

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM C/A

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

(Mark one.)

Form C: Offering Statement

Form C-U: Progress Update

Form C/A: Amendment to Offering Statement

Check box if Amendment is material and investors must reconfirm within five business days.

Issuer is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from October 31, 2021 to November 7, 2021, update the capitalization and outstanding securities information, identify the closing of a private placement of securities for \$100,000, identify an intermediate closing of this Offering on October 16, 2021, and update the number of full-time and part-time employees.

Form C-AR: Annual Report

Form C-AR/A: Amendment to Annual Report

Form C-TR: Termination of Reporting

Name of Issuer:

PittMoss LLC

Legal status of issuer

Form

Limited Liability Company

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization

Delaware

Date of organization

January 6, 2015

Physical address of issuer

2603 Duss Avenue, Ambridge, PA 15003

Website of issuer

<https://www.pittmoss.com>

Name of Intermediary through which the Offering will be Conducted:

OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic

CIK Number of Intermediary:

0001751525

SEC File Number of Intermediary:

007-00167

CRD Number of Intermediary:

283874

Name of qualified third party “Escrow Agent” which the Offering will utilize:

Prime Trust, LLC

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

At the conclusion of the offering, the issuer shall pay a fee of six percent (6%) of the amount raised in the offering to the Intermediary.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to two percent (2%) of the total number of the securities sold in the offering.

Type of Security Offered:

Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Target Number of Securities to be Offered:

25,000

Price (or Method for Determining Price):

\$1.00

Target Offering Amount:

\$25,000.00

Oversubscriptions Accepted:

Yes
 No

Oversubscriptions will be Allocated:

Pro-rata basis
 First-come, first-served basis
 Other: At the Company's discretion

Maximum offering amount (if different from Target Offering Amount):

\$500,000.00

Deadline to reach the Target Offering Amount:

November 7, 2021

If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the deadline to reach the target offering amount, no Securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current Number of Employees:

Six (6): Four (4) Full-Time / Two (2) Part-Time

	Most recent fiscal year-end (2020)	Prior fiscal year-end (2019)
Total Assets	\$897,291	\$847,606
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$256,786	\$216,049
Accounts Receivable	\$157,185	\$154,718
Short-term Debt	\$185,312	\$79,338
Long-term Debt	\$159,262	\$0
Revenues/Sales	\$563,821	\$408,222
Cost of Goods Sold*	\$445,309	\$311,366
Taxes Paid	\$0	\$0
Net Income	\$(897,776)	\$(733,476)

*Cost of Revenues in the Financial Statements

The jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District Of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virgin Islands, U.S., Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands

Explanatory Note

PittMoss LLC is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from October 31, 2021 to November 7, 2021, update the capitalization and outstanding securities information, identify the closing of a private placement of securities for \$100,000, identify an intermediate closing of this Offering on October 16, 2021, and update the number of full-time and part-time employees. The Form C filed by the Company on August 31, 2021, is hereby amended and superseded in all respects by this Form C/A.

October 29, 2021

PittMoss LLC



Up to \$500,000.00 of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

PittMoss LLC (“**PittMoss**”, the “**Company**,” “**we**,” “**us**”, or “**our**”), is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the “**Target Offering Amount**”) and up to a maximum amount of \$500,000.00 (the “**Maximum Offering Amount**”) of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) (the “**Securities**”) on a best efforts basis as described in this Form C/A (this “**Offering**”). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by November 7, 2021 (the “**Offering Deadline**”). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled, and all committed funds will be returned.

Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as “**Investors**” or “**you**”. The rights and obligations of Investors with respect to the Securities are set forth below in the section titled “*The Offering and the Securities—The Securities*”. In order to purchase the Securities, you must complete the purchase process through our intermediary, OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the “**Intermediary**”). All committed funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC (the “**Escrow Agent**”) until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as such earlier time the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary.

Investment commitments may be accepted or rejected by us, in our sole and absolute discretion. We have the right to cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time and for any reason. The Intermediary has the ability to reject any investment commitment and may cancel or rescind our offer to sell the Securities at any time for any reason.

	Price to Investors	Service Fees and Commissions (1)(2)	Net Proceeds
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount (3)	\$100	\$6.00	\$94.00
Target Offering Amount	\$25,000	\$1,500	\$23,500
Maximum Offering Amount	\$500,000	\$30,000	\$470,000

(1) This excludes fees to Company’s advisors, such as attorneys and accountants.

(2) In addition to the six percent (6%) fee shown here, the Intermediary will also receive a securities commission equal to two percent (2%) of the Securities sold in this Offering.

(3) The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary's special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this Offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. These Securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any Securities offered or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

These Securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these Securities are exempt from registration.

THESE SECURITIES INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK THAT MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL INVESTORS. THERE ARE ALSO SIGNIFICANT UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY AND THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY ARE NOT PUBLICLY TRADED. THERE IS NO PUBLIC MARKET FOR THE SECURITIES AND ONE MAY NEVER DEVELOP. AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMPANY IS HIGHLY SPECULATIVE. THE SECURITIES SHOULD NOT BE PURCHASED BY ANYONE WHO CANNOT BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISK OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME AND WHO CANNOT AFFORD THE LOSS OF THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. SEE THE SECTION OF THIS FORM C/A TITLED "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 2.

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY WILL HAVE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. NO SECURITIES MAY BE PLEDGED, TRANSFERRED, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF BY ANY INVESTOR EXCEPT PURSUANT TO RULE 501 OF REGULATION CF. YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

YOU ARE NOT TO CONSTRUE THE CONTENTS OF THIS FORM C/A AS LEGAL, ACCOUNTING OR TAX ADVICE OR AS INFORMATION NECESSARILY APPLICABLE TO YOUR PARTICULAR FINANCIAL SITUATION. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN FINANCIAL ADVISER, COUNSEL AND ACCOUNTANT AS TO LEGAL, TAX AND RELATED MATTERS CONCERNING THEIR INVESTMENT.

THIS OFFERING IS ONLY EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS TERRITORIES. NO OFFER IS BEING MADE IN ANY JURISDICTION NOT LISTED ABOVE. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE PERMISSIBILITY OF THEIR PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING, INCLUDING OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL FORMALITIES AND SEEKING CONSENT FROM THEIR LOCAL REGULATOR, IF NECESSARY. THE INTERMEDIARY FACILITATING THIS OFFERING IS LICENSED AND REGISTERED SOLELY IN THE UNITED STATES AND HAS NOT SECURED, AND HAS NOT SOUGHT TO SECURE, A LICENSE OR WAIVER OF THE NEED FOR SUCH LICENSE IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. THE COMPANY, THE ESCROW AGENT AND THE INTERMEDIARY, EACH RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY INVESTMENT COMMITMENT MADE BY ANY PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR, WHETHER FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FOREIGN INVESTORS

IF YOU LIVE OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN INVESTOR.

NOTICE REGARDING THE ESCROW AGENT

PRIME TRUST LLC, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT'S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Company has certified that all of the following statements are TRUE for the Company in connection with this Offering:

- (1) Is organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) Is not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “**Exchange Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
- (3) Is not an investment company, as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “**Investment Company Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
- (4) Is not ineligible to offer or sell securities in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the “**Securities Act**”) (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) as a result of a disqualification as specified in § 227.503(a);
- (5) Has filed with the SEC and provided to investors, to the extent required, any ongoing annual reports required by law during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this Form C/A; and
- (6) Has a specific business plan, which is not to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

Bad Actor Disclosure

The Company is not subject to any bad actor disqualifications under any relevant U.S. securities laws.

Ongoing Reporting

Following the first sale of the Securities, the Company will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year.

Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at <https://www.pittmoss.com>

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with applicable state law.

Neither the Company nor any of its predecessors (if any) previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirement of Regulation CF.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: <https://www.republic.co/pittmoss>

The date of this Form C/A is October 29, 2021.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABOUT THIS FORM C/A	1
CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.....	i
SUMMARY	1
The Company.....	1
The Offering	1
RISK FACTORS.....	2
Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry.....	2
Risks Related to the Offering.....	8
Risks Related to the Securities.....	10
BUSINESS	14
Description of the Business	14
Business Plan.....	14
The Company's Products and/or Services.....	14
Competition	14
Customer Base	15
Intellectual Property.....	15
Governmental/Regulatory Approval and Compliance	15
Litigation.....	15
USE OF PROCEEDS.....	15
DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND MANAGERS	16
Indemnification.....	17
Employees.....	17
CAPITALIZATION, DEBT AND OWNERSHIP	18
Capitalization.....	18
Outstanding Debt.....	20
Ownership.....	21
FINANCIAL INFORMATION	22
Operations.....	22
Cash and Cash Equivalents.....	22
Liquidity and Capital Resources.....	22
Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations	22
Valuation.....	22
Material Changes and Other Information	22
Previous Offerings of Securities.....	23
TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.....	23
THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES	25
The Offering	25
The Securities	26
COMMISSION AND FEES	29
Stock, Warrants and Other Compensation.....	29
TAX MATTERS	29
LEGAL MATTERS	30
DISCLAIMER OF TELEVISION, RADIO, PODCAST AND STREAMING PRESENTATION	30
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	30

ABOUT THIS FORM C/A

You should rely only on the information contained in this Form C/A. We have not authorized anyone to provide any information or make any representations other than those contained in this Form C/A, and no source other than the Intermediary has been authorized to host this Form C/A and the Offering. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not offering to sell, nor seeking offers to buy, the Securities in any jurisdiction where such offers and sales are not permitted. The information contained in this Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents, regardless of the time of delivery of this Form C/A or the time of issuance or sale of any Securities.

This Form C/A serves to document a material change from the initial Form C filing associated with the Offering. The material changes contained in this Form C/A include: (i) extending the offering deadline from October 31, 2021 to November 7, 2021, (ii) updating the capitalization and outstanding securities information, (iii) identifying the closing of a private placement of securities for \$100,000, (iv) identifying an intermediate closing of this Offering on October 16, 2021, and (v) updating the number of full-time and part-time employees.

Statements contained herein as to the content of any agreements or other documents are summaries and, therefore, are necessarily selective and incomplete and are qualified in their entirety by the actual agreements or other documents. Prior to the consummation of the purchase and sale of the Securities, the Company will afford prospective Investors an opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company and its management concerning the terms and conditions of this Offering and the Company.

In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of the Company and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. The statements of the Company contained herein are based on information believed to be reliable; however, no warranty can be made as to the accuracy of such information or that circumstances have not changed since the date of this Form C/A. For example, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects may have changed since the date of this Form C/A. The Company does not expect to update or otherwise revise this Form C/A or any other materials supplied herewith.

This Form C/A is submitted in connection with the Offering described herein and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements and are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact or relating to present facts or current conditions included in this Form C/A are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current reasonable expectations and projections regarding our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "should," "can have," "likely" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form C/A and any documents incorporated by reference herein are based on reasonable assumptions we have made in light of our industry experience, perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this Form C/A, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual operating and financial performance and cause our performance to differ materially from the performance anticipated in the forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect or change, our actual operating and financial performance may vary in material respects from the performance projected in these forward-looking statements.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements made in this Form C/A or any documents incorporated by reference herein is accurate only as of the date of those respective documents. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this Form C/A or to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this Form C/A. This summary may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire Form C carefully, including the matters discussed under the section titled "Risk Factors."

The Company

PittMoss manufactures gardening mixes and soil amendments from recycled paper products. The Company was formed in Delaware on January 6, 2015 as a limited liability company.

The Company is located at: 2603 Duss Avenue, Ambridge, PA 15003.

The Company's website is: <https://www.pittmoss.com>

The Company conducts business in Pennsylvania and sells products direct to commercial growers (B2B) and through one-hundred twenty (120) garden centers across twelve (12) states in addition to internet sales throughout the United States.

A description of our products, services and business plan can be found on the Company's profile page on the Intermediary's website under <https://republic.co/pittmoss> and is attached as Exhibit B to this Form C/A.

The Offering

Minimum Amount of the Securities Offered	25,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Target Offering Amount met)	25,000*
Maximum Amount of the Securities Offered	500,000
Total Amount of the Securities Outstanding after Offering (if Maximum Offering Amount met)	500,000
Price Per Security	\$1.00
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount	\$100 ⁺
Offering Deadline	November 7, 2021
Use of Proceeds	See the description of the use of proceeds on page 15 hereof.
Voting Rights	See the description of the voting rights on page 30.

*The total number of the Securities outstanding after the Offering is subject to increase in an amount equal to the Intermediary's fee of two percent (2%) of the Securities issued in this Offering.

⁺ The Company reserves the right to amend the Minimum Individual Purchase Amount, in its sole discretion. In particular, the Company may elect to participate in one of the Intermediary's special investment programs and may offer alternative Minimum Individual Purchase Amounts to Investors participating in such programs without notice.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Securities involves a high degree of risk and may result in the loss of your entire investment. Before making an investment decision with respect to the Securities, we urge you to carefully consider the risks described in this section and other factors set forth in this Form C/A. In addition to the risks specified below, the Company is subject to same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently riskier than more developed companies. Prospective Investors should consult with their legal, tax and financial advisors prior to making an investment in the Securities. The Securities should only be purchased by persons who can afford to lose all of their investment.

Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry

We have a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our performance, and accordingly, our prospects must be considered in light of the risks that any new company encounters.

The Company is still in an early phase and we are just beginning to implement our business plan. There can be no assurance that we will ever operate profitably. The likelihood of our success should be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays usually encountered by early stage companies. The Company may not be successful in attaining the objectives necessary for it to overcome these risks and uncertainties.

Global crises such as COVID-19 can have a significant effect on our business operations and revenue projections.

Despite shelter-in-place orders and non-essential business closings potentially happening throughout 2020 and into the future due to COVID-19, the Company's revenues were not adversely affected. However, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will ultimately impact our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows depends on future developments that are highly uncertain, rapidly evolving and difficult to predict at this time. Depending on the length and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, we may experience an increase or decrease in future customer orders driven by consumer shopping, consumption behavior and retail foot traffic. We are not able to predict the impact, if any, COVID-19 may have on the seasonality of our business.

The amount of capital the Company is attempting to raise in this Offering may not be enough to sustain the Company's current business plan.

In order to achieve the Company's near and long-term goals, the Company may need to procure funds in addition to the amount raised in the Offering. There is no guarantee the Company will be able to raise such funds on acceptable terms or at all. If we are not able to raise sufficient capital in the future, we may not be able to execute our business plan, our continued operations will be in jeopardy and we may be forced to cease operations and sell or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of our remaining assets, which could cause an Investor to lose all or a portion of their investment.

We may face potential difficulties in obtaining capital.

We may have difficulty raising needed capital in the future as a result of, among other factors, our lack of revenues from sales, as well as the inherent business risks associated with our Company and present and future market conditions. We may require additional funds to execute our business strategy and conduct our operations. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, reduce the scope of or eliminate one or more of our research, development or commercialization programs, product launches or marketing efforts, any of which may materially harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may implement new lines of business or offer new products and services within existing lines of business.

As an early-stage company, we may implement new lines of business at any time. There are substantial risks and uncertainties associated with these efforts, particularly in instances where the markets are not fully developed. In developing and marketing new lines of business and/or new products and services, we may invest significant time and resources. Initial timetables for the introduction and development of new lines of business and/or new products or services may not be achieved, and price and profitability targets may not prove feasible. We may not be successful in introducing new products and services in response to industry trends or developments in technology, or those new products may not achieve market acceptance. As a result, we could lose business, be forced to price products and

services on less advantageous terms to retain or attract clients or be subject to cost increases. As a result, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

We rely on other companies to provide components and services for our products.

We depend on suppliers and contractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or contractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate manufacture of major components or subsystems for our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide components which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be unable to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two contractors or suppliers for a particular component. Our products may utilize custom components available from only one source. Continued availability of those components at acceptable prices, or at all, may be affected for any number of reasons, including if those suppliers decide to concentrate on the production of common components instead of components customized to meet our requirements. The supply of components for a new or existing product could be delayed or constrained, or a key manufacturing vendor could delay shipments of completed products to us adversely affecting our business and results of operations.

Substantial disruption to production at our, our third-party manufacturer's, or our suppliers' facilities could occur.

A disruption in production at our or our third-party manufacturer's facilities could have an adverse effect on our business. In addition, a disruption could occur at the facilities of our suppliers. The disruption could occur for many reasons, including fire, natural disasters, weather, water scarcity, manufacturing problems, disease, strikes, transportation or supply interruption, government regulation, cybersecurity attacks or terrorism. Alternative facilities with sufficient capacity or capabilities may not be available, may cost substantially more or may take a significant time to start production, each of which could negatively affect our business and results of operations.

We are vulnerable to fluctuations in the price and supply of ingredients, packaging materials, and freight.

The prices of our ingredients, packaging materials and freight are subject to fluctuations attributable to, among other things, changes in supply and demand. The sales prices to our customers are a delivered price. Therefore, changes in our input and shipping costs could impact our gross margins. Our ability to pass along higher costs through price increases to our customers is dependent upon competitive conditions and pricing methodologies employed in the various markets in which we compete. To the extent competitors do not also increase their prices, customers and consumers may choose to purchase competing products or may shift purchases to lower-priced or other value offerings which may adversely affect our results of operations. We do not have long-term contracts with many of our suppliers, and, as a result, they could increase prices or fail to deliver. The occurrence of any of the foregoing could increase our costs and disrupt our operations.

The consolidation of retail customers could adversely affect us.

Retail customers in our major markets, may consolidate, resulting in fewer customers for our business. Consolidation also produces larger retail customers that may seek to leverage their position to improve their profitability by demanding improved efficiency, lower pricing, increased promotional programs, or specifically tailored products. In addition, larger retailers have the scale to develop supply chains that permit them to operate with reduced inventories. Retail consolidation and increasing retailer power could adversely affect our product sales and results of operations. Retail consolidation also increases the risk that adverse changes in our customers' business operations or financial performance will have a corresponding material and adverse effect on us. For example, if our customers cannot access sufficient funds or financing, then they may delay, decrease, or cancel purchases of our products, or delay or fail to pay us for previous purchases, which could materially and adversely affect our product sales, financial condition, and operating results.

We may not be able to effectively execute our e-commerce business.

We sell our products over the Internet on our website, www.pittmoss.com, and Amazon, which represent a small but growing percentage of our overall sales. The success of our e-commerce business depends on our investment in these platforms, consumer preferences and buying trends relating to e-commerce and our ability to both maintain the

continuous operation of our online and fulfillment operations and provide a shopping experience that will generate orders and return visits to our platforms.

We are also vulnerable to certain additional risks and uncertainties associated with our e-commerce business, including: changes in required technology interfaces; website downtime and other technical failures; costs and technical issues associated with website software, systems and technology investments and upgrades; data and system security; system failures, disruptions and breaches and the costs to address and remedy such failures, disruptions or breaches; computer viruses; and changes in and compliance with applicable federal and state regulations. In addition, our efforts to remain competitive with technology trends, including the use of new or improved technology, creative user interfaces and other e-commerce marketing tools such as paid search and mobile applications, among others, may increase our costs and may not increase sales or attract consumers. Our failure to successfully respond to these risks and uncertainties might adversely affect our e-commerce sales, as well as damage our reputation or brands.

In addition, the success of our e-commerce business depends on the timely delivery of our products to our customers. The timely delivery of our products to our customers requires that our production operations have adequate capacity to support the current level of e-commerce orders and any anticipated increased levels that may occur as a result of the growth of our e-commerce business. If we encounter any production difficulties or a shut down for any reason, including as a result of a fire or other natural disaster, we could face shortages of inventory, resulting in delivery delays and dissatisfaction from our customers. Any of these issues could harm our business and reputation.

We rely on various intellectual property rights, including trademarks, in order to operate our business.

