

Form C

Cover Page

Name of issuer:

Jetoptera, Inc

Legal status of issuer:

Form: Corporation

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization: DE

Date of organization: 6/1/2015

Physical address of issuer:

123 2nd Avenue South
Suite 200
Edmonds WA 98020

Website of issuer:

<https://www.jetoptera.com/>

Name of intermediary through which the offering will be conducted:

Wefunder Portal LLC

CIK number of intermediary:

0001670254

SEC file number of intermediary:

007-00033

CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary:

283503

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the

filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

6.9% of the offering amount upon a successful fundraise, and be entitled to reimbursement for out-of-pocket third party expenses it pays or incurs on behalf of the Issuer in connection with the offering.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

No

Type of security offered:

- Common Stock
- Preferred Stock
- Debt
- Other

If Other, describe the security offered:

Target number of securities to be offered:

4,912

Price:

\$10.790000

Method for determining price:

Dividing pre-money valuation \$128,528,958 (or \$121,262,724.62 for investors in the first \$750,001.32) by number of shares outstanding on fully diluted basis, not including options.

Target offering amount:

\$50,004.16

Oversubscriptions accepted:

- Yes
- No

If yes, disclose how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

- Pro-rata basis
- First-come, first-served basis
- Other

If other, describe how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

As determined by the issuer

Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount):

\$2,000,000.00

Deadline to reach the target offering amount:

4/30/2027

NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be canceled and committed funds will be returned.

Current number of employees:

2

	Most recent fiscal year-end:	Prior fiscal year-end:
Total Assets:	\$4,890,369.00	\$5,952,959.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents:	\$276,573.00	\$1,718,898.00
Accounts Receivable:	\$613,724.00	\$895,000.00
Current Liabilities:	\$9,038,784.00	\$8,998,146.00
Non-Current Liabilities:	\$138,732.00	\$257,338.00
Revenues/Sales:	\$806,539.00	\$1,283,898.00
Cost of Goods Sold:	\$1,283,898.00	\$2,530,297.00
Taxes Paid:	\$14,331.00	\$28,405.00
Net Income:	(\$3,612,514.00)	(\$3,006,108.00)

Select the jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

AL, AK, AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, FL, GA, HI, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MS, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, OH, OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY, B5, GU, PR, VI, 1V

Offering Statement

Respond to each question in each paragraph of this part. Set forth each question and any notes, but not any instructions thereto, in their entirety. If disclosure in response to any question is responsive to one or more other questions, it is not necessary to repeat the disclosure. If a question or series of questions is inapplicable or the response is available

elsewhere in the Form, either state that it is inapplicable, include a cross-reference to the responsive disclosure, or omit the question or series of questions.

Be very careful and precise in answering all questions. Give full and complete answers so that they are not misleading under the circumstances involved. Do not discuss any future performance or other anticipated event unless you have a reasonable basis to believe that it will actually occur within the foreseeable future. If any answer requiring significant information is materially inaccurate, incomplete or misleading, the Company, its management and principal shareholders may be liable to investors based on that information.

THE COMPANY

1. Name of issuer:

Jetoptera, Inc

COMPANY ELIGIBILITY

2. Check this box to certify that all of the following statements are true for the issuer.

- Organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.
- Not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Not an investment company registered or required to be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Not ineligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act as a result of a disqualification specified in Rule 503(a) of Regulation Crowdfunding.
- Has filed with the Commission and provided to investors, to the extent required, the ongoing annual reports required by Regulation Crowdfunding during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this offering statement (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports).
- Not a development stage company that (a) has no specific business plan or (b) has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 2: If any of these statements are

not true, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.

3. Has the issuer or any of its predecessors previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements of Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding?

Yes No

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

4. Provide the following information about each director (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Director	Principal Occupation	Main Employer	Year Joined as Director
Simina Farcasiu	Director, Jetoptera Inc	Self	2015
Denis Dancanet	President	Cubist Systematic Strategies	2015
Andrei Evulet	CEO and CTO	Jetoptera, Inc	2015

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

5. Provide the following information about each officer (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Officer	Positions Held	Year Joined
Simina Farcasiu	Co-Founder	2015
Andrei Evulet	CTO and Co- Founder	2015

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 5: For purposes of this Question 5, the term officer means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer or principal financial officer, comptroller or principal accounting officer, and any person that routinely performing similar functions.

PRINCIPAL SECURITY HOLDERS

6. Provide the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date, who is the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power.

Name of Holder	No. and Class of Securities Now Held	% of Voting Power Prior to Offering
Denis Dancanet	6365829.0 : 865,829 Common and 5,500,000 Preferred Shares	53.44

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 6: The above information must be provided as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement.

To calculate total voting power, include all securities for which the person directly or indirectly has or shares the voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such securities. If the person has the right to acquire voting power of such securities within 60 days, including through the exercise of any option, warrant or right, the conversion of a security, or other arrangement, or if securities are held by a member of the family, through corporations or partnerships, or otherwise in a manner that would allow a person to direct or control the voting of the securities (or share in such direction or control – as, for example, a co-trustee) they should be included as being “beneficially owned.” You should include an explanation of these circumstances in a footnote to the “Number of and Class of Securities Now Held.” To calculate outstanding voting equity securities, assume all outstanding options are exercised and all outstanding convertible securities converted.

BUSINESS AND ANTICIPATED BUSINESS PLAN

7. Describe in detail the business of the issuer and the anticipated business plan of the issuer.

For a description of our business and our business plan, please refer to the attached [Appendix A, Business Description & Plan](#)

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 7: Wefunder will provide your company's Wefunder profile as an appendix (Appendix A) to the Form C in PDF format. The submission will include all Q&A items and “read more” links in an un-collapsed format. All videos will be transcribed.

*This means that any information provided in your Wefunder profile will be provided to the SEC in response to this question. As a result, your company will be potentially liable for misstatements and omissions in your profile under the Securities Act of 1933, which requires you to provide material information related to your business and anticipated business plan. **Please review your Wefunder profile carefully to ensure it provides all material information, is not false or misleading, and does not omit any information that would cause the information included to be false or misleading.***

RISK FACTORS

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not

invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.

These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

8. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the issuer speculative or risky:

Lack of operating history, revenues and financial information.

The Company has been in operation for approximately ten (10) years, is in a critical stage of its operations, and is still an “emerging company” in all respects and is subject to all of the risks inherent to the establishment of a new business enterprise, including the absence of a profitable operating history. The likelihood of success of the Company must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the development of a new business and the competitive environment in which the Company will operate. There can be no assurance that the future revenues of the Company will be sufficient to establish the Company as a going concern or that the Company will become profitable in the future.

Our business plan, operations and financial projections are subject to uncertainty.

The Company’s ability to adhere to the Business Plan will depend upon a variety of factors, many of which are beyond the Company’s control. Likewise, the Company’s executive management team is not bound to follow the Business Plan, and may elect to adopt other strategies and courses of action based upon changes in circumstances and/or market conditions. The financial projections set forth in the Business Plan are based upon subjective estimates of future operating results which the Company’s management believes the Company may be able to

achieve. Such financial projections merely represent an illustration of financial results which the executive management team believes could be achieved based upon their assumptions which may or may not occur, and many of which are beyond the Company's control. No assurances or representations can be given or, indeed, should be assumed by any investor, that the actual results of the Company's operations will conform in any material manner to the financial projections set forth in the Business Plan for any or all of the indicated years. The Company might not have enough liquidity to execute its entire Business Plan until the end of 2025. Neither the Company nor the Board or the executive management team can or will individually warrant or guarantee the existence of any fact, assumption or projection set forth in the Business Plan.

The Company's success depends on its ability to obtain and effectively protect its intellectual property.

Our intellectual property and proprietary rights are important to our ability to remain competitive and successful in the development of our products and our business. The Company's success will depend, in large part, on its ability in the future to obtain (1) patent protection for its patentable intellectual property and otherwise protect trade secrets, intellectual property rights and other proprietary information; and (2) obtain trademark registrations in connection with the development of the Jetoptera brand. Protecting and enforcing the Company's intellectual property and other proprietary rights may be expensive, and there is no assurance that such protection and enforcement will be successful. If the Company is unable for any reason to adequately protect its intellectual property and other proprietary rights, competitors may manufacture and market products similar to the Jetoptera system. The Company has taken appropriate steps to protect its IP. The Company intends to continue to protect its IP by filing multiple patent applications and trademark applications in an effort to obtain patent protection and trademark registrations, respectively, and by entering into restrictive agreements with suppliers, employees, contractors and consultants. It is possible that the Company's rights to the intellectual property will be infringed or misappropriated and/or that such agreements will be breached and the Company will not have adequate remedies to prohibit such breaches or provide monetary relief for losses incurred as a result of such breaches. The Company has no reason to believe that the execution of the Business Plan does or would infringe upon the intellectual property rights of third parties. However, the Company is not certain that its trade secrets, trademarks, and other

intellectual property rights will not infringe and no formal infringement analysis has been conducted. Any such infringement could result in liability to the Company and restrictions or prohibitions regarding the marketing of the Jetoptera system which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and results of operations. Any such assertion may result in litigation or may require us to obtain a license for the intellectual property rights of third parties. If we are required to obtain licenses to use any third party technology, we would have to pay royalties, which may significantly reduce any profit on our products. In addition, any such litigation could be expensive and disruptive to our ability to generate revenue or enter into new market opportunities. If any of our products were found to infringe other parties' proprietary rights and we are unable to come to terms regarding a license with such parties, we may be forced to modify our products to make them non-infringing or to cease production of such products altogether.

In order for the Company to compete and grow, it must attract, recruit, retain and develop the necessary personnel who have the needed experience.

