim cash set aside in this case may result in a total loss of principal.

The Crowd SAFE offered requires a holder to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion or termination of the Crowd SAFE, in connection with an Equity Financing or Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company. Failure to make a timely action may result in the Company declaring that the Investor is only eligible to receive a cash payment equal to their Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount in certain events). While the Company will set aside such payment for the investor, such payment may be subject to escheatment laws, resulting in a total loss of principal if the Investor never claims their payment.

There is no present market for the Securities and we have arbitrarily set the price.

The Offering price was not established in a competitive market. We have arbitrarily set the price of the Securities with reference to the general status of the securities market and other relevant factors. The Offering price for the Securities should not be considered an indication of the actual value of the Securities and is not based on our net worth or prior earnings. We cannot guarantee that the Securities can be resold at the Offering price or at any other price.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, Investors will not be treated as debt holders and therefore are unlikely to recover any proceeds.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, the holders of the Securities that have not been converted will be entitled to distributions as described in the Securities. This means that such holders will only receive distributions once all of the creditors and more senior security holders, including any holders of preferred stock, have been paid in full. Neither holders of the Securities nor holders of CF Shadow Securities can be guaranteed any proceeds in the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company.

While the Securities provide mechanisms whereby holders of the Securities would be entitled to a return of their purchase amount upon the occurrence of certain events, if the Company does not have sufficient cash on hand, this obligation may not be fulfilled.

Upon the occurrence of certain events, as provided in the Securities, holders of the Securities may be entitled to a return of the principal amount invested. Despite the contractual provisions in the Securities, this right cannot be guaranteed if the Company does not have sufficient liquid assets on hand. Therefore, potential Investors should not assume a guaranteed return of their investment amount.

There is no guarantee of a return on an Investor's investment.

There is no assurance that an Investor will realize a return on their investment or that they will not lose their entire investment. For this reason, each Investor should read this Form C and all exhibits carefully and should consult with their attorney and business advisor prior to making any investment decision.

CANNABIS TRANSPARENCY AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.

INVESTOR, ON BEHALF OF ITSELF AND (TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE) ITS OFFICERS, MANAGERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, MEMBERS OR PARTNERS, ACKNOWLEDGES AND UNDERSTANDS THAT THE PROCEEDS FROM THE OFFERING WILL BE USED BY COMPANY FOR CANNABIS RELATED BUSINESS ACTIVITY (“CANNABIS BUSINESS”). INVESTOR ACKNOWLEDGES AND UNDERSTANDS THAT CANNABIS RELATED BUSINESSES ARE SUBJECT TO EXTENSIVE REGULATION, AND AS A RESULT INVESTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE DETAILED INFORMATION RELATING TO ITS IDENTITY AND INTEREST IN THE COMPANY UNDER APPLICABLE LAWS, INCLUDING CALIFORNIA CODE TITLE 16, DIVISION 42 (BUREAU OF CANNABIS CONTROL). INVESTOR AGREES TO AUTHORIZE COMPANY TO INCLUDE ALL LEGALLY REQUIRED INFORMATION TO APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES; AND FURTHER AGREES AND COMMITS TO PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY INFORMATION FOR COMPANY TO COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LAW, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: NAME, CONTACT INFORMATION, TITLE, BENEFICIAL OWNER AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE (INCLUDING INDIVIDUAL BENEFICIAL OWNERS) OF INVESTOR TO THE EXTENT INVESTOR IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON; AND OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN COMPANY. THE ABOVE TRANSPARENCY AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS WILL SURVIVE FOR SO LONG AS INVESTOR HOLDS ANY FINANCIAL OR EQUITY INTEREST IN COMPANY.

IN ADDITION TO THE RISKS LISTED ABOVE, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES NOT PRESENTLY KNOWN, OR WHICH WE CONSIDER IMMATERIAL AS OF THE DATE OF THIS FORM C, MAY ALSO HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON OUR BUSINESS AND RESULT IN THE TOTAL LOSS OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

BUSINESS

Description of the Business

Union Electric partners with leading California state-licensed cultivators to manufacture packaged cannabis products.

Business Plan

Union Electric provides access to premium & affordable Cannabis from California's top cultivators straight to the dispensary door. Through partnerships and alliances with the leaders across the California value chain, we have a shared commitment to the fair development of the industry and in turn pass along cost-saving measures to consumers. Our values all stem from our ability to act together. We are here to serve our consumers, our industry and our partners.

The Company's Products and/or Services

Product / Service	Description	Current Market
Cannabis Flower	Cannabis	Cannabis Flower currently available in 1/8th and 1oz pouches. Available soon in pre-rolls and cannabis-infused edible products. Union Electric is sold in retail channels focused on the price-sensitive, everyday cannabis consumer.
Branded Merchandise	Hats, T-shirts, Sweatshirts, Accessories	Sold direct to consumer to all 50 states.

Competition

The markets in which our products are sold are highly competitive. Our products compete against similar products of many large and small companies, including well-known competitors. In many of the markets and industry segments in which we sell our products, we compete against other branded products as well as retailers' private-label brands. Product quality, performance, value and packaging are also important differentiating factors.

Many cannabis brands have already won and lost market share in California in the early days of adult-use cannabis sales and the industry remains immature and fragmented. The top-10 brands only account for 27% of the state's \$348.3M in sales in August, 2020 while the top 5 beer brewers accounted for 79% of U.S. sales in 2019. A lack of trusted brands and the rapidly expanding consumer base is enabling Union Electric to grow quickly. Some of the major cannabis brands in the California cannabis market include Cookies, Caliva, Flow Kana, Stiizy and Pacific Stone.

Customer Base

Union Electric's cannabis products are purchased across wholesale channels by everyday consumers who value quality and affordability. 94.7% of Union Electric customers surveyed consumed cannabis at least once per day and over 84% consumed it multiple times per day. Purchasing and daily consumption of top-shelf flower can cost over \$3000 per year or about 10% of the median yearly income of a California resident. Union Electric has attracted customers by meeting the quality standards of daily consumers at a fraction of the cost of leading indoor flower brands.

Supply Chain

Our cannabis products are dependent on locally licensed cultivators, manufacturers and distributors that move Union Electric products through the supply chain. We cannot be certain about the future of cannabis regulation and how any changes could impact our business.

Intellectual Property

Application or Registration #	Title	Description	File Date	Grant Date	Country
90204579	UNION ELECTRIC	WORD MARK	9/23/2020	n/a	United States

Governmental/Regulatory Approval and Compliance

The Company is subject to and affected by the laws and regulations of U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities. These laws and regulations are subject to change.

Litigation

The Company is not subject to any current litigation or threatened litigation.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table illustrates how we intend to use the net proceeds received from this Offering. The values below are not inclusive of payments to financial and legal service providers and escrow related fees, all of which were incurred in the preparation of this Offering and are due in advance of the closing of the Offering.

Use of Proceeds	% of Proceeds if Target Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Target Offering Amount Raised	% of Proceeds if Maximum Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Maximum Offering Amount Raised
Intermediary Fees	6%	\$1,500	4.6%	\$230,000
Marketing	20%	\$5,000	20%	\$1,000,000
Personnel	20%	\$5,000	20%	\$1,000,000
Inventory Financing	54%	\$13,500	55.4%	\$2,770,000
Total	100%	\$25,000	100%	\$5,000,000

The Company has discretion to alter the use of proceeds set forth above to adhere to the Company's business plan and liquidity requirements. For example, economic conditions may alter the Company's general marketing or general working capital requirements.

Set forth below are detailed descriptions of how we intend to use the net proceeds of this Offering for any category in excess of ten percent (10%) in the table above.

Marketing: we intend to utilize 20% of the offering proceeds to expand our marketing efforts and support our sell through rate in the licensed dispensary channel.

Personnel: we intend to utilize 20% of the offering proceeds to retain and recruit talent across the business.

Inventory Financing: we intend to utilize 55.4% of the maximum offering proceeds to expand the product range, manage inventory as the number of licensed dispensaries we sell through grows, and secure biomass in the upcoming outdoor harvest.

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND MANAGERS

The directors, officers, and managers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years.

Name	Positions and Offices Held at the Company	Principal Occupation and Employment Responsibilities for the Last Three (3) Years	Education
Alexander Max Goldstein	Chief Executive Officer and Director	As the Company's CEO, Mr. Goldstein is responsible for general business operations and strategy. Additionally, during the last three years, Mr. Goldstein has been affiliated with OpenNest Labs and CityBlock Capital where he led general business operations across sales, marketing and partnership development.	Bachelor of Arts, Bucknell University; 2008 Executive Education, University of Pennsylvania - The Wharton School; 2014

Kristoffer Bjornerud	Chief Financial Officer and Director	As the Company's CFO, Mr. Bjornerud is responsible for finance and fundraising operations. Additionally, during the last three years, Mr. Bjornerud has been affiliated with OpenNest Labs and Wavemaker VC where he has led investments.	B.S. Finance, Virginia Tech; 2004 MBA, University of Southern California; 2012
Tyler Allen Wakstein	Chief Strategy Officer and Director	As the Company's CSO, Mr. Wakstein is responsible for strategic partnerships, corporate development and brand marketing. Additionally, during the last three years, Mr. Wakstein has been affiliated with OpenNest Labs and Trailblazers Presents where he has led strategy and community development.	Bachelor of Arts, Johnson & Wales University; 2008
Vikrant Singh	Chief Marketing Officer and Director	As the Company's CMO, Mr. Singh is responsible for brand marketing and growth. Additionally, during the last three years, Mr. Singh has been affiliated with Nike and Hall of Flowers leading brand strategy and development.	B.B.A. Finance & Marketing, University of Georgia; 2004

Indemnification

Indemnification is authorized by the Company to managers, officers or controlling persons acting in their professional capacity pursuant to Delaware law. Indemnification includes expenses such as attorney's fees and, in certain circumstances, judgments, fines and settlement amounts actually paid or incurred in connection with actual or threatened actions, suits or proceedings involving such person, except in certain circumstances where a person is adjudged to be guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that such indemnification is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

Additionally, the Company's certificate of incorporation provides: the Company will, to the maximum extent permitted from time to time under the law of the State of Delaware, indemnify any person who is or was a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, proceeding or claim, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, (i) by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans or (III) in such person's capacity as an officer, employee or agent of the Company or in such person's capacity as an officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, that such person is or was serving at the request of the Corporation (each such person described in the foregoing clauses (i) and (III), a "Covered Person"), against expenses (including attorney's fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties and amounts paid in settlement incurred (and not otherwise recovered) in connection with the investigation, preparation to defend or defense of such action, suit, proceeding or claim; provided, however, that the foregoing does not require this corporation to indemnify any person in connection with any action, suit, proceeding, claim or counterclaim initiated by or on behalf of such person other than an action authorized by the Company's Board of Directors. Such indemnification will not be exclusive of other indemnification rights arising under any by-law, agreement, vote of directors or stockholders or otherwise and will inure to the benefit of the heirs and legal representatives of such person. Any person seeking indemnification under the foregoing paragraph will be deemed to have met the standard of conduct required for such indemnification unless the contrary will be established. The Company will pay on a current and as-incurred basis expenses incurred by any Covered Person in defending or otherwise participating in any action, suit, proceeding or claim in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit, proceeding or claim, including appeals, upon presentation of (i) an unsecured written undertaking to repay such amounts if it is ultimately determined that the person is not entitled to indemnification hereunder and (III) adequate documentation reflecting such expenses.

Employees

The Company currently has 5 employees.

CAPITALIZATION, DEBT AND OWNERSHIP

Capitalization

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 3,300,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"). At the closing of this Offering, assuming only the Target Offering Amount is sold, 2,674,000 shares of Common Stock will be issued and outstanding.