The Company relies on certain intellectual property rights to operate its business. The Company's intellectual property rights may not be sufficiently broad or otherwise may not provide us a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the steps that we have taken to maintain and protect our intellectual property may not prevent it from being challenged, invalidated, circumvented or designed-around, particularly in countries where intellectual property rights are not highly developed or protected. In some circumstances, enforcement may not be available to us because an infringer has a dominant intellectual property position or for other business reasons, or countries may require compulsory licensing of our intellectual property. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights that convey competitive advantage, adequately protect our intellectual property or detect or prevent circumvention or unauthorized use of such property, could adversely impact our competitive position and results of operations. We also rely on nondisclosure and noncompetition agreements with employees, consultants and other parties to protect, in part, trade secrets and other proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will adequately protect our trade secrets and other proprietary rights and will not be breached, that we will have adequate remedies for any breach, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information or that third parties will not otherwise gain access to our trade secrets or other proprietary rights. As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could divert management's attention from other business concerns. The law relating to the scope and validity of claims in the technology field in which we operate is still evolving and, consequently, intellectual property positions in our industry are generally uncertain. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important.

The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could divert management's attention from other business concerns. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

From time to time, third parties may claim that one or more of our products or services infringe their intellectual property rights.

Any dispute or litigation regarding patents or other intellectual property could be costly and time-consuming due to the complexity of our technology and the uncertainty of intellectual property litigation and could divert our management and key personnel from our business operations. A claim of intellectual property infringement could

force us to enter into a costly or restrictive license agreement, which might not be available under acceptable terms or at all, could require us to redesign our products, which would be costly and time-consuming, and/or could subject us to an injunction against development and sale of certain of our products or services. We may have to pay substantial damages, including damages for past infringement if it is ultimately determined that our product candidates infringe a third party's proprietary rights. Even if these claims are without merit, defending a lawsuit takes significant time, may be expensive and may divert management's attention from other business concerns. Any public announcements related to litigation or interference proceedings initiated or threatened against us could cause our business to be harmed. Our intellectual property portfolio may not be useful in asserting a counterclaim, or negotiating a license, in response to a claim of intellectual property infringement. In certain of our businesses we rely on third party intellectual property licenses and we cannot ensure that these licenses will be available to us in the future on favorable terms or at all.

Manufacturing or design defects, unanticipated use of our products, or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of the products can lead to injury or other adverse events.

These events could lead to recalls or safety alerts relating to our products (either voluntary or required by governmental authorities) and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of a product from the market. Any recall could result in significant costs as well as negative publicity that could reduce demand for our products. Personal injuries relating to the use of our products can also result in product liability claims being brought against us. In some circumstances, such adverse events could also cause delays in new product approvals. Similarly, negligence in performing our services can lead to injury or other adverse events.

Product safety and quality concerns, including concerns related to perceived quality of ingredients, could negatively affect the Company's business.

The Company's success depends in large part on its ability to maintain consumer confidence in the safety and quality of all its products. The Company has rigorous product safety and quality standards. However, if products taken to market are or become contaminated or adulterated, the Company may be required to conduct costly product recalls and may become subject to product liability claims and negative publicity, which would cause its business to suffer. In addition, regulatory actions, activities by nongovernmental organizations and public debate and concerns about perceived negative safety and quality consequences of certain materials in our products may erode consumers' confidence in the safety and quality issues, whether or not justified, and could result in additional governmental regulations concerning the marketing and labeling of the Company's products, negative publicity, or actual or threatened legal actions, all of which could damage the reputation of the Company's products and may reduce demand for the Company's products.

Future product recalls or safety concerns could adversely impact our results of operations.

We may be required to recall certain of our products should they be mislabeled, tampered with or damaged. We also may become involved in lawsuits and legal proceedings if it is alleged that the use of any of our products causes injury, illness or death. A product recall or an adverse result in any such litigation could have an adverse effect on our business, depending on the costs of the recall, the destruction of product inventory, competitive reaction and consumer attitudes. Even if a product liability or consumer fraud claim is unsuccessful or without merit, the negative publicity surrounding such assertions regarding our products could adversely affect our reputation and brand image. We also could be adversely affected if consumers in our principal markets lose confidence in the safety and quality of our products.

We must correctly predict, identify, and interpret changes in consumer preferences and demand, offer new products to meet those changes, and respond to competitive innovation.

Consumer preferences may result in the need for our products to change continually. Our success depends on our ability to predict, identify, and interpret the tastes and habits of consumers and to offer products that appeal to consumer preferences. If we do not offer products that appeal to consumers, our sales and market share will decrease. We must distinguish between short-term fads, mid-term trends, and long-term changes in consumer preferences. If we do not accurately predict which shifts in consumer preferences will be long-term, or if we fail to introduce new and improved products to satisfy those preferences, our sales could decline. If we fail to expand our product offerings successfully across product categories, or if we do not rapidly develop products in faster growing and more profitable categories, demand for our products could decrease, which could materially and adversely affect our product sales, financial condition, and results of operations.

In addition, achieving growth depends on our successful development, introduction, and marketing of innovative new products and line extensions. Successful innovation depends on our ability to correctly anticipate customer and consumer acceptance, to obtain, protect and maintain necessary intellectual property rights, and to avoid infringing the intellectual property rights of others and failure to do so could compromise our competitive position and adversely impact our business.

The Company is dependent on its management and sales teams, and the loss of one or more members of these groups could harm the business and prevent the Company from implementing its business plan in a timely manner.

Our success depends substantially upon the continued services of our management team, particularly our Chief Executive Officer, Brian Scott. The Company has entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Scott. The unexpected loss of Mr. Scott or any other member of our management team could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow or results of operations.

We are also substantially dependent on the continued services of our sales team because of their industry experience and knowledge of our products, customers and technology. We do not have employment agreements with any of our sales personnel and, therefore, they could terminate their employment with us at any time. The loss of one or more of the members of our sales team could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow or results of operations.

Although dependent on certain key personnel, the Company does not have any key person life insurance policies on any such people.

We are dependent on certain key personnel in order to conduct our operations and execute our business plan, however, the Company has not purchased any insurance policies with respect to those individuals in the event of their death or disability. Therefore, if any of these personnel die or become disabled, the Company will not receive any compensation to assist with such person's absence. The loss of such person could negatively affect the Company and our operations. We have no way to guarantee key personnel will stay with the Company, as many states do not enforce non-competition agreements, and therefore acquiring key man insurance will not ameliorate all of the risk of relying on key personnel.

Damage to our reputation could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our reputation and the quality of our brand are critical to our business and success in existing markets, and will be critical to our success as we enter new markets. Any incident that erodes consumer loyalty for our brand could significantly reduce its value and damage our business. We may be adversely affected by any negative publicity, regardless of its accuracy. Also, there has been a marked increase in the use of social media platforms and similar devices, including blogs, social media websites and other forms of internet-based communications that provide individuals with access to a broad audience of consumers and other interested persons. The availability of information on social media platforms is virtually immediate as is its impact. Information posted may be adverse to our interests or may be inaccurate, each of which may harm our performance, prospects or business. The harm may be immediate and may disseminate rapidly and broadly, without affording us an opportunity for redress or correction.

Our business could be negatively impacted by cyber security threats, attacks and other disruptions.

Like others in the industry, we continue to face advanced and persistent attacks on our information infrastructure where we manage and store various proprietary information and sensitive/confidential data relating to our operations. These attacks may include sophisticated malware (viruses, worms, and other malicious software programs) and phishing emails that attack our products or otherwise exploit any security vulnerabilities. These intrusions sometimes may be zero-day malware that are difficult to identify because they are not included in the signature set of commercially available antivirus scanning programs. Experienced computer programmers and hackers may be able to penetrate our network security and misappropriate or compromise our confidential information or that of our customers or other third-parties, create system disruptions, or cause shutdowns. Additionally, sophisticated software and applications that we produce or procure from third-parties may contain defects in design or manufacture, including "bugs" and other problems that could unexpectedly interfere with the operation of the information infrastructure. A disruption, infiltration or failure of our information infrastructure systems or any of our data centers as a result of software or hardware malfunctions, computer viruses, cyber-attacks, employee theft or misuse, power disruptions, natural disasters or accidents could cause breaches of data security, loss of critical data and performance delays, which in turn could adversely affect our business.

An intentional or unintentional disruption, failure, misappropriation or corruption of our network and information systems could severely affect our business.

Such an event might be caused by computer hacking, computer viruses, worms and other destructive or disruptive software, “cyber-attacks” and other malicious activity, as well as natural disasters, power outages, terrorist attacks and similar events. Such events could have an adverse impact on us and our customers, including degradation of service, service disruption, excessive call volume to call centers and damage to our plant, equipment and data. In addition, our future results could be adversely affected due to the theft, destruction, loss, misappropriation or release of confidential customer data or intellectual property. Operational or business delays may result from the disruption of network or information systems and the subsequent remediation activities. Moreover, these events may create negative publicity resulting in reputation or brand damage with customers.

Security breaches of confidential customer information, in connection with our electronic processing of credit and debit card transactions, or confidential employee information may adversely affect our business.

Through third party service providers we indirectly collect and store sensitive data, including intellectual property, our proprietary business information and that of our customers, and personally identifiable information of our customers and employees. The integrity and protection of that data is critical to us. The information, security and privacy requirements imposed by governmental regulation are increasingly demanding. Our systems may not be able to satisfy these changing requirements and customer and employee expectations, or may require significant additional investments or time in order to do so. A breach in the security of our information technology systems or those of our service providers could lead to an interruption in the operation of our systems, resulting in operational inefficiencies and a loss of profits. Additionally, a significant theft, loss or misappropriation of, or access to, customers’ or other proprietary data or other breach of our information technology systems could result in fines, legal claims or proceedings.

The use of individually identifiable data by our business, our business associates and third parties is regulated at the state, federal and international levels.

The regulation of individual data is changing rapidly, and in unpredictable ways. A change in regulation could adversely affect our business, including causing our business model to no longer be viable. Costs associated with information security – such as investment in technology, the costs of compliance with consumer protection laws and costs resulting from consumer fraud – could cause our business and results of operations to suffer materially. Additionally, the success of our online operations depends upon the secure transmission of confidential information over public networks, including the use of cashless payments. The intentional or negligent actions of employees, business associates or third parties may undermine our security measures. As a result, unauthorized parties may obtain access to our data systems and misappropriate confidential data. There can be no assurance that advances in computer capabilities, new discoveries in the field of cryptography or other developments will prevent the compromise of our customer transaction processing capabilities and personal data. If any such compromise of our security or the security of information residing with our business associates or third parties were to occur, it could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, operating results and financial condition. Any compromise of our data security may materially increase the costs we incur to protect against such breaches and could subject us to additional legal risk.

We are subject to the risk of substantial environmental liability and limitations on our operations due to environmental laws and regulations.

We are subject to extensive federal, state, local and foreign environmental, health and safety laws and regulations concerning matters such as air emissions, wastewater discharges, solid and hazardous waste handling and disposal and the investigation and remediation of contamination. The risks of substantial costs and liabilities related to compliance with these laws and regulations are an inherent part of our business, and future conditions may develop, arise or be discovered that create substantial environmental compliance or remediation liabilities and costs. Compliance with environmental, health and safety legislation and regulatory requirements may prove to be more limiting and costly than we anticipate. We may be subject to legal proceedings brought by private parties or governmental authorities with respect to environmental matters, including matters involving alleged property damage or personal injury. New laws and regulations, including those which may relate to emissions of greenhouse gases, stricter enforcement of existing laws and regulations, the discovery of previously unknown contamination or the imposition of new clean-up requirements could require us to incur costs or become the basis for new or increased liabilities that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Evolving tax, environmental and safety or other regulations or failure to comply with existing licensing, labeling, trade and safety and other regulations and laws could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition.

Our activities or products, both within and outside of the United States, are subject to regulation by various federal, state, provincial and local laws, regulations and government agencies, including the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, U.S. Federal Trade Commission, the U.S. Departments of Agriculture, Commerce and Labor, as well as similar and other authorities outside of the United States, International Accords and Treaties and others, including voluntary regulation by other bodies. In addition, legal and regulatory systems in emerging and developing markets may be less developed, and less certain. These laws and regulations and interpretations thereof may change, sometimes dramatically, as a result of a variety of factors, including political, economic or social events. The manufacturing, marketing and distribution of food products are subject to governmental regulation that control such matters as food quality and safety, ingredients, advertising, product or production requirements, labeling, import or export of our products or ingredients, relations with distributors and retailers, health and safety, the environment, and restrictions on the use of government programs to purchase certain of our products. We are also regulated with respect to matters such as licensing requirements, trade and pricing practices, tax, anticorruption standards, advertising and claims, and environmental matters. The need to comply with new, evolving or revised tax, environmental, food quality and safety, labeling or other laws or regulations, or new, or changed interpretations or enforcement of existing laws or regulations, may have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Further, if we are found to be out of compliance with applicable laws and regulations in these areas, we could be subject to civil remedies, including fines, injunctions, termination of necessary licenses or permits, or recalls, as well as potential criminal sanctions, any of which could have an adverse effect on our business. Even if regulatory review does not result in these types of determinations, it could potentially create negative publicity or perceptions which could harm our business or reputation.

We operate in a highly regulated environment, and if we are found to be in violation of any of the federal, state, or local laws or regulations applicable to us, our business could suffer.

We are also subject to a wide range of federal, state, and local laws and regulations, such as local licensing requirements, and retail financing, debt collection, consumer protection, environmental, health and safety, creditor, wage-hour, anti-discrimination, whistleblower and other employment practices laws and regulations and we expect these costs to increase going forward. The violation of these or future requirements or laws and regulations could result in administrative, civil, or criminal sanctions against us, which may include fines, a cease and desist order against the subject operations or even revocation or suspension of our license to operate the subject business. As a result, we have incurred and will continue to incur capital and operating expenditures and other costs to comply with these requirements and laws and regulations.

The Company is not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and may lack the financial controls and procedures of public companies.

The Company may not have the internal control infrastructure that would meet the standards of a public company, including the requirements of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002. As a privately-held (non-public) Company, the Company is currently not subject to the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, and its financial and disclosure controls and procedures reflect its status as a development stage, non-public company. There can be no guarantee that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of the Company's financial and disclosure controls and procedures. If it were necessary to implement such financial and disclosure controls and procedures, the cost to the Company of such compliance could be substantial and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

Risks Related to the Offering

State and federal securities laws are complex, and the Company could potentially be found to have not complied with all relevant state and federal securities law in prior offerings of securities.

The Company has conducted previous offerings of securities and may not have complied with all relevant state and federal securities laws. If a court or regulatory body with the required jurisdiction ever concluded that the Company may have violated state or federal securities laws, any such violation could result in the Company being required to offer rescission rights to investors in such offering. If such investors exercised their rescission rights, the Company would have to pay to such investors an amount of funds equal to the purchase price paid by such investors plus interest from the date of any such purchase. No assurances can be given the Company will, if it is required to offer such investors a rescission right, have sufficient funds to pay the prior investors the amounts required or that proceeds from this Offering would not be used to pay such amounts.

In addition, if the Company violated federal or state securities laws in connection with a prior offering and/or sale of its securities, federal or state regulators could bring an enforcement, regulatory and/or other legal action against the Company which, among other things, could result in the Company having to pay substantial fines and be prohibited from selling securities in the future.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of the Securities or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

You should not rely on the fact that our Form C is accessible through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR filing system as an approval, endorsement or guarantee of compliance as it relates to this Offering. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not reviewed this Form C/A, nor any document or literature related to this Offering.

Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws.

No governmental agency has reviewed or passed upon this Offering or the Securities. Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws. Investors will not receive any of the benefits available in registered Offerings, which may include access to quarterly and annual financial statements that have been audited by an independent accounting firm. Investors must therefore assess the adequacy of disclosure and the fairness of the terms of this Offering based on the information provided in this Form C/A and the accompanying exhibits.

Compliance with the criteria for securing exemptions under federal securities laws and the securities laws of the various states is extremely complex, especially in respect of those exemptions affording flexibility and the elimination of trading restrictions in respect of securities received in exempt transactions and subsequently disposed of without registration under the Securities Act or state securities laws.

The Company's management may have broad discretion in how the Company uses the net proceeds of the Offering.

Unless the Company has agreed to a specific use of the proceeds from the Offering, the Company's management will have considerable discretion over the use of proceeds from the Offering. You may not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. This means that the Company has ultimate discretion to use the proceeds as it sees fit and has chosen not to set forth any specific uses for you to evaluate. The net proceeds from this Offering will be used for the purposes that our management deems to be in our best interests in order to address changed circumstances or opportunities. As a result of the foregoing, our success will be substantially dependent upon our discretion and judgment with respect to application and allocation of the net proceeds of this Offering. The Company may choose to use the proceeds in a manner that you do not agree with and you will have no recourse. A use of proceeds that does not further the Company's business and goals could harm the Company and its operations and ultimately cause an Investor to lose all or a portion of his or her investment

The Company has the right to limit individual Investor commitment amounts based on the Company's determination of an Investor's sophistication.

The Company may prevent any Investor from committing more than a certain amount in this Offering based on the Company's determination of the Investor's sophistication and ability to assume the risk of the investment. This means that your desired investment amount may be limited or lowered based solely on the Company's determination and not in line with relevant investment limits set forth by the Regulation CF rules. This also means that other Investors may receive larger allocations of the Offering based solely on the Company's determination.

The Company has the right to extend the Offering Deadline.

The Company may extend the Offering Deadline beyond what is currently stated herein. This means that your investment may continue to be held in escrow while the Company attempts to raise the Target Offering Amount even after the Offering Deadline stated herein is reached. While you have the right to cancel your investment in the event the Company extends the Offering Deadline, if you choose to reconfirm your investment, your investment will not be accruing interest during this time and will simply be held until such time as the new Offering Deadline is reached without the Company receiving the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be returned to you without interest or deduction, or the Company receives the Target Offering Amount, at which time it will be released to the Company

to be used as set forth herein. Upon or shortly after the release of such funds to the Company, the Securities will be issued and distributed to you.

The Company may also end the Offering early.

If the Target Offering Amount is met after 21 calendar days, but before the Offering Deadline, the Company can end the Offering by providing notice to Investors at least 5 business days prior to the end of the Offering. This means your failure to participate in the Offering in a timely manner, may prevent you from being able to invest in this Offering – it also means the Company may limit the amount of capital it can raise during the Offering by ending the Offering early.

The Company has the right to conduct multiple closings during the Offering.

If the Company meets certain terms and conditions, an intermediate close of the Offering can occur, which will allow the Company to draw down on half of the proceeds committed and captured in the Offering during the relevant period. The Company may choose to continue the Offering thereafter. Investors should be mindful that this means they can make multiple investment commitments in the Offering, which may be subject to different cancellation rights. For example, if an intermediate close occurs and later a material change occurs as the Offering continues, Investors whose investment commitments were previously closed upon will not have the right to re-confirm their investment as it will be deemed to have been completed prior to the material change.

Risks Related to the Securities

The Securities will not be freely tradable under the Securities Act until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Securities may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply, and each Investor should consult with their attorney.

You should be aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not ever be a public market for the Securities. Because the Securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or under the securities laws of any state or foreign jurisdiction, the Securities have transfer restrictions and cannot be resold in the United States except pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the Securities Act or other securities laws will be affected. Limitations on the transfer of the Securities may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the Securities in a private sale. Investors should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Each Investor in this Offering will be required to represent that they are purchasing the Securities for their own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

Investors will not become equity holders until the Company decides to convert the Securities into “CF Shadow Securities” (the type of equity securities issuable upon conversion of the Securities) or until there is a change of control or sale of substantially all of the Company’s assets.

Investors will not have an ownership claim to the Company or to any of its assets or revenues for an indefinite amount of time and depending on when and how the Securities are converted, the Investors may never become equity holders of the Company. Investors will not become equity holders of the Company unless the Company receives a future round of financing great enough to trigger a conversion and the Company elects to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. The Company is under no obligation to convert the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. In certain instances, such as a sale of the Company or substantially all of its assets, an initial public offering or a dissolution or bankruptcy, the Investors may only have a right to receive cash, to the extent available, rather than equity in the Company.