Recruiting and retaining highly qualified personnel is critical to our success. These demands may require us to hire additional personnel and will require our existing management personnel to develop additional expertise. We face intense competition for personnel. The failure to attract and retain personnel or to develop such expertise could delay or halt the development and commercialization of our product candidates. If we experience difficulties in hiring and retaining personnel in key positions, we could suffer from delays in product development, loss of customers and sales and diversion of management resources, which could adversely affect operating results. Our consultants and advisors may be employed by third parties and may have commitments under consulting or advisory contracts with third parties that may limit their availability to us.

The development and commercialization of our products is highly competitive.

We face competition with respect to any products that we may seek to develop or commercialize in the future. Our competitors include major companies worldwide. Many of our competitors have significantly greater financial, technical and human resources than we have and superior expertise in research and development and marketing approved products and thus may be better equipped than us to develop and commercialize products. These competitors also compete with us in recruiting and

retaining qualified personnel and acquiring technologies. Smaller or early stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors, particularly through collaborative arrangements with large and established companies. Accordingly, our competitors may commercialize products more rapidly or effectively than we are able to, which would adversely affect our competitive position, the likelihood that our products will achieve initial market acceptance and our ability to generate meaningful additional revenues from our products.

Our business is subject to FAA regulations. As of today, the FAA has not yet finalized rules that would allow the routine commercial operation of unmanned aerial systems (UAS) weighing more than 55 lbs. without a special certification under Section 333 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012. This limitation can affect our potential sales if customers are unable to obtain the necessary approvals to operate heavier UAS for their business activities. FAA Part 107 currently governs smaller drones under 55 lbs. and includes restrictions such as maintaining visual line of sight, which limits many commercial applications. The FAA is currently developing Part 108, a new set of proposed regulations intended to create a framework for certifying and operating larger, more advanced unmanned aircraft. If adopted, Part 108 could open significant new markets for heavy-lift and long-range UAS operations—but until these rules are finalized and implemented, commercial deployment of such systems in the U.S. will remain limited.

Our business is also subject to various other governmental regulations.

If we do not receive the governmental approvals necessary for the sales or export of our products, or if our products are not compliant in other countries, our sales may be negatively impacted. Similarly, if our suppliers do not receive government approvals necessary to export their products or designs to us, our revenues may be negatively impacted and we may fail to implement our growth strategy. A license may be required in the future to initiate marketing activities. We may also be required to obtain a specific export license for any hardware exported. We may not be able to receive all the required permits and licenses for which we may apply in the future. If we do not receive the required permits for which we apply, our revenues may be negatively impacted. In addition, if government approvals required under these laws and regulations are not obtained, or if authorizations previously granted are not renewed, our ability to export our products could be negatively impacted, which may have a negative impact on our revenues and a potential material negative impact on

our financial results.

We rely on other companies to provide major components, and subsystems for our products.

We will depend on these suppliers and subcontractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or subcontractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate manufacture of major components or subsystems for our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide major components, and subsystems which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be less likely than us to be able to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two subcontractors or suppliers for a particular component or subsystem

We depend on third-party service providers and outsource providers for a variety of services and we outsource a number of our non-core functions and operations.

In certain instances, we rely on single or limited service providers and outsourcing vendors because the relationship is advantageous due to quality, price, or lack of alternative sources. If production or service was interrupted and we were not able to find alternate third-party providers, we could experience disruptions in manufacturing and operations including product shortages, higher freight costs and re-engineering costs. If outsourcing services are interrupted or not performed or the performance is poor, this could impact our ability to process, record and report transactions with our customers and other constituents. Such interruptions in the provision of supplies and/or services could result in our inability to meet customer demand, damage our reputation and customer relationships and adversely affect our business.

We depend on third party providers, suppliers and licensors to supply some of the hardware, software and operational support necessary to provide some of our services.

We obtain these materials from a limited number of vendors, some of which do not have a long operating history, or which may not be able to continue to supply the equipment and services we desire. Some of our hardware, software and operational support vendors represent our sole source of supply or have, either through contract or as a result of intellectual property rights, a position of some exclusivity. If demand exceeds these vendors' capacity or if these vendors experience operating or financial difficulties or are otherwise unable to provide the equipment or services we need in a timely manner, at our specifications and at reasonable prices, our ability to provide some services might be materially adversely affected, or the need to procure or develop alternative sources of the affected materials or services might delay our ability to serve our customers. These events could materially and adversely affect our ability to retain and attract customers, and have a material negative impact on our operations, business, financial results and financial condition.

Manufacturing or design defects, unanticipated use of our products, or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of the products can lead to injury or other adverse events.

Once we distribute our products in consumer markets, these events could lead to recalls or safety alerts relating to our products (either voluntary or required by governmental authorities) and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of a product from the market. Any recall could result in significant costs as well as negative publicity that could reduce demand for our products. Personal injuries relating to the use of our products can also result in product liability claims being brought against us. In some circumstances, such adverse events could also cause delays in new product approvals. Similarly, negligence in performing our services can lead to injury or other adverse events.

We plan to implement new lines of business or offer new products and services within existing lines of business.

There are substantial risks and uncertainties associated with these efforts, particularly in instances where the markets are not fully developed. In developing and marketing new lines of business and/or new products and services, we may invest significant time and resources. Initial timetables for the introduction and development of new lines of business and/or new products or services may not be achieved and price and profitability targets may not prove feasible. We may not be successful in introducing new products and services in response to industry trends

new products and services in response to industry trends or developments in technology, or those new products may not achieve market acceptance. As a result, we could lose business, be forced to price products and services on less advantageous terms to retain or attract clients, or be subject to cost increases. As a result, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

Security breaches and other disruptions could compromise our information and expose us to liability, which would cause our business and reputation to suffer.

We collect and store sensitive data, including intellectual property, our proprietary business information and that of our customers, suppliers and business partners, and personally identifiable information of our customers and employees, in our data centers and on our networks. The secure maintenance and transmission of this information is critical to our operations and business strategy. Despite our security measures, our information technology and infrastructure may be vulnerable to attacks by hackers or breached due to employee error, malfeasance or other disruptions. Any such breach could compromise our networks and the information stored there could be accessed, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen. Any such access, disclosure or other loss of information could result in legal claims or proceedings, liability under laws that protect the privacy of personal information, and regulatory penalties, disrupt our operations and the services we provide to customers, and damage our reputation, and cause a loss of confidence in our products and services, which could adversely affect our business/operating margins, revenues and competitive position.

An intentional or unintentional disruption, failure, misappropriation or corruption of our network and information systems could severely affect our business.

Such an event might be caused by computer hacking, computer viruses, worms and other destructive or disruptive software, "cyber-attacks" and other malicious activity, as well as natural disasters, power outages, terrorist attacks and similar events. Such events could have an adverse impact on us and our customers, including degradation of service, service disruption, and damage to our facility, equipment and data. In addition, our future results could be adversely affected due to the theft, destruction, loss, misappropriation or release of confidential customer data or intellectual property. Operational or business delays may result from the disruption of network or information systems and the

subsequent remediation activities. Moreover, these events may create negative publicity resulting in reputation or brand damage with customers.

The Company's success depends on the experience and skill of the board of directors, its executive officers and key employees.

In particular, the Company is dependent on Andrei Evulet (CEO, CTO and President, 06/01/2015 – present), Denis Dancanet (COB, 06/01/2015 – present), Simina Farcasiu (CFO, 06/01/2015-present) and Todd Newton (VP Business Development, 06/17/2019 – present) of the Company. The Company has entered into employment agreements with Andrei Evulet, and Todd Newton, although there can be no assurance that it will do so or that they will continue to be employed by the Company for a particular period of time. The loss of Andrei Evulet, Denis Dancanet, Simina Farcasiu, Todd Newton or any member of the board of directors or executive officer could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

Terrorist attacks and threatened attacks have from time to time materially adversely affected the demand for aviation products and may also result in increased safety and security costs for us and the commercial aviation industry generally.

Safety measures create delays and inconveniences and can, in particular, reduce our competitiveness against surface transportation for certain routes. Additional terrorist attacks, even if not made directly on the aviation industry, or the fear of such attacks or other hostilities, would likely have a further significant negative impact on the Company and the commercial aviation industry. Terrorist-sponsored attacks, both foreign and domestic, could have adverse effects on our business and results of operations. These attacks could accelerate or exacerbate other commercial aviation industry risks and also have the potential to interfere with our business by disrupting supply chains and the delivery of products to customers.

Although dependent on certain key personnel, the Company does not have key man life insurance policies on anyone other than Andrei Evulet.

The Company is dependent on Andrei Evulet, Simina Farcasiu, Denis Dancanet, and Todd Newton in order to conduct its operations and execute its business plan; however, the Company has not purchased any insurance policies with respect to Denis Dancanet, or Todd Newton in the event of their death or disability. Therefore, if any of Denis Dancanet, Simina Farcasiu, or Todd Newton die or

become disabled, the Company will not receive any compensation to assist with such person's absence. The loss of such person could negatively affect the Company and its operations

We rely on various intellectual property rights, including patents and trademarks in order to operate our business.

Such intellectual property rights, however, may not be sufficiently broad or otherwise may not provide us a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the steps that we have taken to maintain and protect our intellectual property may not prevent it from being challenged, invalidated, circumvented or designed-around, particularly in countries where intellectual property rights are not highly developed or protected. In some circumstances, enforcement may not be available to us because an infringer has a dominant intellectual property position or for other business reasons, or countries may require compulsory licensing of our intellectual property. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights that convey competitive advantage, adequately protect our intellectual property or detect or prevent circumvention or unauthorized use of such property, could adversely impact our competitive position and results of operations. We also rely on nondisclosure and noncompetition agreements with employees, consultants and other parties to protect, in part, trade secrets and other proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will adequately protect our trade secrets and other proprietary rights and will not be breached, that we will have adequate remedies for any breach, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information or that third parties will not otherwise gain access to our trade secrets or other proprietary rights.