Outstanding Capital Stock

As of the date of this Form C, the Company's outstanding capital stock consists of:

Type	Common Stock
Amount Outstanding	2,674,000
Par Value Per Share	\$0.001
Voting Rights	Each holder of record of Common Stock is entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for each share of such stock.
Anti-Dilution Rights	none
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company may decide to issue more Common Stock which may dilute the Security.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering of convertible securities).	61.80%

Outstanding Options, Safes, Convertible Notes, Warrants

As of the date of this Form C, the Company has the following additional securities outstanding:

Type	SAFEs
Face Value	\$925,000
Voting Rights	Each SAFE is convertible into certain securities of the Company issued in connection with the Company's next equity financing for the principal purpose of raising capital pursuant to which the Company issues and sells Preferred Stock at a fixed pre-money valuation. Upon conversion of the SAFE, the holders may have one vote for each share of stock held by such stockholders.
Anti-Dilution Rights	None

<p>Material Terms & How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF</p>	<p>The availability of any securities convertible from any SAFE and its potential future issuance may be dilutive and could adversely affect the value of the Securities or in the case of a foreign issuer, pursuant to Rule 903 of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act. Please note that the percentage calculated here is based on the valuation cap of each SAFE, which is \$10 million. Each SAFE also has a 20% discount rate. The percentage calculation assumes the SAFEs will convert at their valuation cap and assumes no new issuances of securities.</p>
<p>Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).</p>	<p>5.72%</p>

<p>Type</p>	<p>Convertible Notes</p>
<p>Face Value</p>	<p>\$525,000</p>
<p>Material Terms</p>	<p>Next Equity Financing: Each convertible note is convertible into certain securities of the Company issued in connection with the Company’s the next sale (or series of related sales) by the Company of its preferred stock to investors for the principal purpose of raising capital (x) with aggregate gross cash proceeds to the Company of at least \$1,000,000 (excluding the sale or conversion of the note), with the rights and designations of preferred stock to be established by the Board of Directors pursuant to its certificate of incorporation or operating agreement, as the case may be; or (y) which the holders of a majority in interest of the aggregate principal amount of the notes elect in writing to treat as a the next equity financing.</p> <p>Maturity Date: February 22, 2022, the closing of the next qualified financing and the closing of a certain change of control event.</p> <p>Automatic Conversion: the outstanding principal amount and all accrued and unpaid interest due under each note will automatically convert into certain securities upon the closing of the Company’s next equity financing at the lesser of 80% of the lowest price per share of the certain equity securities issued in the next qualified financing and the price equal to a \$3,000,000 valuation cap divided by a certain fully-diluted capitalization of the Company.</p> <p>Optional Conversion: if the note remains outstanding as of the Maturity Date, then each holder of a note may elect to demand repayment of the outstanding principal amount and accrued and unpaid interest in cash as otherwise required by the Note or convert the note into certain equity securities of the company based on a price per share equal to the Note into certain shares equal to the outstanding amount of the note divided by the price per share equal to \$3,000,000 divided by a certain fully-diluted capitalization of the Company as of the maturity date.</p> <p>Upon conversion of the convertible note, the holders may have one vote for each share of stock held by such stockholders.</p>
<p>Anti-Dilution Rights</p>	<p>None</p>

<p>Material Terms & How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF</p>	<p>The availability of any securities convertible from any convertible note and its potential future issuance may be dilutive and could adversely affect the value of the Securities or in the case of a foreign issuer, pursuant to Rule 903 of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act. Please note that the percentage calculated here is based on the valuation cap of each convertible note, which is \$3 million. Each convertible note also has a 20% discount rate. The percentage calculation assumes the convertible note will convert at their valuation cap and assumes no new issuances of securities.</p>
<p>Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).</p>	<p>10.82%</p>

<p>Type</p>	<p>Stock Options, Restricted Stock and Stock Appreciation Rights under the Union Electric Supply, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan.</p>
<p>Amount Reserved / Amount Outstanding</p>	<p>640,000 / 522,500</p>
<p>Voting Rights</p>	<p>Each option is convertible into shares of Common Stock. Upon conversion of their options, the holders shall have one vote for each share of stock held by such stockholders.</p> <p>The holders of restricted common stock issued under the equity incentive plan shall have one vote for each share of stock held by such holder.</p> <p>The holders of stock appreciate rights have no voting rights.</p>
<p>Anti-Dilution Rights</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Material Terms</p>	<p>The options, restricted stock or stock appreciation rights will be issued in accordance with the Company's equity incentive plan, which may include vesting provisions. The percentage calculated below assumes that all shares reserved for issuance have been issued and are outstanding.</p>
<p>How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF</p>	<p>The Board of Directors and the stockholders can authorize and issue additional options at a later Date. The availability of any Common Stock convertible from such options and its potential future issuance may be dilutive and could adversely affect the value of the Securities issued pursuant to Regulation CF or in the case of a foreign issuer, pursuant to Rule 903 of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act.</p>
<p>Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering of convertible securities).</p>	<p>14.79%</p>

Type	Convertible Note
Face Value	\$100,000
Material Terms	<p>Next Equity Financing: Each convertible note is convertible into certain securities of the Company issued in connection with the Company's the next sale (or series of related sales) by the Company of its preferred stock to investors for the principal purpose of raising capital (x) with aggregate gross cash proceeds to the Company of at least \$1,000,000 (excluding the sale or conversion of the note), with the rights and designations of preferred stock to be established by the Board of Directors pursuant to its certificate of incorporation or operating agreement, as the case may be; or (y) which the holders of a majority in interest of the aggregate principal amount of the notes elect in writing to treat as a the next equity financing.</p> <p>Maturity Date: February 22, 2022, the closing of the next qualified financing and the closing of a certain change of control event.</p> <p>Automatic Conversion: the outstanding principal amount and all accrued and unpaid interest due under each note will automatically convert into certain securities upon the closing of the Company's next equity financing at the lesser of 80% of the lowest price per share of the certain equity securities issued in the next qualified financing and the price equal to a \$1,000,000 post-money valuation cap divided by a certain fully-diluted capitalization of the Company.</p> <p>Optional Conversion: if the note remains outstanding as of the Maturity Date, then each holder of a note may elect to demand repayment of the outstanding principal amount and accrued and unpaid interest in cash as otherwise required by the Note or convert the note into certain equity securities of the company based on a price per share equal to the Note into Conversion Shares equal to the Outstanding Amount divided by the price per share equal to \$900,000 divided by a certain fully-diluted capitalization of the Company as of the Maturity Date.</p> <p>Upon conversion of the SAFE, the holders may have one vote for each share of stock held by such stockholders.</p>
Anti-Dilution Rights	None
Material Terms & How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The availability of any securities convertible from any convertible note and its potential future issuance may be dilutive and could adversely affect the value of the Securities or in the case of a foreign issuer, pursuant to Rule 903 of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act. Please note that the percentage calculated here is based on the valuation cap of each SAFE, which is \$3 million. Each SAFE also has a 20% discount rate. The percentage calculation assumes the SAFEs will convert at their valuation cap and assumes no new issuances of securities.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	6.87%

Outstanding Debt

As of the date of this Form C, the Company has the following debt outstanding*:

Type	Accounts Payable
Amount Outstanding	\$70,228
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	n/a
Description of Collateral	n/a
Other Material Terms	n/a
Maturity Date	n/a

* Company has access to a revolving credit facility and a credit line in the aggregate amount of \$500,000, under both of which the Company has no present indebtedness but on which the Company may drawdown in the future.

Ownership

The table below lists the beneficial owners of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power, are listed along with the amount they own.

Name	Amount and Type or Class Held	Percentage Ownership (in terms of voting power)
OPENNEST LABS, LLC*	2,600,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share	97.2326%

*See "Transactions with Related Persons and Conflicts of Interest" on page 33 for more information about OpenNest Labs, LLC.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please see the financial information listed on the cover page of this Form C and attached hereto in addition to the following information. Financial statements are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Operations

Union Electric Supply Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated on January 9, 2020 under the laws of the State of Delaware, and is headquartered in Los Angeles, California.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of May 31, 2021 the Company had an aggregate of \$460,824.99 in cash and cash equivalents, leaving the Company with approximately 12 months of runway.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The proceeds from the Offering are essential to our operations. We plan to use the proceeds as set forth above under the section titled “*Use of Proceeds*”, which is an indispensable element of our business strategy. The Company has access to a revolving credit facility and a credit line in the aggregate amount of \$500,000, under both of which the Company has no present indebtedness but on which the Company may drawdown in the future.

Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations

The Company does not intend to make any material capital expenditures in the near future.

Valuation

The Company has ascribed no pre-Offering valuation to the Company; the securities are priced arbitrarily.

Material Changes and Other Information

Trends and Uncertainties

After reviewing the above discussion of the steps the Company intends to take, potential Investors should consider whether achievement of each step within the estimated time frame will be realistic in their judgment. Potential Investors should also assess the consequences to the Company of any delays in taking these steps and whether the Company will need additional financing to accomplish them.

Please see the financial statements attached as Exhibit A for subsequent events and applicable disclosures.

Previous Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years:

Security Type	Principal Amount of Securities Sold	Amount of Securities Issued	Use of Proceeds	Issue Date	Exemption from Registration Used or Public Offering
Common Stock	\$2,400	2,400,000 shares of common stock	General corporate	3/30/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
Convertible Note	\$100,000	1 Convertible Note	General corporate	2/18/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
SAFE*	\$100,000	1 SAFE	General Corporate	3/12/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
SAFE**	\$50,000	1 SAFE	General Corporate	4/30/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
Convertible Notes	\$525,000	9 Convertible Notes	General Corporate	6/25/2020 – 8/31/2020	Section 4(a)(2)
Non-Qualified Stock Options	\$0.00	24,000 options	n/a	7/3/2020	Rule 701
Non-Qualified Stock Options	\$0.00	420,000 options	n/a	10/12/2020	Rule 701
SAFE	\$925,000	9 SAFEs	General Corporate	10/14/2020 – 1/5/2021	Section 4(a)(2)
Common Stock	\$60.00	60,000 shares of common stock	General Corporate	1/19/2021	Section 4(a)(2)
Incentive and Non-Qualified Stock Options	\$0.00	162,500 options	n/a	2/19/2021	Rule 701
Common Stock	\$7.70	7,700 shares of common stock	General Corporate	2/7/2021	Section 4(a)(2)
Common Stock	\$6.30	6,300 shares of common stock	General Corporate	3/5/2021	Section 4(a)(2)
Common Stock	\$200	200,000 shares of common stock	General Corporate	5/26/2021	Section 4(a)(2)

*This SAFE was canceled, and is no longer outstanding.

**This SAFE was canceled, and is no longer outstanding.

See the section titled “*Capitalization and Ownership*” for more information regarding the securities issued in our previous offerings of securities.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

From time to time the Company may engage in transactions with related persons. Related persons are defined as any director or officer of the Company; any person who is the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; any promoter of the Company; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons or an entity controlled by any such person or persons. Additionally, the Company will disclose here any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, to which the issuer was or is to be a party and the amount involved exceeds five percent (5%) of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on section 4(a)(6), including the Target Offering Amount of this Offering, and the counter party is either (i) any director or officer of the issuer; (ii) any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; (iii) if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer; or (iv) any member of the family of any of the foregoing persons, which includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. The term *spousal equivalent* means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

The Company has conducted the following transactions with related persons:

OpenNest Labs, LLC, holds 2,600,000 shares of common stock of the Company constituting over 97% of the voting control of the Company. Alexander Max Goldstein, Kris Bjornerud and Tyler Allen Wakstein, who are the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Strategy Officer, respectively, and the Directors of the Company, are managers of OpenNest Labs, LLC and are the beneficial owners of 15.07%, 15.07% and 15.07% of the membership interests of OpenNest Labs, LLC. Together, as managers, they control the operations of OpenNest Labs, LLC, which, in turn, has voting control of the Company. Upon approval of the Company's Board of Directors, the Company:

- on February 18, 2020, issued a \$100,000 convertible note to OpenNest Labs, LLC with a valuation cap of \$1,000,000 and a 20% discount;
- on March 12, 2020, issued a \$100,000 SAFE to OpenNest Labs, LLC with a valuation cap of \$3,000,000 and a 20% discount, which was later mutually canceled;
- on March 30, 2020, sold 2,400,000 shares of common stock to OpenNest Labs, LLC for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,400.00;
- on April 14, 2020, entered into a \$150,000 revolving credit note with OpenNest Labs, LLC as the Lender and the Company as the Borrower, which was later mutually canceled;
- on July 7, 2020, issued a \$100,000 convertible note to OpenNest Labs, LLC with a valuation cap of \$3,000,000 and a 20% discount;
- on September 1, 2020, issued a \$100,000 convertible note to OpenNest Labs, LLC with a valuation cap of \$3,000,000 and a 20% discount; and
- On May 26, 2021, issued 200,000 shares of common stock to OpenNest Labs, LLC for an aggregate purchase price of \$200.00.

Alexander Max Goldstein, Kris Bjornerud and Tyler Allen Wakstein have an indirect interest in such transactions by virtue of their being members and managers of OpenNest Labs, LLC, although none of them receiving any consideration under such issuance. In their capacities as members of the Company's Board of Directors, Alexander Max Goldstein, Kris Bjornerud and Tyler Allen Wakstein approved and authorized the Company to enter into the foregoing transactions, and believed such transactions to be in the best interest of the Company.

THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES

The Offering

The Company is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the “**Target Offering Amount**”) and up to a maximum amount of \$5,000,000 (the “**Maximum Offering Amount**”) of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) (the “**Securities**”) on a best-efforts basis as described in this Form C (this “**Offering**”). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by November 1, 2021 (the “**Offering Deadline**”). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled, and all committed funds will be returned. Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as “**Investors**” or “**you**”.

The price of the Securities was determined arbitrarily, does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company’s asset value, net worth, revenues or other established criteria of value, and should not be considered indicative of the actual value of the Securities. The minimum amount that an Investor may invest in the Offering is \$100 and the maximum amount that an Investor may invest in the Offering is \$500,000, each of which is subject to adjustment in the Company’s sole discretion.

In order to purchase the Securities, you must make a commitment to purchase by completing the subscription process hosted by OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the “**Intermediary**”), including complying with the Intermediary’s know your customer (KYC) and anti-money laundering (AML) policies. **If an Investor makes an investment commitment under a name that is not their legal name, they may be unable to redeem their Security indefinitely, and neither the Intermediary nor the Company are required to correct any errors or omissions made by the Investor.**

Investor funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as such earlier time the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary. **Investors using a credit card to invest must represent and warrant to cancel any investment commitment(s) by submitting a request through the Intermediary at least 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, instead of attempting to claim fraud or claw back their committed funds.**

The Company will notify Investors when the Target Offering Amount has been reached through the Intermediary. If the Company reaches the Target Offering Amount prior to the Offering Deadline, it may close the Offering early *provided* (i) the expedited Offering Deadline must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering was opened, (ii) the Intermediary must provide at least five (5) business days’ notice prior to the expedited Offering Deadline to the Investors and (iii) the Company continues to meet or exceed the Target Offering Amount on the date of the expedited Offering Deadline.

Material Changes

If any material change occurs related to the Offering prior to the current Offering Deadline the Company will provide notice to Investors and receive reconfirmations from Investors who have already made commitments. If an Investor does not reconfirm their investment commitment after a material change is made to the terms of the Offering within five (5) business days of receiving notice, the Investor’s investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned without interest or deductions. If an Investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the Target Offering Amount is reached, the funds will be released to the Company upon the closing of the Offering and the Investor will receive the Securities in exchange for their investment.