Investors will not have voting rights, even upon conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities. Upon the conversion of the Securities into CF Shadow Securities (which cannot be guaranteed), the holders of the CF Shadow Securities will be required to enter into a proxy with the Intermediary to ensure any statutory voting rights are voted in tandem with the majority holders of whichever series of securities the CF Shadow Securities follow.

Investors will not have the right to vote upon matters of the Company even if and when their Securities are converted into CF Shadow Securities (the occurrence of which cannot be guaranteed). Upon such conversion, the CF Shadow Securities will have no voting rights and, in circumstances where a statutory right to vote is provided by state law, the CF Shadow Security holders are required to enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary to vote their CF Shadow Securities with the majority of the holder(s) of the securities issued in the round of equity financing that

triggered the conversion right. For example, if the Securities are converted in connection with an offering of Series B Preferred Units, Investors would receive CF Shadow Securities in the form of shares of Series B-CF Shadow Preferred Stock and would be required to enter into a proxy that allows the Intermediary to vote their shares of Series B-CF Shadow Preferred Stock consistent with the majority of the Series B Preferred Stockholders. Thus, Investors will essentially never be able to vote upon any matters of the Company.

Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by law.

Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by law. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation CF requires only the provision of an annual report on Form C and no additional information. Additionally, there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put Investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders, including certain security holders who have rights to periodic financial statements and updates from the Company such as quarterly unaudited financials, annual projections and budgets, and monthly progress reports, among other things.

Investors will be unable to declare the Security in “default” and demand repayment.

Unlike convertible notes and some other securities, the Securities do not have any “default” provisions upon which Investors will be able to demand repayment of their investment. The Company has ultimate discretion as to whether or not to convert the Securities upon a future equity financing and Investors have no right to demand such conversion. Only in limited circumstances, such as a liquidity event, may Investors demand payment and even then, such payments will be limited to the amount of cash available to the Company.

The Company may never elect to convert the Securities or undergo a liquidity event and Investors may have to hold the Securities indefinitely.

The Company may never conduct a future equity financing or elect to convert the Securities if such future equity financing does occur. In addition, the Company may never undergo a liquidity event such as a sale of the Company or an initial public offering. If neither the conversion of the Securities nor a liquidity event occurs, Investors could be left holding the Securities in perpetuity. The Securities have numerous transfer restrictions and will likely be highly illiquid, with no secondary market on which to sell them. The Securities are not equity interests, have no ownership rights, have no rights to the Company’s assets or profits and have no voting rights or ability to direct the Company or its actions.

Equity securities acquired upon conversion of the Securities may be significantly diluted as a consequence of subsequent equity financings.

The Company’s equity securities will be subject to dilution. The Company intends to issue additional equity to employees and third-party financing sources in amounts that are uncertain at this time, and as a consequence holders of equity securities resulting from the conversion of the Securities will be subject to dilution in an unpredictable amount. Such dilution may reduce the Investor’s control and economic interests in the Company.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company will depend upon several contingencies not foreseen at the time of this Offering. Generally, additional financing (whether in the form of loans or the issuance of other securities) will be intended to provide the Company with enough capital to reach the next major corporate milestone. If the funds received in any additional financing are not sufficient to meet the Company’s needs, the Company may have to raise additional capital at a price unfavorable to their existing investors, including the holders of the Securities. The availability of capital is at least partially a function of capital market conditions that are beyond the control of the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to accurately predict the future capital requirements necessary for success or that additional funds will be available from any source. Failure to obtain financing on favorable terms could dilute or otherwise severely impair the value of the Securities.

In addition, the Company has certain equity grants and convertible securities outstanding. Should the Company enter into a financing that would trigger any conversion rights, the converting securities would further dilute the equity securities receivable by the holders of the Securities upon a qualifying financing.

Equity securities issued upon conversion of the Securities may be substantially different from other equity securities offered or issued by the Company at the time of conversion.

In the event the Company decides to exercise the conversion right, the Company will convert the Securities into equity securities that are materially different from the equity securities being issued to new investors at the time of conversion in many ways, including, but not limited to, liquidation preferences, dividend rights, or anti-dilution protection. Additionally, any equity securities issued at the First Equity Financing Price (as defined in the Crowd SAFE agreement) shall have only such preferences, rights, and protections in proportion to the First Equity Financing Price and not in proportion to the price per share paid by new investors receiving the equity securities. Upon conversion of the Securities, the Company may not provide the holders of such Securities with the same rights, preferences, protections, and other benefits or privileges provided to other investors of the Company.

The forgoing paragraph is only a summary of a portion of the conversion feature of the Securities; it is not intended to be complete, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Crowd SAFE agreement, which is attached as Exhibit C.

A Crowd SAFE holder may lose their right to any appreciation or return on investment due to defaulting on certain notice and require action requirements in such Crowd SAFE; failure to claim cash set aside in this case may result in a total loss of principal.

The Crowd SAFE offered requires a holder to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion or termination of the Crowd SAFE, in connection with an Equity Financing or Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company. Failure to make a timely action may result in the Company declaring that the Investor is only eligible to receive a cash payment equal to their Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount in certain events). While the Company will set aside such payment for the investor, such payment may be subject to escheatment laws, resulting in a total loss of principal if the Investor never claims their payment.

There is no present market for the Securities and we have arbitrarily set the price.

The Offering price was not established in a competitive market. We have arbitrarily set the price of the Securities with reference to the general status of the securities market and other relevant factors. The Offering price for the Securities should not be considered an indication of the actual value of the Securities and is not based on our net worth or prior earnings. We cannot guarantee that the Securities can be resold at the Offering price or at any other price.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, Investors will not be treated as debt holders and therefore are unlikely to recover any proceeds.

In the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company, the holders of the Securities that have not been converted will be entitled to distributions as described in the Securities. This means that such holders will only receive distributions once all of the creditors and more senior security holders, including any holders of preferred stock, have been paid in full. Neither holders of the Securities nor holders of CF Shadow Securities can be guaranteed any proceeds in the event of the dissolution or bankruptcy of the Company.

While the Securities provide mechanisms whereby holders of the Securities would be entitled to a return of their purchase amount upon the occurrence of certain events, if the Company does not have sufficient cash on hand, this obligation may not be fulfilled.

Upon the occurrence of certain events, as provided in the Securities, holders of the Securities may be entitled to a return of the principal amount invested. Despite the contractual provisions in the Securities, this right cannot be guaranteed if the Company does not have sufficient liquid assets on hand. Therefore, potential Investors should not assume a guaranteed return of their investment amount.

There is no guarantee of a return on an Investor's investment.

There is no assurance that an Investor will realize a return on their investment or that they will not lose their entire investment. For this reason, each Investor should read this Form C/A and all exhibits carefully and should consult with their attorney and business advisor prior to making any investment decision.

IN ADDITION TO THE RISKS LISTED ABOVE, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES NOT PRESENTLY KNOWN, OR WHICH WE CONSIDER IMMATERIAL AS OF THE DATE OF THIS FORM C/A, MAY

ALSO HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON OUR BUSINESS AND RESULT IN THE TOTAL LOSS OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

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BUSINESS

Description of the Business

PittMoss makes and sells soil amendments, soil mixes, and animal bedding made from recycled cellulose fiber materials such as paper and cardboard.

PittMoss' growing media provides improved growing conditions for plants when compared to traditional peat-based soils, while at the same time being better for the environment because it eliminates the massive carbon emissions related to peat mining, reduces water usage and reduces fertilizer runoff.

The Company's animal bedding products provide improved moisture and ammonia absorption while generating less dust than competitive products.

Business Plan

PittMoss makes and sells a next generation growing media made from recycled paper and a proprietary mix of organic additives that is proven to grow bigger, stronger plants than most peat-based mixes. The Company has a line of commercial grower mixes and a line of retail products, as well as an animal bedding product. The Company expects to achieve profitability by selling its products through multiple channels:

- Commercial: PittMoss direct sells growers through a sample/trial process. The Company offers growing expertise to ensure its products are used effectively. The Company also provides post-sales support to ensure good crop/root growth. The Company advertises its products through grower magazines and trade shows.
- Wholesale: PittMoss employs and contracts sales reps who sell to garden centers and fulfill orders through a distribution partner. The Company helps to drive "sell-through" with brand ambassadors holding sales events at various locations in season.
- Retail: PittMoss direct sells to customers on its website, www.pittmoss.com, and on Amazon using a digital marketing strategy. The Company advertises its products on social media sites, such as FaceBook, Instagram, and Twitter.

The Company's products have also been marketed for other uses. For example, PittMoss Prime has been sold as worm bedding material. In addition, PittMoss Grower Grade has been marketed as PittMoss CannaBlend. PittMoss CannaBlend is certified suitable for Cannabis growth by Redfield Proctor.

The Company's Products and/or Services

Product / Service	Description	Current Market
PittMoss Prime	Retail soil amendment used in gardens, raised beds, and as a compost starter	Home gardeners, composters and vermiculturists
PittMoss Performance	100% organic potting soil that includes natural fertilizers	Home gardeners and organic farmers
PittMoss Grower Grade	Soil amendment that helps improve soil and competitive products	Commercial horticulture growers and nurseries including the mushroom and cannabis industries
PittMoss PM1	Peatlite Based Mix with 33% PittMoss	Commercial horticulture growers and nurseries including the mushroom and cannabis industries
PittMoss PM2	Peat-bark based mix with 33% PittMoss	Commercial horticulture growers and nurseries including the mushroom and cannabis industries
PittMoss Prestige/Roost	Animal Bedding	Animal owners currently focused in the equine and poultry markets
PittMoss Coco Complete	Peat-free potting mix that is a blend of PittMoss fibers, coconut coir, and custom nutrients	Home gardeners and organic farmers

Competition

The markets in which our products are sold are highly competitive. Our products compete against similar products of many large and small companies, including well-known global competitors. In many of the markets and industry segments in which we sell our products, we compete against other branded products as well as retailers' private-label brands. Product quality, performance, value and packaging are also important differentiating factors.

Our main competitor is Canadian Sphagnum Peat Moss, which is a commoditized product that is both imported and responsible for the loss of wetlands and CO2 emissions. PittMoss can also be a substitute for perlite, vermiculite, coco coir, and others. Our top three branded competitors are ProMix BX, Bumper Crop (Coast of Maine), and FoxFarm.

Scott's Miracle Gro is the best-known brand in the industry, but it is known as a low-cost, low-quality product sold in big-box stores. PittMoss competes with the premium brands in the industry and is only sold in higher-value garden centers and independently owned hardware or feed stores.

Customer Base

We sell our products to commercial growers of cannabis, mushroom, ground cover, perennials, annuals, and mixers/blenders. We direct sell growers through a sample/trial process and advertise through grower magazines and trade shows. We also sell our products direct-to-consumer via our PittMoss.com website and Amazon. In addition, through our wholesale strategy, we sell our products to consumers through 120 home and garden centers in 12 states. We employ and contract independent sales reps who sell to garden centers. We help to drive "sell through" with brand ambassadors holding sales events at various locations in season.

Supply Chain

The Company's ingredients and supply chain are proprietary and protected information. Paper, cardboard, and other paper-based materials make up more than 80% of the Company's products, and the Company buys most of these materials from several recyclers in the Pittsburgh area. PittMoss purchases its other proprietary ingredients and packaging materials from various local and regional vendors. The Company's goal is to maintain a local supply chain as much as possible for local and communal support. To that end, the Company's ingredients are generally shipped within a 100-mile radius. Comparatively, the Company's peat-based competitors must import and truck peat from Canada, where 98% of peat is harvested. Because the Company is peat-free or peat-reduced, this provides the Company with a competitive advantage of lower shipping and importing costs for its raw materials.

PittMoss manufactures its products at its factory located in Ambridge, PA. The factory is equipped with equipment to fiberize the paper and cardboard, a mixer, conveyor belts, scales, and forklift. The Company is operating below its capacity, so it has room to grow. The Company's manufacturing process involves trade secrets and is difficult to replicate or reverse engineer. The Company has also filed for patent protection around its proprietary mixing process. The Company believes its trade secrets are very valuable and provide a significant market advantage because PittMoss is the only recycled material soil-based product.

Intellectual Property

Application or Registration #	Title	Description	File Date	Grant Date	Country
US 2016/0096779A1	Materials Suitable as Substitutes for Peat Mosses and Processes and Apparatus Therefor	Patent	09/17/2015	Pending	USA
4384424	PITTMOSSTM	Trademark	04/18/2011	08/13/2013	USA

Governmental/Regulatory Approval and Compliance

The Company is subject to and affected by the laws and regulations of U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities. These laws and regulations are subject to change.

Litigation: The Company is not subject to any current litigation or threatened litigation.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table illustrates how we intend to use the net proceeds received from this Offering. The values below are not inclusive of payments to financial and legal service providers and escrow related fees, all of which were incurred in the preparation of this Offering and are due in advance of the closing of the Offering.

Use of Proceeds	% of Proceeds if Target Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Target Offering Amount Raised	% of Proceeds if Maximum Offering Amount Raised	Amount if Maximum Offering Amount Raised
Intermediary Fees	6%	\$1,500	6%	\$30,000
SG&A	0%	\$0	42%	\$210,000
Marketing & Advertising	80%	\$20,000	34%	\$170,000
Public Relations	14%	\$3,500	8%	\$40,000
Materials	0%	\$0	8%	\$40,000
Working Capital	0%	\$0	2%	\$10,000
Total	100%	\$25,000	100%	\$500,000

The Company has discretion to alter the use of proceeds set forth above to adhere to the Company's business plan and liquidity requirements. For example, economic conditions may alter the Company's general marketing or general working capital requirements.

Set forth below are detailed description of how we intend to use the net proceeds of this Offering for any category in excess of ten percent (10%) in the table above.

SG&A (Sales, General & Administrative Expense): The proceeds will be used to hire additional Sales Reps to drive sales and increase market presence. The proceeds will also be used to expand the Brand Ambassadors program to increase the Company's presence in home and garden centers through more sales events to provide product education and to drive sell-through.

Marketing & Advertising: The proceeds will be used for digital and print advertising, advertising in trade magazines and cannabis publications, local radio advertising in select markets, point-of-purchase ("POP") materials for placement in home and garden centers, trade and distributor shows, and market research to identify the most profitable customers, ideal messaging, and advertising outlets to reach the highest value customers.

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND MANAGERS

The directors, officers, and managers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years.

Name	Positions and Offices Held at the Company	Principal Occupation and Employment Responsibilities for the Last Three (3) Years	Education
Brian Scott	CEO & President Director	PittMoss LLC, CEO & Director, May 2016 – Present	Pennsylvania State University - University Park , B.A., History (1990) Gannon University , M.S., Computer and Information Science (2007)
Mont Handley	Director & Founder	PittMoss LLC, Director & Founder, July 2011 – Present	Purdue University , B.A., History (1988)

		Purdue University – Northwest, Commercialization and Manufacturing Excellence Center , Entrepreneur-in-Residence/Associate Director, June 2016 – Present POTplugs Development Company , LLC, Founder & Managing Member, September 2017 – Present	
David Lilly	Director	Lilly Management Group , Owner, 2018 – Present Express Cash Advance, Inc. , COO & Secretary, 2004 – 2019	State University of New York, Morrisville , A.A.S., Business Management (1981)
Carl Nicolia	Director	PSNergy, LLC , President, January 2013 - Present	Gannon University , B.S.M.E, Mechanical Engineering (1984) Oakland University , M.S.E., Engineering (1986)

Indemnification

Indemnification is authorized by the Company to managers, officers or controlling persons acting in their professional capacity pursuant to Delaware law. Indemnification includes expenses such as attorney's fees and, in certain circumstances, judgments, fines and settlement amounts actually paid or incurred in connection with actual or threatened actions, suits or proceedings involving such person, except in certain circumstances where a person is adjudged to be guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that such indemnification is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

Employees

The Company currently has Six (6) employees: Four (4) Full-Time / Two (2) Part-Time

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CAPITALIZATION, DEBT AND OWNERSHIP

Capitalization

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company has issued the following outstanding securities:

Type of security	Common Units
Amount Outstanding	7,590,821
Voting Rights	Each holder of record of Common Units is entitled to one vote for each Common Unit held.
Anti-Dilution Rights	None.
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Company's board of directors (the "Board") and members may authorize and issue additional Common Units at a later date.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	13.43%*

* Assumes conversion of outstanding SAFE instruments at a \$7mm valuation cap together with full vesting and exercise of all outstanding options.

Type of security	Series Seed Preferred Units ⁺⁺
Amount Outstanding	44,912,313
Voting Rights	Each holder of record of Series Seed Preferred Units is entitled to one vote for each Common Unit into which each Series Seed Preferred Unit held is convertible.
Anti-Dilution Rights	The conversion rate of the Series Seed Preferred Units is subject to adjustment pursuant to a standard, broad-based, weighted average anti-dilution adjustment formula, subject to customary exceptions, as set forth in the Company's current operating agreement. The conversion price will also be subject to proportional adjustments for splits, distributions, recapitalizations, etc.
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	The Board and members may authorize and issue additional Series Seed Preferred Units and other classes of Preferred Units at a later date.(1)
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	79.47%*

* Assumes conversion of outstanding SAFE instruments at a \$7mm valuation cap together with full vesting and exercise of all outstanding options.

⁺⁺ For so long as a management agreement between the Company and one of the holders of Series Seed Preferred Units (the "Management Agreement Holder") is in effect, the Management Agreement Holder has the right to appoint one (1) member of the Board.

The holders of Series Seed Preferred Units, exclusively and as a separate class, have certain special voting rights, such as the right to appoint two (2) members of the Board.

In addition, at any time when Series Seed Preferred Units are outstanding, the following must be approved by the holders of a majority of the Series Seed Preferred Units then outstanding, voting together as a single class and not as a separate series:

- a) consummation of a liquidation event or effecting any other merger or consolidation;
- b) amendment, alteration or repeal of any provision of the operating agreement or Certificate of Formation in a manner that adversely affects the powers, preferences or rights of the Series Seed Preferred Units;
- c) creating, or authorizing the creation of, or issuing or obligating itself to issue any additional class or series of equity unless the same ranks junior to the Series Seed Preferred Units with respect to the distribution of assets on the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the payment of distributions and rights of redemption, or increase the number of Series Seed Preferred Units or increase the number of units of any additional class or series of equity unless the same ranks junior to the Series Seed Preferred Units with respect to distribution of assets on the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the payment of distributions and rights of redemption;
- d) (i) reclassification, alteration or amendment of any existing security of the Company that is pari passu with the Series Seed Preferred Units in respect of the distribution of assets on the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the payment of distributions or rights of redemption, if such reclassification, alteration or amendment would render such other security senior to the Series Seed Preferred Units in respect of any such right, preference, or privilege or (ii) reclassification, alteration or amendment of any existing security of the Company that is junior to the Series Seed Preferred Units in respect of distribution of assets on the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the payment of distributions or rights of redemption, if such reclassification, alteration or amendment would render such other security senior to or pari passu with the Series Seed Preferred Units in respect of any such right, preference or privilege;
- e) purchasing or redeeming or paying or declaring any distribution or making any distribution on, any equity of the Company other than (i) redemptions or distributions of the Series Seed Preferred Units as expressly authorized in the operating agreement of the Company, (ii) distributions payable on the Common Units solely in the form of additional Common Units, and (iii) repurchases of equity from former employees, officers, directors, consultants or other persons who performed services for the Company as approved by the Board, including the approval of at least one member of the Board appointed by the holders of Series Seed Preferred Units;
- f) creating, or authorizing the creation of, or issuing, or authorizing the issuance of any debt security, or permitting any subsidiary to take any such action with respect to any debt security, if the aggregate indebtedness of the Company and its subsidiaries for borrowed money following such action would exceed \$50,000 unless such debt security has received the prior approval of the Board, including the approval of at least one member of the Board appointed by the holders of Series Seed Preferred Units;
- g) creating or holding equity in any subsidiary that is not wholly owned by the Company, or selling, transferring or otherwise disposing of any equity of any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company, or permitting any direct or indirect subsidiary to sell, lease transfer exclusively license or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the assets of such subsidiary;
- h) increasing or decreasing the number of authorized members constituting the Board.