As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could divert management's attention from other business concerns. The law relating to the scope and validity of claims in the technology field in which we operate is still evolving and, consequently, intellectual property positions in our industry are generally uncertain. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or

that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

From time to time, third parties may claim that one or more of our products or services infringe their intellectual property rights.

Any dispute or litigation regarding patents or other intellectual property could be costly and time-consuming due to the complexity of our technology and the uncertainty of intellectual property litigation and could divert our management and key personnel from our business operations. A claim of intellectual property infringement could force us to enter into a costly or restrictive license agreement, which might not be available under acceptable terms or at all, could require us to redesign our products, which would be costly and time-consuming, and/or could subject us to an injunction against development and sale of certain of our products or services. We may have to pay substantial damages, including damages for past infringement if it is ultimately determined that our products infringe on a third party's proprietary rights. Even if these claims are without merit, defending a lawsuit takes significant time, may be expensive and may divert management's attention from other business concerns. Any public announcements related to litigation or interference proceedings initiated or threatened against us could cause our business to be harmed. Our intellectual property portfolio may not be useful in asserting a counterclaim, or negotiating a license, in response to a claim of intellectual property infringement. In certain of our businesses we rely on third party intellectual property licenses and we cannot ensure that these licenses will be available to us in the future on favorable terms or at all.

Changes in raw material and manufacturing input prices could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Energy costs, such as the price of oil and refined products, are an important operating expense for users of our products. The cost of energy can be volatile and are susceptible to rapid and substantial increases due to factors beyond our control, such as changing economic conditions, political unrest, instability in energy-producing nations, and supply and demand considerations. Price increases and general volatility could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We may incur additional expenses and delays due to technical problems or other interruptions at our manufacturing facilities.

Disruptions in operations due to technical problems or other interruptions such as floods or fire would adversely affect the manufacturing capacity of our facilities. Such interruptions could cause delays in production and cause us to incur additional expenses such as charges for expedited deliveries for products that are delayed. Additionally, our customers have the ability to cancel purchase orders in the event of any delays in production and may decrease future orders if delays are persistent. Additionally, to the extent that such disruptions do not result from damage to our physical property, these may not be covered by our business interruption insurance. Any such disruptions may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Any disruption in our information systems could disrupt our operations and would be adverse to our business and results of operations.

We depend on various information systems to support our customers' requirements and to successfully manage our business, including managing orders, supplies, accounting controls and payroll. Any inability to successfully manage the procurement, development, implementation or execution of our information systems and back-up systems, including matters related to system security, reliability, performance and access, as well as any inability of these systems to fulfill their intended purpose within our business, could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Such disruptions may not be covered by our business interruption insurance.

Many of our customers may not commit to long-term production schedules, which would make it difficult for us to schedule production accurately and achieve maximum efficiency of our manufacturing capacity.

Our customers may not commit to firm production schedules. Additionally, customers may change production quantities or delay production with little lead-time or advance notice. Therefore, we may rely on and plan our production and inventory levels based on our customers' advance orders, commitments or forecasts, as well as our internal assessments and forecasts of customer demand. The variations in volume and timing of sales may make it difficult to schedule production and optimize utilization of manufacturing capacity. This uncertainty may require us to increase staffing and incur other expenses in order to meet an unexpected increase in customer demand, potentially placing a significant burden on our resources. Additionally, an inability to respond to such increases may cause customer dissatisfaction, which may negatively affect our customers' relationships.

Further, in order to secure sufficient production scale, we may make capital investments in advance of anticipated customer demand. Such investments may lead to low utilization levels if customer demand forecasts change and we are unable to utilize the additional capacity. Additionally, we may order materials and components based on customer forecasts and orders and suppliers may require us to purchase materials and components in minimum quantities that exceed customer requirements, which may have an adverse impact on our results of operations. Such order fluctuations and deferrals may have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

The Company could be negatively impacted if found to have infringed on intellectual property rights. Technology companies, including many of the Company's competitors, frequently enter into litigation based on allegations of patent infringement or other violations of intellectual property rights. In addition, patent holding companies seek to monetize patents they have purchased or otherwise obtained. As the Company grows, the intellectual property rights claims against it will likely increase. The Company intends to vigorously defend infringement actions in court and before the U.S. International Trade Commission. The plaintiffs in these actions frequently seek injunctions and substantial damages. Regardless of the scope or validity of such patents or other intellectual property rights, or the merits of any claims by potential or actual litigants, the Company may have to engage in protracted litigation. If the Company is found to infringe one or more patents or other intellectual property rights, regardless of whether it can develop non-infringing technology, it may be required to pay substantial damages or royalties to a third-party, or it may be subject to a temporary or permanent injunction prohibiting the Company from marketing or selling certain products. In certain cases, the Company may consider the desirability of entering into licensing agreements, although no assurance can be given that such licenses can be obtained on acceptable terms or that litigation will not occur. These licenses may also significantly increase the Company's operating expenses.

Regardless of the merit of particular claims, litigation may be expensive, time-consuming, disruptive to the Company's operations and distracting to management. In recognition of these considerations, the Company may enter into arrangements to settle litigation. If one or more legal matters were resolved against the Company, the Company's consolidated financial statements for that reporting period could be materially adversely affected.

Further, such an outcome could result in significant compensatory, punitive or trebled monetary damages, disgorgement of revenue or profits, remedial corporate measures or injunctive relief against the Company that could adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations.

Indemnity provisions in various agreements potentially expose us to substantial liability for intellectual property infringement and other losses.

Our agreements with advertisers, advertising agencies, customers and other third parties may include indemnification provisions under which we agree to indemnify them for losses suffered or incurred as a result of claims of intellectual property infringement, damages caused by us to property or persons, or other liabilities relating to or arising from our products, services or other contractual obligations. The term of these indemnity provisions generally survives termination or expiration of the applicable agreement. Large indemnity payments would harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, any type of intellectual property lawsuit, whether initiated by us or a third party, would likely be time consuming and expensive to resolve and would divert management's time and attention.

In addition, our supply agreements may require us to indemnify our customers and distributors from third-party infringement claims, and require that we defend those claims and might require that we pay damages in the case of adverse rulings. Claims are costly to prosecute, defend or settle and divert the efforts and attention of our management and employees. Claims of this sort also could harm our relationships with our customers and might deter future customers from doing business with us.

We are not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and lack the financial controls and safeguards required of public companies.

We do not have the internal infrastructure necessary, and are not required, to complete an attestation about our financial controls that would be required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There can be no assurance that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of our financial controls. We expect to incur additional expenses and diversion of management's time if and when it becomes necessary to perform the system and process evaluation, testing and remediation required in order to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation

requirements.

We rely heavily on our technology and intellectual property, but we may be unable to adequately or cost-effectively protect or enforce our intellectual property rights, thereby weakening our competitive position and increasing operating costs.

To protect our rights in our services and technology, we rely on a combination of copyright and trademark laws, patents, trade secrets, confidentiality agreements with employees and third parties, and protective contractual provisions. We also rely on laws pertaining to trademarks and domain names to protect the value of our corporate brands and reputation. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may copy aspects of our services or technology, obtain and use information, marks, or technology that we regard as proprietary, or otherwise violate or infringe our intellectual property rights. In addition, it is possible that others could independently develop substantially equivalent intellectual property. If we do not effectively protect our intellectual property, or if others independently develop substantially equivalent intellectual property, our competitive position could be weakened.

Effectively policing the unauthorized use of our services and technology is time-consuming and costly, and the steps taken by us may not prevent misappropriation of our technology or other proprietary assets. The efforts we have taken to protect our proprietary rights may not be sufficient or effective, and unauthorized parties may copy aspects of our services, use similar marks or domain names, or obtain and use information, marks, or technology that we regard as proprietary. We may have to litigate to enforce our intellectual property rights, to protect our trade secrets, or to determine the validity and scope of others' proprietary rights, which are sometimes not clear or may change. Litigation can be time consuming and expensive, and the outcome can be difficult to predict.

We rely on agreements with third parties to provide certain services, goods, technology, and intellectual property rights necessary to enable us to implement some of our applications.

Our ability to implement and provide our applications and services to our clients depends, in part, on services, goods, technology, and intellectual property rights owned or controlled by third parties. These third parties may become unable to or refuse to continue to provide these services, goods, technology, or intellectual property rights on

goods, technology, or intellectual property rights on commercially reasonable terms consistent with our business practices, or otherwise discontinue a service important for us to continue to operate our applications. If we fail to replace these services, goods, technologies, or intellectual property rights in a timely manner or on commercially reasonable terms, our operating results and financial condition could be harmed. In addition, we exercise limited control over our third-party vendors, which increases our vulnerability to problems with technology and services those vendors provide. If the services, technology, or intellectual property of third parties were to fail to perform as expected, it could

subject us to potential liability, adversely affect our renewal rates, and have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

We must acquire or develop new products, evolve existing ones, address any defects or errors, and adapt to technology change.

Technical developments, client requirements, programming languages, and industry standards change frequently in our markets. As a result, success in current markets and new markets will depend upon our ability to enhance current products, address any product defects or errors, acquire or develop and introduce new products that meet client needs, keep pace with technology changes, respond to competitive products, and achieve market acceptance. Product development requires substantial investments for research, refinement, and testing. We may not have sufficient resources to make necessary product development investments. We may experience technical or other difficulties that will delay or prevent the successful development, introduction, or implementation of new or enhanced products. We may also experience technical or other difficulties in the integration of acquired technologies into our existing platform and applications. Inability to introduce or implement new or enhanced products in a timely manner could result in loss of market share if competitors are able to provide solutions to meet customer needs before we do, give rise to unanticipated expenses related to further development or modification of acquired technologies as a result of integration issues, and adversely affect future performance.

We currently obtain components from single or limited sources, and are subject to significant supply and pricing risks.

