Harmony Turbines, Inc.

Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2024

With Independent Auditor's Opinion

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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

To the Shareholders of,
Harmony Turbines, Inc.

Opinion
We have audited the financial statements of Harmony Turbines, Inc. which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Harmony Turbines, Inc. as of December 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Harmony Turbines, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Substantial Doubt About the Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern
The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the entity has recurring losses and did not generate enough revenue in the year 2024 to cover all operational expenses. As the entity has suffered recurring losses from operations, has a net capital deficiency, and has stated that substantial doubt exists about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management has evaluated the events and conditions, and it's plan regarding these matters are al described in Note 2. During the next twelve months, the Company intends to fund its operations through debt and/or equity financing. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation

and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Harmony Turbines, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

● Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

● Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

● Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Harmony Turbines, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

● Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

● Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Harmony Turbines, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Faiza Mehmood -CPA (123730)

FM Financial Services LLC
Sugar Land, Texas, 77478
Date: April 22, 2025

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Comparative Statement of Financial Position
As of December 31, 2024

Assets		**2024**		**2023**
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$	384,047	$	892,310
Inventory		5,828		6,626
Other Receivables		18,479		
Prepaid and Deposits		985		3,385
Total Current Assets	**$**	**409,340**	**$**	**902,322**
Non-Current Assets				
Equipment and Furniture (Net)	$	340,462	$	276,575
Total Non-Current Assets	**$**	**340,462**	**$**	**276,575**
Total Assets	**$**	**749,802**	**$**	**1,178,896**
Liabilities and Equity				
Current Liabilities				
	$	971	$	332
Total Current Liabilities	**$**	**971**	**$**	**332**
Total Liabilities	**$**	**971**	**$**	**332**
Equity				
Common Stock -				
Issued and Outstanding (10,000,0000)				
Series Seed Preferred Stock -				
Issued and Outstanding (3,612,551)				
Additional Paid in Capital (Net of Fees)	$	2,664,762	$	2,400,141
Retained Earnings		(1,915,932)		(1,221,732)
Total Equity	**$**	**748,831**	**$**	**1,178,409**
Total Liabilities and Equity	**$**	**749,802**	**$**	**1,178,896**

Accompanying footnotes are the integral part of the financial Statements

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Comparative Statement of Operations
For the Period Ended December 31, 2024

	2024	2023
Revenue		
Revenue (Net)	$ 30,623	$ 21,440
Total Revenue	**$ 30,623**	**$ 21,440**
Cost of Sales	$ 798	$ 5,805
Gross Profit	**$ 29,825**	**$ 15,635**
Operational Expenses		
Sales and Marketing Expenses	$ 73,144	$ 98,156
Administrative Expenses	$ 659,549	$ 611,135
Total Operational Expenses	**$ 732,693**	**$ 709,291**
Net Profit/(Loss) before Tax	$ (702,868)	$ (693,656)
Other Income	$ 8,773	$ 2,834
Net Profit and Loss	**$ (694,096)**	**$ (690,822)**
Loss per share	*$ (0.07)*	*$ (0.07)*

Accompanying footnotes are the integral part of the financial Statements

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Statement of Changes in Equity
As of December 31, 2024

	Common Stock	preferred non-voting Reg CF	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	Shares	Shares			
As of December 31, 2022	**10,000,000**	**1,997,572**	**$ 1,038,999**	**$ (530,859)**	**$ 508,140**
New issuance		1,372,031	$ 1,361,142		$ 1,361,142
Net Income/(Loss)				$ (690,822)	$ (690,822)
As of December 31, 2023	**10,000,000**	**3,369,603**	**$ 2,400,141**	**$(1,221,836)**	**$ 1,178,460**
New issuance		242,948	$ 264,621		$ 264,621
Net Income/Loss)				$ (694,096)	$ (694,096)
As of December 31, 2024	**10,000,000**	**3,612,551**	**$ 2,664,762**	**$(1,915,932)**	**$ 748,986**

Accompanying footnotes are the integral part of the financial Statements

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Comparative Statement of Cash Flow
For the year ended December 31, 2024

		2024		2023
Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	$	30,630	$	8,356
Payments to suppliers and employees		(690,917)		(698,998)
Cash receipts from other operating activities		8,763		15,920
Cash payments from other operating activities		(43,188)		(15,934)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	**$**	**(694,712)**	**$**	**(690,655)**
Investing Activities				
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	$	48,462	$	35,218
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(112,350)		(292,508)
Other cash items from investing activities		(15,282)		6,353
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	**$**	**(79,169)**	**$**	**(250,937)**
Financing Activities				
Other cash items from financing activities	$	263,947	$	1,360,255
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	**$**	**263,947**	**$**	**1,360,255**
Net Cash Flows	**$**	**(509,934)**	**$**	**418,662**
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	$	893,261	$	474,598
Net cash flows		(509,213)		418,662
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		384,047		893,261
Net change in cash for period	**$**	**(509,213)**	**$**	**418,662**

Accompanying footnotes are the integral part of the financial Statements

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements
As of December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Nature of the Entity