Intermediate Closings

In the event an amount equal to two (2) times the Target Offering Amount is committed and meets all required terms of the Offering prior to the Offering Deadline on such date or such later time the Company designates pursuant to Rule 304(b) of Regulation CF, the Company may conduct the first of multiple closings of the Offering early, *provided* (i) the early closing date must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering opened and (ii) that all Investors will receive notice of such early closing date at least five (5) business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the Offering and reconfirmation of all investment commitments).

Investors who committed on the date such notice is provided or prior to the issuance of such notice will be able to cancel their investment commitment until 48 hours before such early closing date.

If the Company conducts an initial closing (the “**Initial Closing**”), the Company agrees to only withdraw half of the proceeds that are in escrow and will only conduct such Initial Closing if there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of the Initial Closing. The Company may only conduct another close (a “**Subsequent Closing**”) before the Offering Deadline if the amount of investment commitments made on the date of such Subsequent Closing exceeds two times the amount committed on the date of the Initial Closing and there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of such Subsequent Closing.

Any investment commitments received after an intermediate closing will be released to the Company upon a subsequent closing and the Investor will receive evidence of the Securities via electronic certificate/PDF in exchange for their investment commitment as soon as practicable thereafter.

The Company has agreed to return all funds to Investors in the event a Form C-W is ultimately filed in relation to this Offering, regardless of whether multiple closings are conducted.

Investment commitments are not binding on the Company until they are accepted by the Company, which reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, in its sole and absolute discretion, any investment commitment. If the Company rejects all or a portion of any investment commitment, the applicable prospective Investor’s funds will be returned without interest or deduction.

PRIME TRUST, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT’S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Securities

We request that you please review this Form C and the Crowd SAFE instrument attached as Exhibit C, in conjunction with the following summary information.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Company will act as transfer agent and registrar for the Securities.

Not Currently Equity Interests

The Securities are not currently equity interests in the Company and merely provide a right to receive equity at some point in the future upon the occurrence of certain events.

Dividends

The Securities do not entitle Investors to any dividends.

Conversion

Upon each future equity financing resulting in proceeds to the Company of not less than \$1,000,000 (each an “**Equity Financing**”), the Securities are convertible at the option of the Company, into CF Shadow Securities, which are securities identical to those issued in such future Equity Financing except (1) they do not provide the right to vote on any matters except as required by law, (2) they require Investors to vote in accordance with the majority of the investors purchasing securities from the Company in such Equity Financing with respect to any such required vote and (3) they do not provide any inspection or information rights (other than those contemplated by Regulation CF or otherwise required by law). The Company has no obligation to convert the Securities in any Equity Financing.

Conversion Upon the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the greater of the quotient obtained by dividing the amount the Investor paid for the Securities (the “**Purchase Amount**”) by (a) or (b) immediately below (the “**Conversion Price**”):

(a) the quotient of \$30,000,000 divided by the aggregate number of issued and outstanding shares of capital stock, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including shares of convertible preferred stock and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase capital stock, but excluding (i) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan, (ii) convertible promissory notes, (iii) any Simple Agreements for Future Equity, including the Securities (collectively, “**Safes**”), and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or Safes;

OR

(b) the price per share of the securities sold in such Equity Financing.

Such Conversion Price shall be deemed the “**First Equity Financing Price**”.

Conversion After the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon an Equity Financing other than the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (a) the Purchase Amount by (b) the First Equity Financing Price.

If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE, as contemplated above in connection with an Equity Financing, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company’s decision to convert the Crowd Safe to capital stock, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the “**Cash-Default Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Prior to an Equity Financing

In the case of the completion of an underwritten initial public offering of capital stock by the Company pursuant to: (I) a final prospectus for which a receipt is issued by a securities commission of the United States or of a province of Canada, or (II) a registration statement which has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and is declared effective to enable the sale of capital stock by the Company to the public, which in each case results in such equity securities being listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange; or (B) the Company’s initial listing of its capital stock (other than shares of capital stock not eligible for resale under Rule 144 under the Securities Act) on a national securities exchange by means of an effective registration statement on Form S-1 filed by the Company with the SEC that registered shares of existing capital stock of the Company for resale, as approved by the Company’s board of directors, where such listing shall not be deemed to be an underwritten offering and shall not involve any underwriting services; or (C) the completion of a reverse merger or take-over whereby an entity (I) whose securities are listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange, or (II) is a reporting issuer in the United States or the equivalent in any foreign jurisdiction, acquires all of the issued and outstanding Capital Stock of the Company (each, “**IPO**”) or a Change of Control (as defined below) of the Company (either of these events, a “**Liquidity Event**”) prior to any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount subject to the following paragraph (the “**Cash Out Option**”) or (ii) a number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the quotient of (a) \$30,000,000

divided by (b) the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of shares of the Company's capital stock outstanding (on an as-converted basis), assuming the exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (w) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan; (x) any Safes; (y) convertible promissory notes; and (z) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

In connection with the Cash Out Option, the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the holders of other Safes (collectively, the "**Cash-Out Investors**") in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

"**Change of Control**" as used above, means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any person or group becomes the beneficial owner of more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities entitled to elect the Company's board of directors, (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, in which the outstanding voting security holders of the Company fail to retain at least a majority of such voting securities following such transaction or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Following an Equity Financing

In the case of a Liquidity Event following any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) the Cash Out Option or (ii) a number of shares of the most recently issued capital stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Shares of capital stock granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the shares of capital stock issued in connection with the Company's most recent Equity Financing.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the other Cash-Out Investors in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its selection to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued capital stock, as contemplated above in connection with a Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If the Company's board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company) determines in good faith that delivery of equity securities to the Investor pursuant to Liquidity Event paragraphs above would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such capital stock, as determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company).

Dissolution

If there is a Dissolution Event (as defined below) before the Securities terminate, subject to the preferences applicable to any series of preferred stock then outstanding, the Company will distribute all proceeds legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) holders of the Securities (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Stock as determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors at the time of the Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders of instruments sharing in the distribution of proceeds of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Stock upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) all holders of Common Stock.

A "**Dissolution Event**" means (i) a voluntary termination of operations by the Company, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company's creditors or (iii) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

Termination

The Securities terminate (without relieving the Company of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with the Securities) upon the earlier to occur of: (i) the issuance of shares in the CF Shadow Securities to the Investor pursuant to the conversion provisions of the Crowd SAFE agreement or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to a Liquidity Event or a Dissolution Event.

Voting and Control

Neither the Securities nor the securities issuable upon the conversion of the Securities have voting rights.

The Company does not have any voting agreements in place.

The Company does not have any shareholder or equity holder agreements in place, except that the Company entered into a certain Founder Stock Purchase Agreement dated February 13, 2020, as amended and restated on March 30, 2020, with OpenNest Labs, LLC, under which the Company was granted a right of first refusal to purchase all or any part of the shares intended to be transferred by OpenNest Labs, LLC; and entered into a certain Common Stock Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2021 with Unknown Biosciences, Inc. under which the Company was granted a right of first refusal to purchase all or any part of the shares intended to be transferred by Unknown Biosciences, Inc.

Anti-Dilution Rights

The Securities do not have anti-dilution rights, which means that future equity issuances and other events will dilute the ownership percentage that the Investor may eventually have in the Company.

Restrictions on Transfer

Any Securities sold pursuant to Regulation CF being offered may not be transferred by any Investor of such Securities during the one-year holding period beginning when the Securities were issued, unless such Securities are transferred: (1) to the Company; (2) to an accredited investor, as defined by Rule 501(d) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act; (3) as part of an IPO; or (4) to a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the Investor, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the Investor or other similar circumstances. “Member of the family” as used herein means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother/father/daughter/son/sister/brother-in-law, and includes adoptive relationships. Each Investor should be aware that although the Securities may legally be able to be transferred, there is no guarantee that another party will be willing to purchase them.

In addition to the foregoing restrictions, prior to making any transfer of the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible, such transferring Investor must either make such transfer pursuant to an effective registration statement filed with the SEC or provide the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company stating that a registration statement is not necessary to effect such transfer.

In addition, the Investor may not transfer the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible to any of the Company’s competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

Furthermore, upon the event of an IPO, the capital stock into which the Securities are converted will be subject to a lock-up period and may not be lent, offered, pledged, or sold for up to 180 days following such IPO.

Other Material Terms

- The Company does not have the right to repurchase the Securities.
- The Securities do not have a stated return or liquidation preference.
- The Company cannot determine if it currently has enough capital stock authorized to issue upon the conversion of the Securities, because the amount of capital stock to be issued is based on the occurrence of future events.

COMMISSION AND FEES

At the conclusion of the Offering, the issuer shall pay a cash fee comprised of: (i) six percent (6%) of any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000) (ii) four percent (4%) of any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000); and (iii) three percent (3%) of any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).

Stock, Warrants and Other Compensation

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to: (i) two percent (2%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised up to two million dollars (\$0.00 - \$2,000,000); and (ii) one percent (1%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between two million dollars and four million dollars (\$2,000,000.01 - \$4,000,000); and (iii) one-half percent (0.5%) of the securities sold for any amounts raised between four million dollars and five million dollars (\$4,000,000.01 - \$5,000,000).

TAX MATTERS

EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX AND ERISA ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR CONSEQUENCES TO THE INVESTOR OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE INVESTOR'S SECURITIES, AS WELL AS POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, WE INFORM YOU THAT ANY TAX STATEMENT IN THIS FORM C CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING ANY TAX-RELATED PENALTIES UNDER THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ANY TAX STATEMENT HEREIN CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES WAS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE MARKETING OR PROMOTION OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS TO WHICH THE STATEMENT RELATES. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

Potential Investors who are not United States residents are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the United States federal income tax implications of any investment in the Company, as well as the taxation of such investment by their country of residence. Furthermore, it should be anticipated that distributions from the Company to such foreign investors may be subject to United States withholding tax.

EACH POTENTIAL INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THE POSSIBLE IMPACT OF STATE TAXES.

LEGAL MATTERS

Any prospective Investor should consult with its own counsel and advisors in evaluating an investment in the Offering.

DISCLAIMER OF TELEVISION, RADIO, PODCAST AND STREAMING PRESENTATION

The Company's officers may participate in the filming or recording of various media and in the course of the filming, may present certain business information to the investor panel appearing on the show (the "**Presentation**"). The Company will not pass upon the merits of, certify, approve, or otherwise authorize the statements made in the Presentation. The Presentation commentary being made should not be viewed as superior or a substitute for the disclosures made in this Form-C. Accordingly, the statements made in the Presentation, unless reiterated in the Offering materials provided herein, should not be applied to the Company's business and operations as of the date of this Offering. Moreover, the Presentation may involve several statements constituting puffery, that is, exaggerations not to be taken literally or otherwise as indication of factual data or historical or future performance.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The summaries of, and references to, various documents in this Form C do not purport to be complete and in each instance reference should be made to the copy of such document which is either an appendix to this Form C or which will be made available to Investors and their professional advisors upon request.

Prior to making an investment decision regarding the Securities described herein, prospective Investors should carefully review and consider this entire Form C. The Company is prepared to furnish, upon request, a copy of the forms of any documents referenced in this Form C. The Company's representatives will be available to discuss with prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, any matter set forth in this Form C or any other matter relating to the Securities described in this Form C, so that prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, may have available to them all information, financial and otherwise, necessary to formulate a well-informed investment decision. Additional information and materials concerning the Company will be made available to prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, at a mutually convenient location upon reasonable request.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

/s/ Alexander Max Goldstein

(Signature)

Alexander Max Goldstein

(Name)

Chief Executive Officer

(Title)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Alexander Max Goldstein *Alexander Max Goldstein*

(Signature)

Alexander Max Goldstein

(Name)

Director

(Title)

June 28, 2021

(Date)

/s/ Kristoffer Bjornerud *Kristoffer Bjornerud*

(Signature)

Kristoffer Bjornerud

(Name)

Director

(Title)

June 28, 2021

(Date)

/s/ Tyler Allen Wakstein *TAW*

(Signature)

Tyler Allen Wakstein

(Name)

Director

(Title)

June 28, 2021

(Date)

Instructions.

1. The form shall be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.

2. The name of each person signing the form shall be typed or printed beneath the signature. Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

EXHIBIT A

Financial Statements

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FROM INCEPTION (JANUARY 09, 2020) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,
2020**

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Union Electric Supply Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Union Electric Supply Inc., which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2020, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for period from inception (January 9, 2020) to December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements. In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Electric Supply Inc. as of December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Union Electric Supply Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Union Electric Supply Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for period of twelve months from the end of the year ended December 31, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Union Electric Supply Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Union Electric Supply Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

GreenGrowthCPAs

May 14, 2021
Los Angeles, California

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
BALANCE SHEET

<u>As of December 31,</u>	<u>2020</u>
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 670,675
Accounts receivable—net	43,534
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	584,061
Total current assets	1,298,270
Total assets	\$ 1,298,270
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 70,228
Other current liabilities	-
Current portion of convertible notes payable	-
Total current liabilities	70,228
Convertible notes payable	646,641
Note issuance costs	(12,609)
SAFE notes	925,000
Total long-term liabilities	1,559,032
Total liabilities	1,629,260
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Common stock	2,400
Additional paid-in capital	310,680
Retained earnings/(Accumulated Deficit)	(644,070)
Total stockholders' equity	(330,990)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,298,270

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Inception (January 09, 2020) To December 31	2020
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
Net revenue	\$ 924,429
Cost of goods sold	779,871
Gross profit	144,558
Operating expenses	
General and administrative	601,681
Sales and marketing	120,753
Total operating expenses	722,434
Operating income/(loss)	(577,876)
Interest expense	(66,194)
Income/(Loss) before provision for income taxes	(644,070)
Benefit for income taxes	-
Net income/(Net Loss)	\$ (644,070)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Inception (January 09, 2020) To December 31, 2020

(USD \$ in Dollars)

(in . \$US)	Common Stock		Additional Paid- in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Inception January 09, 2020	-	-	-	-	-
Net income/(loss)	-	-		\$ ((6444,,070))	
Issuance of common stock	2,400,000	2,400		\$ -2,400	
Sharebased compensation			310,680		\$ 310,680
Balance—December 31, 2020	2,400,000	\$ 2,400	\$ 310,680	\$ (644,070)	\$ (330,990)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Inception (January 09, 2020) To December 31	2020
(USD \$ in Dollars)	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income/(loss)	\$ (644,070)
<i>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:</i>	
Interest expense on convertible notes	53,640
Amortization of note issuance costs	4,203
Sharebased compensation	310,680
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable—net	(43,534)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(584,061)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	70,228
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	(832,914)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Net cash provided/(used) in investing activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Borrowings on convertible notes	843,001
Note issuance costs	(16,812)
SAFE notes	675,000
Common stock	2,400
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities	1,503,589
Change in cash	670,675
Cash—beginning of year	-
Cash—end of year	\$ 670,675
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ -
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$ -
OTHER NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES	
Purchase of property and equipment not yet paid for	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Union Electric Supply Inc. was founded on January 09, 2020 in the state of Delaware. The financial statements of Union Electric Supply Inc. (which may be referred to as the “Company”, “we”, “us”, or “our”) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). The Company’s headquarters are located in Los Angeles, California.