Many components, including those that are available from

multiple sources, are at times subject to industry-wide shortages and significant commodity pricing fluctuations. While the Company has entered into agreements for the supply of many components, there can be no assurance that we will be able to extend or renew these agreements on similar terms, or at all. A number of suppliers of components may suffer from poor financial conditions, which can lead to business failure for the supplier or consolidation within a particular industry, further limiting our ability to obtain sufficient quantities of components. The follow-on effects from global economic conditions on our suppliers, also could affect our ability to obtain components. Therefore, we remain subject to significant risks of supply shortages and price increases.

Our products often utilize custom components available from only one source. Continued availability of these components at acceptable prices, or at all, may be affected for any number of reasons, including if those suppliers decide to concentrate on the production of common components instead of components customized to meet our requirements. The supply of components for a new or existing product could be delayed or constrained, or a key manufacturing vendor could delay shipments of completed products to us adversely affecting our business and results of operations.

The Company has indicated that it has engaged in certain transactions with related persons.

Please see the section of the Form C entitled "Transactions with Related Persons and Conflicts of Interest" for further details.

We may be subject to litigation despite compliance with regulations and industry standards.

We spend substantial resources ensuring that we comply with governmental safety regulations, mobile and stationary source emissions regulations, and other standards. Compliance with governmental standards, however, does not necessarily prevent individual or class actions, which can entail significant cost and risk. In certain circumstances, courts may permit tort claims even where our products comply with federal and/or other applicable law. Litigation also is inherently expensive and uncertain, and we could experience significant adverse results, including negative public opinion.

We are dependent on a number of patents and other intellectual property rights, including licenses that are critical to our respective businesses and competitive

positions.

Notwithstanding our intellectual property portfolio, our competitors may develop similar or superior proprietary technologies. Further, as we expand into regions where the protection of intellectual property rights is less robust, the risk of others replicating our proprietary technologies increases, which could result in a deterioration of our competitive position. We may assert claims against third parties who are taking actions that we believe are infringing on our intellectual property rights or may have such claims asserted against us. Claims are costly to prosecute, defend or settle and divert the efforts and attention of our management and employees. Claims of this sort also could harm our relationships with our customers and might deter future customers from doing business with us. If any such claim were to result in an adverse outcome, we may have to develop or license non-infringing products; pay damages to third parties, or cease the manufacture, use or sale of the infringing products. Any of the foregoing results could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or our competitive position.

We believe that increasingly stringent environmental standards for emissions have required and will continue to require the Company to expend significant resources.

If environmental standards for emissions continue to become more stringent we will be required to institute the proper procedures and utilize the mandated equipment in order to comply, which will require significant expenditures. In addition, the adoption of any new standards beyond our expectations will require expenditures in excess of what we have budgeted and could negatively affect our business and operations.

International conflicts such as war, terrorist attacks and political uprisings could negatively affect both demand for our services and our cost of doing business.

International conflicts such as the war in the Middle East, political turmoil in the Middle and Far East and the possibility of future terrorist attacks cause significant uncertainty with respect to U.S. and other business and financial markets and may adversely affect our business. These international conflicts also affect the price of oil, which has a significant impact on the financial health of our commercial customers. Although our aviation business may experience greater demand for its products as a result of increased government defense spending, factors arising (directly or indirectly) from international conflicts or terrorism which may adversely affect our commercial

business include reduced aircraft build rates, upgrades, maintenance and spending on discretionary products such as flying cars, as well as increases in the cost of property and aviation products insurance and increased restrictions placed on our insurance policies.

The Company's operations and revenue have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Any outbreak of contagious diseases, and other adverse public health developments, could have a material and adverse effect on our business operations. The outbreak of respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus referred to as COVID-19 has had a material adverse effect on our business operations which remains ongoing. At this time, the extent of the effect is uncertain. The COVID-19-related governmental orders, prohibitions on certain public gatherings, rise in unemployment, and related economic fallout have an ongoing negative effect on our business operations, the extent of which is currently unknown. If these orders and governmental prohibitions are not rescinded timely, the Company could be unable to continue as a going concern. Even if rescinded, the public may not have confidence in the safety of public gathering, hiring caregivers, and traveling, which may have a material adverse effect on the demand for our products and our business operations as a whole.

We own or are licensed under a large number of U.S. and non-U.S. patents and patent applications, trademarks and copyrights.

Our intellectual property rights may expire or be challenged, invalidated or infringed upon by third parties or we may be unable to maintain, renew or enter into new licenses of third party proprietary intellectual property on commercially reasonable terms. Any of these events or factors could diminish or cause us to lose the competitive advantages associated with our intellectual property, subject us to judgments, penalties and significant litigation costs, and/or temporarily or permanently disrupt our sales and marketing of the affected products or services.

Our future success depends on the efforts of a small management team. The loss of services of the members of the management team may have an adverse effect on the company. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in attracting and retaining other personnel we require to successfully grow our business.

Simina Farcasiu is a part-time officer. As such, it is likely that the company will not make the same progress as it would if that were not the case.

would it that were not the case.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 8: Avoid generalized statements and include only those factors that are unique to the issuer. Discussion should be tailored to the issuer's business and the offering and should not repeat the factors addressed in the legends set forth above. No specific number of risk factors is required to be identified.

The Offering

USE OF FUNDS

9. What is the purpose of this offering?

The Company intends to use the net proceeds of this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, which includes the specific items listed in Item 10 below. While the Company expects to use the net proceeds from the Offering in the manner described above, it cannot specify with certainty the particular uses of the net proceeds that it will receive from this Offering. Accordingly, the Company will have broad discretion in using these proceeds.

10. How does the issuer intend to use the proceeds of this offering?

If we raise: **\$50,004**

Use of Proceeds: 60% towards marketing (social media advertising); up to 6.9% Wefunder fees; the remaining up to 33.1% towards general corporate purposes including payroll expenses and legal expenses including continued patent pursuit and defense of existing patents.

If we raise: **\$2,000,000**

Use of Proceeds: 2% towards marketing (social media advertising); Up to 6.9% Wefunder fees; 20% legal expenses including continued patent pursuit and defense of existing patents; remaining up to 71.1% towards general corporate purposes including payroll expenses, prototype manufacture and testing.

Raising our maximum target will accelerate our ability to complete the build of a J-2000 prototype aircraft, a significant milestone for the company. We believe a J-2000 demonstrator is the first step to achieving certification of, and revenue from, our proprietary J-series aircraft.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 10: An issuer must provide a reasonably detailed description of any intended use of proceeds, such that investors are provided with an adequate amount of information to understand how the offering proceeds will be used. If an issuer has identified a range of possible uses, the issuer should identify and describe each probable use and the factors the issuer may consider in allocating proceeds among the potential uses. If the issuer will accept proceeds in excess of the target offering amount, the issuer must describe the purpose, method for allocating oversubscriptions, and intended use of the excess proceeds with similar specificity. Please include all potential uses of the proceeds of the offering, including any that may apply only in the case of oversubscriptions. If you do not do so, you may later be required to amend your Form C. Wefunder is not responsible for any failure by you to describe a potential use of offering proceeds.

DELIVERY & CANCELLATIONS

11. How will the issuer complete the transaction and deliver securities to the investors?

Book Entry and Investment in the Co-Issuer. Investors will make their investments by investing in interests issued by one or more co-issuers, each of which is a special purpose vehicle (“SPV”). The SPV will invest all amounts it receives from investors in securities issued by the Company. Interests issued to investors by the SPV will be in book entry form. This means that the investor will not receive a certificate representing his or her investment. Each investment will be recorded in the books and records of the SPV. In addition, investors’ interests in the investments will be recorded in each investor’s “Portfolio” page on the Wefunder platform. All references in this Form C to an Investor’s investment in the Company (or similar phrases) should be interpreted to include investments in a SPV.

12. How can an investor cancel an investment commitment?

NOTE: Investors may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the deadline identified in these offering materials.

The intermediary will notify investors when the target offering amount has been met. If the issuer reaches the target offering amount prior to the deadline identified in the offering materials, it may close the offering early if it provides notice about the new offering deadline at least five business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the investment commitment).

commitment).

If an investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the 48-hour period prior to the offering deadline, the funds will be released to the issuer upon closing of the offering and the investor will receive securities in exchange for his or her investment.

If an investor does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment after a material change is made to the offering, the investor's investment commitment will be canceled and the committed funds will be returned.

An Investor's right to cancel. An Investor may cancel his or her investment commitment at any time until 48 hours prior to the offering deadline.

If there is a material change to the terms of the offering or the information provided to the Investor about the offering and/or the Company, the Investor will be provided notice of the change and must re-confirm his or her investment commitment within five business days of receipt of the notice. If the Investor does not reconfirm, he or she will receive notifications disclosing that the commitment was cancelled, the reason for the cancellation, and the refund amount that the investor is required to receive. If a material change occurs within five business days of the maximum number of days the offering is to remain open, the offering will be extended to allow for a period of five business days for the investor to reconfirm.

If the Investor cancels his or her investment commitment during the period when cancellation is permissible, or does not reconfirm a commitment in the case of a material change to the investment, or the offering does not close, all of the Investor's funds will be returned within five business days.

Within five business days of cancellation of an offering by the Company, the Company will give each investor notification of the cancellation, disclose the reason for the cancellation, identify the refund amount the Investor will receive, and refund the Investor's funds.

The Company's right to cancel. The Investment Agreement you will execute with us provides the Company the right to cancel for any reason before the offering deadline.

If the sum of the investment commitments from all investors does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the time of the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering. Investment commitments will be cancelled and

the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Ownership and Capital Structure

THE OFFERING

13. Describe the terms of the securities being offered.

Priced Round: \$128,528,958.61 pre-money valuation

See exact security attached as [Appendix B, Investor Contracts](#)

Jetoptera, Inc is offering up to 196,463 shares of Common Stock, at a price per share of \$10.79.