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Outstanding Options, Safes, Convertible Notes, Warrants

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company has the following additional securities outstanding:

Type	Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)
Face Value	\$241,849.85
Voting Rights	N/A
Anti-Dilution Rights	N/A
Material Terms	\$7mm Valuation Cap
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	Upon a triggering event, conversion of outstanding SAFEs will result in the issuance of equity units of the Company.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	3.34%*

* Assumes conversion of outstanding SAFE instruments at a \$7mm valuation cap together with full vesting and exercise of all outstanding options.

Type	Common Unit Options
Amount Outstanding	2,125,000
Voting Rights	N/A
Anti-Dilution Rights	N/A
Material Terms	--
How this security may limit, dilute or qualify the Security issued pursuant to Regulation CF	Exercise of outstanding options will result in the issuance of equity units of the Company.
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such security (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	3.76%*

* Assumes conversion of outstanding SAFE instruments at a \$7mm valuation cap together with full vesting and exercise of all outstanding options.

On May 18, 2021 the Company conducted an intermediate closing of the Offering, locking in \$162,927 of investment commitments and drawing down approximately \$81,463.50 of the proceeds. On October 16, 2021 the Company conducted a second intermediate closing of the Offering, locking in \$211,537.01 of the investment commitments and drawing down approximately \$105,768.505 of the proceeds. The Company has reserved but has not issued the Securities due to those Investors as i) such Investors may contribute additional capital to the Offering and ii) pursuant to the terms of the Offering, if a Form C-W is filed, the Company will not issue the Securities and return all proceeds drawn down. The Company will complete the sale of all Securities as of the Offering Deadline.

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Outstanding Debt

As of the date of this Form C/A, the Company has the following debt outstanding:

Type	Loan (U.S. Small Business Administration) Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)
Amount Outstanding	\$150,000.00
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	3.75% per annum / 30 year amortization
Description of Collateral	All current and after acquired business assets
Other Material Terms	Payments commencing 07/03/2021
Maturity Date	07/03/2050

Type	Private Short-Term Working Capital Loan
Amount Outstanding	\$50,000.00
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	8.00% / 6 Month Balloon
Description of Collateral	None: Unsecured
Other Material Terms	N/A
Maturity Date	February 11, 2022

Type	Private Long-Term Equipment Loan
Amount Outstanding	\$150,000.00
Interest Rate and Amortization Schedule	7.50%
Description of Collateral	None: Unsecured
Other Material Terms	N/A
Maturity Date	October 1, 2027

Ownership

The table below lists the beneficial owners of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power, are listed along with the amount they own.

Name	Amount and Type or Class Held	Percentage Ownership
BT PittMoss, LP*	12,702,269 Series Seed Preferred Units	24.38%

*The Company is unaware if any individual holder of equity in BT PittMoss LP maintains an ownership position equivalent to 20% or more of the beneficial ownership of the Company.

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FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please see the financial information listed on the cover page of this Form C/A and attached hereto in addition to the following information. Financial statements are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Operations

PittMoss LLC (the “Company”) was formed on January 6, 2015 under the laws of the State of Delaware, and is headquartered in Ambridge, Pennsylvania. PittMoss makes and sells soil amendments, soil mixes, and animal bedding made from recycled cellulose fiber materials such as paper and cardboard.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. Cash consists primarily of amounts held in accounts held with commercial banking institutions.

As of September 30, 2021 the Company had an aggregate of \$165,993 in cash and cash equivalents, leaving the Company with approximately three (3) months of runway. Together with accounts receivable of approximately \$183,267 the Company estimates an aggregate runway of approximately six (6) months.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The proceeds from the Offering are essential to our operations. We plan to use the proceeds as set forth above under the section titled “*Use of Proceeds*”, which is an indispensable element of our business strategy.

With the exception of revenues from the ordinary course of business and proceeds from a concurrent private offering of securities, the Company currently does not have any additional outside sources of capital other than the proceeds from the Offering.

Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations

The Company does not intend to make any material capital expenditures in the near future.

Valuation

The Company has ascribed no pre-Offering valuation to the Company; the securities are priced arbitrarily.

Material Changes and Other Information

The Company is filing this Form C/A to extend the offering deadline from October 31, 2021 to November 7, 2021, update the capitalization and outstanding securities information, identify the closing of a private placement of securities for \$100,000, identify an intermediate closing of this Offering on October 16, 2021, and update the number of full-time and part-time employees.

Trends and Uncertainties

After reviewing the above discussion of the steps the Company intends to take, potential Investors should consider whether achievement of each step within the estimated time frame will be realistic in their judgment. Potential Investors should also assess the consequences to the Company of any delays in taking these steps and whether the Company will need additional financing to accomplish them.

Please see the financial statements attached as Exhibit A for subsequent events and applicable disclosures.

Previous Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years:

Security Type	Principal Amount of Securities Sold	Amount of Securities Issued	Use of Proceeds	Issue Date	Exemption from Registration Used or Public Offering
Series Seed Preferred Units	\$1,973,350	16,256,221	Advertising/Public Relations, Sales & Marketing, Patent Development, General Working Capital	11/01/2017	Rule 506(b)
Crowd SAFE	\$241,849.85	241,849.85	Advertising/Public Relations, Sales & Marketing, Patent Development, General Working Capital	05/15/2020	Reg CF
Series Seed Preferred Units	\$349,116.37	2,875,979	Advertising/Public Relations, Sales & Marketing, Patent Development, General Working Capital	May – October 2021	Rule 506(b)

See the section titled “*Capitalization and Ownership*” for more information regarding the securities issued in our previous offerings of securities.

On May 18, 2021 the Company conducted an intermediate closing of the Offering, locking in \$161,927 of investment commitments and drawing down approximately \$81,463.50 of the proceeds. The Company has reserved but has not issued the Securities due to those Investors as i) such Investors may contribute additional capital to the Offering and ii) pursuant to the terms of the Offering, if a Form C-W is filed, the Company will not issue the Securities and return all proceeds drawn down.

On October 16, 2021 the Company conducted an intermediate closing of the Offering, locking in \$211,537.01 of investment commitments and drawing down approximately \$105,768.50 of the proceeds. The Company has reserved but has not issued the Securities due to those Investors as i) such Investors may contribute additional capital to the Offering and ii) pursuant to the terms of the Offering, if a Form C-W is filed, the Company will not issue the Securities and return all proceeds drawn down.

The Company will complete the sale of all Securities as of the Offering Deadline.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

From time to time the Company may engage in transactions with related persons. Related persons are defined as any director or officer of the Company; any person who is the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company’s outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; any promoter of the

Company; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons or an entity controlled by any such person or persons. Additionally, the Company will disclose here any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, to which the issuer was or is to be a party and the amount involved exceeds five percent (5%) of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on section 4(a)(6), including the Target Offering Amount of this Offering, and the counter party is either (i) any director or officer of the issuer; (ii) any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, the beneficial owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; (iii) if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer; or (iv) any member of the family of any of the foregoing persons, which includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. The term *spousal equivalent* means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

The Company has conducted the following transactions with related persons: None.

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THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES

The Offering

The Company is offering a minimum amount of \$25,000 (the “**Target Offering Amount**”) and up to a maximum amount of \$500,000 (the “**Maximum Offering Amount**”) of Crowd SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity)(the “**Securities**”) on a best efforts basis as described in this Form C/A (this “**Offering**”). We must raise an amount equal to or greater than the Target Offering Amount by November 7, 2021 (the “**Offering Deadline**”). Unless we raise at least the Target Offering Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, all investment commitments will be cancelled and all committed funds will be returned. Potential purchasers of the Securities are referred to herein as “**Investors**” or “**you**”.

This offering is being made concurrently with a separate offering of Series Seed Preferred stock in reliance on the Rule 506(b) safe harbor provided by Regulation D under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The concurrent offering covers an additional \$500,000.00 of Series Seed Preferred Stock for an aggregate total of \$2,500,000.00 of Series Seed Preferred Stock issued. The original offering was first filed with the SEC in November of 2017 and relevant Form D filings and updates are available on the SEC’s EDGAR database.

The price of the Securities was determined arbitrarily, does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company’s asset value, net worth, revenues or other established criteria of value, and should not be considered indicative of the actual value of the Securities. The minimum amount that an Investor may invest in the Offering is \$100, which is subject to adjustment in the Company’s sole discretion.

In order to purchase the Securities, you must make a commitment to purchase by completing the subscription process hosted by OpenDeal Portal LLC dba Republic (the “**Intermediary**”), including complying with the Intermediary’s know your customer (KYC) and anti-money laundering (AML) policies. **If an Investor makes an investment commitment under a name that is not their legal name, they may be unable to redeem their Security indefinitely, and neither the Intermediary nor the Company are required to correct any errors or omissions made by the Investor.**

Investor funds will be held in escrow with Prime Trust, LLC until the Target Offering Amount has been met or exceeded and one or more closings occur. Investors may cancel an investment commitment until up to 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, or such earlier time as such earlier time the Company designates pursuant to Regulation CF, using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary. **Investors using a credit card to invest must represent and warrant to cancel any investment commitment(s) by submitting a request through the Intermediary at least 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline, instead of attempting to claim fraud or claw back their committed funds.**

The Company will notify Investors when the Target Offering Amount has been reached through the Intermediary. If the Company reaches the Target Offering Amount prior to the Offering Deadline, it may close the Offering early *provided* (i) the expedited Offering Deadline must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering opened and the Company, (ii) the Intermediary must provide at least five (5) business days’ notice prior to the expedited Offering Deadline to the Investors and (iii) the Company continues to meet or exceed the Target Offering amount on the date of the expedited Offering Deadline.

Material Changes

If any material change occurs related to the Offering prior to the current Offering Deadline the Company will provide notice to Investors and receive reconfirmations from Investors who have already made commitments. If an Investor does not reconfirm their investment commitment after a material change is made to the terms of the Offering within five (5) business days of receiving notice, the Investor’s investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned without interest or deductions. If an Investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the Target Offering Amount is reached, the funds will be released to the Company upon the closing of the Offering and the Investor will receive the Securities in exchange for their investment.

Intermediate Closings

In the event an amount equal to two (2) times the Target Offering Amount is committed and meets all required terms of the Offering prior to the Offering Deadline on such date or such later time the Company designates pursuant to

Rule 304(b) of Regulation CF, the Company may conduct the first of multiple closings of the Offering early, *provided* (i) the new Offering Deadline must be twenty-one (21) days from the time the Offering opened and the Company and (ii) that all Investors will receive notice of the new offering deadline at least five (5) business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the Offering and reconfirmation of all investment commitments). Investors who committed on the date such notice is provided or prior to the issuance of such notice will be able to cancel their investment commitment until 48 hours before the new offering deadline.

If the Company conducts an initial closing (the “**Initial Closing**”), the Company agrees to only withdraw half of the proceeds that are in escrow and will only conduct such Initial Closing if there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of the Initial Closing. The Company may only conduct another close (a “**Subsequent Closing**”) before the Offering Deadline if the amount of investment commitments made on the date of such Subsequent Closing exceeds two times the amount committed on the date of the Initial Closing and there are more than twenty-one (21) days remaining before the Offering Deadline as of the date of such Subsequent Closing.

Any investment commitments received after an intermediate closing will be released to the Company upon a subsequent closing and the Investor will receive evidence of the Securities via electronic certificate/PDF in exchange for their investment commitment as soon as practicable thereafter.

The Company has agreed to return all funds to Investors in the event a Form C-W is ultimately filed in relation to this Offering, regardless of whether multiple closings are conducted.

Investment commitments are not binding on the Company until they are accepted by the Company, which reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, in its sole and absolute discretion, any investment commitment. If the Company rejects all or a portion of any investment commitment, the applicable prospective Investor’s funds will be returned without interest or deduction.

PRIME TRUST, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT’S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

The Securities

We request that you please review this Form C/A and the Crowd SAFE instrument attached as Exhibit C, in conjunction with the following summary information.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Company will act as transfer agent and registrar for the Securities.

Not Currently Equity Interests

The Securities are not currently equity interests in the Company and merely provide a right to receive equity at some point in the future upon the occurrence of certain events.

Dividends

The Securities do not entitle Investors to any dividends.

Conversion

Upon each future equity financing resulting in proceeds to the Company of not less than \$1,000,000 (each an “**Equity Financing**”), the Securities are convertible at the option of the Company, into CF Shadow Securities, which are securities identical to those issued in such future Equity Financing except (1) they do not provide the right to vote on any matters except as required by law, (2) they require Investors to vote in accordance with the majority of the investors purchasing securities from the Company in such Equity Financing with respect to any such required vote and (3) they do not provide any inspection or information rights (other than those contemplated by Regulation CF or otherwise required by law). The Company has no obligation to convert the Securities in any Equity Financing.

Conversion Upon the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the greater of the quotient obtained by dividing the amount the Investor paid for the Securities (the “**Purchase Amount**”) by (a) or (b) immediately below (the “**Conversion Price**”):

(a) the quotient of \$7,500,000 divided by the aggregate number of issued and outstanding shares of capital stock, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including shares of convertible preferred stock and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase capital stock, but excluding (i) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan, (ii) convertible promissory notes, (iii) any Simple Agreements for Future Equity, including the Securities (collectively, “**Safes**”), and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or Safes;

OR

(b) the price per share of the securities sold in such Equity Financing.

Such Conversion Price shall be deemed the “**First Equity Financing Price**”.

Conversion After the First Equity Financing

If the Company elects to convert the Securities upon an Equity Financing other than the first Equity Financing following the issuance of the Securities, the Investor will receive the number of CF Shadow Securities equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (a) the Purchase Amount by (b) the First Equity Financing Price.

If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE, as contemplated above in connection with an Equity Financing, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company’s decision to convert the Crowd Safe to capital stock, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the “**Cash-Default Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Prior to an Equity Financing

In the case of the initial public offering of the Company’s capital stock or reverse merger or take-over by certain entities, such as an entity that is a reporting issuer (the “**IPO**”) or a Change of Control (as defined below) of the Company (either of these events, a “**Liquidity Event**”) prior to any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount subject to the following paragraph (the “**Cash Out Option**”) or (ii) a number of shares of Common Stock of the Company equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the quotient of (a) \$7,500,000 divided by (b) the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of shares of the Company’s capital stock outstanding (on an as-converted basis), assuming the exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (x) shares of capital stock reserved for future issuance under any equity incentive or similar plan; (y) any Safes; and (z) convertible promissory notes.

In connection with the Cash Out Option, the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below and in the Crowd SAFE) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the holders of other Safes (collectively, the “**Cash-Out Investors**”) in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

“Change of Control” as used above, means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any person or group becomes the beneficial owner of more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities entitled to elect the Company’s board of directors, (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, in which the outstanding voting security holders of the Company fail to retain at least a majority of such voting securities following such transaction or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

Conversion Upon a Liquidity Event Following an Equity Financing

In the case of a Liquidity Event following any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at the option of the Investor and within thirty (30) days of receiving notice (whether actual or constructive), either (i) the Cash Out Option (or a lesser amount as described herein and in the Crowd SAFE); or (ii) a number of shares of the most recently issued capital stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Shares of capital stock granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the shares of capital stock issued in connection with the Company’s most recent Equity Financing.

If there are not enough funds to pay the Investors and the other Cash-Out Investors in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of the Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its, selection to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued capital stock, as contemplated above in connection with a Liquidity Event, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

If the Company’s board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company) determines in good faith that delivery of equity securities to the Investor pursuant to Liquidity Event paragraphs above would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such capital stock, as determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors (or other applicable governing body if the Company is a limited liability company).

Dissolution

If there is a Dissolution Event (as defined below) before the Securities terminate, subject to the preferences applicable to any series of preferred stock then outstanding, the Company will distribute all proceeds legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) holders of the Securities (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Stock as determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors at the time of the Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders of instruments sharing in the distribution of proceeds of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Stock upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) all holders of Common Stock.

A “**Dissolution Event**” means (i) a voluntary termination of operations by the Company, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company’s creditors or (iii) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

Termination

The Securities terminate upon (without relieving the Company of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with the Securities) upon the earlier to occur of: (i) the issuance of shares in the CF Shadow Securities to the Investor pursuant to the conversion provisions of the Crowd SAFE agreement or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to a Liquidity Event or a Dissolution Event.

Voting and Control

Neither the Securities nor the securities issuable upon the conversion of the Securities have voting rights.

The Company does not have any voting agreements in place.

The Company does not have any shareholder or equity holder agreements in place.

Anti-Dilution Rights

The Securities do not have anti-dilution rights, which means that future equity issuances and other events will dilute the ownership percentage that the Investor may eventually have in the Company.

Restrictions on Transfer

Any Securities sold pursuant to Regulation CF being offered may not be transferred by any Investor of such Securities during the one-year holding period beginning when the Securities were issued, unless such Securities are transferred: (1) to the Company; (2) to an accredited investor, as defined by Rule 501(d) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act; (3) as part of an IPO; or (4) to a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the Investor, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the Investor or other similar circumstances. “Member of the family” as used herein means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother/father/daughter/son/sister/brother-in-law, and includes adoptive relationships. Each Investor should be aware that although the Securities may legally be able to be transferred, there is no guarantee that another party will be willing to purchase them.

In addition to the foregoing restrictions, prior to making any transfer of the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible, such transferring Investor must either make such transfer pursuant to an effective registration statement filed with the SEC or provide the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company stating that a registration statement is not necessary to effect such transfer.

In addition, the Investor may not transfer the Securities or any capital stock into which they are convertible to any of the Company’s competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

Furthermore, upon the event of an IPO, the capital stock into which the Securities are converted will be subject to a lock-up period and may not be lent, offered, pledged, or sold for up to 180 days following such IPO.

Other Material Terms

- The Company does not have the right to repurchase the Securities.
- The Securities do not have a stated return or liquidation preference.
- The Company cannot determine if it currently has enough capital stock authorized to issue upon the conversion of the Securities, because the amount of capital stock to be issued is based on the occurrence of future events.

COMMISSION AND FEES

At the conclusion of the Offering, the issuer shall pay a fee of six percent (6%) of the amount raised in the Offering to the Intermediary.

Stock, Warrants and Other Compensation

The Intermediary will also receive compensation in the form of securities equal to two percent (2%) of the total number of the Securities sold in the offering

TAX MATTERS

EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX AND ERISA ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR CONSEQUENCES TO THE INVESTOR OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE INVESTOR’S SECURITIES, AS WELL AS POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, WE INFORM YOU THAT ANY TAX STATEMENT IN THIS FORM C/A CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING ANY TAX-RELATED PENALTIES

UNDER THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, ANY TAX STATEMENT HEREIN CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES WAS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE MARKETING OR PROMOTION OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS TO WHICH THE STATEMENT RELATES. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

Potential Investors who are not United States residents are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the United States federal income tax implications of any investment in the Company, as well as the taxation of such investment by their country of residence. Furthermore, it should be anticipated that distributions from the Company to such foreign investors may be subject to United States withholding tax.

EACH POTENTIAL INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THE POSSIBLE IMPACT OF STATE TAXES.

LEGAL MATTERS

Any prospective Investor should consult with its own counsel and advisors in evaluating an investment in the Offering.