Union Electric Supply Inc. is a cannabis brand company, focusing on bringing premium and fairly priced flower from top cultivators to consumers.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”). The Company has adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash in banks. The Company’s cash is deposited in demand accounts at financial institutions that management believes are creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At times, the Company may maintain balances in excess of the federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2020, the Company’s cash and cash equivalents exceeded FDIC insured limits by \$420,675.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value or the amount that the Company expects to collect on gross customer trade receivables. We estimate losses on receivables based on known troubled accounts and historical experience of losses incurred. Receivables are considered impaired and written-off when it is probable that all contractual payments due will not be collected in accordance with the terms of the agreement. As of December 31, 2020, the Company determined that no reserve was necessary.

Prepaid Inventory

Prepaid inventory cost is valued at cost or net realizable value. Prepaid inventory costs pertain to spending on packaging and payments to licensed manufacturer.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

Income Taxes

Union Electric Supply Inc. is a C corporation for income tax purposes. The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method, and deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company records interest, net of any applicable related income tax benefit, on potential income tax contingencies as a component of income tax expense. The Company records tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, the Company recognizes liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and/or penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues in accordance with FASB ASC 606, Revenue From Contracts with Customers. Revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good to a customer. A contract, whether a verbal or written sales order, is established with customers prior to order fulfillment with agreement upon unit prices, delivery dates, and payment terms. The transaction price is based on market pricing while considering the value of the Company's brand and quality. Transaction price is allocated to each product sold based upon the negotiated unit sales price associated with each product line scheduled for delivery within the order. Performance obligation satisfaction occurs upon delivery to customer premises. These types of revenues accounted for under ASC Topic 606, generally, do not require significant estimates or judgments based on the nature of the Company's revenue stream. The sales prices, including discounts, are fixed at the point of sale and all consideration from contracts is included in the transaction price. The Company's contracts do not include multiple performance obligations or material variable consideration. The Company is a principal in the arrangement, it assumes primary responsibility for fulfilling the customer promise and has full authority over establishing the pricing.

Cost of sales

Costs of goods sold include the distribution cost, cost of packaging, and management fees paid to licensed manufacturers and distributors.

Advertising and Promotion

Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and promotional expense for the period from inception to year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$120,609, which is included in sales and marketing expense.

Research and Development Costs

Costs incurred in the research and development of the Company's products are expensed as incurred.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation to non-employees in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation. Under the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense ratably over the requisite service period, which is generally the option vesting period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments).

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

Subsequent Events

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 14, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2019, FASB issued ASU No. 2019-02, Leases, that requires organizations that lease assets, referred to as "lessees", to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. ASU 2019-02 will also require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases and will include qualitative and quantitative requirements. The new standard for nonpublic entities will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, and early application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2019, FASB amended ASU No. 2019-07, Compensation – Stock Compensation, to expand the scope of Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. The new standard for nonpublic entities will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and early application is permitted. The standard implementation did not have a material impact.

In August 2019, amendments to existing accounting guidance were issued through Accounting Standards Update 2019-15 to clarify the accounting for implementation costs for cloud computing arrangements. The amendments specify that existing guidance for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software also applies to implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and early application is permitted. The standard implementation did not have a material impact.

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date, including those above, that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

3. DETAILS OF CERTAIN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Account receivables consist primarily of trade receivables, accounts payable consist primarily of trade payables. Prepaids and other current assets consist of the following items:

As of Year Ended December 31,	2020
Prepays Expenses and Other Current Assets:	
Prepaid inventory	\$ 579,858
Prepays legal costs	4,203
Total Prepays Expenses and other Current Assts	<u>\$ 584,061</u>

4. CAPITALIZATION AND EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 3,300,000 shares of common shares with par value \$0.001. As of December 31, 2020, 2,400,000 common shares have been issued and are outstanding.

5. SHAREBASED COMPENSATION

During 2020, the Company authorized the Stock Compensation Plan (which may be referred to as the "Plan"). The Company reserved 600,000 shares of its Common Stock pursuant to the Plan, which provides for the grant of shares of stock options, stock appreciation rights, and stock awards (performance shares) to employees, non-employee directors, and non-employee consultants. The option exercise price generally may not be less than the underlying stock's fair market value at the date of the grant and generally have a term of four years. The amounts granted each calendar year to an employee or nonemployee is limited depending on the type of award. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had 600,000 shares of common stock available for future issuance of awards under the 2020 Plan.

Total share-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated statements of operations was as follows:

As of Year Ended December 31,	2020
Cost of goods sold	\$ -
Selling, marketing, and administrative	310,680
Total share-based compensation	<u>\$ 310,680</u>

Stock Options

The Company granted stock options. The stock options were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model with a range of inputs indicated below:

As of Year Ended December 31,	2020
Expected life (years)	10.00
Risk-free interest rate	0.64% - 0.79%
Expected volatility	75%
Annual dividend yield	0%

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

The weighted average fair value per share of stock option granted during fiscal years 2020 was \$2.92.

The risk-free interest rate assumption for options granted is based upon observed interest rates on the United States government securities appropriate for the expected term of the Company's employee stock options.

The expected term of employee stock options is calculated using the simplified method which takes into consideration the contractual life and vesting terms of the options.

The Company determined the expected volatility assumption for options granted using the historical volatility of comparable public company's common stock. The Company will continue to monitor peer companies and other relevant factors used to measure expected volatility for future stock option grants, until such time that the Company's common stock has enough market history to use historical volatility.

The dividend yield assumption for options granted is based on the Company's history and expectation of dividend payouts. The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock, and the Company does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

Management estimated the fair value of common stock based on recent sales to third parties. Forfeitures are recognized as incurred.

A summary of the Company's stock options activity and related information is as follows:

	Number of Awards	Weighted Average Exercise	Weighted Average Contract Term
Granted	384,000	\$ 0.001	
Execised	-	\$ -	
Expired/Cancelled	-	\$ -	
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	384,000	\$ 0.001	9.76
Exercisable Options at December 31, 2020	61,500	\$ 0.001	9.76

The unrecognized compensation expense calculated under the fair value method as of December 31, 2020 was approximately \$810,249.

6. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

In 2020, the Company entered into \$843,000 Convertible Note Agreements with certain investors. The notes bear interest at 6% per annum, compounded annually. The notes mature on the earlier on February 22, 2022 or qualified financing or change of control transaction. During the year, \$250,000 of convertible notes were converted into SAFEs. The entire principal balance and accrued interest of \$646,601 has been classified as non-current.

The Company recorded interest expense of \$53,640 which has been fully accrued in convertible notes balance during the period from inception (January 09, 2020) to December 31, 2020.

As part of the issuance of convertible notes, the Company incurred \$16,912 in issuance costs. The Company recorded \$4,202 of amortization expenses for the period from inception to December 31, 2020. The note issuance costs are \$12,609 as of December 31, 2020.

The convertible notes are convertible into shares at a lesser of valuation cap ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000 or 20% discount to qualified financing price. The embedded derivatives do not qualify for a bifurcation in accordance with ASC 815 and ASC 470.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

7. SAFE

In 2020, the Company entered into \$925,000 Simple Agreements for Future Equity (“SAFE”) with certain shareholders and investors. The SAFEs bear a valuation cap of \$10,000,000 and discount rate of 80%. If there is an Equity Financing before the expiration or termination of this instrument, the Company will automatically issue to the Investor either: (1) a number of shares of Standard Preferred Stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the price per share of the Standard Preferred Stock, if the pre-money valuation is less than or equal to the Valuation Cap; or (2) a number of shares of Safe Preferred Stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the Safe Price, if the pre-money valuation is greater than the Valuation Cap. If there is a Liquidity Event before the expiration or termination of this instrument, the Investor will, at its option, either a) receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (subject to the following paragraph) or b) automatically receive from the Company a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the Liquidity Price, if the Investor fails to select the cash option. If there is a Dissolution Event before this instrument expires or terminates, the Company will pay an amount equal to the Purchase Amount, due and payable to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Dissolution Event. The SAFE will expire and upon either the issuance of stock to the investor pursuant to above or payment. The Company has accounted for SAFEs as a long-term derivative liability instrument in accordance with ASC 815. The SAFEs represent a Level III and are adjusted to fair value each reporting period. Changes in fair value are recorded in other income and loss line item in the financial statements. As of December 31, 2020, SAFE book value approximates fair value.

8. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

Inception (January 09, 2020) To December 31, 2020	2020
Current	
Federal	\$ -
State	-
Total Current	-
Deferred Tax Expense	
Federal	(135,199)
State	(56,912)
Valuation Allowance	192,112
Total Deferred Tax Expense	-
Income Tax Expense	\$ -

Significant components of the Company’s deferred tax assets at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2020

<u>As of Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>2020</u>
Deferred Tax Assets	
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 99,405
Sharebased compensation	92,707
Total Deferred Tax Assets	192,112
Valuation Allowance	(192,112)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ -

The reconciliation of statutory rate to effective rate as follows:

<u>As of Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>2020</u>
Statutory U.S. federal tax rate	21.00%
Permanent Differences — meals	-0.01%
Valuation Allowance	-20.99%
Effective tax rate	0.00%

Management assesses the available positive and negative evidence to estimate if sufficient future taxable income will be generated to use the existing deferred tax assets. On the basis of this evaluation, the Company has determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will not recognize the benefits of the federal and state net deferred tax assets, and, as a result, full valuation allowance has been set against its net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2020. The amount of the deferred tax asset to be realized could be adjusted if estimates of future taxable income during the carryforward period are reduced or increased.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020, the Company had federal cumulative net operating loss (“NOL”) carryforwards of \$333,126, and the Company had state net operating loss (“NOL”) carryforwards of approximately \$333,126. Utilization of some of the federal and state NOL carryforwards to reduce future income taxes will depend on the Company’s ability to generate sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the carryforwards. The federal net operating loss carryforward is subject to an 80% limitation on taxable income, does not expire, and will carry on indefinitely. Due to COVID-19 the state of California has postponed the utilization of NOL to tax years 2023.

The Company recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on a tax return upon examination by the relevant taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had no accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

9. RELATED PARTY

During fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the Company entered into convertible notes with OpenNest Labs, LLC in the amount of \$200,000. Refer to the Note 6 for more information on the terms on the convertible notes. In addition, the Company entered into a SAFE with OpenNest Labs, LLC in the amount of \$100,000. Refer to Note 7 for more information on the terms on the SAFEs. The directors of OpenNest LLC are also directors of the Company.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company's operations are subject to a variety of local and state regulation. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or losses of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

Litigation and Claims

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2020, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for the period from December 31, 2020 through May 14, 2021 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

There have been no other events or transactions during this time which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

EXHIBIT B

Offering Page found on Intermediary's Portal.



Company Name Union Electric

Logo



Headline Premium & affordable cannabis from California's top cultivators.

Hero Image



Tags Cannabis, B2C, \$1M+ raised, \$1M+ revenue, Notable Angel backing

Pitch text

Summary

- \$900K+ revenue in 2020 and \$2M+ TTM revenue
- \$400K+ revenue between May 15 and June 15, 2021 (\$4.8M run-rate)
- High potency product offered in sativa, indica & hybrid strains
- Sold in 140+ accounts across California, by HERBL (major state distributor)
- Past Experience: Google, Nike, Lowell Farms, Tikun Olam & Headwaters
- Incubated by OpenNest Labs, LA's top cannabis venture studio

Problem

Good cannabis is expensive, but it doesn't have to be.