Investors in the first \$750,001.32 of the offering will receive stock at a price per share of \$10.18, and a pre-money valuation of \$121,262,724.62 Wefunder VIP investors will be entitled to these terms for the entire duration of the offering, even if the threshold limit noted above is met.

The campaign maximum is \$2,000,000.00 and the campaign minimum is \$50,004.16.

VIP Bonus

Jetoptera will offer a discount to the normal terms listed in this Form C for all investments that are committed by investors who are part of Wefunder, Inc's VIP program. This means eligible Wefunder investors will receive a discount for any securities they purchased in this offering. For more specific details on the company's discount, please review the description of the terms above.

The discount is only valid until the offering closes. Investors eligible for the bonus will also receive priority if they are on a waitlist to invest and the company exceeds its maximum funding goal. They will be given the first opportunity to invest if space in the offering becomes available due to the cancellation or failure of previous investments.

Securities Issued by the SPV

Instead of issuing its securities directly to investors, the Company has decided to issue its securities to the SPV, which will then issue interests in the SPV to investors. The SPV is formed concurrently with the filing of the Form C. Given this, the SPV does not have any financials to report. The SPV is managed by Wefunder Admin, LLC and is a co-

issuer with the Company of the securities being offered in this offering. The Company's use of the SPV is intended to allow investors in the SPV to achieve the same economic exposure, voting power, and ability to assert State and Federal law rights, and receive the same disclosures, as if they had invested directly in the Company. While the Issuer may be required to pay an annual administrative fee for the maintenance of the SPV, investors should note the Company's use of the SPV will not result in any additional fees being charged to investors.

The SPV has been organized and will be operated for the sole purpose of directly acquiring, holding and disposing of the Company's securities, will not borrow money and will use all of the proceeds from the sale of its securities solely to purchase a single class of securities of the Company. As a result, an investor investing in the Company through the SPV will have the same relationship to the Company's securities, in terms of number, denomination, type and rights, as if the investor invested directly in the Company.

Voting Rights

If the securities offered by the Company and those offered by the SPV have voting rights, those voting rights may be exercised by the investor or his or her proxy. The applicable proxy is the Lead Investor, if the Proxy (described below) is in effect.

Proxy to the Lead Investor

The SPV securities have voting rights. With respect to those voting rights, the investor and his, her, or its transferees or assignees (collectively, the "Investor"), through a power of attorney granted by Investor in the Investor Agreement, has appointed or will appoint the Lead Investor as the Investor's true and lawful proxy and attorney (the "Proxy") with the power to act alone and with full power of substitution, on behalf of the Investor to: (i) vote all securities related to the Company purchased in an offering hosted by Wefunder Portal, and (ii) execute, in connection with such voting power, any instrument or document that the Lead Investor determines is necessary and appropriate in the exercise of his or her authority. Such Proxy will be irrevocable by the Investor unless and until a successor lead investor ("Replacement Lead Investor") takes the place of the Lead Investor. Upon notice that a Replacement Lead Investor has taken the place of the Lead Investor, the Investor will have five (5) calendar days to revoke the Proxy. If the Proxy is not revoked within the 5-day time period, it shall remain in effect.

Restriction on Transferability

The SPV securities are subject to restrictions on transfer, as set forth in the Subscription Agreement and the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Wefunder SPV, LLC, and may not be transferred without the prior approval of the Company, on behalf of the SPV.

14. Do the securities offered have voting rights?

- Yes
 No

15. Are there any limitations on any voting or other rights identified above?

See the above description of the Proxy to the Lead Investor.

16. How may the terms of the securities being offered be modified?

This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and may be amended only by a writing executed by all parties.

Pursuant to authorization in the Investor Agreement between each Investor and Wefunder Portal, Wefunder Portal is authorized to take the following actions with respect to the investment contract between the Company and an investor:

- A. Wefunder Portal may amend the terms of an investment contract, provided that the amended terms are more favorable to the investor than the original terms; and
- B. Wefunder Portal may reduce the amount of an investor's investment if the reason for the reduction is that the Company's offering is oversubscribed.

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED:

The securities being offered may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the one year period beginning when the securities were issued, unless such securities are transferred:

- 1. to the issuer;
- 2. to an accredited investor;
- 3. as part of an offering registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission; or
- 4. to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for

the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstance.

NOTE: The term "accredited investor" means any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, or who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person.

The term "member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent" includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER'S SECURITIES

17. What other securities or classes of securities of the issuer are outstanding? Describe the material terms of any other outstanding securities or classes of securities of the issuer.

Class of Security	Securities (or Amount) Authorized	Securities (or Amount) Outstanding	Voting Rights
Preferred Series A	5,500,000	5,500,000	Yes <input type="button" value="v"/>
Common	13,015,000	6,411,859	Yes <input type="button" value="v"/>

Class of Security	Securities Reserved for Issuance upon Exercise or Conversion
Warrants:	0
Options:	138417

Describe any other rights:

Dividends: Dividends will be paid to the holders of the existing Series A Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"), in preference to the holders of Common Stock, at an annual rate of 6.0% of the purchase price per share of the Preferred Stock, when, as, and if declared by the Board of Directors. Thereafter, any additional dividends will be paid among holders of Preferred Stock and Common Stock pro

rata based on the number of shares of Common Stock held (on an as-converted basis).

Liquidation Preference: In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, in preference to the holders of Common Stock, an amount equal to the purchase price per share of the Preferred Stock plus declared and unpaid dividends, if any. Thereafter, the remaining assets of the Company will be distributed on a pro rata basis to the holders of Common Stock.

A sale, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, or a merger or consolidation with or into any other corporation (collectively, an "Acquisition" of the Company), subject to customary exceptions, will continue to be deemed a liquidation for purposes of the liquidation preference.

Redemption: The Preferred Stock and Common Stock will not be redeemable.

Voluntary/Optional Conversion of Preferred Stock: Each holder of Preferred Stock will have the right, at the option of the holder at any time, to convert shares of Preferred Stock into shares of Common Stock at an initial conversion ratio of one-to-one.

Automatic Conversion of Preferred Stock: The Preferred Stock will be automatically converted into Common Stock, at the then applicable conversion rate, in the event of either (i) the election of holders of a majority of the then outstanding Preferred Stock, voting together as one class, or (ii) the closing of an underwritten initial public offering of the Company's Common Stock pursuant to a Registration Statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (an "IPO") with aggregate proceeds of at least \$25,000,000 at a public offering price of at least \$1.00 per share.

Anti-dilution Provisions for Preferred Stock: The conversion price of the Preferred Stock will be subject to proportional adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, and the like. In the event that the Company issues additional securities at a purchase price less than the current Preferred Stock conversion price, such conversion price will be adjusted in accordance with the standard broad-based weighted average antidilution formula, subject to customary exceptions.

Voting Rights: The holder of a share of Preferred Stock will

be entitled to that number of votes on all matters presented to holders of voting capital stock equal to the number of shares of Common Stock then issuable upon conversion of such share of Preferred Stock. Each holder of Common Stock will have the right to one vote per share of Common Stock.

Preferred Stock Protective Provisions: Without the approval of the holders of at least a majority of the Preferred Stock, except as otherwise required by applicable law, the Company will not take any action that (i) effects any Acquisition transaction, (ii) alters or changes the rights, preferences or privileges of the Preferred Stock so as to materially and adversely affect such shares, (iii) increases or decreases the number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock, (iv) authorizes the issuance of securities having a preference over or on a parity with the Preferred Stock, (v) redeems shares (excluding Common Stock repurchased upon termination of an officer, employee or director or consultant pursuant to a restricted stock purchase agreement), or (vi) amends the Certificate or Bylaws of the Company in a manner which materially adversely affects the holders of the Preferred Stock.

18. How may the rights of the securities being offered be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security identified above?

The holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company could limit the Investor's rights in a material way. For example, those interest holders could vote to change the terms of the agreements governing the Company's operations or cause the Company to engage in additional offerings (including potentially a public offering).

These changes could result in further limitations on the voting rights the Investor will have as an owner of equity in the Company, for example by diluting those rights or limiting them to certain types of events or consents.

To the extent applicable, in cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional equity, an Investor's interest will

typically also be diluted.

Based on the risk that an Investor's rights could be limited, diluted or otherwise qualified, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

Additional risks related to the rights of other security holders are discussed below, in Question 20.

19. Are there any differences not reflected above between the securities being offered and each other class of security of the issuer?

No.

20. How could the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders identified in Question 6 above affect the purchasers of the securities being offered?

As holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company, **the shareholders** may make decisions with which the Investor disagrees, or that negatively affect the value of the Investor's securities in the Company, and the Investor will have no recourse to change these decisions. The Investor's interests may conflict with those of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the Company will develop in a way that is optimal for or advantageous to the Investor.

For example, **the shareholders** may change the terms of the Articles of Incorporation for the company, change the terms of securities issued by the Company, change the management of the Company, and even force out minority holders of securities. **The shareholders** may make changes that affect the tax treatment of the Company in ways that are unfavorable to you but favorable to them. They may also vote to engage in new offerings and/or to register certain of the Company's securities in a way that negatively affects the value of the securities the Investor owns. Other holders of securities of the Company may also have access to more information than the Investor, leaving the Investor at a disadvantage with respect to any decisions regarding the securities he or she owns. **The shareholders** have the right to redeem their securities at any time. **Shareholders** could decide to force the Company to redeem their **securities** at a time that is not favorable to the Investor and is damaging to the Company. Investors' exit may affect the value of the Company and/or its viability. In cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity

compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional stock, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

Based on the risks described above, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

21. How are the securities being offered being valued? Include examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the issuer in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions.