DISCLAIMER OF TELEVISION, RADIO, PODCAST AND STREAMING PRESENTATION

The Company's officers may participate in the filming or recording of a various media and in the course of the filming, may present certain business information to the investor panel appearing on the show (the "Presentation"). The Company will not pass upon the merits of, certify, approve, or otherwise authorize the statements made in the Presentation. The Presentation commentary being made should not be viewed as superior or a substitute for the disclosures made in this Form-C. Accordingly, the statements made in the Presentation, unless reiterated in the Offering materials provided herein, should not be applied to the Company's business and operations as of the date of this Offering. Moreover, the Presentation may involve several statements constituting puffery, that is, exaggerations not to be taken literally or otherwise as indication of factual data or historical or future performance.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The summaries of, and references to, various documents in this Form C/A do not purport to be complete and in each instance reference should be made to the copy of such document which is either an appendix to this Form C/A or which will be made available to Investors and their professional advisors upon request.

Prior to making an investment decision regarding the Securities described herein, prospective Investors should carefully review and consider this entire Form C. The Company is prepared to furnish, upon request, a copy of the forms of any documents referenced in this Form C/A. The Company's representatives will be available to discuss with prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, any matter set forth in this Form C/A or any other matter relating to the Securities described in this Form C/A, so that prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, may have available to them all information, financial and otherwise, necessary to formulate a well-informed investment decision. Additional information and materials concerning the Company will be made available to prospective Investors and their representatives and advisors, if any, at a mutually convenient location upon reasonable request.

(Signature page follows)

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

/s: Brian P Scott
(Signature)
Name: Brian Scott
Title: CEO & Director
Date: October 29, 2021

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C/A has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s: <u>Brian P Scott</u> (Signature) Name: Brian Scott Title: CEO & Director Date: October 29, 2021	/s: <u>Mont Handley</u> (Signature) Name: Mont Handley Title: Director Date: October 29, 2021
 <u>DAVID LILLY</u> (Signature) Name: David Lilly Title: CEO & Director Date: October 29, 2021	 <u>Carl Nicolia</u> (Signature) Name: Carl Nicolia Title: Director Date: October 29, 2021

Instructions.

1. The form shall be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.
2. The name of each person signing the form shall be typed or printed beneath the signature. Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

EXHIBIT A

Financial Statements

PitiMoss, LLC. (the “Company”) a Delaware Limited Liability Company
Financial Statements and
Independent Accountant’s Audit Report

Years ended December 31, 2019 & 2020



To Management
PittMoss, LLC.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of PittMoss, LLC as of December 31, 2019 & 2020, and the related statements of income, member equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PittMoss, LLC as of December 31, 2019 & 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Going Concern and Restatement

As discussed in Note 6, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 8, the 2019 and 2020 financial statements have been restated to correct the classification of financing instruments and the valuation of its accounts receivable.

Vince Mongio, CPA, CIA, CFE, MACC
Miami, FL

August 23rd, 2021

Vincenzo Mongio

Statement of Financial Position

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	256,786	216,049
Accounts Receivable	157,185	154,718
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	33,139	16,040
Inventory	114,843	87,230
Total Current Assets	561,953	474,037
Non-current Assets		
Property and Equipment	195,709	235,815
Intangible Assets	34,983	33,108
Security Deposits	104,646	104,646
Total Non-Current Assets	335,338	373,569
TOTAL ASSETS	897,291	847,606
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	103,753	60,730
Accrued Expenses	17,103	18,608
SBA-PPP Loan	61,360	-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	3,096	-
Total Current Liabilities	185,312	79,338
Long-term Liabilities		
Notes Payable	159,262	-
Future Equity Obligations	241,850	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	401,112	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	586,424	79,338
MEMBERS' CAPITAL		
Members' Capital	4,668,362	4,227,987
Accumulated Deficit	(4,357,496)	(3,459,719)
Total Equity	310,866	768,268
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL	897,290	847,606

Statement of Operations

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Revenue	563,821	408,222
Cost of Revenue	445,309	311,366
Gross Profit	118,512	96,856
Operating Expenses		
Depreciation and Amortization	42,686	45,874
General and Administrative	655,667	446,001
Rent and Utilities	87,444	94,407
Research and Development	38,930	29,038
Sales and Marketing	216,585	204,382
Bad Debt Expense	18,613	10,630
Total Operating Expenses	1,059,925	830,332
Operating Income (loss)	(941,413)	(733,476)
Other Income		
Interest Income	-	-
Other	45,995	
Total Other Income	45,995	-
Other Expense		
Interest Expense	2,358	-
Other	-	-
Total Other Expense	2,358	-
Provision for Income Tax	-	-
Net Income (loss)	(897,776)	(733,476)

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss)	(897,776)	(733,476)
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to Net Cash provided by operations:		
Depreciation and Amortization	42,686	45,874
Stock-Based Compensation	21,375	-
Accounts Payable	43,023	(20,662)
Accrued Liabilities	(1,505)	971
Inventory	(27,613)	27,953
Accounts Receivable	(2,467)	(43,696)
Prepays	(17,099)	(6,214)
Total Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to Net Cash provided by operations:	58,400	4,226
Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities	(839,376)	(729,250)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Intangible Assets	(1,875)	(3,064)
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(2,580)	
Net Cash provided by (used by) Investing Activities	(4,455)	(3,064)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from PPP Loan	61,360	
Proceeds from Notes Payable	162,358	
Contributions	419,000	654,241
Proceeds from SAFE Notes	241,850	
Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities	884,568	654,241
Cash at the beginning of period	216,049	294,122
Net Cash increase (decrease) for period	40,737	(78,073)
Cash at end of period	256,786	216,049

Statement of Changes in Member Equity

		Common Units			Preferred Units		
		# of Shares	# of Shares	Contributions/(Distributions)		Accumulated Deficit	Total Member Equity
		Amount	Amount				
<u>Beginning Balance at 1/1/19</u>		7,590,821	33,023,999	3,573,746	(2,726,244)	847,502	
Member Contributions, net of Distributions		-	5,389,558	654,241	-	654,241	
Net Income (Loss)		-	-	-	(733,476)	(733,476)	
<u>Ending Balance 12/31/2019</u>		7,590,821	38,413,557	4,227,987	(3,459,720)	768,267	
Stock-based Compensation		-	-	21,375	-	21,375	
Member Contributions, net of Distributions		-	3,451,673	419,000	-	419,000	
Net Income (Loss)		-	-	(897,776)	(897,776)	(897,776)	
<u>Ending Balance 12/31/2020</u>		7,590,821	41,865,230	4,668,362	(4,357,496)	310,866	

PittMoss, LLC
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31st, 2020
SUSD

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

PittMoss LLC (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Delaware on January 6, 2015. The Company makes and sells next generation growing media made from recycled paper and a proprietary mix of organic additives. The Company’s headquarters are in Ambridge, Pennsylvania.

Fiscal Year

The Company operates on a December 31st year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of management’s estimates. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2020, the Company held no cash equivalents.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company has a limited operating history. The Company's business and operations are sensitive to general business and economic conditions in the United States. A host of factors beyond the Company's control could cause fluctuations in these conditions.

The Coronavirus Disease of 2019 (COVID-19) has recently affected global markets, supply chains, employees of companies, and our communities. Specific to the Company, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including shelter in place orders, material supply chain interruption, economic hardships affecting funding for the Company's operations, and affects the Company's workforce. Management believes the Company is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of December 31, 2020.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies(continued)

Accounts Receivable

The Company's trade receivables are recorded when billed and represent claims against third parties that will be settled in cash. The carrying value of the Company's receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, represents their estimated net realizable value.

The Company evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable on a customer-by-customer basis. The Company records a reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to an amount the Company believes will be reasonably collected. The reserve is a discretionary amount determined from the analysis of the aging of the accounts receivables, historical experience and knowledge of specific customers. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts were \$29k and \$10k respectively.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of standard cost (which approximates cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. At December 31, 2020, the balance of inventory related to finished goods was \$114,843.

Intangible Assets

The Company has recorded intangible assets at cost. The intangible assets consist of a patents. The Company evaluates intangible assets on an annual basis or more frequently if management believes indicators of impairment exist. Such indicators could include but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or

(3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If management concludes that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, management conducts a two-step quantitative impairment test. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the applicable reporting unit with its carrying value. The Company estimates the fair values of its reporting units using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows, approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, management performs the second step of the impairment test. The second step of the impairment test involves comparing the implied fair value of the affected reporting unit's asset with the carrying value of that asset. The amount, by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its implied fair value, if any, is recognized as an impairment loss. The Company's evaluation of its intangible asset completed during the year resulted in no impairment losses.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Equipment is depreciated over five to ten years, while leasehold improvements are depreciated over forty years. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred and major improvements are capitalized. The Company reviews the carrying amount of fixed assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies(continued)

Income Taxes

The Company is taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Therefore, the Company's earnings are included on the members' personal income tax returns and taxed depending on their personal tax situations. Accordingly, no provision has been made for Federal income taxes.

The Company complies with FASB ASC 740 for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the financial statements.

The Company is subject to franchise and income tax filing requirements in the States of Delaware and Pennsylvania.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date.

Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1	- Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
Level 2	- Include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.
Level 3	- Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies(continued)

Concentrations of Credit Risk

From time-to-time cash balances, held at a major financial institution may exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000. Management believes that the financial institution is financially sound, and the risk of loss is low.

Revenue Recognition

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). Revenue is recognized when performance obligations under the terms of the contracts with our customers are satisfied. Prior to the adoption of ASC 606, the Company recognized revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement existed, delivery of products had occurred, the sales price was fixed or determinable and collectability was reasonably assured. The Company generates revenues by selling potting soil. The Company's payments are generally collected net thirty. For years ending December 31, 2020, the Company recognized revenue of \$563,821.

Advertising Expenses

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Organizational Costs

In accordance with FASB ASC 720, organizational costs, including accounting fees, legal fee, and costs of incorporation are expensed as incurred.

New Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, or other standard setting bodies and adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, the Company believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU (Accounting Standards Update) 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes*, or ASU 2015-17. The guidance requires that all deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with any related valuation allowance, be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. For all entities other than public business entities, the guidance becomes effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The adoption of ASU 2015-17 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Restricted Cash*, or ASU 2016-18. The amendments of ASU 2016-18 were issued to address the diversity in classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows which is currently not addressed under Topic 230. ASU 2016-18 would require an entity to include amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning of period and end of period total amounts on the statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018 for non-public entities. Early adoption is permitted, and the standard must be applied retrospectively.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies(continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The adoption of ASU 2016-18 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, or ASU 2016-02, which supersedes the guidance in ASC 840, *Leases*. The new standard requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. This classification will determine whether lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. A lessee is also required to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with a term of greater than 12 months regardless of their classification. Leases with a term of 12 months or less will be accounted for similar to existing guidance for operating leases today. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 for non-public entities. The adoption of ASU 2016-02 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-based Payment Accounting*, or ASU 2016-09. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Some of the areas of simplification apply only to non-public companies. This guidance was effective on December 31, 2016 for public entities. For entities other than public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for an entity in any interim or annual period for which financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all amendments in the same period. The adoption of ASU 2016-09 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting*, or ASU 2017-09, which clarifies when to account for a change to the terms or conditions of a

share-based payment award as a modification. Under the new guidance, modification accounting is required only if the fair value, the vesting conditions, or the classification of the award (as equity or liability) changes as a result of the change in terms or conditions. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017, for both public entities and non-public entities. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2017-09 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

2. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is not currently involved with and does not know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or its members.

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2020: Property and equipment at cost:

Equipment	\$ 396,202
Leasehold improvements	61,720
	457,922
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>262,213</u>
Total	<u>\$ 195,709</u>

4. Debt

SBA PPP Loan

In 2020, the Company received loan proceeds of \$61,360 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. The PPP Loan and accrued interest are forgivable after twenty-four weeks, as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the borrower terminates employees or reduces salaries during twenty-four-week period.

The PPP Loan is evidenced by a promissory note, between the Company, as Borrower, and The Small Business Association., as Lender. The interest rate on the Note is 1% per annum, with interest accruing on the unpaid principal balance computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in a year of 360 days. No payments of principal or interest are due during the six-month period beginning on the date of the Note.

As noted above, the principal and accrued interest under the Note evidencing the PPP Loan are forgivable after twenty-four weeks as long the Company has used the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the Company terminates employees or reduces salaries during the twenty-four-week period. The Company used the proceeds for purposes consistent with the PPP loan. In order to obtain full or partial forgiveness of the PPP Loan, the Company must request forgiveness and must provide satisfactory documentation in accordance with applicable Small Business Administration ("SBA") guidelines. Interest payable on the Note may be forgiven only if the SBA agrees to pay such interest on the forgiven principal amount of the Note. The Company will be obligated to repay any portion of the principal amount of the Note that is not forgiven, together with interest accrued and accruing thereon at the rate set forth above, until such unforgiven portion is paid in full.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company believes that the PPP funds were used appropriately for all funds to be forgiven once the SBA processes the loan forgiveness application.

Note Payable

Debt consisted of the following at December 31, 2020:

SBA EIDL Loan; interest at 3.75% per annum, maturing in July 2051, monthly payment of \$731, uncollateralized	\$ 162,358
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Less: Current portion of note payable	3,096
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Long term portion of note payable	159,262
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Maturity of the note payable is as follows:

December 31, 2021	\$ 3,096
December 31, 2022	3,214
December 31, 2023	3,337
December 31, 2024	3,449
December 31, 2025	3,596
Thereafter	<u>145,666</u>
	<u><u>\$ 162,358</u></u>

As of December 31, 2020, \$10,000 of the notes payable balance consisted of an advance received from the Small Business Association. This amount has no terms and is believed to be turned into a grant. However, the Company has not received official notice of that, so the amount remains in note payable as of December 31, 2020.

SAFE Obligations

During 2020, the Company issued Simple Agreements for Future Equity (“SAFE”), through Republic (a crowdfunding portal). The SAFE agreements have no maturity date and bear no interest. The SAFE agreements provide a right to the holder to future equity in the Company in the form of SAFE Preferred Stock. SAFE Preferred Stock are shares of a series of Preferred Stock issued to the investor in an equity financing, having identical rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions as the shares of standard Preferred Stock offered to non-holders of SAFE agreements other than with respect to: (i) the per share liquidation preference and the conversion price for purposes of price-based anti-dilution protection, which will equal the conversion price; and (ii) the basis for any dividend rights, which will be based on the conversion price. The number of shares issued to the holder is determined by either (1) the face value of the SAFE agreement divided by the price per share of the standard preferred stock issued, if the pre-money valuation is less than or equal to the valuation cap; or (2) a number of shares of SAFE Preferred Stock equal to the face value of the SAFE agreement divided by the price per share equal to the valuation cap divided by the total capitalization of the company immediately prior to an equity financing event. Total

capitalization of the company includes all shares of capital stock issued and outstanding and outstanding vested and unvested options as if converted.

SAFE Obligations (continued)

If there is a liquidity event (as defined in the SAFE agreements), the investor will, at their option, either (i) receive a cash payment equal to the face value of the SAFE Agreement (“Purchase Amount”) or (ii) automatically receive from the Company a number of shares of common stock equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the price per share equal to the valuation cap divided by the Liquidity Capitalization (“Liquidity Price”) (as defined in the SAFE agreements). If there are not enough funds to pay the holders of SAFE agreements in full, then all of the Company’s available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro-rata among the SAFE agreement holders in proportion to their Purchase Amounts and they will automatically receive the number of shares of common stock equal to the remaining unpaid Purchase Amount divided by the Liquidity Price.

If there is a dissolution event (as defined in the SAFE agreements), the Company will pay an amount equal to the Purchase Amount, due and payable to the investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the dissolution event. The Purchase Amount will be paid prior and in preference to any distribution of any of the assets of the Company to holders of outstanding capital stock. If immediately prior to the consummation of the dissolution event, the assets of the Company legally available for distribution to all SAFE holders, are insufficient to permit the payment to their respective Purchase Amounts, then all of the assets of the Company legally available for distribution will be distributed with the equal priority and pro-rata among the SAFE holders as a single class.

The SAFE agreements will expire and terminate upon either (i) the issuance of shares to the investor pursuant to an equity financing event or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the investor pursuant to a liquidity or dissolution event.

As of December 31, 2020, no SAFE agreements had been converted into equity, nor had any terminated or expired based on the terms of the agreements.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had \$241,850 of SAFE obligations outstanding, with valuation caps of \$7,000,000.

The Company accounts for the SAFE agreements under ASC 480 (Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity), which requires that they be recorded at fair value as of the balance sheet date. Any changes in fair value are to be recorded in the statement of income. The Company has determined that the fair value at the date of issuance, and as of December 31, 2020 are both consistent with the proceeds received at issuance, and therefore there is no mark-to-market fair value adjustments required or reflected in income for the year ended December 31, 2020.

5. Equity

Series Seed Preferred Units

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had issued 41,865,230 Series Seed Preferred Units. Series Seed Preferred units accrue distributions of \$0.005 per year, per unit, but are only payable when, as, and if declared by the management of the Company. The Company is under no obligation to pay such accruing distributions.

Equity (continued)

Common Units

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had issued 7,590,821 Common Units. Common Units are entitled to one vote for each Common Unit.

Equity Incentive

The Company's 2020 Equity Plan (the Plan), which is member approved, permits the grant of share options and shares to its employees, advisors and subcontractors for up to 3,870,620 shares of common stock. The Company believes that such awards better align the interests of its employees, advisors and subcontractors with those of its shareholders. Option awards are granted with an exercise price not less than 100% of the fair market value on the date of grant, unless specifically determined otherwise by the Board at the time of the grant. Those option awards generally vest based on two to four years of continuous service and have 10-year contractual terms. As of December 31, 2020, 505,000 shares have been issued under the Plan. Of the shares issued under the Plan, 356,250 shares have vested. The Company has recorded \$21,375 in stock compensation expense during the year ending December 31, 2020.

6. Going Concern

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The entity has realized losses every year since inception and may continue to generate losses.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities.

7. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 24, 2021, the date through which the financial statement was available to be issued. It has been determined that no events require additional disclosure.

8. Restatement of Financial Statements

The Company has determined that its classification of its SAFE agreements and valuations of accounts receivable as of December 31st, 2019 and 2020 as presented in its Form CA dated April 15th, 2021 require correction. Additionally, the company revised its presentation of certain operating expenses. The impact of the correction on the balance sheet and income statement is as follows.

Statement of Financial Position

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2020 (Originally reported)	Restatement adjustment	2020 (As Restated)	2019 (Originally reported)	Restatement adjustment	2019 (As Restated)
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	256,786		256,786	216,049		216,049
Accounts Receivable	186,428	(29,243)	157,185	165,348	(10,630)	154,718
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	33,139	-	33,139	16,040	-	16,040
Inventory	114,843	-	114,843	87,230	-	87,230
Total Current Assets	591,196	-	591,196	484,667	-	484,667
Non-current Assets						-
Property and Equipment	195,709	-	195,709	235,815	-	235,815
Intangible Assets	34,983	-	34,983	33,108	-	33,108
Security Deposits	104,646	-	104,646	104,646	-	104,646
Total Non-Current Assets	335,338	-	335,338	373,569	-	373,569
TOTAL ASSETS	926,534	(29,243)	897,291	858,236	(10,630)	847,606
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	103,753	-	103,753	60,730	-	60,730
Accrued Expenses	17,103	-	17,103	18,608	-	18,608
SBA-PPP Loan	61,360	-	61,360	-	-	-
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	3,096	-	3,096	-	-	-
Total Current Liabilities	185,312	-	185,312	79,338	-	79,338
Long-term Liabilities						-
Notes Payable	159,262	-	159,262	-	-	-
Future Equity Obligations	-	241,850	241,850	-	-	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	159,262	241,850	401,112	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	344,574	241,850	586,424	79,338	-	79,338
MEMBERS' CAPITAL						
Members' Capital	4,668,362		4,668,362	4,227,987	-	4,227,987
SAFE Obligations	241,850	(241,850)	-	-	-	-
Accumulated Deficit	(4,328,252)	(29,243)	(4,357,495)	(3,449,089)	(10,630)	(3,459,719)
Total Equity	581,960	(271,093)	310,867	778,898	(10,630)	768,268
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL	926,534	(271,093)	897,291	858,236	(10,630)	847,606

Statement of Operations

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2020 (Originally reported)	Restatement adjustment	2020 (As Restated)	2019 (Originally reported)	Restatement adjustment	2019 (As Restated)
Revenue	563,821	-	563,821	408,222		408,222
Cost of Revenue	445,309	-	445,309	311,366		311,366
Gross Profit	118,512	-	118,512	96,856	-	96,856
Operating Expenses						
Depreciation and Amortization	42,686	-	42,686	45,874	-	45,874
General and Administrative	198,156	457,511	655,667	446,001	-	446,001
Rent and Utilities	87,444	-	87,444	94,407	-	94,407
Research and Development	38,930	-	38,930	29,038	-	29,038
Sales and Marketing	216,585	-	216,585	204,382	-	204,382
Salaries and Wages	457,511	(457,511)	-	-	-	-
Bad Debt Expense	-	18,613	18,613	-	10,630	10,630
Total Operating Expenses	1,041,312	18,613	1,059,925	819,702	10,630	830,332
Operating Income (loss)	(922,800)	(18,613)	(941,413)	(722,846)	(10,630)	(733,476)
Other Income						
Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	45,995	-	45,995	-	-	-
Total Other Income	45,995	-	45,995	-	-	-
Other Expense						
Interest Expense	2,358	-	2,358	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Expense	2,358	-	2,358	-	-	-
Provision for Income Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Income (loss)	(879,163)	(18,613)	(897,776)	(722,846)	(10,630)	(733,476)

EXHIBIT B

Offering Page found on Intermediary's Portal.