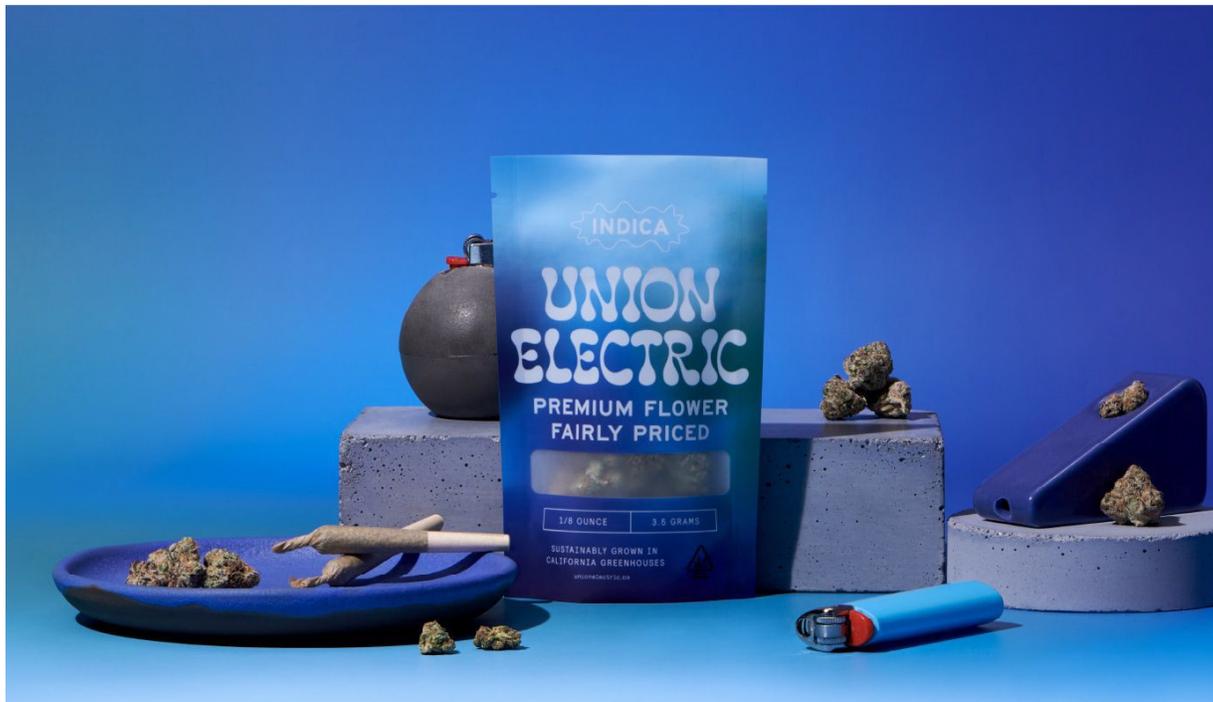
Euphoric, therapeutic, and medical cannabis has been consumed for thousands of years and has recently developed into a booming \$17.5 billion US market. Union Electric is at the forefront of this expansion, which is projected to grow at a compound annual growth rate of 17.8% from 2020 onward. This fast-paced growth has created a gap in the market, however. While brands continue to chase growth, they have allocated infrastructure and marketing resources to new consumer segments at the expense of building a stronger relationship with everyday smokers, a critical customer base to the industry. Union Electric addresses this core user, which makes up a sizeable portion of California's \$4.4 billion market.



Solution

Affordable, quality weed for the people.

Union Electric services the core cannabis consumer, the everyday smoker, through premium and affordable flower from California's top cultivators. Responding to the needs of this already entrenched consumer is a win for the industry and the people. Union Electric has an asset-light business model. Rather than owning expensive infrastructure, we invest in building relationships and alliances with the leaders across the value chain. This gives us the ability to be nimble and adapt to market trends, while simultaneously granting us access to high-quality, high-potency cannabis. The result is great cost-savings for our customers.



Product

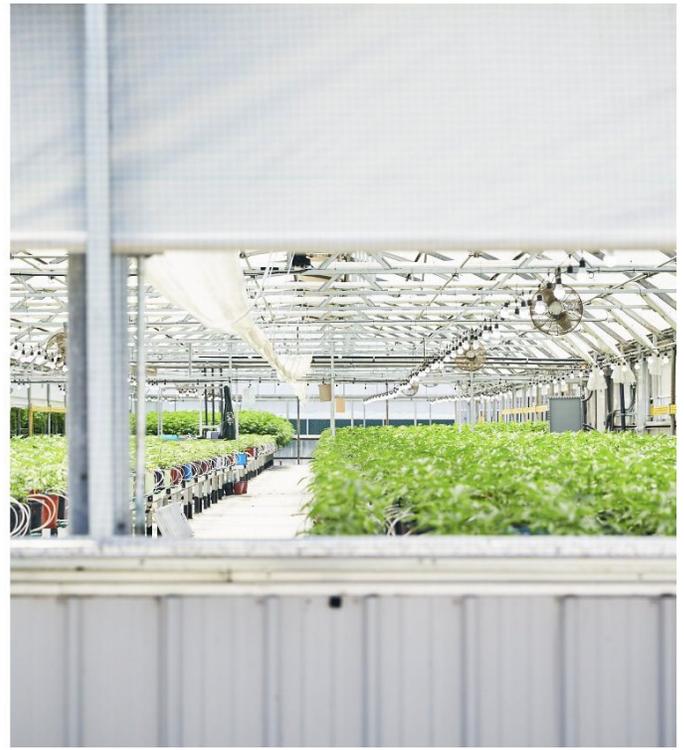
Premium flower, fairly priced.

**PAI
GOW**
SATIVA



We've searched far and wide across California for the best cannabis. Along the way, we discovered advanced cultivation experts including the likes of Natura Life Sciences, Wave Rider Nursery & Kind Op Corp. We are proud to embrace transparency in our supply chain, giving customers inside access to our network of farmers, their processes, and unique facilities. The farms are much more than a vendor in our supply chain; they are the heroes who grow this special plant with love and care day-in and day-out. Union Electric is currently available in 1/8th oz and 1oz bags of flower. Head over to our website to see all the hottest strains and learn more about our farm partners.





Traction

High growth, higher potential.

Launched in March 2020 at the start of the global pandemic, Union Electric has gained impressive traction in the marketplace; resulting in \$924,429 in revenue for 2020. In 2021, we've had great traction to date and are currently operating above a \$4.8M annual run-rate which has been accelerated by launching with HERBL Solutions in February of this year. HERBL is one of the leading cannabis distributors in the state and has expanded our footprint to over 140 accounts across California.

★ STATEWIDE COVERAGE 

140 ACCOUNTS AND GROWING

NOTABLE HOTSPOTS

GREATER LA AREA • BAY AREA
SACRAMENTO • INLAND EMPIRE
DESERT CITIES • I-5 CORRIDOR

FOR A CLOSER LOOK,
FIND US ON:



With room to grow to over 850 retail access points, this establishes our path to becoming one of the state's top flower brands. Better yet, we plan to expand into new product categories including pre-rolls, edibles and pre-ground to fuel future growth.

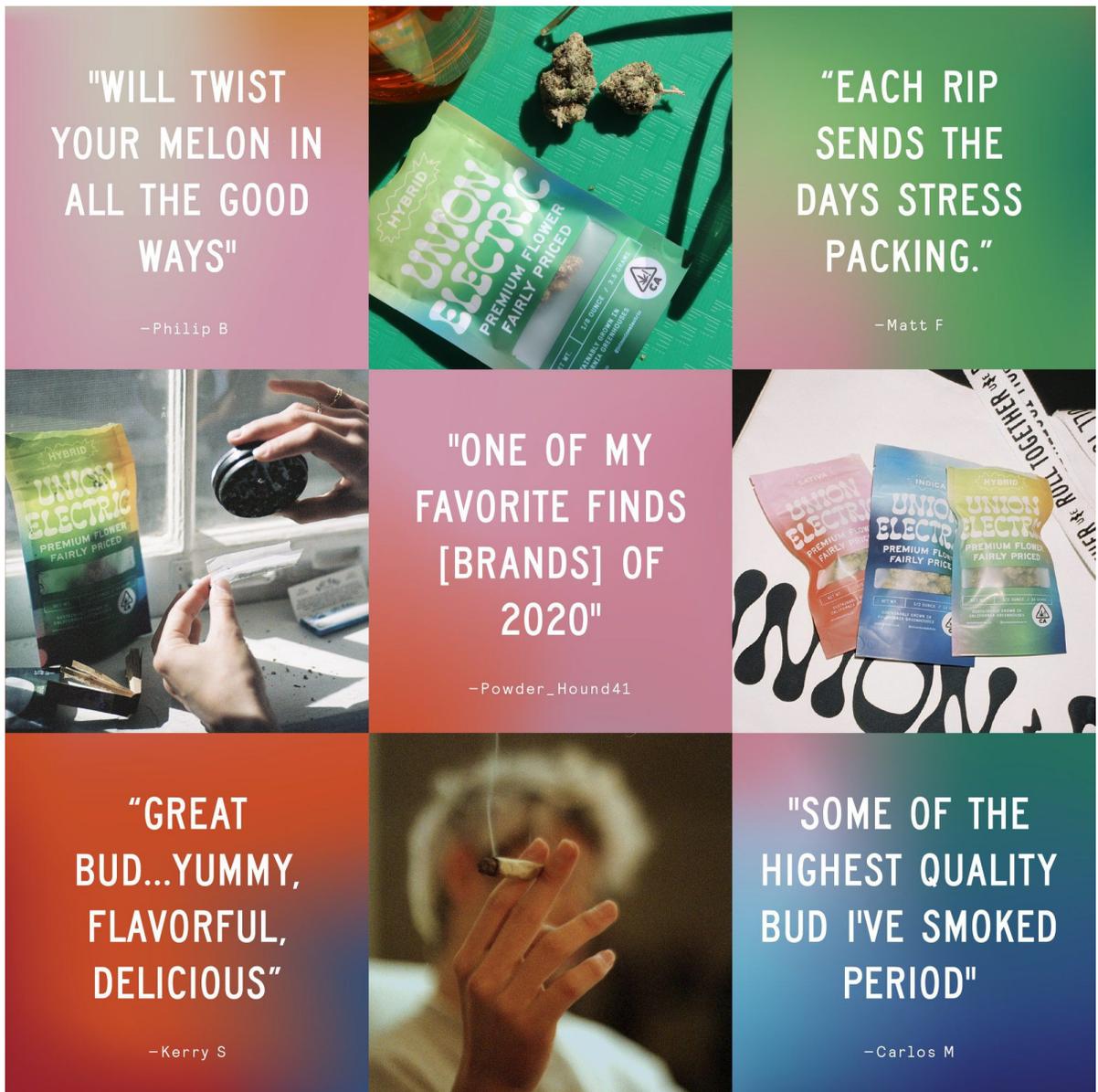




Customers

What they are saying.

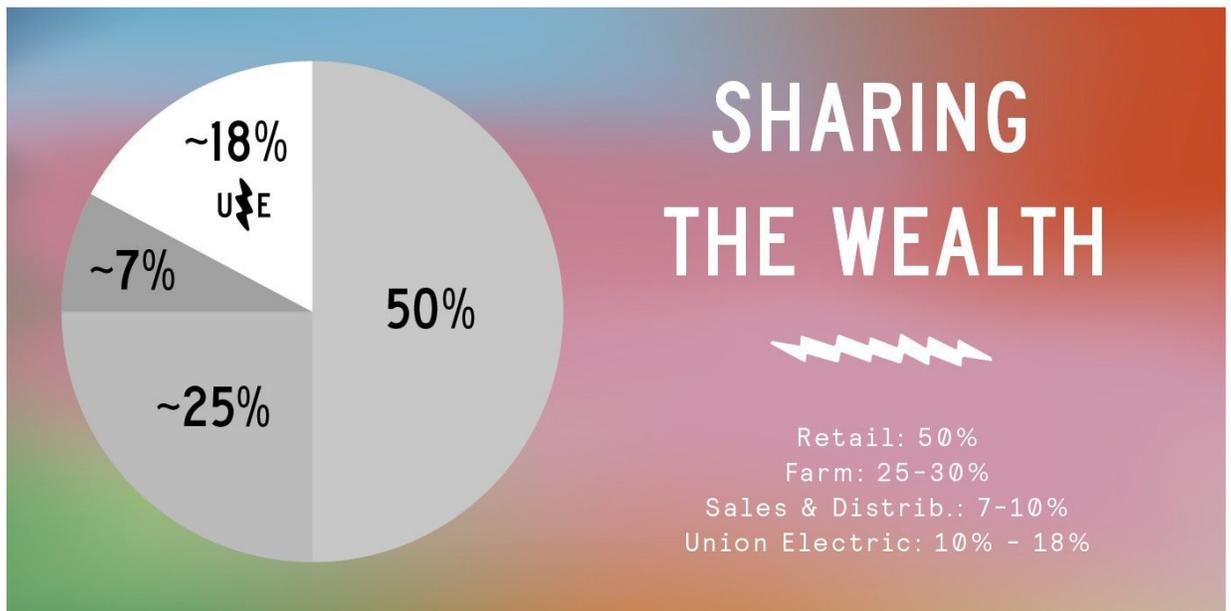
Union Electric's products are purchased at retail channels by everyday consumers who value quality and affordability. 94.7% of Union Electric customers surveyed consumed cannabis at least once per day, and over 84% consumed it multiple times per day. Purchasing and daily consumption of top-shelf flower can cost over \$3000 per year, a significant portion of yearly income for many California residents. We've attracted customers by meeting the quality standards at a fraction of the cost of leading indoor flower brands.



Business Model

Union of Stakeholders.

Our asset-light model is similar to drop-shipping which is common across many other industries, where manufacturing and fulfillment are carried out by strategic value chain partners. We believe in a healthy and profitable value chain for all stakeholders. Sustained growth is not only important for Union Electric, but also for farms, distributors, and retailers — all of whom are critical to creating the best consumer experience in this emerging industry. Union Electric is ramping up production to meet our sales forecast of 1200 pounds of flower per month generating ~\$1.4M in gross revenue.



MONTHLY SALES FORECAST

1200 LBS OF FLOWER GENERATING
🌿 ~\$1.4M GROSS REVENUE 🌿

U\$E

“We onboarded Union Electric in February 2021 because we believe in their brand strategy, customer-centric approach to the market, and ultimately the team’s ability to build one of the highest-grossing brands in California and beyond”

Mike Beaudry
CEO of HERBL



U\$E

“Union Electric’s commitment to supplier transparency and professionalism has allowed us to amplify our story and create value beyond a white-label manufacturing relationship, leading to new business opportunities we wouldn’t have seen otherwise.”