The offering price for the securities offered pursuant to this Form C has been determined arbitrarily by the Company, and does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company's book value, assets, earnings or other generally accepted valuation criteria. In determining the offering price, the Company did not employ investment banking firms or other outside organizations to make an independent appraisal or evaluation. Accordingly, the offering price should not be considered to be indicative of the actual value of the securities offered hereby.

In the future, we will perform valuations of our common stock that take into account factors such as the following:

1. unrelated third party valuations of our common stock;
2. the price at which we sell other securities, such as convertible debt or preferred Stock, in light of the rights, preferences and privileges of our those securities relative to those of our common stock;
3. our results of operations, financial position and capital resources;
4. current business conditions and projections;
5. the lack of marketability of our common stock;
6. the hiring of key personnel and the experience of our management;
7. the introduction of new products;
8. the risk inherent in the development and expansion of our products;
9. our stage of development and material risks related to our business;
10. the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, such as an initial public offering or a sale of our company given the prevailing market conditions and the nature and history of our business;
11. industry trends and competitive environment;
12. trends in consumer spending, including consumer confidence;
13. overall economic indicators, including gross domestic

product, employment, inflation and interest rates; and
14. the general economic outlook.

We will analyze factors such as those described above using a combination of financial and market-based methodologies to determine our business enterprise value. For example, we may use methodologies that assume that businesses operating in the same industry will share similar characteristics and that the Company's value will correlate to those characteristics, and/or methodologies that compare transactions in similar securities issued by us that were conducted in the market.

22. What are the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the issuer?

An Investor in the Company will likely hold a minority position in the Company, and thus be limited as to its ability to control or influence the governance and operations of the Company.

The marketability and value of the Investor's interest in the Company will depend upon many factors outside the control of the Investor. The Company will be managed by its officers and be governed in accordance with the strategic direction and decision-making of its Board Of Directors, and the Investor will have no independent right to name or remove an officer or member of the Board Of Directors of the Company.

Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

23. What are the risks to purchasers associated with corporate actions, including additional issuances of securities, issuer repurchases of securities, a sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties?

Additional issuances of securities. Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests

to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured. The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

Issuer repurchases of securities. The Company may have authority to repurchase its securities from shareholders, which may serve to decrease any liquidity in the market for such securities, decrease the percentage interests held by other similarly situated investors to the Investor, and create pressure on the Investor to sell its securities to the Company concurrently.

A sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer. As a minority owner of the Company, the Investor will have limited or no ability to influence a potential sale of the Company or a substantial portion of its assets. Thus, the Investor will rely upon the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company to manage the Company so as to maximize value for shareholders. Accordingly, the success of the Investor's investment in the Company will depend in large part upon the skill and expertise of the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company. If the Board Of Directors of the Company authorizes a sale of all or a part of the Company, or a disposition of a substantial portion of the Company's assets, there can be no guarantee that the value received by the Investor, together with the fair market estimate of the value remaining in the Company, will be equal to or exceed the value of the Investor's initial investment in the Company.

Transactions with related parties. The Investor should be aware that there will be occasions when the Company may encounter potential conflicts of interest in its operations. On any issue involving conflicts of interest, the executive management and Board of Directors of the Company will be guided by their good faith judgement as to the Company's best interests. The Company may engage in transactions with affiliates, subsidiaries or other related parties, which may be on terms which are not arm's-length, but will be in all cases consistent with the duties of the management of the Company to its shareholders. By acquiring an interest in the Company, the Investor will be

deemed to have acknowledged the existence of any such actual or potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict of interest.

24. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the issuer:

Convertible Note

Issue date	07/13/18
Amount	\$500,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	07/14/21

Not yet converted. We plan to extend the maturity date through a simple amendment at some point during the Wefunder raise.

Convertible Note

Issue date	07/13/18
Amount	\$250,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	07/14/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	12/02/18
Amount	\$300,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	12/03/21

Not yet converted. We plan to extend the maturity date through a simple amendment at some point during the Wefunder raise.

Convertible Note

Issue date	12/02/18
Amount	\$250,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	12/03/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	02/27/19
Amount	\$50,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	02/28/22

Not yet converted. We plan to extend the maturity date through a simple amendment at some point during the Wefunder raise.

Convertible Note

Issue date	03/21/19
Amount	\$250,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	03/22/22

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	06/23/19
Amount	\$500,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	06/24/22

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/24/19
Amount	\$50,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/25/21

Not yet converted. We plan to extend the maturity date through a simple amendment at some point during the Wefunder raise.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/24/19
Amount	\$250,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/25/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/24/19
Amount	\$100,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/25/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	01/05/20
Amount	\$100,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum

Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	01/06/21

Not yet converted. We plan to extend the maturity date through a simple amendment at some point during the Wefunder raise.

Convertible Note

Issue date	01/05/20
Amount	\$300,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	01/06/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	02/18/20
Amount	\$232,326.00
Interest rate	0.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00

There is no maturity date on this Note. If we raise more than \$1M in a qualified financing event, then the Company has the right to grant investors the option to convert.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/28/20
Amount	\$1,000,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/29/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/28/20
Amount	\$25,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	04/01/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/28/20
Amount	\$125,000.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/29/21

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/28/21
Amount	\$95,920.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000.00
Maturity date	09/29/22

The maturity of the note was extended to 04/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

Convertible Note

Issue date	09/28/21
Amount	\$40,303.00
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Maturity date	09/29/22

The maturity of the Note was extended to 4/30/25 with automatic maturity extension to April 30, 2027 if not repaid or converted.

INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 24: name the creditor, amount owed, interest rate, maturity date, and any other material terms.

25. What other exempt offerings has the issuer conducted within the past three years?

Offering Date	Exemption	Security Type	Amount Sold	Use of Proceeds
	Regulation Crowdfunding	Priced Round	\$1,401,108	General operations
11/2022	Regulation Crowdfunding	Common stock	\$196,152	General operations
6/2023	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$600,000	General operations
4/2024	Regulation Crowdfunding		\$1,445,075	General operations
4/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$50,004	General operations
4/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$300,004	General operations
6/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$1,400,004	General operations
8/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$9,996	General operations
8/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$25,002	General operations
12/2024	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$1,700,009	General operations
10/2025	Section 4(a)(2)	Common stock	\$1,000,000	General operations
10/2025	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Common stock	\$999,991	General operations
12/2025	Regulation D, Rule 506(c)	Common stock	\$754,231	General operations
1/2026	Regulation D, Rule 506(c)	Common stock	\$56,840	General operations

26. Was or is the issuer or any entities controlled by or under common control with the issuer a party to any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, where the amount involved exceeds five percent of the

transaction, where the amount invested exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act during the preceding 12-month period, including the amount the issuer seeks to raise in the current offering, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest:

1. any director or officer of the issuer;
2. any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power;
3. if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer;
4. or any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons.

Yes

No

For each transaction specify the person, relationship to issuer, nature of interest in transaction, and amount of interest.

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$999,991.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 10/03/25
Relationship COB

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,700,000.09
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 12/24/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,400,000.04
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 07/01/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$300,004.60
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 04/15/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Andrei Evulet
Amount Invested \$350.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 05/31/15
Relationship CO-Founder and CTO

Name Simina Farcasiu
Amount Invested \$100.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 05/31/15
Relationship Co-Founder and CFO

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,300,000.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 05/31/15
Relationship Founder and COB

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$450,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 11/10/16
Interest rate 8.0% per annum
Discount 0.0%
Maturity date 11/11/17
Converted Yes
Valuation cap \$15,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and COB

Name Simina Farcasiu
Amount Invested \$150,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 01/10/17
Interest rate 8.0% per annum
Discount 0.0%
Maturity date 01/11/18
Converted Yes
Valuation cap \$15,000,000.00

Relationship	Co-Founder and CFO
Name	Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested	\$250,000.00
Transaction type	Convertible note
Issue date	07/13/18
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Maturity date	07/14/21
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Relationship	Founder and Chairman of the Board of Directors
Name	Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested	\$250,000.00
Transaction type	Convertible note
Issue date	12/02/18
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Maturity date	12/03/21
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Relationship	Founder and Chairman of the Board
Name	Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested	\$250,000.00
Transaction type	Convertible note
Issue date	03/21/19
Interest rate	9.0% per annum
Discount	20.0%
Maturity date	03/22/22
Valuation cap	\$24,000,000.00
Relationship	Founder and Chairman of the Board
Name	Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested	\$500,000.00
Transaction type	Convertible note
Issue date	06/23/19

Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 06/24/22
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$250,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/24/19
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/25/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$100,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/24/19
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/25/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and COB

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$300,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 01/05/20
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 01/06/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and COB

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,000,000.00

Amount invested \$1,000,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/28/20
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/29/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Founder and COB

Name Richard Black
Amount Invested \$25,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/28/20
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 04/01/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Attorney for the Company

Name Simina Farcasiu
Amount Invested \$125,000.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/28/20
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/29/21
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Co-Founder and CFO

Name Simina Farcasiu
Amount Invested \$95,920.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/28/21
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/29/22
Valuation cap \$24,000.00
Relationship Co-Founder and CFO

Name Richard Black
Amount Invested \$40,303.00
Transaction type Convertible note
Issue date 09/28/21
Interest rate 9.0% per annum
Discount 20.0%
Maturity date 09/29/22
Valuation cap \$24,000,000.00
Relationship Attorney for the Company

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$600,000.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 06/05/23
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$300,004.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 04/14/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,400,004.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 06/30/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$1,700,009.00
Transaction type Priced round
Issue date 12/23/24
Relationship Chairman of the Board

Name Denis Dancanet
Amount Invested \$999,991.00
Transaction type Priced round

Issue date	10/07/25
Relationship	Founder and Chairman of the Board

In the November 2022 priced round described in Question 25 of this Form C, \$20,000 and \$20,000 of the total funds raised were from Denis Dancanet (Director) and Simina Farcasiu (CFO), respectively.