Company Name PittMoss

Logo



Headline PittMoss is a top performing upcycled soil made from organic, recycled paper

Hero Image



Tags Eco, Sustainable, B2C, \$500K+ revenue, \$1M+ raised

Pitch text

Summary

- Eco-friendly soil disrupting the horticulture industry
- \$900K+ in revenue to date
- Selling in 150+ stores in 22 US states
- Doubling customer count each year and increasing average sale per customer
- \$6B addressable market with projected revenue of \$24M by 2025
- \$4.45M in funding to date ; Backed by Mark Cuban & several angel groups

Problem

Our gardens should be helping the planet, not harming it

For generations, gardeners and growers have been using soils that are harmful to our planet. Formulated with peat moss, the average bag of potting soil has always been less than ideal for horticultural use. PittMoss has many advantages over any peat-based soil on the market today.



We are currently facing two major sustainability issues: land waste and CO₂ emissions. 34% of landfills are filled with recyclable cellulose fiber materials such as newsprint, magazines, cardboard, and other paper products that don't really need to be landfilled. In addition, many seemingly environmentally friendly products, like peat-based potting soils, are producing massive CO₂ emissions as soon as they are dug from the ground.

Peat bogs make up less than 3% of terrestrial land mass, but act as massive carbon sinks. They hold more carbon than all of the world's forests combined and reducing peat mining is one of the top 10 carbon emissions initiatives from the UN.

Even though almost every soil mixture today includes peat moss, it simply doesn't make sense because peat is highly acidic (*requiring lime to raise the pH*), extremely dense (*requiring perlite to be mined, heated, and added to peat-based soils*) and actually repels water (*requiring chemical wetting agents to hold water*). Because we have been conditioned to consistently overwater our peat-based soils we are also wasting fresh water and causing massive amounts of fertilizer runoff which often turns into algae bloom problems in our lakes and oceans.

We need sustainable alternatives to peat-based soils.

Solution

PittMoss: The next generation of soils

PittMoss offers next-generation garden soils and amendments that are better for plants and for the planet. Made from the cellulose fiber material that we are currently taking to landfills, the revolutionary properties created by PittMoss' upcycled materials allow for more air, water, and nutrients to be delivered to plants. This encourages faster, stronger root development and top growth - resulting in **bigger, healthier plants with more and larger blooms**. The unique fiber structure of PittMoss creates physical, biological, and chemical properties that other soils simply cannot replicate. The PittMoss fiber structure is the secret (and protected) ingredient that can't be replicated by others and is much cleaner (organic, and pesticide free) than other soils.

THE CURRENT SOIL ECONOMY



**NOT Local
and
NOT Eco-Friendly**

**An estimated 90%
of the peat mined from
Canadian wetlands
is destined for
U.S. home gardens.**



**...at the
same time...**

**Roughly 34%
of our landfills
are filled with
cellulose fiber
materials,
like paper.**



PittMoss



PittMoss VISION

A Soil Economy that is Hyperlocal and Eco-Friendly.



Every state, city and municipality, big and small, has a problem with fiber waste.

PittMoss can divert this waste and transform it into sustainable products that support the environment and local economy.



PittMoss

Product

Just what your plants (and the planet) need

PittMoss is made from recycled fibers specifically engineered to provide optimal management of applied resources, such as water and fertilizer. Not only does PittMoss increase the time between watering, it also manages the water more efficiently by allowing plants to uptake water when needed. This is much better for the planet than the constant over-watering that is required with peat-based soils. This makes for better use of resources by storing water and fertilizer more efficiently and delivering it to plants as they need it.

How It's Made



Unlike any growing media on the market, PittMoss is a revolution for your plants.

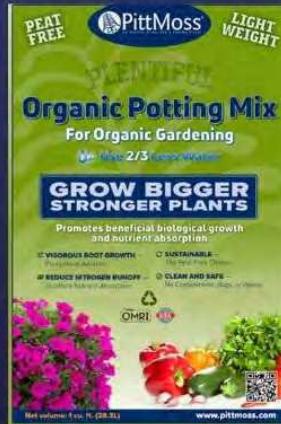




PittMoss RETAIL PRODUCTS



- Prime -
Organic Soil Conditioner and
Compost Starter



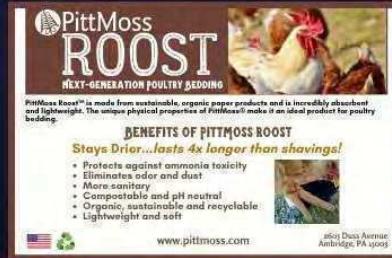
- Plentiful -
Organic Potting Mix



- Performance -
Nutrient Enhanced Potting Mix



- COCO Complete -
PittMoss + coco coir
with added nutrients



- ROOST -
Animal Bedding for chickens, horses, rabbits and more!



- Prestige -
Animal Bedding for chickens, horses, rabbits and more!

PittMoss absorbs and releases nutrients back into the root system to grow bigger and stronger plants in less time while reducing our dependency on peat-based products. In 2020, our PittMoss soil products **prevented the emission of 811.11 metric tons of CO₂**.

How does a savings of 811.11 metric tons of CO₂ emissions equate to other referenceable items? Here's a few examples:

- 2,012,680 miles driven by an average passenger vehicle
- 893,732 pounds of coal burned
- 91,269 gallons of gasoline consumed
- 33,158 propane cylinders used
- 276 tons of waste recycled instead of landfilled



PittMoss

In 2020
our soil products
prevented

811.11

Metric Tons of CO₂ Emissions!

2603 Duss Avenue
Ambridge, PA 15003
www.pittmoss.com

@PittMossLLC *@PittMoss* *@PittMoss_official*

A snapshot of the positive environmental impact of reducing peat-based soil.

Carbon Reductions with PittMoss

PittMoss

HOW WE MAKE AN IMPACT

Peat-based potting soils, that dominate the market, are mined and imported from wetlands - vital ecosystems that sequester more carbon than all the world's forests combined.

Since 2014, PittMoss products prevented the emission of **3,811.11** metric tons of CO₂ compared to traditional peat-based soils.

206 Tons of Paper

144 Tons of Cardboard

The amount of paper, newspaper, and cardboard products PittMoss has kept out of landfills since 2014.

Peat is mined from wetlands, which stores massive amounts of carbon. Instead of peat, PittMoss uses organic, recycled paper.

3,811.11 Metric Tons of CO₂ =

4.2 million pounds of coal burned

A 2cf bag of peat = **22** pounds of coal

9.5 million miles driven/one vehicle

OMRI LISTED

Learn more about our products at: www.pittmoss.com

Sources: Emissions calculator <https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator>
<https://www.wetlands.org/publications/peat-co2/>

Traction

150+ stores across the US

In 2014 PittMoss **appeared on Shark Tank**, and secured an investment from Mark Cuban and a number of angel groups. In 2015 Pittmoss launched with a focus on selling its base material to nurseries and commercial growers as a soil amendment. Now, after continued interest from home gardeners, the company has developed multiple peat-free products for home gardening enthusiasts. Company revenue has grown by 40-50% annually, surpassing **\$900K+** in total revenue to date. The company also sells to more than **150 stores across 22 states** in the US.



Featured in:

CANNABIS
BUSINESS TIMES

Inc.

BUSTLE

**modern
farmer**

FARM. FOOD. LIFE.

eg everybody
gardens

The Times

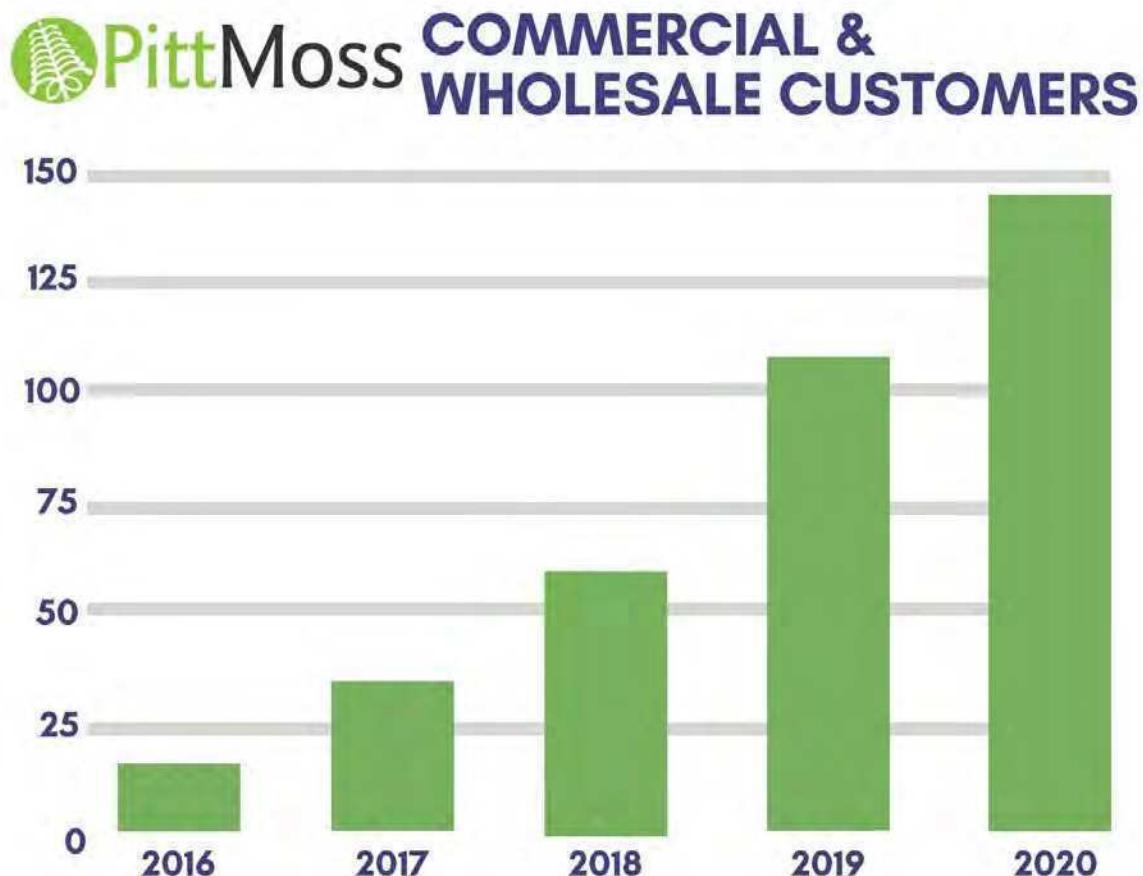
NEXT
pittsburgh

KDKA
2 CBS Pittsburgh

Customers

Doubling customer count each year

PittMoss clients all share one thing in common: they love to grow. PittMoss sells its products in three distinct channels. The company sells commercial bulk quantities to nurseries, landscapers, and growers. In the wholesale channel, PittMoss sells to more than 150 garden centers. And via e-commerce, the company sells to individual garden enthusiasts. PittMoss customers love the products and are impressed by the moisture retention, growing capability, and overall strength of their plants. Not only is the company doubling its customer counts each year, it is also increasing the average sale per customer each year as well.



Hear from our customers:

GROWER TESTIMONIALS**Sustainscape Inc., Florida**

"PittMoss® helps us immensely because we use much less water and we have to water less often... I can save literally hours and have that time to work on something else in the nursery. So for that reason, I love it. ...Sometimes when you plant something at a client's house, you install irrigation, you mulch it, you do everything right, but something can go wrong. It's nice to know that if you plant into the ground from a container that has PittMoss®, it reduces the transplant shock."

Delmarva Native Plants, Maryland- Case Study Excerpt

Since switching from pine bark to PittMoss®, Clark has cut the amount of fertilizer he uses dramatically. "I've cut it by about a third," he said. "I don't integrate my fertilizer into the mix. I post-apply once the plants look like they need it, and I haven't had to apply very much this year."

Wagner's Greenhouse, Pennsylvania

"I found with PittMoss® I could grow and use less water. I grew mums that developed a good root system and could handle drying down and going without water for longer. Also, PittMoss® uses fertilizer in a more economical and sustainable manner with less runoff going into the groundwater."

Sunset Farmstead- New Jersey

"The one crop we did (overwintered), we planted 500 and were able to get our customer 490. I'm thrilled with that. The water-holding capacity and the nutrient-holding capacity of the blending mix allowed us to only have to water, at the earliest, every third day. A lot of times, we were able to get out towards the tail end of five days, depending on crop and weather conditions."

Miller's Greenery, Indiana

The business has taken off. In the last year, there's been a big improvement in what I've been able to sell, and the bottom line is improved. I give PittMoss® a lot of credit for that."

Harrisburg Country Club, Pennsylvania

"I'm pleased to say that the soil [PittMoss] has been amazing there was actually a week where I'm embarrassed to admit the hanging baskets and pots didn't get watered. Out of all the hanging baskets the PittMoss soil ones are the only ones that the Calibrochua survived in."

9J Organic Greenhouses, New York

I supply organic markets... I'm using [PittMoss® Prime] on every crop I get in: tomatoes, peppers, onions, cucumbers, lettuce, eggplant, beets... I've established my own organic fertilizer program.



Harvest Valley Farms added 5 new photos.

Jul 4 at 9:35 AM •

•••

We took a chance and switched completely over to PittMoss potting soil (in place of ProMix) in order to support a local growing company. Boy am I glad!! I have seen an unbelievable difference in my transplants! Not only did we save \$\$\$ but also had much healthier plants!

PittMoss PM1 is composed of recycled newspaper mixed with Peat Moss. I... [See More](#)

Case studies and plenty more testimonials at www.pittmoss.com





Business Model

Three huge revenue streams

PittMoss has three key revenue streams: commercial growers, wholesale distribution, and e-commerce. PittMoss retail products sell for \$9.95 - \$20.95 at the local garden center, depending on the SKU. As the company continues to scale its operations, cost of goods as a percentage of revenue will continue to decrease. Today the company has gross margins of about 45%.



PittMoss REVENUE STREAMS

Commercial

- Greenhouses
- Perennial/Annual Producers
- Cannabis/Hemp Producers
- Landscapers
- Universities
- Cities/Municipalities
- Equine/Poultry Facilities



Wholesale

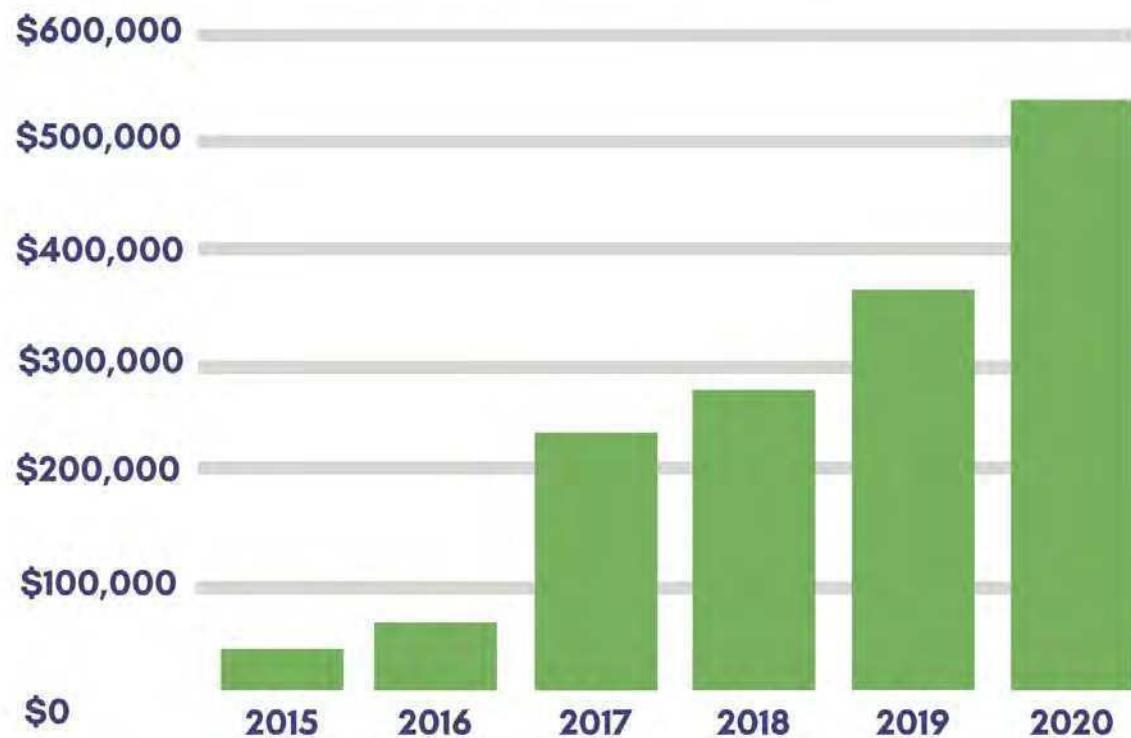
- Direct Distribution to Garden Centers
- 8 Distributor Partners Going Into 2020



Retail

- Direct to Consumer (www.pittmoss.com and www.amazon.com)
- Direct Sales Events



 **PittMoss REVENUE**

At a glance:



PittMoss FINANCIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Make PittMoss For:

\$1.20

per cubic foot at scale

Sell PittMoss For:

COMMERCIAL

\$2.50

per cubic foot

WHOLESALE

\$5.00

per cubic foot

RETAIL

\$10.00

per cubic foot

Market

\$6B market potential

The estimated retail market for soils is worth \$6B, \$500M of which is raw, imported peat moss before it is processed and amended to become a soil mixture. By offering a much better, locally produced product, PittMoss has the potential to disrupt the entire \$6B soil market, but to execute its business plan and produce an exit for investors, PittMoss only needs to generate **revenue of \$24M which is anticipated by 2025**.



PittMoss MARKET SIZE

**Estimated
Retail Market
for Soils**
\$6B

**Annual Peat
Imports from
Canada**
\$500M

**The Worldwide
Market for
Potting Soil
is expected to
grow at a CAGR
of approx. 2.8%**

Competition

Planting the seed for a new kind of soil

PittMoss is disrupting the traditional peat-based soil market by offering a greener, more effective and sustainable solution to all growers. Not only is PittMoss better for the planet, it helps create strong, more nourished plants with significantly less water. In fact, independent growth trials bear results that are so good that trials are demonstrated using time-lapse photography to prove that PittMoss plants actually grow bigger every week compared to the competition.

Competitive Analysis

Hundreds of products/brands – most Peat Based



Vision

Locally made soils in every major US market!