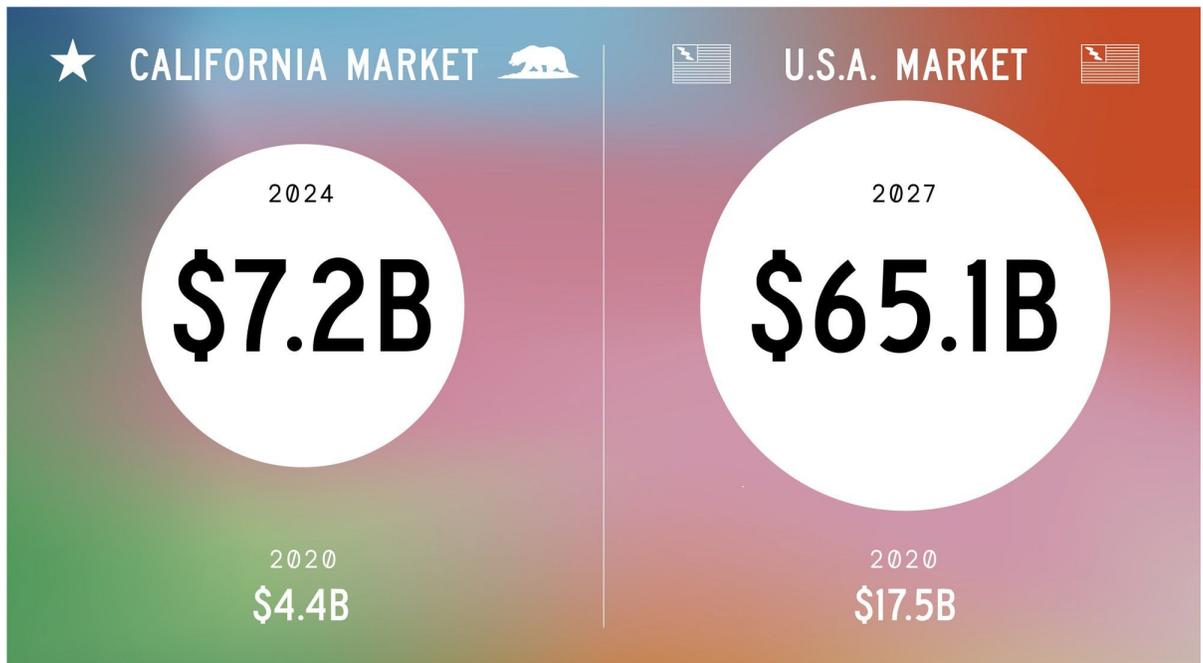
Matias Pino
CFO, Kind Op Corp



Market

\$65B total addressable market by 2027.

Many cannabis brands have already won and lost market share in California in the early days of adult-use cannabis sales, and the industry remains immature and fragmented. The top-10 cannabis brands only accounted for 27% of the state’s \$348.3M in sales in August 2020, while the top 5 beer brewers accounted for 79% of U.S. sales in 2019. A lack of trusted brands within an expanding market is enabling Union Electric to grow rapidly. Union Electric is at the forefront of this accelerating market; which is projected to grow at a CAGR of 17.8% from 2020 onward and reach \$65.1 billion by 2027.



16

STATES LEGALIZED
CANNABIS FOR
RECREATIONAL USE

19

STATES LEGALIZED
CANNABIS FOR
MEDICAL USE

Competition

Attacking a gap in the market.

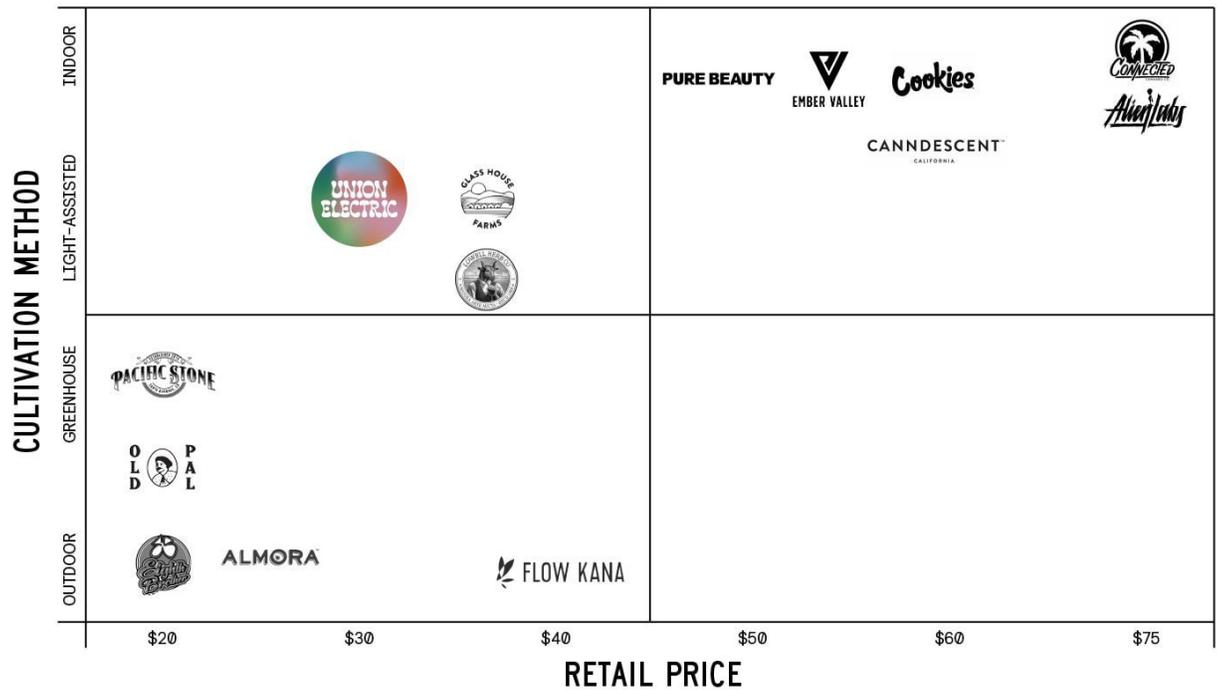
Unlike most flower brands, we've been able to bring quality product to market without draining customers' wallets. Although Union Electric buds are smaller than what consumers find in top shelf offerings, they pack a comparable punch in potency. We are fortunate to have a dedicated allocation of harvest from our farm partners. Additionally, while higher-end brands do harvest larger bud sizes, they also incorporate high-cost elements such as expensive packaging. This is notable within an already cost-prohibitive industry due to state and local taxes. On the lower-end of the spectrum, while some brands can deliver a great value on price, this is at the expense of freshness and potency.



CALIFORNIA FLOWER MARKET



Avg. Price of 1/8th oz. Flower



Vision

Join the Union, Roll Together.

COLLECTIVE POWER

Dependability

**ALWAYS FRESH.
ALWAYS READY TO DELIVER.
ALWAYS ON THE SHELF.**

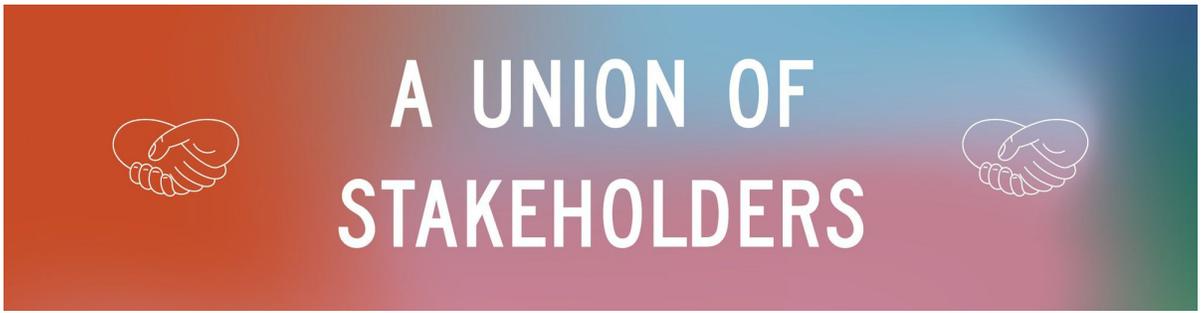
Transparency

**FOR THE FARM.
FOR THE CONSUMER.
FOR THE INDUSTRY.**

Betterment

**OF OUR COMMUNITY.
OF OUR PARTNER FARMS.
OF OUR PROCESS.**

We're excited to offer this investment opportunity to our customers and investors around the world. The name Union Electric was inspired by the punching-in and punching-out aspect of a union job. It also represents the Union of stakeholders that we serve: customers, cultivators, and retailers. Due to the evolving legal status of cannabis in the US, there are few opportunities to invest in cannabis brands. Offering stock through this Regulation CF raise is a natural manifestation of what Union Electric stands for, Collective Power. Additionally, 2% of our profits go to the local communities that have embraced the legal cannabis industry. We support the hardworking people that have entrusted us to steward the future of cannabis.



Investors

Backed by OpenNest Labs & leaders from cannabis, tech & entertainment.

Union Electric was founded in 2020 by OpenNest Labs, LA's leading cannabis venture studio that brings together top talent in order to incubate and accelerate the next generation of cannabis brands. OpenNest Labs is firmly rooted in the idea that transparency and education are vital to creating an equitable global cannabis market. OpenNest Labs investors include M13, Babel Ventures, Arcadian Capital and Red Light Management.

Founders

Previously: Google, Nike, Lowell Farms, Tikun Olam & Headwaters Cannabis

 MAX GOLDSTEIN CEO <i>Google</i>	 KRIS BJORNERUD CFO <i>Amplify LA</i>	 TYLER WAKSTEIN CSO <i>Summit Series & Life Is Good</i>	 VIK SINGH CMO <i>Nike & Hall of Flowers</i>	
 ANTHONY CAPPETTA Head of Creative <i>Jones Knowles Richie</i>	 KAELANA ORGANISTA Head of Supply Chain <i>Headwaters Cannabis</i>	 ASHLEY SEIGEL Head of Sales <i>Lowell Farms & Grupo Flor</i>	 ERIC JASINSKI Head of Strategy & Ops <i>Tikun Olam</i>	 D'MITRI WILLIAMS Operations Coordinator

Team

	Max Goldstein	CEO
	Kris Bjornerud	CFO
	Tyler Wakstein	CSO
	Vik Singh	CMO
	Anthony Cappetta	Head of Creative
	Kaelana Organista	Head of Supply Chain
	Ashley Seigel	Head of Sales
	Eric Jasinski	Head of Strategy & Ops
	D'Mitri Williams	Operations Coordinator

Perks

\$100Welcome to the Union kit

\$1,0001000 Union Points redeemable for merch & accessories Welcome to the Union kit \$1 = 1 point is applicable to any investment over \$1000 Cannot be redeemed with other perks

\$5,000Visit one of our California farm partners Tour facilities & check out the grow room Good for you and a plus 1 Welcome to the Union kit

\$10,000Host a Union Electric 'Smoke Out' Community event for you and 15 friends Available in California for investors 21 & Up Welcome to the Union kit

\$25,0002 VIP Passes to The Emerald Cup Good for you and a plus 1 Welcome to the Union kit

\$100,0002 VIP Tickets to Trailblazers - a cannabis leadership retreat Good for you and a plus 1 Welcome to the Union kit

FAQ

What does the name "Union Electric" represent? The name represents our Union of stakeholders we serve: customers, cultivators, retailers, and soon Reg CF investors, working together to provide affordable, quality products.

What is your plan for national expansion? Union Electric will continue partnering with local cultivators in states that regulate adult-use cannabis. We will prioritize markets mature enough for quality customer experiences and product efficacy and accelerate a new state should we develop a large local community of investors as a result of the Reg CF offering.

How do I earn a return? We are using Republic's Crowd SAFE security. Learn how this translates into a return on investment here.

What must I do to receive my equity or cash in the event of the conversion of my Crowd SAFE? Suppose the Company converts the Crowd SAFE as a result of an equity financing. In that case, you must open a custodial account with the custodian and sign subscription documentation to receive the equity securities. The Company will notify you of the conversion trigger, and you must complete necessary documentation within 30 days of such notice. If you do not complete the required documentation with that time frame, you will only be able to receive an amount of cash equal to (or less in some circumstances) your investment amount. Unclaimed cash will be subject to relevant escheatment laws. For more information, see the Crowd SAFE for this offering.

If the conversion of the Crowd SAFE is triggered as a result of a Liquidity Event (e.g. M&A or an IPO), then you will be required to select between receiving a cash payment (equal to your investment amount or a lesser amount) or equity. You are required to make your selection (and complete any relevant documentation) within 30 days of such receiving notice from the Company of the conversion trigger, otherwise you will receive the cash payment option, which will be subject to relevant escheatment laws. The equity consideration varies depending on whether the Liquidity Event occurs before or after an equity financing. For more information, see the Crowd SAFE for this offering.

EXHIBIT C

Form of Security

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “**SECURITIES ACT**”), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

IF THE INVESTOR LIVES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS THE INVESTOR’S RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. THE COMPANY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN PURCHASER.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.

Crowd SAFE (Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Series 2021

THIS CERTIFIES THAT in exchange for the payment by [Investor Name] (the “Investor”, and together with all other Series 2021 Crowd SAFE holders, “Investors”) of \$[Purchase Amount] (the “Purchase Amount”) on or about [Date of Crowd SAFE], UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby issues to the Investor the right to certain shares of the Company’s Capital Stock (defined below), subject to the terms set forth below.

The “Valuation Cap” is \$30,000,000.

See Section 2 for certain additional defined terms.

1. Events

(a) Equity Financing.