From 2016 through 2018, the Company made multiple advances to Andrei Evulet, CEO, for a total of \$100,000. The loans bear no interest rate. The loans originally held a maturity date of January 15, 2022 but was extended by mutual consent. The loans do not contain repayment schedules. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the outstanding loan balances was \$100,000 for both years.

As of December 31, 2024, Mr. Denis Dancanet (Mr. Dancanet), the Company's Co-founder and Chairman of the Board of Directors, owned 767,598 common stock, representing 12.16% of the Company's total common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2024, and 5,500,000 of the Company's preferred stock, representing 100% of the Company's total preferred stock issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2024. Additionally, the Company issued a series of promissory convertible notes to Mr. Dancanet between 2018 and 2021. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the aggregate principal amount and interest outstanding on these notes was \$4,678,053 and \$3,929,096, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, Mr. Andrei Evulet (Mr. Evulet), Co-founder, owned 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, representing 31.68% of the Company's total common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2024. In addition, the Evulet Family Irrevocable Trust, partly related to Mr. Evulet, owned 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock as of December 31, 2024.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 26: The term transaction includes, but is not limited to, any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships.

Beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraph (2) shall be determined as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement and using the same calculation described in Question 6 of this Question and Answer format.

The term "member of the family" includes any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother in law, father in law, son in law, daughter in law, brother in law,

mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the person, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

Compute the amount of a related party's interest in any transaction without regard to the amount of the profit or loss involved in the transaction. Where it is not practicable to state the approximate amount of the interest, disclose the approximate amount involved in the transaction.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ISSUER

27. Does the issuer have an operating history?

- Yes
 No

28. Describe the financial condition of the issuer, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this offering. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis, including information regarding the strategy and plans for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" section for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Overview

The Company is a propulsion system, drone, and aerial mobility startup which aims to create a reality where aerial mobility is commonplace. The Company plans to license and sell its patented Fluidic Propulsive System, which is engineered to be used in vertical-take-off-and-landing (VTOL) applications, short-take-off-and-landing (STOL) applications, and integrated into wings for lift augmentation, to both the U.S. military and domestic and foreign commercial customers.

Milestones

Jetoptera, Inc was incorporated in the State of Delaware in June 2015.

Since then, we have:

- We believe that Jetoptera has the World's only jet propulsion solution using fluidics
- 30dB quieter & 2-3X faster than helicopters and e-vertical (E-VTOL) aircraft
- Awarded 155 patents with 100+ pending; prototypes flying today
- \$6.1M+ in commercial & military revenue to date; \$22M invested into R&D
- Leadership from GE Aviation, Collins Aerospace, US Marine Corps, & Morgan Stanley
- Collaborations with Pratt & Whitney to support USSOCOM
- Collaboration with EANAN AL SAMMA Dubai
- Transformational tech offers most direct path from fuel to thrust

The Company is subject to risks and uncertainties common to early-stage companies. Given the Company's limited operating history, the Company cannot reliably estimate how much revenue it will receive in the future.

Historical Results of Operations

- *Revenues & Gross Margin.* For the period ended December 31, 2025, the Company had revenues of \$806,539 compared to the year ended December 31, 2024, when the Company had revenues of \$1,283,898.
- *Assets.* As of December 31, 2025, the Company had total assets of \$4,890,369, including \$276,573 in cash. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$5,952,959 in total assets, including \$1,718,898 in cash.
- *Net Loss.* The Company has had net losses of \$3,612,514 and net losses of \$3,006,108 for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.
- *Liabilities.* The Company's liabilities totaled \$9,177,516 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 and \$9,255,484 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Related Party Transaction

Refer to Question 26 of this Form C for disclosure of all related party transactions.

Liquidity & Capital Resources

To-date, the company has been financed with \$41,667 in debt, \$14,959,829 in equity, and \$5,018,549 in convertibles.

After the conclusion of this Offering, should we hit our minimum funding target, our projected runway is 3 months before we need to raise further capital.

We plan to use the proceeds as set forth in this Form C under "Use of Funds". We don't have any other sources of capital in the immediate future.

We will likely require additional financing in excess of the proceeds from the Offering in order to perform operations over the lifetime of the Company. We plan to raise capital in 4 months. Except as otherwise described in this Form C, we do not have additional sources of capital other than the proceeds from the offering. Because of the complexities and uncertainties in establishing a new business strategy, it is not possible to adequately project whether the proceeds of this offering will be sufficient to enable us to implement our strategy. This complexity and uncertainty will be increased if less than the maximum amount of securities offered in this offering is sold. The Company intends to raise additional capital in the future from investors. Although capital may be available for early-stage companies, there is no guarantee that the Company will receive any investments from investors.

Runway & Short/Mid Term Expenses

Jetoptera, Inc cash in hand is \$473,000, as of October 2025. Over the last three months, revenues have averaged \$0/month, cost of goods sold has averaged \$242,000/month, and operational expenses have averaged \$200,000/month, for an average burn rate of \$442,000 per month. Our intent is to be profitable in 30 months.

Since the date of our financials, we have continued to spend money on the development of our J-500 demonstrator, which will segue into our first commercial UAV offering, which we expect to commercialize with EANAN AI-Samma outside the US. We are continuing to incur significant expenditures in the expansion and defense of our patent portfolio, which now stands at more than 155 granted patents, with 100+ pending.

We expect revenues deriving from DOW subcontracts and early sales of the J-500 to total between \$200,000 and

\$700,000 over the next 6 months. We expect expenses of \$1,200,000 to \$1,500,000 over the next 6 months.

We are not profitable. We project a total funding need of between \$40mm and \$50mm to become cash-flow positive based on our aggressive business development plan including developments of our J-2000 and J-4000 aircraft. Sources of funds may include co-development agreements with manufacturing and distribution partners and licensees.

Aside from Wefunder, we are in active discussions with strategic investors and co-development partners. The short-term burn during the campaign will be covered by cash on hand and by reducing our burn rate if necessary.

All projections in the above narrative are forward-looking and not guaranteed.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 28: The discussion must cover each year for which financial statements are provided. For issuers with no prior operating history, the discussion should focus on financial milestones and operational, liquidity and other challenges. For issuers with an operating history, the discussion should focus on whether historical results and cash flows are representative of what investors should expect in the future. Take into account the proceeds of the offering and any other known or pending sources of capital. Discuss how the proceeds from the offering will affect liquidity, whether receiving these funds and any other additional funds is necessary to the viability of the business, and how quickly the issuer anticipates using its available cash. Describe the other available sources of capital to the business, such as lines of credit or required contributions by shareholders. References to the issuer in this Question 28 and these instructions refer to the issuer and its predecessors, if any.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

29. Include financial statements covering the two most recently completed fiscal years or the period(s) since inception, if shorter:

Refer to [Appendix C, Financial Statements](#)

I, Simina Farcasiu, certify that:

- (1) the financial statements of Jetoptera, Inc included in this Form are true and complete in all material respects ; and
- (2) the financial information of Jetoptera, Inc included in this Form reflects accurately the information reported on

this Form reflects accurately the information reported on the tax return for Jetoptera, Inc filed for the most recently completed fiscal year.

Simina Farcasiu

Director, Jetoptera Inc

STAKEHOLDER ELIGIBILITY

30. With respect to the issuer, any predecessor of the issuer, any affiliated issuer, any director, officer, general partner or managing member of the issuer, any beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, any promoter connected with the issuer in any capacity at the time of such sale, any person that has been or will be paid (directly or indirectly) remuneration for solicitation of purchasers in connection with such sale of securities, or any general partner, director, officer or managing member of any such solicitor, prior to May 16, 2016:

(1) Has any such person been convicted, within 10 years (or five years, in the case of issuers, their predecessors and affiliated issuers) before the filing of this offering statement, of any felony or misdemeanor:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security?
 Yes No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? Yes No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? Yes No

(2) Is any such person subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act that, at the time of filing of this offering statement, restrains or enjoins such person from engaging or continuing to engage in any conduct or practice:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security?
 Yes No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? Yes No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? Yes No

(3) Is any such person subject to a final order of a state securities commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); a state authority that supervises or examines banks,

savings associations or credit unions; a state insurance commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); an appropriate federal banking agency; the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or the National Credit Union Administration that:

- i. at the time of the filing of this offering statement bars the person from:
 - A. association with an entity regulated by such commission, authority, agency or officer?
 Yes No
 - B. engaging in the business of securities, insurance or banking? Yes No
 - C. engaging in savings association or credit union activities? Yes No
- ii. constitutes a final order based on a violation of any law or regulation that prohibits fraudulent, manipulative or deceptive conduct and for which the order was entered within the 10-year period ending on the date of the filing of this offering statement? Yes No

(4) Is any such person subject to an order of the Commission entered pursuant to Section 15(b) or 15B(c) of the Exchange Act or Section 203(e) or (f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement:

- i. suspends or revokes such person's registration as a broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser or funding portal? Yes No
- ii. places limitations on the activities, functions or operations of such person? Yes No
- iii. bars such person from being associated with any entity or from participating in the offering of any penny stock?
 Yes No

(5) Is any such person subject to any order of the Commission entered within five years before the filing of this offering statement that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement, orders the person to cease and desist from committing or causing a violation or future violation of:

- i. any scienter-based anti-fraud provision of the federal securities laws, including without limitation Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, Section 15(c)(1) of the Exchange Act and Section 206(1) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or any other rule or regulation thereunder? Yes No
- ii. Section 5 of the Securities Act? Yes No

(6) Is any such person suspended or expelled from membership in, or suspended or barred from association with a member of, a registered national securities exchange or a registered national or affiliated securities association for any act or omission to act constituting conduct inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade?