Harmony Turbines, Inc. is organized under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania. Harmony Turbines, Inc. was originally founded on August 11, 2020. Harmony Turbines, Inc. is working on creating small scale Vertical Axis Wind Turbine products and solutions for home and small business use. Harmony Turbines, Inc. is focusing production on units sized 10kW or less but would license to organizations looking to make larger units for industrial purposes. Harmony Turbines, Inc.'s patented intellectual property encompasses both its proprietary turbine blade and generator designs. Both unique production lines are being developed and manufactured by Harmony Turbines. Harmony Turbines, Inc. is working on creating the first small scale Vertical. Axis Wind Turbines that finally make sense for the average homeowner which will be beautiful, low maintenance, safe and efficient. The Harmony Turbines, Inc. is a privately held Pennsylvania corporation headquartered in Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

Note 2 - Going concern and management's plans

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company is in a pre-revenue stage and has not yet commenced principal operations. It has incurred recurring losses since inception and may continue to generate losses during the next twelve months. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate more revenues and/or secure financing sufficient to meet its obligations as they become due.
Management has developed and initiated a phased operational plan for 2025–2026 to address these uncertainties. The Company has begun real-world testing of its first permanent ALPHA unit and is developing a custom axial flux generator to pair with it. Upon successful completion of beta testing, the Company plans to initiate early-stage sales of Harmony Turbines.

In the interim, the Company is dependent on capital raised through securities offerings and is supplementing this with minor revenue streams from contract manufacturing work. These activities form part of the Company's strategy to generate cash flows and support its long-term viability.

While management believes these plans will enable the Company to continue operations, there can be no assurance that such efforts will be successful.
The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 3 - Risks and uncertainties

The Company has not yet generated a profit from intended operations. The Company's business and operations are sensitive to general business and economic conditions in the U.S., along with local, state, and federal governmental policy decisions. A host of factors beyond the Company's control could cause fluctuations in these conditions. Adverse conditions may include recession, downturn or otherwise, government policy changes, availability of a qualified human capital, consumer trends in the transportation economy, and negative press. These adverse conditions could affect the Company's financial condition and the results of its operations.

Note 4 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of Presentation

The company adheres to GAAP accrual accounting principles, whereby revenue is recognized upon earning and expenses are recorded upon their incurrence, regardless of the timing of cash receipts and payments.

Management actively oversees day-to-day operations and has established an internal control system to monitor the responsibilities of staff across various departments, aimed at safeguarding company assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Significant areas where estimation uncertainty exists include:

Depreciation and Amortization

The determination of useful lives and residual values of property, plant, and equipment (PPE), as well as intangible assets, impacts the calculation of depreciation and amortization expenses.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management's estimation of the allowance for doubtful accounts affects the reported amounts of accounts receivable and the corresponding bad debt expense.

Inventory Valuation

Estimating the net realizable value of inventory and potential obsolescence requires management judgment, impacting the valuation of inventories and cost of goods sold.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of financial instruments, investments, and other assets and liabilities involves significant estimation uncertainty, particularly in the absence of quoted market prices.

Income Taxes

Estimation of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, including uncertain tax positions, requires management to assess the probability of future taxable income and the application of tax laws and regulations.

Contingent Liabilities

Management evaluates the likelihood and potential magnitude of contingent liabilities arising from pending litigation, environmental remediation, or other uncertain events, impacting the disclosure of such matters in the financial statements.

These estimates and assumptions are inherently subjective and may differ from actual results, leading to adjustments in future periods. Management exercises judgment in determining these estimates based on historical experience, industry trends, and other relevant factors. However, actual results may vary from these estimates, and such variations could have a material impact on the financial position and operating results of the company.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and cash in checking, savings accounts and Money Market accounts. All unrestricted liquid short-term investments and certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash accounts at major financial institutions that are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (“FDIC”) up to $250,000. The company, from time to time. may have the cash in any bank that is more than $250,000.

Inventories

The inventory account is several purchases of merchandise that were customized for the entity with logos to sell it through website. The merchandise includes t-shirts, hats, mugs and sweatshirts.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Normal repairs and maintenance costs are charged to earnings as incurred and additions and major improvements are capitalized. The cost of assets retired or otherwise disposed of, and the related depreciation are eliminated from the accounts in the period of disposal and the resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to earnings. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method, based on useful lives of the assets. Depreciation expense as of December 31, 2024, and 2023, is $43,188 and 15,934 respectively.

The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends, and prospects, the way the property is used, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Based on this assessment there was no impairment as of December 31, 2024, and 2023.

Net loss per share

Net earnings or loss per share are computed by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, excluding shares subject to redemption or forfeiture. The Company presents basic and diluted net earnings or loss per share.

Note 5 - Income Taxes

The Harmony Turbines, Inc. is subject to corporate income and state income taxes in the state it does business. A deferred tax asset as a result of net operating losses (NOL) has not been. recognized due to the uncertainty of future positive taxable income to utilize the NOL. Due to the recently enacted Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, any NOLs will be limited to 80% of taxable income. generated in future years.