(i) If an Equity Financing occurs before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (“**First Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly notify the Investor of the closing of the First Equity Financing and of the Company’s discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Purchase Amount to Capital Stock; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of the Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) sold in the First Equity Financing. The number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of such Capital Stock shall equal the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the **First Equity Financing Price** (as defined below).

(ii) If the Company elects to continue the term of this Crowd SAFE past the First Equity Financing and another Equity Financing occurs before the termination of this Crowd SAFE in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (each, a “**Subsequent Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly

notify the Investor of the closing of the Subsequent Equity Financing and of the Company's discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Investor's Purchase Amount to Capital Stock; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of the Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) sold in the Subsequent Equity Financing. The number of shares of the CF Shadow Series of such Capital Stock shall equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the First Equity Financing Price.

(iii) If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE, as contemplated in this Section 1(a), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company's decision to convert this Crowd Safe to Capital Stock, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the "**Cash-Default Investors**") in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

(b) Liquidity Event.

(i) If there is a Liquidity Event before the termination of this instrument and before any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) divided by the Liquidity Price.

(ii) If there is a Liquidity Event after one or more Equity Financings have occurred but before the termination of this instrument, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of shares of the most recent issued Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Shares of Capital Stock granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the shares of Capital Stock issued in connection with the Company's most recent Equity Financing.

(iii) If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs (collectively, the "**Cash-Out Investors**") in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts. In connection with this Section 1(b), the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event.

Notwithstanding Sections 1(b)(i)(2) or 1(b)(ii)(2), if the Company's board of directors determines in good faith that delivery of Capital Stock to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(b)(i)(2) or Section 1(b)(ii)(2) would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such Capital Stock, as determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors.

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information

and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its selection to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued Capital Stock, as contemplated in this Section 1(b), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment contemplated in Section 1(b) that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

(c) **Dissolution Event.** If there is a Dissolution Event before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(a) or 1(b), subject to the preferences applicable to any series of Preferred Stock, the Company will distribute its entire assets legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) Investors (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Stock as determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors at the time of Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders of instruments sharing in the assets of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Stock upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) and all holders of Common Stock.

(d) **Termination.** This instrument will terminate (without relieving the Company or the Investor of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with this instrument) upon the earlier to occur: (i) the issuance of shares, whether in Capital Stock or in the CF Shadow Series, to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(a) or Section 1(b); or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to Sections 1(b) or 1(c).

2. Definitions

“**Capital Stock**” means the capital stock of the Company, including, without limitation, Common Stock and Preferred Stock.

“**CF Shadow Series**” shall mean a non-voting series of Capital Stock that is otherwise identical in all respects to the shares of Capital Stock (whether Preferred Stock or another class issued by the Company) issued in the relevant Equity Financing (e.g., if the Company sells Series A Preferred Stock in an Equity Financing, the Shadow Series would be Series A-CF Preferred Stock), except that:

- (i) CF Shadow Series shareholders shall have no voting rights and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter that is submitted to a vote or for the consent of the stockholders of the Company;
- (ii) Each of the CF Shadow Series shareholders shall enter into a proxy agreement, in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, appointing the Intermediary or its designee as its irrevocable proxy with respect to any matter to which CF Shadow Series shareholders are entitled to vote by law. Entering into such proxy agreement is a condition of receiving CF Shadow Shares and such agreement provides that the Intermediary or its designee will vote with the majority of the holders of the relevant class of the Company's Capital Stock on any matters to which the proxy agreement applies; and
- (iii) CF Shadow Series shareholders have no information or inspection rights, except with respect to such rights deemed not waivable by laws.

“**Change of Control**” means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any “person” or “group” (within the meaning of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), becomes the “beneficial owner” (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the

Company having the right to vote for the election of members of the Company's board of directors, (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, other than a transaction or series of related transactions in which the holders of the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction or series of related transactions retain, immediately after such transaction or series of related transactions, at least a majority of the total voting power represented by the outstanding voting securities of the Company or such other surviving or resulting entity or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

"Common Stock" means common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.

"Dissolution Event" means (i) a voluntary termination of operations, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company's creditors, (iii) the commencement of a case (whether voluntary or involuntary) seeking relief under Title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), or (iv) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

"Equity Financing" shall mean the next sale (or series of related sales) by the Company of its Equity Securities to one or more third parties following the date of this instrument from which the Company receives gross proceeds of not less than \$1,000,000 cash or cash equivalent (excluding the conversion of any instruments convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Capital Stock, such as SAFEs or convertible promissory notes) with the principal purpose of raising capital.

"Equity Securities" shall mean Common Stock or Preferred Stock or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for or conferring the right to purchase (with or without additional consideration) Common Stock or Preferred Stock, except in each case, (i) any security granted, issued and/or sold by the Company to any director, officer, employee, advisor or consultant of the Company in such capacity for the primary purpose of soliciting or retaining his, her or its services, (ii) any convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, and (iii) any SAFEs issued.

"First Equity Financing Price" shall mean (x) if the pre-money valuation of the Company immediately prior to the First Equity Financing is less than or equal to the Valuation Cap, the lowest price per share of the Equity Securities sold in the First Equity Financing or (y) if the pre-money valuation of the Company immediately prior to the First Equity Financing is greater than the Valuation Cap, the SAFE Price.

"Fully Diluted Capitalization" shall mean the aggregate number, as of immediately prior to the First Equity Financing, of issued and outstanding shares of Capital Stock, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including shares of convertible Preferred Stock and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase Capital Stock, but excluding (i) the issuance of all shares of Capital Stock reserved and available for future issuance under any of the Company's existing equity incentive plans, (ii) convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, (iii) any SAFEs, and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

"Intermediary" means OpenDeal Portal LLC, a registered securities crowdfunding portal CRD#283874, or a qualified successor.

"IPO" means: (A) the completion of an underwritten initial public offering of Capital Stock by the Company pursuant to: (I) a final prospectus for which a receipt is issued by a securities commission of the United States or of a province of Canada, or (II) a registration statement which has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and is declared effective to enable the sale of Capital

Stock by the Company to the public, which in each case results in such equity securities being listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange; or (B) the Company's initial listing of its Capital Stock (other than shares of Capital Stock not eligible for resale under Rule 144 under the Securities Act) on a national securities exchange by means of an effective registration statement on Form S-1 filed by the Company with the SEC that registered shares of existing Capital Stock of the Company for resale, as approved by the Company's board of directors, where such listing shall not be deemed to be an underwritten offering and shall not involve any underwriting services; or (C) the completion of a reverse merger or take-over whereby an entity (I) whose securities are listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange, or (II) is a reporting issuer in the United States or the equivalent in any foreign jurisdiction, acquires all of the issued and outstanding Capital Stock of the Company.

"Liquidity Capitalization" means the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of shares of the Company's capital stock (on an as-converted basis) outstanding, assuming exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (i) shares of Capital Stock reserved and available for future grant under any equity incentive or similar plan; (ii) any SAFEs; (iii) convertible promissory notes; and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

"Liquidity Event" means a Change of Control or an IPO.

"Liquidity Price" means the price per share equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Liquidity Capitalization.

"Lock-up Period" means the period commencing on the date of the final prospectus relating to the Company's IPO, and ending on the date specified by the Company and the managing underwriter(s). Such period shall not exceed one hundred eighty (180) days, or such other period as may be requested by the Company or an underwriter to accommodate regulatory restrictions on (i) the publication or other distribution of research reports, and (ii) analyst recommendations and opinions.

"Preferred Stock" means the preferred stock of the Company.

"Regulation CF" means Regulation Crowdfunding promulgated under the Securities Act.

"SAFE" means any simple agreement for future equity (or other similar agreement), including a Crowd SAFE, which is issued by the Company for bona fide financing purposes and which may convert into Capital Stock in accordance with its terms.

"SAFE Price" means the price per share equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Fully Diluted Capitalization.

3. Company Representations

(a) The Company is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has the power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and carry on its business as now conducted.

(b) The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this instrument is within the power of the Company and, other than with respect to the actions to be taken when equity is to be issued to Investor, has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Company. This instrument constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application

relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity. To the knowledge of the Company, it is not in violation of (i) its current charter or bylaws; (ii) any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; or (iii) any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, where, in each case, such violation or default, individually, or together with all such violations or defaults, could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

(c) The performance and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this instrument do not and will not: (i) violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; (ii) result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound; or (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon any property, asset or revenue of the Company or the suspension, forfeiture, or nonrenewal of any material permit, license or authorization applicable to the Company, its business or operations.

(d) No consents or approvals are required in connection with the performance of this instrument, other than: (i) the Company's corporate approvals; (ii) any qualifications or filings under applicable securities laws; and (iii) necessary corporate approvals for the authorization of shares of CF Shadow Series issuable pursuant to Section 1.

(e) The Company shall, prior to the conversion of this instrument, reserve from its authorized but unissued shares of Capital Stock for issuance and delivery upon the conversion of this instrument, such number of shares of the Capital Stock as necessary to effect the conversion contemplated by this instrument, and, from time to time, will take all steps necessary to amend its charter to provide sufficient authorized numbers of shares of the Capital Stock issuable upon the conversion of this instrument. All such shares shall be duly authorized, and when issued upon any such conversion, shall be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens, security interests, charges and other encumbrances or restrictions on sale and free and clear of all preemptive rights, except encumbrances or restrictions arising under federal or state securities laws.

(f) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, (ii) not an investment company as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "**Investment Company Act**"), and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (v) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, and (vi) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

(g) The Company has, or will shortly after the issuance of this instrument, engage a transfer agent registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to act as the sole registrar and transfer agent for the Company with respect to the Crowd SAFE.

(h) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "**Exchange Act**"), (ii) not an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by section 3(b) or section 3(c) of such Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under §4(a)(6) due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (v) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, and (vi) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

4. Investor Representations

(a) The Investor has full legal capacity, power and authority to execute and deliver this instrument and to perform its obligations hereunder. This instrument constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Investor, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity.

(b) The Investor has been advised that this instrument and the underlying securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and are offered and sold hereby pursuant to Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act. The Investor understands that neither this instrument nor the underlying securities may be resold or otherwise transferred unless they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws or pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF, in which case certain state transfer restrictions may apply.

(c) The Investor is purchasing this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder for its own account for investment, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Investor has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same. The Investor understands that the Securities have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws, by reason of specific exemptions under the provisions thereof which depend upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of each Investor's representations as expressed herein.

(d) The Investor acknowledges, and is purchasing this instrument in compliance with, the investment limitations set forth in Rule 100(a)(2) of Regulation CF, promulgated under Section 4(a)(6)(B) of the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor acknowledges that the Investor has received all the information the Investor has requested from the Company and the Investor considers necessary or appropriate for deciding whether to acquire this instrument and the underlying securities, and the Investor represents that the Investor has had an opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from the Company regarding the terms and conditions of this instrument and the underlying securities and to obtain any additional information necessary to verify the accuracy of the information given to the Investor. In deciding to purchase this instrument, the Investor is not relying on the advice or recommendations of the Company or of the Intermediary and the Investor has made its own independent decision that an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities is suitable and appropriate for the Investor. The Investor understands that no federal or state agency has passed upon the merits or risks of an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities or made any finding or determination concerning the fairness or advisability of this investment.

(f) The Investor understands and acknowledges that as a Crowd SAFE investor, the Investor shall have no voting, information or inspection rights, aside from any disclosure requirements the Company is required to make under relevant securities regulations.

(g) The Investor understands that no public market now exists for any of the securities issued by the Company, and that the Company has made no assurances that a public market will ever exist for this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder.

(h) The Investor is not (i) a citizen or resident of a geographic area in which the purchase or holding of the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities is prohibited by applicable law, decree,

regulation, treaty, or administrative act, (ii) a citizen or resident of, or located in, a geographic area that is subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions or embargoes, or (iii) an individual, or an individual employed by or associated with an entity, identified on the U.S. Department of Commerce's Denied Persons or Entity List, the U.S. Department of Treasury's Specially Designated Nationals List, the U.S. Department of State's Debarred Parties List or other applicable sanctions lists. Investor hereby represents and agrees that if Investor's country of residence or other circumstances change such that the above representations are no longer accurate, Investor will immediately notify Company. Investor further represents and warrants that it will not knowingly sell or otherwise transfer any interest in the Crowd SAFE or the underlying securities to a party subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions.

(i) If the Investor is not a United States person (as defined by Section 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended), the Investor hereby represents that it has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the laws of its jurisdiction in connection with any invitation, subscription and payment for, and continued ownership of, its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities will not violate any applicable securities or other laws of the Investor's jurisdiction, including (i) the legal requirements within its jurisdiction for the subscription and the purchase of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE; (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such subscription and purchase; (iii) any governmental or other consents that may need to be obtained; and (iv) the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, conversion, redemption, sale, or transfer of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities. The Investor acknowledges that the Company has taken no action in foreign jurisdictions with respect to the Crowd SAFE (and the Investor's beneficial interest therein) and the underlying securities.

(j) If the Investor is a corporate entity: (i) such corporate entity is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has the power and authority to enter into this Crowd SAFE; (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by the Investor of the Crowd SAFE is within the power of the Investor and has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Investor; (iii) to the knowledge of the Investor, it is not in violation of its current charter or bylaws, any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; and (iv) the performance the Crowd SAFE does not and will not violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Investor is a party or by which it is bound, or otherwise result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon the Purchase Amount.