Yes No

(7) Has any such person filed (as a registrant or issuer), or was any such person or was any such person named as an underwriter in, any registration statement or Regulation A offering statement filed with the Commission that, within five years before the filing of this offering statement, was the subject of a refusal order, stop order, or order suspending the Regulation A exemption, or is any such person, at the time of such filing, the subject of an investigation or proceeding to determine whether a stop order or suspension order should be issued?

Yes No

(8) Is any such person subject to a United States Postal Service false representation order entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act, or is any such person, at the time of filing of this offering statement, subject to a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction with respect to conduct alleged by the United States Postal Service to constitute a scheme or device for obtaining money or property through the mail by means of false representations?

Yes No

If you would have answered "Yes" to any of these questions had the conviction, order, judgment, decree, suspension, expulsion or bar occurred or been issued after May 16, 2016, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: Final order means a written directive or declaratory statement issued by a federal or state agency, described in Rule 503(a)(3) of Regulation Crowdfunding, under applicable statutory authority that provides for notice and an opportunity for hearing, which constitutes a final disposition or action by that federal or state agency.

No matters are required to be disclosed with respect to events relating to any affiliated issuer that occurred before the affiliation arose if the affiliated entity is not (i) in control of the issuer or (ii) under common control with the issuer by a third party that was in control of the affiliated entity at the time of such events.

OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION

31. In addition to the information expressly required to be included in this Form, include:

- (1) any other material information presented to investors; and
- (2) such further material information, if any, as may be necessary to make the required statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

The Lead Investor. As described above, each Investor that has entered into the Investor Agreement will grant a power

has entered into the Investor Agreement will grant a power of attorney to make voting decisions on behalf of that Investor to the Lead Investor (the "Proxy"). The Proxy is irrevocable unless and until a Successor Lead Investor takes the place of the Lead Investor, in which case, the Investor has a five (5) calendar day period to revoke the Proxy. Pursuant to the Proxy, the Lead Investor or his or her successor will make voting decisions and take any other actions in connection with the voting on Investors' behalf.

The Lead Investor is an experienced investor that is chosen to act in the role of Lead Investor on behalf of Investors that have a Proxy in effect. The Lead Investor will be chosen by the Company and approved by Wefunder Inc. and the identity of the initial Lead Investor will be disclosed to Investors before Investors make a final investment decision to purchase the securities related to the Company.

The Lead Investor can quit at any time or can be removed by Wefunder Inc. for cause or pursuant to a vote of investors as detailed in the Lead Investor Agreement. In the event the Lead Investor quits or is removed, the Company will choose a Successor Lead Investor who must be approved by Wefunder Inc. The identity of the Successor Lead Investor will be disclosed to Investors, and those that have a Proxy in effect can choose to either leave such Proxy in place or revoke such Proxy during a 5-day period beginning with notice of the replacement of the Lead Investor.

The Lead Investor will not receive any compensation for his or her services to the SPV. The Lead Investor may receive compensation if, in the future, Wefunder Advisors LLC forms a fund ("Fund") for accredited investors for the purpose of investing in a non-Regulation Crowdfunding offering of the Company. In such as circumstance, the Lead Investor may act as a portfolio manager for that Fund (and as a supervised person of Wefunder Advisors) and may be compensated through that role.

Although the Lead Investor may act in multiple roles with respect to the Company's offerings and may potentially be compensated for some of its services, the Lead Investor's goal is to maximize the value of the Company and therefore maximize the value of securities issued by or related to the Company. As a result, the Lead Investor's interests should always be aligned with those of Investors. It is, however, possible that in some limited circumstances the Lead Investor's interests could diverge from the interests of Investors, as discussed in section 8 above.

Investors that wish to purchase securities related to the

Company through Wefunder Portal must agree to give the Proxy described above to the Lead Investor, provided that if the Lead Investor is replaced, the Investor will have a 5-day period during which he or she may revoke the Proxy. If the Proxy is not revoked during this 5-day period, it will remain in effect.

Tax Filings. In order to complete necessary tax filings, the SPV is required to include information about each investor who holds an interest in the SPV, including each investor's taxpayer identification number ("TIN") (e.g., social security number or employer identification number). To the extent they have not already done so, each investor will be required to provide their TIN within the earlier of (i) two (2) years of making their investment or (ii) twenty (20) days prior to the date of any distribution from the SPV. If an investor does not provide their TIN within this time, the SPV reserves the right to withhold from any proceeds otherwise payable to the Investor an amount necessary for the SPV to satisfy its tax withholding obligations as well as the SPV's reasonable estimation of any penalties that may be charged by the IRS or other relevant authority as a result of the investor's failure to provide their TIN. If applicable, the Company may also be required to pay Wefunder certain fees for the preparation of tax filings. Such fees and the Company's obligation to deliver required tax documents are further specified in the related Tax Services Agreement ("TSA").

Investors should carefully review the terms of the SPV Subscription Agreement for additional information about tax filings.

Potential Dissolution of the SPV. The Company has agreed that it will pay an administrative fee and / or certain tax fees to Wefunder, in addition to delivering required tax information in the manner prescribed by the TSA, where applicable. Failure to pay such fees or provide Wefunder with required tax information could result in the dissolution of the SPV (an "SPV Dissolution Event"). Subsequent to an SPV Dissolution Event, the securities held by the SPV would be distributed directly and proportionally to the individual investors. This could create administrative complexities, as investors would need to manage the securities themselves rather than having them held and administered by the SPV. Additionally, the unplanned distribution of securities may not align with investors' intended investment strategy or asset allocation.

Upon an SPV Dissolution Event, the Investor hereby consents to and agrees to accept direct assignment of the

SPV's rights and obligations under any investment agreements between the SPV and the Company that is located in the Form C or C/A offering materials. The Investor acknowledges they will be bound by all terms and conditions of such agreements as if they were an original party thereto.

INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: If information is presented to investors in a format, media or other means not able to be reflected in text or portable document format, the issuer should include:

- (a) a description of the material content of such information;*
- (b) a description of the format in which such disclosure is presented; and*
- (c) in the case of disclosure in video, audio or other dynamic media or format, a transcript or description of such disclosure.*

ONGOING REPORTING

32. The issuer will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than:

120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

33. Once posted, the annual report may be found on the issuer's website at:

<https://www.jetoptera.com/invest>

The issuer must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

1. the issuer is required to file reports under Exchange Act Sections 13(a) or 15(d);
2. the issuer has filed at least one annual report and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
3. the issuer has filed at least three annual reports and has total assets that do not exceed \$10 million;
4. the issuer or another party purchases or repurchases all of the securities issued pursuant to Section 4(a)(6), including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or the issuer liquidates or dissolves in accordance with state law.

APPENDICES

[Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#)

Appendix B: Investor Contracts

[Jetoptera Subscription Agreement 2025](#)

[SPV Subscription Agreement - Early Bird](#)

[Early Bird Jetoptera Subscription Agreement
2025](#)

[SPV Subscription Agreement](#)

Appendix C: Financial Statements

[Financials 1](#)

[Financials 2](#)

Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History

[Andrei Evulet](#)

[Denis Dancanet](#)

[Simina Farcasiu](#)

Appendix E: Supporting Documents

[ttw_communications_181785_161848.pdf](#)

[Jetoptera_Subscription_Agreement_11.7.25.pdf](#)

Signatures

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

The issuer certifies that it has established means to keep accurate records of the holders of the securities it would offer and sell through the intermediary's platform.

The following documents will be filed with the SEC:

[Cover Page XML](#)

Offering Statement (this page)

[Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#)

[Appendix B: Investor Contracts](#)

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[Jetoptera_Subscription_Agreement_11.7.25.pdf](#)

Wefunder Portal will review the information you provide before we agree to submit a Form C to the SEC. Our review is designed to assess whether the information you have provided is complete and not inaccurate, misleading or otherwise fraudulent. Despite our review, the company submitting this Form C may be held responsible for all information provided through it, and for ensuring that the information it submits is not false or misleading in any material way and does not omit any information that would cause the information included to be false or misleading. By submitting your Form C to us, you acknowledge this. You also agree to provide any additional information or clarification we may request from you so that the Form C we submit on your behalf, in our reasonable, good faith review, does not contain incorrect information. Wefunder Portal will not submit a Form C that we believe, in our sole discretion, omits material information or contains false or misleading information. As a result, there is no guarantee that we will submit a Form C on your behalf.

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

The issuer certifies that it has established means to keep accurate records of the holders of the securities it would offer and sell through the Form C.

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

I authorize Wefunder Portal to submit a Form C to the SEC based on the information I provided through this online form and my company's Wefunder profile.

As an authorized representative of the company, I appoint Wefunder Portal as the company's true and lawful representative and attorney-in-fact, in the company's name, place and stead to make, execute, sign, acknowledge, swear to and file a Form C, any future non-material Form C-A, any future Form C-U, and any future Form C-W on the company's behalf. This power of attorney is coupled with an interest and is irrevocable. The company hereby waives any and all defenses that may be available to contest, negate or disaffirm the actions of Wefunder Portal taken in good faith under or in reliance upon this power of attorney.

Before you click on the button below, please review the information you have provided carefully.

We strongly recommend you have your company's lawyer review the information as well. The company submitting this Form C is responsible for all information provided through it, and for ensuring that the information it submits is not false or misleading in any material way and does not omit any information that would cause the information included to be false or misleading.

- I verify the Form C is 100% accurate**
- I agree to the [Wefunder Listing Agreement](#)**
- I agree to the [Lead Investor Agreement](#)**
- I agree to the [Rule 3a-9 Undertakings Agreement](#)**

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Jetoptera, Inc

By

Simina Farcasiu

CFO and Co-Founder

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C and [Transfer Agent Agreement](#) has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Símina Farcasiu

CFO and Co-Founder
4/15/2026

Andrei T Evulet

CEO
4/15/2026

Denís Dancanet

Chairman of the BOD and Co-Founder
4/15/2026

The Form C must be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.