Why dig up peat and ship it half way across our country from Canada, when we can make much better soils from local waste materials instead?

By reaching its fundraising goal, PittMoss plans to expand its sales, marketing, distribution, and production efforts across all product lines. Of particular importance is the development of the cannabis and hemp markets which are two very fast growing segments of the economy.



A Soil Economy that is Hyperlocal and Eco-Friendly.



Every state, city and municipality, big and small, has a problem with fiber waste.

PittMoss can divert this waste and transform it into sustainable products that support the environment and local economy.



The company has also identified six new opportunity areas for the future: equine bedding, groundwater management, chicken bedding, worm castings, specialty mixes, and compost starters. PittMoss has already begun entering into the animal bedding industry and plans to use the funds raised to improve sales and marketing opportunities in several of the markets described.



PittMoss PLATFORM OPPORTUNITIES

Multiple uses for our revolutionary products

Equine
Bedding

Water Filtration
&
Groundwater
Mgt.

Poultry
Bedding

Vermiculture

Custom Blends
for Mushroom
& Cannabis/
Hemp Markets

Compost
Starter/
Accelerator

Investors

\$4.45M in funding to date from leading investors

When PittMoss debuted on **Shark Tank** three sharks made the company an offer: **Mark Cuban, Kevin O'Leary and Robert Herjavec**. In total, the company has raised over **\$4.45M to date** and are now making investment available to the company's customers and fans to invest along side the sharks.

PittMoss believes that when it achieves about \$24M in sales (anticipated in 2025) the company can be sold for 2x to 4x of revenues (between \$48M-\$96M) which would equate to about an 7x to 13x return on investment based upon current company valuation.

Exit Potential



Distributors and Mixers (potential exits)



Potential platform exits



Peat Companies (likely exit)



Founders

Mont Handley wins investment on Shark Tank

Republic

Superheroes

Mont Handley and Brian Scott, PittMoss

Growing a PEET business culture

Mont Handley developed the idea behind PittMoss in the 1990's and recently received the prestigious Tibbets Award from the EPA for developing and commercializing PittMoss. Mont turned over the operations of the company to a dedicated team of experienced business development and industry experts while he went home to care for his ailing father. Mont is still the largest individual shareholder and board member for the company.





PittMoss FOUNDING TEAM



**Mont Handley - Founder & Inventor,
EIR at Purdue University, current
Congressional candidate.**



**Brian Scott - CEO. Public company CIO,
10 year angel, 10 startups/turnarounds,
IPO and exit, M&A, Board Member for
2 startups.**



**Dr. Chuck Bethke - R&D Research
Consultant, Top 5 soil scientist in U.S.,
MSU Horticulture, Michigan Peat
Company**



**Mark Goldman - Director of Sales &
Tech Support with 30+ years in
horticulture industry**



PittMoss ADVISORS



Don Morrison - Former CEO American Eagle (AEO), Woolrich, Vocelli Pizza



Kelly Scoloda - Chief InfluenHer, at KS Consulting & Capital, recognized authority on marketing to women, former partner at Ketchum PR



Marty Gottlieb - 40 year industry vet, peat expert, Board of Cornell Horticulture



Karen Rzepecki - Founder of Mason Jars Company, Maker of reCAP (multi-million dollar Amazon Seller)



Jason Wolfe & Wei-Shin Lai, MD - Founders of AcousticSheep LLC, SBA Small Business of the Year, 2016



PittMoss BOARD of DIRECTORS



**Mont Handley - Founder & Inventor, EIR at
Purdue University, current Congressional
candidate.**



**Brian Scott, CEO. Public company CIO, 10 year
angel, 7 startups/turnarounds, IPO and exit,
M&A, Board Member for 2 startups.**



**Carl Nicolia - Founder PSEnergy, auto industry
and GE engineer, former CEO Zurn Industries,
big box and sales experience.**



**David Lilly - 4 startups, IPO and exit, M&A,
leader of sales orgs.**

Actively recruiting 5th board member!

Team

	Brian Scott	President, CEO	Brian has spent his career leading teams to success. A 10 year angel investor and experienced leader, Brian knows what it takes to grow a company.
	Ashley Mariani	Director of Business Development	With 8+ years of leading marketing teams, Ashley is passionate about her role in growing PittMoss, while overseeing their community outreach and marketing initiatives. MBA & MA in Mass Communication.
	Mark Goldman	Director of Technical Sales	Mark has spent his life in the horticulture industry. Working in various capacities, from managing large production operations to developing sales channels.
	The Crew	PittMoss Production	Our production team is essential for making quality, consistent products every day. Our crew is the hardest working out there, bringing green manufacturing to Ambridge, PA!
	Mary Deemer	Project Coordinator	Mary graduated from the Pennsylvania State University with a degree in Wildlife & Fisheries Sciences and got her M.S. at Slippery Rock University in Sustainable Systems. She currently lives on a 15 acre homestead with chickens and horses.
	Amber Miles	Contract CFO and General Counsel	Amber has 20+ years of experience leading the finance departments for companies of all sizes and across various industries. She has an MBA, is a PA attorney and is passionate about helping companies grow and prosper.
	Rachel Szelc	Operations Manager	Rachel started as an intern while finishing up an accounting degree and quickly proved PittMoss needed her full-time. Rachel manages much of the business that we depend upon, from accounting to logistics, she is a rock star.
	Rob Rosile	Sales	Rob was an early team member to PittMoss, growing into a sales role to support our wholesale and commercial efforts. Rob has an MBA and a previous background in e-commerce.
	Donna Pavlis	Manager, Marketing and Advertising	Donna has 38+ years of experience in design and marketing. She is owner/chief marketing strategist for SG&D Communications in addition to her role of overseeing the marketing efforts of PittMoss.

Perks

\$100	\$25 PittMoss gift card Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing. For any international (non-US) investors, the credit can only be used for products. The investor must pay any related shipping costs.
\$250	\$50 PittMoss gift card Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing. For any international (non-US) investors, the credit can only be used for products. The investor must pay any related shipping costs.
\$500	\$75 PittMoss gift card Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing. For any international (non-US) investors, the credit can only be used for products. The investor must pay any related shipping costs.
\$1,000	\$100 PittMoss gift card Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing
\$5,000	Choice of up to 8 cubic feet of various PittMoss products and a raised bed garden kit. Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing. For any international (non-US) investors, the credit can only be used for products. The investor must pay any related shipping costs.
\$10,000	One all-expense paid trip to visit the PittMoss factory and receive a private tour with the CEO. Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing
\$25,000	One all-expense paid trip to visit the PittMoss factory and receive a private tour with the CEO. Optional inclusion on the company's board of advisors and recognition on the company's web site. Note: Perks will be distributed upon campaign closing. For any international (non-US) investors, the credit can only be used for products. The investor must pay any related shipping costs.

FAQ

How do I earn a return?	We are using Republic's Crowd SAFE security. Learn how this translates into a return on investment here .
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EXHIBIT C

Form of Security

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “**SECURITIES ACT**”), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

IF THE INVESTOR LIVES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS THE INVESTOR’S RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. THE COMPANY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN PURCHASER.

PittMoss LLC

Crowd SAFE
(Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity)

Series 2021

THIS CERTIFIES THAT in exchange for the payment by [Investor Name] (the “**Investor**”, and together with all other Series 2021 Crowd SAFE holders, “**Investors**”) of \$[_____] (the “**Purchase Amount**”) on or about [DATE], PittMoss LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “**Company**”), hereby issues to the Investor the right to certain units of the Company’s Equity Interests (defined below), subject to the terms set forth below.

The “**Valuation Cap**” is \$7,500,000.00

See Section 2 for certain additional defined terms.

1. Events

(a) Equity Financing

(i) If an Equity Financing occurs before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (“**First Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly notify the Investor of the closing of the First Equity Financing and of the Company’s discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Purchase Amount to Equity Interests; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of units of the CF Shadow Series of the Equity Interests (whether Preferred Securities or another class issued by the Company), as applicable, sold in the First Equity Financing. The number of units of the CF Shadow Series of such Equity Interests shall equal the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the First Equity Financing Price.

(ii) If the Company elects to continue the term of this Crowd SAFE past the First Equity Financing and another Equity Financing occurs before the termination of this Crowd SAFE in accordance with Sections 1(b)-(d) (each, a “**Subsequent Equity Financing**”), the Company shall promptly notify the Investor of the closing of the Subsequent Equity Financing and of the Company’s discretionary decision to either (1) continue the term of this Crowd SAFE without converting the Investor’s Purchase Amount to Equity Interests; or (2) issue to the Investor a number of units of the CF Shadow Series of the Equity Interests (whether Preferred Securities or another class issued by the Company) sold in the Subsequent Equity Financing. The number of units of the CF Shadow Series of such Equity Interests shall equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the Purchase Amount by (y) the First Equity Financing Price.

(iii) If the Investor fails to complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE, as contemplated in this Section 1(a), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of the closing of the First Equity Financing, or Subsequent Equity Financing, as applicable, and of the Company's decision to convert this Crowd Safe to Equity Interests, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below), and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws. If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs that failed to act as required herein (collectively, the "**Cash-Default Investors**") in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be allocated with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Default Investors to claim in proportion to their Purchase Amounts.

(b) **Liquidity Event.**

(i) If there is a Liquidity Event before the termination of this instrument and before any Equity Financing, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described in Section 1(b)(iii) below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of units of Common Securities equal to the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) divided by the Liquidity Price.

(ii) If there is a Liquidity Event after one or more Equity Financings have occurred but before the termination of this instrument, the Investor must select, at its option, within thirty (30) days of notice (whether actual or constructive), either (1) to receive a cash payment equal to the Purchase Amount (as described below) or (2) to receive from the Company a number of units of the most recent issued Equity Interests (whether Preferred Securities or another class issued by the Company) equal to the Purchase Amount divided by the First Equity Financing Price. Units of Equity Interests granted in connection therewith shall have the same liquidation rights and preferences as the units of Equity Interests issued in connection with the Company's most recent Equity Financing.

(iii) If there are not enough funds to pay the Investor and holders of other Crowd SAFEs (collectively, the "**Cash-Out Investors**") in full, then all of the Company's available funds will be distributed with equal priority and pro rata among the Cash-Out Investors in proportion to their Purchase Amounts. In connection with this Section 1(b)(i), the Purchase Amount (or a lesser amount as described below) will be due and payable by the Company to the Investor immediately prior to, or concurrent with, the consummation of the Liquidity Event.

Notwithstanding Sections 1(b)(i)(2) or 1(b)(ii)(2), if the Company's manager(s) (or board of directors if the Company becomes a corporation) determines in good faith that delivery of Equity Interests to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(b)(i)(2) or Section 1(b)(ii)(2) would violate applicable law, rule or regulation, then the Company shall deliver to Investor in lieu thereof, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such Equity Interests, as determined in good faith by the Company's manager(s) (or board of directors if the Company becomes a corporation).

If the Investor fails to (i) complete, execute and deliver any reasonable or necessary information and documentation requested by the Company or the Intermediary in order to effect the conversion of this Crowd SAFE or (ii) notify Company of its election to receive the cash payment or shares of the most recently issued Equity Interests, as contemplated in this Section 1(b), within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of notice (whether actual or constructive) from the Company of such Liquidity Event, then the Investor shall only be eligible to receive the cash payment option, and the Company shall keep a record of the cash payment contemplated in Section 1(b) that the Investor is entitled to claim; provided, that any unclaimed cash payment amount shall be subject to applicable state escheatment laws.

(c) **Dissolution Event.** If there is a Dissolution Event before this instrument terminates in accordance with Sections 1(a) or 1(b), subject to the preferences applicable to any series of Preferred Securities, the Company will distribute its entire assets legally available for distribution with equal priority among the (i) Investors (on an as converted basis based on a valuation of Common Securities as determined in good faith by the Company's manager(s) (or board of directors if the Company becomes a corporation) at the time of Dissolution Event), (ii) all other holders

of instruments sharing in the assets of the Company at the same priority as holders of Common Securities upon a Dissolution Event and (iii) and all holders of Common Securities.

(d) **Termination.** This instrument will terminate (without relieving the Company or the Investor of any obligations arising from a prior breach of or non-compliance with this instrument) upon the earlier to occur: (i) the issuance of units, whether in the CF Shadow Series or Equity Interests, to the Investor pursuant to Section 1(a) or Section 1(b); or (ii) the payment, or setting aside for payment, of amounts due to the Investor pursuant to Sections 1(b) or 1(c).

2. Definitions

“CF Shadow Series” shall mean a series of Equity Interests that is identical in all respects to the units of Equity Interests (whether Preferred Securities or another class issued by the Company) issued in the relevant Equity Financing (e.g., if the Company sells Series A Preferred Securities in an Equity Financing, the Shadow Series would be Series A-CF Preferred Securities), except that:

- (i) CF Shadow Series unit holders shall have no voting rights and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter that is submitted to a vote or for the consent of the unit holders of the Company;
- (ii) Each of the CF Shadow Series unit holders shall enter into a proxy agreement, in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, appointing the Intermediary as its irrevocable proxy with respect to any matter to which CF Shadow Series unit holders are entitled to vote by law. Entering into such proxy agreement is a condition of receiving CF Shadow Series units and such agreement provides that the Intermediary will vote with the majority of the holders of the relevant class of the Company's Equity Interests on any matters to which the proxy agreement applies; and
- (iii) CF Shadow Series unit holders have no information or inspection rights, except with respect to such rights deemed not waivable by laws.

“Change of Control” means (i) a transaction or series of related transactions in which any “person” or “group” (within the meaning of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), becomes the “beneficial owner” (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of the Company having the right to vote for the election of members of the Company’s board of directors or manager(s), (ii) any reorganization, merger or consolidation of the Company, other than a transaction or series of related transactions in which the holders of the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction or series of related transactions retain, immediately after such transaction or series of related transactions, at least a majority of the total voting power represented by the outstanding voting securities of the Company or such other surviving or resulting entity or (iii) a sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company.

“Common Securities” means common limited liability company membership units of the Company or common stock of the Company, if the Company is restructured as a corporation, including the securities issuable upon the conversion of this instrument pursuant to Section 1(a) or 1(b). For purposes of this Crowd SAFE, “common limited liability company membership units” refers to those interests in the Company that, as of the relevant event, would be last to receive a repayment of all capital contributions made in respect of such interests.

“Dissolution Event” means (i) a voluntary termination of operations, (ii) a general assignment for the benefit of the Company’s creditors, (iii) the commencement of a case (whether voluntary or involuntary) seeking relief under Title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”), or (iv) any other liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company (excluding a Liquidity Event), whether voluntary or involuntary.

“Equity Financing” shall mean the next sale (or series of related sales) by the Company of its Equity Interests to one or more third parties following the date of this instrument from which the Company receives gross proceeds of not less than \$1,000,000 cash or cash equivalent (excluding the conversion of any instruments convertible into or

exercisable or exchangeable for Equity Interests, such as SAFEs or convertible promissory notes) with the principal purpose of raising capital.

“Equity Interests” shall mean Common Securities or Preferred Securities or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for or conferring the right to purchase (with or without additional consideration) Common Securities or Preferred Securities, except in each case, (i) any security granted, issued and/or sold by the Company to any director, officer, employee, advisor or consultant of the Company in such capacity for the primary purpose of soliciting or retaining his, her or its services, (ii) any convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, and (iii) any SAFEs issued.

“First Equity Financing Price” shall mean (x) if the pre-money valuation of the Company immediately prior to the First Equity Financing is less than or equal to the Valuation Cap, the lowest price per share of the Equity Interests sold in the First Equity Financing or (y) if the pre-money valuation of the Company immediately prior to the First Equity Financing is greater than the Valuation Cap, the SAFE Price.

“Fully Diluted Capitalization” shall mean the aggregate number, as of immediately prior to the First Equity Financing, of issued and outstanding units of Equity Interests, assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding, including units of convertible Preferred Securities and all outstanding vested or unvested options or warrants to purchase Equity Interests, but excluding (i) the issuance of all units of Equity Interests reserved and available for future issuance under any of the Company’s existing equity incentive plans, (ii) convertible promissory notes issued by the Company, (iii) any SAFEs, and (iv) any equity securities that are issuable upon conversion of any outstanding convertible promissory notes or SAFEs.

“Intermediary” means OpenDeal Portal LLC, a registered securities crowdfunding portal CRD#283874, or a qualified successor.

“IPO” means: (A) the completion of an underwritten initial public offering of Capital Stock by the Company pursuant to: (I) a final prospectus for which a receipt is issued by a securities commission of the United States or of a province of Canada, or (II) a registration statement which has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and is declared effective to enable the sale of Capital Stock by the Company to the public, which in each case results in such equity securities being listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange; or (B) the completion of a reverse merger or take-over whereby an entity (I) whose securities are listed and posted for trading or quoted on a recognized exchange, or (II) is a reporting issuer in the United States or the equivalent in any foreign jurisdiction, acquires all of the issued and outstanding Capital Stock of the Company..

“Liquidity Capitalization” means the number, as of immediately prior to the Liquidity Event, of units of the Company’s Equity Interests (on an as-converted basis) outstanding, assuming exercise or conversion of all outstanding vested and unvested options, warrants and other convertible securities, but excluding: (i) units of Equity Interests reserved and available for future grant under any equity incentive or similar plan; (ii) any SAFEs; and (iii) convertible promissory notes.

“Liquidity Event” means a Change of Control or an IPO.

“Liquidity Price” means the price per unit equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Liquidity Capitalization.

“Lock-up Period” means the period commencing on the date of the final prospectus relating to the Company’s IPO, and ending on the date specified by the Company and the managing underwriter(s). Such period shall not exceed one hundred eighty (180) days, or such other period as may be requested by the Company or an underwriter to accommodate regulatory restrictions on (i) the publication or other distribution of research reports, and (ii) analyst recommendations and opinions.

“Preferred Securities” means the preferred limited liability company membership units of the Company or preferred stock of the Company, if the Company is restructured as a corporation, including the securities issuable upon the conversion of this instrument pursuant to Sections 1(a) or 1(b).

“Regulation CF” means Regulation Crowdfunding promulgated under the Securities Act.

“SAFE” means any simple agreement for future equity (or other similar agreement), including a Crowd SAFE, which is issued by the Company for bona fide financing purposes and which may convert into Equity Interests in accordance with its terms.

“SAFE Price” means the price per unit equal to (x) the Valuation Cap divided by (y) the Fully Diluted Capitalization.

3. Company Representations

(a) The Company is a limited liability company duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its organization, and has the power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and carry on its business as now conducted.

(b) The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this instrument is within the power of the Company and, other than with respect to the actions to be taken when equity is to be issued to the Investor, has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Company. This instrument constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity. To the knowledge of the Company, it is not in violation of (i) its current charter or bylaws; (ii) any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; or (iii) any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, where, in each case, such violation or default, individually, or together with all such violations or defaults, could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

(c) The performance and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this instrument do not and will not: (i) violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company; (ii) result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound; or (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon any property, asset or revenue of the Company or the suspension, forfeiture, or nonrenewal of any material permit, license or authorization applicable to the Company, its business or operations.

(d) No consents or approvals are required in connection with the performance of this instrument, other than: (i) approvals from the the Company's members or board of managers (or board of directors if the Company becomes a corporation); (ii) any qualifications or filings under applicable securities laws; and (iii) necessary corporate approvals for the authorization of units of CF Shadow Series issuable pursuant to Section 1.

(e) If the Company, prior to the conversion of this instrument, is restructured as a corporation, then it shall reserve from its authorized but unissued shares of Equity Interests for issuance and delivery upon the conversion of this instrument, such number of shares of the Equity Interests as necessary to effect the conversion contemplated by this instrument, and, from time to time, will take all steps necessary to amend its charter to provide sufficient authorized numbers of shares of the Equity Interests issuable upon the conversion of this instrument. All such shares shall be duly authorized, and when issued upon any such conversion, shall be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens, security interests, charges and other encumbrances or restrictions on sale and free and clear of all preemptive rights, except encumbrances or restrictions arising under federal or state securities laws.