(k) For purposes of this Section 4(k) Investor, and to the extent applicable, its officers, managers, employees, agents, shareholders, option or warrant holders, members, partners or any equity owner or financier of Investor (including the individuals who own any equity in an equity owner or financier of Investor if such equity owner is an entity) are collectively referred as "**Investor**." Investor acknowledges and understands that the proceeds from this instrument will be used by Company for cannabis, cannabidiol (CBD), and/or other cannabinoid related business activities, which may include marketing, technology, sales, services, and other ancillary business activities (collectively, "**Cannabis Related Business**"). Furthermore, Investor further acknowledges and understands that Cannabis Related Businesses are subject to extensive regulation, and as a result Investor may be required to provide detailed information relating to its identity and interest in the Company under applicable laws, including without limitation California Code Title 16, Division 42 (Bureau of Cannabis Control). Investor authorizes Company to provide all legally required information to the applicable regulatory agencies; and further agrees and commits to all necessary action and provide all necessary information for Company to comply with applicable law, including but not limited to: name, contact information, date of birth, government ID number, finger prints, taxes, title, ownership structure (including individual owners) of Investor; and ownership interest in Company. Investor also acknowledges and agrees that Investor has obtained the consent of each individual owner of Investor and each individual owner of any entity that has a financial or equity interest in Investor to comply with this Section 4(k). Additionally, Investor covenants and agrees that a change the ownership interest or

financing of Investor may first require approval from the applicable regulatory agency and commits to comply with any such requirement. The above transparency and disclosure requirements will survive for so long as Investor holds any financial or equity interest in Company.

(l) THE INVESTOR FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT HAS READ, UNDERSTOOD, AND HAD AMPLE OPPORTUNITY TO ASK COMPANY QUESTIONS ABOUT ITS BUSINESS PLANS, “RISK FACTORS,” AND ALL OTHER INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THE COMPANY’S FORM C AND THE OFFERING DOCUMENTATION FILED WITH THE SEC.

(m) THE INVESTOR REPRESENTS THAT THE INVESTOR UNDERSTANDS THE SUBSTANTIAL LIKELIHOOD THAT THE INVESTOR WILL SUFFER A TOTAL LOSS OF ALL CAPITAL INVESTED, AND THAT INVESTOR IS PREPARED TO BEAR THE RISK OF SUCH TOTAL LOSS.

5. Transfer Restrictions.

(a) The Investor hereby agrees that during the Lock-up Period it will not, without the prior written consent of the managing underwriter: (A) lend; offer; pledge; sell; contract to sell; sell any option or contract to purchase; purchase any option or contract to sell; grant any option, right, or warrant to purchase; or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Stock (whether such shares or any such securities are then owned by the Investor or are thereafter acquired); or (B) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of such securities; whether any such transaction described in clause (A) or (B) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or other securities, in cash, or otherwise.

(b) The foregoing provisions of Section 5(a) will: (x) apply only to the IPO and will not apply to the sale of any shares to an underwriter pursuant to an underwriting agreement; (y) not apply to the transfer of any shares to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Investor or the immediate family of the Investor, provided that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth herein, and provided further that any such transfer will not involve a disposition for value; and (z) be applicable to the Investor only if all officers and directors of the Company are subject to the same restrictions and the Company uses commercially reasonable efforts to obtain a similar agreement from all stockholders individually owning more than 5% of the outstanding Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Stock. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the underwriters in connection with the IPO are intended third-party beneficiaries of Section 5(a) and will have the right, power and authority to enforce the provisions hereof as though they were a party hereto. The Investor further agrees to execute such agreements as may be reasonably requested by the underwriters in connection with the IPO that are consistent with Section 5(a) or that are necessary to give further effect thereto.

(c) In order to enforce the foregoing covenant, the Company may impose stop transfer instructions with respect to the Investor’s registrable securities of the Company (and the Company shares or securities of every other person subject to the foregoing restriction) until the end of the Lock-up Period. The Investor agrees that a legend reading substantially as follows will be placed on all certificates representing all of the Investor’s registrable securities of the Company (and the shares or securities of the Company held by every other person subject to the restriction contained in Section 5(a)):

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE SUBJECT TO A LOCK-UP PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE COMPANY'S REGISTRATION STATEMENT FILED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AS SET FORTH IN AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE ORIGINAL HOLDER OF THESE SECURITIES, A COPY OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE COMPANY'S PRINCIPAL OFFICE. SUCH LOCK-UP PERIOD IS BINDING ON TRANSFEREES OF THESE SECURITIES.

(d) Without in any way limiting the representations and warranties set forth in Section 4 above, the Investor further agrees not to make any disposition of all or any portion of this instrument or the underlying securities unless and until the transferee has agreed in writing for the benefit of the Company to make the representations and warranties set out in Section 4 and the undertaking set out in Section 5(a) and:

(i) There is then in effect a registration statement under the Securities Act covering such proposed disposition and such disposition is made in accordance with such registration statement; or

(ii) The Investor shall have notified the Company of the proposed disposition and shall have furnished the Company with a detailed statement of the circumstances surrounding the proposed disposition and, if reasonably requested by the Company, the Investor shall have furnished the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company that such disposition will not require registration of such shares under the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor agrees that it shall not make any disposition of this instrument or any underlying securities to any of the Company's competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

(f) The Investor understands and agrees that the Company will place the legend set forth below or a similar legend on any book entry or other forms of notation evidencing this Crowd SAFE and any certificates evidencing the underlying securities, together with any other legends that may be required by state or federal securities laws, the Company's charter or bylaws, any other agreement between the Investor and the Company or any agreement between the Investor and any third party:

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

6. Miscellaneous

(a) The Investor agrees to take any and all actions determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors to be advisable to reorganize this instrument and any shares of Capital Stock issued pursuant to the terms of this instrument into a special purpose vehicle or other entity designed to aggregate

the interests of holders of Crowd SAFEs.

(b) Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of either (i) the Company and the Investor, or (ii) the Company and the majority of the Investors (calculated based on the Purchase Amount of each Investors Crowd SAFE).

(c) Any notice required or permitted by this instrument will be deemed sufficient when delivered personally or by overnight courier or sent by email to the relevant address listed on the signature page, or 48 hours after being deposited in the U.S. mail as certified or registered mail with postage prepaid, addressed to the party to be notified at such party's address listed on the signature page, as subsequently modified by written notice.

(d) The Investor is not entitled, as a holder of this instrument, to vote or receive dividends or be deemed the holder of Capital Stock for any purpose, nor will anything contained herein be construed to confer on the Investor, as such, any of the rights of a stockholder of the Company or any right to vote for the election of directors or upon any matter submitted to stockholders at any meeting thereof, or to give or withhold consent to any corporate action or to receive notice of meetings, or to receive subscription rights or otherwise until shares have been issued upon the terms described herein.

(e) Neither this instrument nor the rights contained herein may be assigned, by operation of law or otherwise, by either party without the prior written consent of the other; *provided, however*, that this instrument and/or the rights contained herein may be assigned without the Company's consent by the Investor to any other entity who directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the Investor, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer or director of the Investor, or any venture capital fund now or hereafter existing which is controlled by one or more general partners or managing members of, or shares the same management company with, the Investor; and *provided, further*, that the Company may assign this instrument in whole, without the consent of the Investor, in connection with a reincorporation to change the Company's domicile.

(f) In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

(g) All securities issued under this instrument may be issued in whole or fractional parts, in the Company's sole discretion.

(h) All rights and obligations hereunder will be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the conflicts of law provisions of such jurisdiction.

(i) Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of, relating to or in connection with this instrument, including the breach or validity thereof, shall be determined by final and binding arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA") under its Commercial Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures ("**Commercial Rules**"). The award rendered by the arbitrator shall be final, non-appealable and binding on the parties and may be entered and enforced in any court having jurisdiction. There shall be one arbitrator agreed to by the parties within twenty (20) days of receipt by respondent of the request for arbitration or, in default thereof, appointed by the AAA in accordance with its Commercial Rules. The place of arbitration shall be within twenty-five miles of the Company's principal place of business. Except as may be required by law or to protect a legal right, neither a party nor the

arbitrator may disclose the existence, content or results of any arbitration without the prior written consent of the other parties.

(j) The parties acknowledge and agree that for United States federal and state income tax purposes this Crowd SAFE is, and at all times has been, intended to be characterized as stock, and more particularly as common stock for purposes of Sections 304, 305, 306, 354, 368, 1036 and 1202 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Accordingly, the parties agree to treat this Crowd SAFE consistent with the foregoing intent for all United States federal and state income tax purposes (including, without limitation, on their respective tax returns or other informational statements).

(k) The Investor agrees any action contemplated by this Crowd SAFE and requested by the Company must be completed by the Investor within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the relevant notice (whether actual or constructive) to the Investor.

(Signature page follows)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC.

By:

Name: Alexander Max Goldstein

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Address: 4055 Redwood Ave, #420, Los Angeles, CA 90066

Email: max@opennest.co

INVESTOR:

By:

Name:

Exhibit A – CF Shadow Share Proxy

Irrevocable Proxy

Reference is hereby made to a certain Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity (the “*Crowd SAFE*”), dated [Date of Crowd SAFE] between UNION ELECTRIC SUPPLY INC. a Delaware corporation (the “*Company*”) and [Investor Name] (“*Stockholder*”). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in the Crowd SAFE. In connection with a conversion of Stockholder’s investment in the Crowd SAFE into Capital Stock of a CF Shadow Series (as defined in the Crowd SAFE) pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, the Stockholder and OpenDeal Portal LLC (the “*Intermediary*”) as another holder of Capital Stock of a CF Shadow Series hereby agree as follows:

1) Grant of Irrevocable Proxy.

- a) With respect to all of the shares of Capital Stock of CF Shadow Series owned by the Stockholder as of the date of this Irrevocable Proxy or any subsequent date (the “*Shares*”), Stockholder hereby grants to Intermediary an irrevocable proxy under Section 212 of the Delaware General Corporation Law to vote the Shares in any manner that the Intermediary may determine in its sole and absolute discretion. For the avoidance of doubt, the Intermediary, as the holder of the irrevocable proxy (rather than the Stockholder) will vote the Shares with respect to all shareholder meetings and other actions (including actions by written consent in lieu of a meeting) on which holders of Shares may be entitled to vote. The Intermediary hereby agrees to vote all Shares consistently with the majority of the shares on which the CF Shadow Series is based. This proxy revokes any other proxy granted by the Stockholder at any time with respect to the Shares.
- b) The Intermediary shall have no duty, liability or obligation whatsoever to the Stockholder arising out of the Intermediary’s exercise of this irrevocable proxy. The Stockholder expressly acknowledges and agrees that (i) the Stockholder will not impede the exercise of the Intermediary’s rights under this irrevocable proxy and (ii) the Stockholder waives and relinquishes any claim, right or action the Stockholder might have, as a stockholder of the Company or otherwise, against the Intermediary or any of its affiliates or agents (including any directors, officers, managers, members, and employees) in connection with any exercise of the irrevocable proxy granted hereunder.
- c) This irrevocable proxy shall expire as to those Shares on the earlier of (i) the date that such Shares are converted into Common Stock of the Company or (ii) the date that such Shares are converted to cash or a cash equivalent, but shall continue as to any Shares not so converted.

2) **Legend.** The Stockholder agrees to permit an appropriate legend on certificates evidencing the Shares or any transfer books or related documentation of ownership reflecting the grant of the irrevocable proxy contained in the foregoing Section 1.

3) **Representations and Warranties.** The Stockholder represents and warrants to the Intermediary as follows:

- a) The Stockholder has all the necessary rights, power and authority to execute, deliver and perform his obligations under this Irrevocable Proxy. This Irrevocable Proxy has been duly executed and delivered by the Stockholder and constitutes such Stockholder’s legal and valid obligation enforceable against the Stockholder in accordance with its terms.

b) The Stockholder is the record owner of the Shares listed under the name on this Appendix A and the Stockholder has plenary voting and dispositive power with respect to such Shares; the Stockholder owns no other shares of the capital stock of the Company; there are no proxies, voting trusts or other agreements or understandings to which such Stockholder is a party or bound by and which expressly require that any of the Shares be voted in any specific manner other than pursuant to this irrevocable proxy; and the Stockholder has not entered into any agreement or arrangement inconsistent with this Irrevocable Proxy.

4) Equitable Remedies. The Stockholder acknowledges that irreparable damage would result if this Irrevocable Proxy is not specifically enforced and that, therefore, the rights and obligations of the Intermediary may be enforced by a decree of specific performance issued by arbitration pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, and appropriate injunctive relief may be applied for and granted in connection therewith. Such remedies shall, however, not be exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies that the Intermediary may otherwise have available.

5) Defined Terms. All terms defined in this Irrevocable Proxy shall have the meaning defined herein. All other terms will be interpreted in accordance with the Crowd SAFE.

6) Amendment. Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of the (i) the Stockholder and (ii) the Intermediary.

7) Assignment.

- a) In the event the Stockholder wishes to transfer, sell, hypothecate or otherwise assign any Shares, the Stockholder hereby agrees to require, as a condition of such action, that the counterparty or counterparties thereto must enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary substantially identical to this Irrevocable Proxy.
- b) The Intermediary may transfer its rights as Holder under this instrument after giving prior written notice to the Stockholder.

8) Severability. In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

INVESTOR:

By:
Name:

Date

INTERMEDIARY:

By:
Name: Authorized Signatory, OpenDeal Portal
LLC d/b/a Republic
Date

EXHIBIT D

Video Transcript

For those who wake before the sun
For those who hold the keys and flip the sign
For those who clock out, just to clock by in

From Barstow to Bragg
From Bishop to Morro Bay

Across winding roads
Busy sidewalks
From endless coasts
To the dusty desert plains

They show up to keep us moving

From first harvest to the dispensary door
Countless hours spent with zero wasted

We are paving the way with the top cultivators across the state of California
To bring the Union premium cannabis at a fair price

We do this together, side by side, with each other in our minds

Because we know there isn't any way

The Union is all around us

We Roll Together