Total Net operating loss as of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, is $1,987,793.83 and 1,221,836.

Note 6 - Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash with a major financial institution located in the United States of America which it believes to be creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to $250,000. The Company keep the funds into the money market account, and the funds are distributed across multiple accounts. Therefore, none of the accounts has more than $250,000 in them at any given time.

Note 7 - Revenues

ASC Topic 606, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” establishes principles for reporting information about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity’s contracts to provide goods or services to customers.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The Company applies the following five steps to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under each of its agreements:

1) Identify the contract with a customer

2) Identify the performance obligations in the contract

3) Determine the transaction price

4) Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract

5) Recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

Note 8 - Advertising and Promotion

Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and promotional expenses for the years ended December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, are $73,144 and $98,156 respectively which is included in sales and marketing expenses.

Note 9 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company’s financial instruments included in current assets, and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments).

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

Note 10 - COVID-19

The outbreak of Novel Coronavirus (COVID 19) continues to progress and evolve. Therefore, it is challenging now, to predict the full extent and duration of its business and economic impact. The extent and duration of such impacts remain uncertain and dependent on future developments that cannot be accurately predicted at this time, such as the transmission rate of the coronavirus and the extent and effectiveness of containment actions taken. Given the ongoing economic uncertainty, a reliable estimate of the impact cannot be made at the date of authorization of these financial statements. These developments could impact our future financial results, cash flows and financial condition however the management of the Company was hopeful that it will not significantly impact the business of the Company.

Note 11 - Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

FASB issued ASU No. 2019-02, leases, that requires organizations that lease assets, referred to as "lessees", to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases with lease terms of more than twelve months. ASU 2019-02 will also require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases and will include qualitative and quantitative requirements. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and early application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on financial statements and related disclosures.

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a few ASUs to date, including those above, that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

Note 12 - Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment consist of Furniture and Fixture, Machinery and Equipment, vehicle and leasehold improvements. As of December 31, 2024, the depreciation expense was $43,188.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, if purchased or fair value on date of contribution. Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capitalization costs incurred in connection with ongoing capital projects are recorded as systems and construction in progress. These costs will be reclassified into categories and depreciated once placed in service. Expenditures for normal maintenance and repairs are charged to expense. The estimated useful lives by asset class are as follows:

	Years
Buildings	25-50
Buildings improvements	25-50
Vehicles	5
Furniture and office equipment	7
Software and computer equipment.	3-5

Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

Company follows ASC 850, “Related Party Disclosures,” for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions. No transactions require disclosure.

Note 14 - Capitalization and Equity Transactions

As of December 31, 2024, Total Common stock issued and outstanding is 10,000,000.

Preferred stock

As of December 31, 2024, Total Preferred stock issued and outstanding is 3,612,551.

Equity Offerings

The entity has raised approximately $2,664,762 from various investors through Preferred non - voting Reg CF offering.

Note 15 - Contingencies

The Company’s operations are subject to a variety of local and state regulations. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or losses of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

Note 16 - Litigation and Claims

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2024, the company was not aware of any pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company’s operations.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 16, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Harmony Turbines, Inc.
Schedule for Operational Expenses
As of December 31, 2024

Operating Expenses	
Accounting Fees	$ 1,727
Advertising	73,144
Audit Fees	4,051
Automobile: Fuel & Oil	278
Automobile: Registration & Insurance	1,386
Automobile: Repairs & Maintenance	99
Bad Debt Expense	(26)
Bank Service Charges	41
Building: Rent	33,240
Building: Repairs and Maintenance	1,495
Building: Utilities	14,173
Business License and Fees	500
Charitable Contributions	25
Contract Manufacturing Expense	187
Depreciation	43,188
Dues and Subscriptions	30
Employee Benefits	42,661
Equipment: Fuel	54
Equipment: Repairs and Maintenance	24,040
Equipment: Safety	375
Equipment: Small Computer	3,671
Equipment: Small Shop Appliances	3,980
Insurance: Commercial Umbrella	550
Insurance: Directors and Officers	3,604
Insurance: Property and Liability	10,734
Insurance: Workers Compensation	2,700
KoreConX Raise	11,793
Lease Expense	201
Legal Fees	2,275
Meals: Clients	670
Meals: Staff	1,615
Merchant Fees	307
Patent Expenses	400
Payroll Tax Expense	31,120
Postage and Delivery	80
Product Discount (non-taxable)	23
Professional Fees	2,738
Recruiting Expenses	71
Research & Development	24,174
Service Expenses	750
Shipping: Online Store	188
Small Furniture Expense	7,423
Software	2,178
StartEngine Raise	(30,760)
Supplies: Computer	851
Supplies: Machine Tooling	11,316
Supplies: Office	958
Supplies: Shop	5,042
Telephone and Internet	3,057
Training and Conferences	59
Travel & Mileage	1,923
Wages and Salaries	388,324
Warranty Expenses	12
Total Operating Expenses	**$ 732,693**