(f) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, (ii) not an investment company as defined in Section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the

“Investment Company Act”), and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by Section 3(b) or Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (vi) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, and (vii) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

(g) The Company has, or will shortly after the issuance of this instrument, engage a transfer agent registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to act as the sole registrar and transfer agent for the Company with respect to the Crowd SAFE.

(h) The Company is (i) not required to file reports pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”), (ii) not an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and is not excluded from the definition of investment company by section 3(b) or section 3(c) of such Act, (iii) not disqualified from selling securities under Rule 503(a) of Regulation CF, (iv) not barred from selling securities under §4(a)(6) due to a failure to make timely annual report filings, (vi) not planning to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, and (vii) organized under, and subject to, the laws of a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

4. *Investor Representations*

(a) The Investor has full legal capacity, power and authority to execute and deliver this instrument and to perform its obligations hereunder. This instrument constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Investor, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors’ rights generally and general principles of equity.

(b) The Investor has been advised that this instrument and the underlying securities have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and are offered and sold hereby pursuant to Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act. The Investor understands that neither this instrument nor the underlying securities may be resold or otherwise transferred unless they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws or pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF, in which case certain state transfer restrictions may apply.

(c) The Investor is purchasing this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder for its own account for investment, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Investor has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same. The Investor understands that the Securities have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws, by reason of specific exemptions under the provisions thereof which depend upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of each Investor’s representations as expressed herein.

(d) The Investor acknowledges, and is purchasing this instrument in compliance with, the investment limitations set forth in Rule 100(a)(2) of Regulation CF, promulgated under Section 4(a)(6)(B) of the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor acknowledges that the Investor has received all the information the Investor has requested from the Company and the Investor considers necessary or appropriate for deciding whether to acquire this instrument and the underlying securities, and the Investor represents that the Investor has had an opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from the Company regarding the terms and conditions of this instrument and the underlying securities and to obtain any additional information necessary to verify the accuracy of the information given to the Investor. In deciding to purchase this instrument, the Investor is not relying on the advice or recommendations of the Company or of the Intermediary and the Investor has made its own independent decision that an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities is suitable and appropriate for the Investor. The Investor understands that no federal or state agency has passed upon the merits or risks of an investment in this instrument and the underlying securities or made any finding or determination concerning the fairness or advisability of this investment.

(f) The Investor understands and acknowledges that as a Crowd SAFE investor, the Investor shall have no voting, information or inspection rights, aside from any disclosure requirements the Company is required to make under relevant securities regulations.

(g) The Investor understands that no public market now exists for any of the securities issued by the Company, and that the Company has made no assurances that a public market will ever exist for this instrument and the securities to be acquired by the Investor hereunder.

(h) The Investor is not (i) a citizen or resident of a geographic area in which the purchase or holding of the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities is prohibited by applicable law, decree, regulation, treaty, or administrative act, (ii) a citizen or resident of, or located in, a geographic area that is subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions or embargoes, or (iii) an individual, or an individual employed by or associated with an entity, identified on the U.S. Department of Commerce's Denied Persons or Entity List, the U.S. Department of Treasury's Specially Designated Nationals List, the U.S. Department of State's Debarred Parties List or other applicable sanctions lists. Investor hereby represents and agrees that if Investor's country of residence or other circumstances change such that the above representations are no longer accurate, Investor will immediately notify Company. Investor further represents and warrants that it will not knowingly sell or otherwise transfer any interest in the Crowd SAFE or the underlying securities to a party subject to U.S. or other applicable sanctions.

(i) If the Investor is not a United States person (as defined by Section 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended), the Investor hereby represents that it has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the laws of its jurisdiction in connection with any invitation, subscription and payment for, and continued ownership of, its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities will not violate any applicable securities or other laws of the Investor's jurisdiction, including (i) the legal requirements within its jurisdiction for the subscription and the purchase of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE; (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such subscription and purchase; (iii) any governmental or other consents that may need to be obtained; and (iv) the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, conversion, redemption, sale, or transfer of its beneficial interest in the Crowd SAFE and the underlying securities. The Investor acknowledges that the Company has taken no action in foreign jurisdictions with respect to the Crowd SAFE (and the Investor's beneficial interest therein) and the underlying securities.

(j) If the Investor is a corporate entity: (i) such corporate entity is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation, and has the power and authority to enter into this Crowd SAFE; (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by the Investor of the Agreement is within the power of the Investor and has been duly authorized by all necessary actions on the part of the Investor; (iii) to the knowledge of the Investor, it is not in violation of its current charter or bylaws, any material statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; and (iv) the performance the Agreement does not and will not violate any material judgment, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Investor; result in the acceleration of any material indenture or contract to which the Investor is a party or by which it is bound, or otherwise result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon the Purchase Amount.

(k) The Investor further acknowledges that it has read, understood, and had ample opportunity to ask Company questions about its business plans, "Risk Factors," and all other information presented in the Company's Form C and the offering documentation filed with the SEC.

(l) The Investor represents that **such Investor understands the substantial likelihood that the Investor will suffer a TOTAL LOSS of all capital invested**, and that Investor is prepared to bear the risk of such total loss.

5. Transfer Restrictions.

(a) The Investor hereby agrees that during the Lock-up Period it will not, without the prior written consent of the managing underwriter: (A) lend; offer; pledge; sell; contract to sell; sell any option or contract to

purchase; purchase any option or contract to sell; grant any option, right, or warrant to purchase; or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any units of Equity Interests or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Equity Interests (whether such units or any such securities are then owned by the Investor or are thereafter acquired); or (B) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of such securities; whether any such transaction described in clause (A) or (B) above is to be settled by delivery of Equity Interests or other securities, in cash, or otherwise.

(b) The foregoing provisions of Section 5(a) will: (x) apply only to the IPO and will not apply to the sale of any of the Company's securities issued to an underwriter pursuant to an underwriting agreement; (y) not apply to the transfer of any Company's securities to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Investor or the immediate family of the Investor, provided that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth herein, and provided further that any such transfer will not involve a disposition for value; and (z) be applicable to the Investor only if all officers and directors of the Company are subject to the same restrictions and the Company uses commercially reasonable efforts to obtain a similar agreement from all members individually owning more than 5% of the outstanding Common Securities or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for Common Securities. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the underwriters in connection with the IPO are intended third-party beneficiaries of Section 5(a) and will have the right, power and authority to enforce the provisions hereof as though they were a party hereto. The Investor further agrees to execute such agreements as may be reasonably requested by the underwriters in connection with the IPO that are consistent with Section 5(a) or that are necessary to give further effect thereto.

(c) In order to enforce the foregoing covenant, the Company may impose stop transfer instructions with respect to the Investor's registrable securities of the Company (and the Company securities or securities of every other person subject to the foregoing restriction) until the end of the Lock-up Period. The Investor agrees that a legend reading substantially as follows will be placed on all certificates representing all of the Investor's registrable securities of the Company (and the securities of the Company held by every other person subject to the restriction contained in Section 5(a)):

THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE ARE SUBJECT TO A LOCK-UP PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE COMPANY'S REGISTRATION STATEMENT FILED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AS SET FORTH IN AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE ORIGINAL HOLDER OF THESE SECURITIES, A COPY OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE COMPANY'S PRINCIPAL OFFICE. SUCH LOCK-UP PERIOD IS BINDING ON TRANSFEREES OF THESE SECURITIES.

(d) Without in any way limiting the representations and warranties set forth in Section 4 above, the Investor further agrees not to make any disposition of all or any portion of this instrument or the underlying securities unless and until the transferee has agreed in writing for the benefit of the Company to make the representations and warranties set out in Section 4 and the undertaking set out in Section 5(a) and:

(i) There is then in effect a registration statement under the Securities Act covering such proposed disposition and such disposition is made in accordance with such registration statement; or

(ii) The Investor shall have notified the Company of the proposed disposition and shall have furnished the Company with a detailed statement of the circumstances surrounding the proposed disposition and, if reasonably requested by the Company, the Investor shall have furnished the Company with an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company that such disposition will not require registration of such securities under the Securities Act.

(e) The Investor agrees that it shall not make any disposition of this instrument or any underlying securities to any of the Company's competitors, as determined by the Company in good faith.

(f) The Investor understands and agrees that the Company will place the legend set forth below or a similar legend on any book entry or other forms of notation evidencing this Crowd SAFE and any certificates evidencing the underlying securities, together with any other legends that may be required by state or federal securities laws, the Company's charter or bylaws, any other agreement between the Investor and the Company or any agreement between the Investor and any third party:

THIS INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 4(A)(6) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), AND NEITHER IT NOR ANY SECURITIES ISSUABLE PURSUANT HERETO HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, PLEDGED OR HYPOTHECATED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY RULE 501 OF REGULATION CROWDFUNDING UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR EXEMPTION THEREFROM.

6. *Miscellaneous*

(a) The Investor agrees to take any and all actions determined in good faith by the Company's board of managers or equivalent governance body to be advisable to reorganize this instrument and any Equity Interests issued pursuant to the terms of this instrument into a special purpose vehicle or other entity designed to aggregate the interests of holders of Crowd SAFEs.

(b) Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of either (i) the Company and the Investor, or (ii) the Company and the majority of the Investors (calculated based on the Purchase Amount of each Investors Crowd SAFE).

(c) Any notice required or permitted by this instrument will be deemed sufficient when delivered personally or by overnight courier or sent by email to the relevant address listed on the signature page, or 48 hours after being deposited in the U.S. mail as certified or registered mail with postage prepaid, addressed to the party to be notified at such party's address listed on the signature page, as subsequently modified by written notice.

(d) The Investor is not entitled, as a holder of this instrument, to vote or receive dividends or be deemed the holder of Equity Interests for any purpose, nor will anything contained herein be construed to confer on the Investor, as such, any of the rights of a member of the Company or any right to vote for the election of directors/manager(s) or upon any matter submitted to member at any meeting thereof, or to give or withhold consent to any corporate action or to receive notice of meetings, or to receive subscription rights or otherwise until units have been issued upon the terms described herein.

(e) Neither this instrument nor the rights contained herein may be assigned, by operation of law or otherwise, by either party without the prior written consent of the other; *provided, however,* that this instrument and/or the rights contained herein may be assigned without the Company's consent by the Investor to any other entity who directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the Investor, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer or director of the Investor, or any venture capital fund now or hereafter existing which is controlled by one or more general partners or managing members of, or units the same management company with, the Investor; and *provided, further,* that the Company may assign this instrument in whole, without the consent of the Investor, in connection with a reincorporation to change the Company's domicile.

(f) In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this

instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

(g) All securities issued under this instrument may be issued in whole or fractional parts, in the Company's sole discretion.

(h) All rights and obligations hereunder will be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the conflicts of law provisions of such jurisdiction.

(i) Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of, relating to or in connection with this instrument, including the breach or validity thereof, shall be determined by final and binding arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA") under its Commercial Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures ("Commercial Rules"). The award rendered by the arbitrator shall be final, non-appealable and binding on the parties and may be entered and enforced in any court having jurisdiction. There shall be one arbitrator agreed to by the parties within twenty (20) days of receipt by respondent of the request for arbitration or, in default thereof, appointed by the AAA in accordance with its Commercial Rules. The place of arbitration shall be Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Except as may be required by law or to protect a legal right, neither a party nor the arbitrator may disclose the existence, content or results of any arbitration without the prior written consent of the other parties.

(j) Investor agrees any action contemplated by this Crowd SAFE and requested by the Company must be completed by the Investor within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the relevant notice (whether actual or constructive) to the Investor.

(Signature page follows)

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

ISSUER:

PittMoss LLC

By: _____
Name: Brian Scott
Title: CEO & Director

Dated: [DATE]

INVESTOR:

By: _____
Name: [Investor Name]

Dated: [DATE]

Exhibit A – CF Shadow Unit Proxy

Irrevocable Proxy

Reference is hereby made to a certain Crowdfunding Simple Agreement for Future Equity (the “*Crowd SAFE*”) dated [DATE] between PittMoss LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “*Company*”) and [Investor] (“*Member*”). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in the Crowd SAFE. In connection with a conversion of Member’s investment in the Crowd SAFE into Equity Interests of a CF Shadow Series (as defined in the Crowd SAFE) pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, the Member and OpenDeal Portal LLC (the “*Intermediary*”) as another holder of Equity Interests of a CF Shadow Series hereby agree as follows:

1) Grant of Irrevocable Proxy.

- a) With respect to all of the units of Equity Interests of CF Shadow Series owned by the Member as of the date of this Irrevocable Proxy or any subsequent date (the “*Units*”), Member hereby grants to Intermediary an irrevocable proxy under Section 302 of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act to vote the Units in any manner that the Intermediary may determine in its sole and absolute discretion. For the avoidance of doubt, the Intermediary, as the holder (“*Holder*”) of the irrevocable proxy (rather than the Member) will vote the Units with respect to all member meetings and other actions (including actions by written consent in lieu of a meeting) on which holders of Units may be entitled to vote. The Intermediary hereby agrees to vote all Units consistently with the majority of the Equity Interests on which the CF Shadow Series is based. This proxy revokes any other proxy granted by the Member at any time with respect to the Units.
- b) The Intermediary shall have no duty, liability or obligation whatsoever to the Member arising out of the Intermediary’s exercise of the this irrevocable proxy. The Member expressly acknowledges and agrees that (i) the Member will not impede the exercise of the Intermediary’s rights under this irrevocable proxy and (ii) the Member waives and relinquishes any claim, right or action the Member might have, as an equity holder of the Company or otherwise, against the Intermediary or any of its affiliates or agents (including any directors, officers, managers, members, and employees) in connection with any exercise of the irrevocable proxy granted hereunder.
- c) This irrevocable proxy shall expire as to those Units on the earlier of (i) the date that such Units are converted into Common Securities of the Company or (ii) the date that such Units are converted to cash or a cash equivalent, but shall continue as to any Units not so converted.

2) Legend. The Member agrees to permit an appropriate legend on certificates evidencing the Units or any transfer books or related documentation of ownership reflecting the grant of the irrevocable proxy contained in the foregoing Section 1.

3) Representations and Warranties. The Member represents and warrants to the Intermediary as follows:

- a) The Member has all necessary rights, power and authority to execute, deliver and perform his obligations under this Irrevocable Proxy. This Irrevocable Proxy has been duly executed and delivered by the Member and constitutes such Member’s legal and valid obligation enforceable against the Member in accordance with its terms.
- b) The Member is the record owner of the Units and the Member has plenary voting and dispositive power with respect to such Units; the Member owns no other units of the Equity Interests of the Company; there are no proxies, voting trusts or other agreements or understandings to which such Member is a party or bound by and which expressly require that any of the Units be voted in any specific manner other than pursuant to this irrevocable proxy; and the Member has not entered into any agreement or arrangement inconsistent with this Irrevocable Proxy.

- 4) **Equitable Remedies.** The Member acknowledges that irreparable damage would result if this Irrevocable Proxy is not specifically enforced and that, therefore, the rights and obligations of the Intermediary may be enforced by a decree of specific performance issued by arbitration pursuant to the Crowd SAFE, and appropriate injunctive relief may be applied for and granted in connection therewith. Such remedies shall, however, not be exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies that the Intermediary may otherwise have available.
- 5) **Defined Terms.** All terms defined in this Irrevocable Proxy shall have the meaning defined herein. All other terms will be interpreted in accordance with the Crowd SAFE.
- 6) **Amendment.** Any provision of this instrument may be amended, waived or modified only upon the written consent of the (i) the Member and (ii) the Intermediary.
- 7) **Assignment.**
 - a) In the event the Member wishes to transfer, sell, hypothecate or otherwise assign any Units, the Member hereby agrees to require, as a condition of such action, that the counterparty or counterparties thereto must enter into a proxy agreement with the Intermediary substantially identical to this Irrevocable Proxy.
 - b) The Intermediary may transfer its rights as Holder under this instrument after giving prior written notice to the Member.

- 8) **Severability.** In the event any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument is for any reason held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, in whole or in part or in any respect, or in the event that any one or more of the terms or provisions of this instrument operate or would prospectively operate to invalidate this instrument, then such term(s) or provision(s) only will be deemed null and void and will not affect any other term or provision of this instrument and the remaining terms and provisions of this instrument will remain operative and in full force and effect and will not be affected, prejudiced, or disturbed thereby.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this instrument to be duly executed and delivered.

INVESTOR:

By:
Name:
Date:

INTERMEDIARY:

By:
Name: Authorized Signatory, OpenDeal Portal LLC
d/b/a Republic
Date:

EXHIBIT D

Video Transcript

Brian Scott: I'm Brian Scott, CEO at PittMoss. Every year, gardeners and growers go through tons of bags of environmentally harmful peat-based soil. At Moss. We aim to solve this by taking paper waste from local landfills and transform it into high performing soils. Our goal would be to have a facility in every major Metro area in the US because every major Metro area has a problem with waste.

They're taking a ton of paper right now to the landfill, and we want to prevent that. We want to turn it into upcycled soils that people can grow in. Throughout that particular region.

Andy Amrhein: When I came across this company, PittMoss of Pittsburgh based Ambridge, PA based company, I fell in love with the philosophy, not just the product itself.

Pitt Moss worked so much better than some of those other name national name brand products. We're actually getting a better product, better for the environment, and also better for the plant growth made solely out of those newspapers and cardboard that you're sending to the landfill. We might as well send it to PittMoss and let them make this amazing product.

If I'm somebody who is planting seeds, planting flower pots, repairing my yard, work for something, why don't I want a product that's going to be better? And it's a bonus for you because it is organic, so it's not just organic, but it's a lot better product for you. Your plants are just going to blossom and your roots are going to thrive. You want to grow something, grow it the right way, grow it with PittMoss.

Ashley Mariani: For a generation, the only improvements to peat-based soils have been different amendments to fix it. With Pitt Moss, we have the opportunity to just engineer soil from a raw substance and make it do amazing things. Have the aeration, have the right pH, and have the right water absorption courses. We're starting with a hydrophilic substance. So, we're just naturally starting and creating, from the get-go, a better product.

Gary Borrow: We've noticed less watering cause we have to retrain ourselves on how much we water our plants. But the performance has been, you know, hands down, almost 50% more growth. So this is our PittMoss grown geranium, and this is our regular soil grown geranium.

Brian Scott: When we dig peat out of the ground, it's a precursor to basically vegetation that turns into coal over time. As soon as we drain that bog and expose that thousand-year-old peat to air and light, it starts to oxidize the peat.

What that means is it starts to automatically just vaporize carbon dioxide and nitrous oxide and a one cubic foot bag of peat moss is like burning 11 pounds of coal. Most people don't recognize that it's really, really bad for the environment. And by us having this recycled material, we help reduce all of that carbon emissions that happens with peat mining.

Gary Borrow: So the difference between using PittMoss as an amendment or just as itself versus a regular soil for the plant growth. When you look at the root ball or the root structure,

there's a lot more root structure to the root ball, which allows the plant to bring up more nutrients and take what it needs from the soil.

Ashley Mariani: I hang out at a lot of garden centers and talk to a lot of gardeners and no one's, no one feels good about their gardening skills. We have an opportunity with pit Moss to make everyone fall in love with growing and gardening again.

Andy Amrhein: My customers have fallen in love with pith Moss and now that they are becoming more familiar with it, now that the name recognition is there, it's not even a question of having to sell them the product anymore.

They come in and ask for it by name. The customers are telling me how much quicker it's growing, how much better it's going, how much stronger it's growing. The plants are just thriving it. So mother nature loves you and Pitt Moss loves you too.

Ashley Mariani: Thank you so much for taking some time to learn about pit Moss today. We really hope that you grab a bag of pit Moss for your garden, but this is also your opportunity to invest in our company that will help us grow not only more plants, but also help further protect our wetlands and our natural resources. So Pitt Mazda is a great opportunity for you to join that mission and help us grow a beautiful planet.